

Base Prospectus dated 17 September 2026



AIB Group plc
Allied Irish Banks, p.l.c.

(each a company incorporated with limited liability in Ireland)

€10,000,000,000

Euro Medium Term Note Programme

AIB Group plc ("AIB") and Allied Irish Banks, p.l.c. ("AIB Bank", together with AIB, the "Issuers" and each an "Issuer") may from time to time issue Notes denominated in such currencies as may be agreed with the Dealers specified in this Base Prospectus (each a "Dealer" and together the "Dealers", which expression shall include any additional Dealers appointed under the €10,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note Programme described in this Base Prospectus (the "Programme") from time to time, which appointment may be for a specific issue or on a continuing basis). The Notes may be issued as unsubordinated obligations of AIB ("Senior Notes"), as senior preferred obligations ("Senior Preferred Notes") or senior non-preferred obligations ("Senior Non-Preferred Notes") of AIB Bank, or as subordinated obligations of the relevant Issuer ("Subordinated Notes", and together with the Senior Notes, the Senior Preferred Notes and the Senior Non-Preferred Notes, the "Notes"). The Notes may be issued on a continuing basis to one or more of the Dealers. The Notes will have maturities of not less than one month from the date of issue. Subject as set out herein, the maximum aggregate nominal amount of all Notes from time to time outstanding will not exceed €10,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies at the time of agreement to issue, subject as further set out herein).

References in this Base Prospectus to the "relevant Issuer" shall, with respect to any Notes (other than GEM Notes (as defined below)), be references to whichever of AIB or AIB Bank is specified as the Issuer of such Notes in the relevant set of final terms (the "Final Terms").

Factors which may affect the relevant Issuer's ability to fulfil its obligations under Notes issued under the Programme and factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with Notes issued under the Programme are set out in "Risk Factors".

The Central Bank of Ireland (the "Central Bank"), as competent authority under Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (the "Prospectus Regulation"), has approved this Base Prospectus. The Central Bank has only approved this Base Prospectus as meeting the standards of completeness, comprehensibility and consistency imposed by the Prospectus Regulation. Such approval is not to be considered as an endorsement of either the Issuers or the quality of the Notes that are the subject of this Base Prospectus and investors should make their own assessment as to the suitability of investing in the Notes. Such approval relates only to the Notes which are to be admitted to trading on a regulated market for the purposes of Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments (as amended, "MiFID II"), to the extent that such amendments have been implemented in the relevant Member State of the European Economic Area. Application has been made to The Irish Stock Exchange plc (trading as Euronext Dublin) ("Euronext Dublin") for Notes issued under the Programme for the period of 12 months from the date of the approval of the Base Prospectus by the Central Bank to be admitted to the official list of Euronext Dublin (the "Official List") and to trading on its regulated market. No assurance can be given that such an application to list and trade the Notes will be accepted. A&L Listing Limited is acting solely in its capacity as listing agent in connection with the Notes and is not itself seeking admission of the Notes to the Official List or to trading on its regulated market for the purposes of the Prospectus Regulation.

Notes which are admitted to the Official List are referred to herein as "Listed Notes". Notice of the aggregate principal amount of, interest (if any) payable in respect of, the issue price of and any other terms and conditions not contained herein which are applicable to each Tranche (as defined under "Description of the Programme") of Notes will be set forth in the relevant Final Terms, or where the Listed Notes are GEM Notes, the relevant Pricing Supplement which, with respect to the Listed Notes, will be delivered to Euronext Dublin on or before the date of issue of such Tranche. Unlisted Notes and Notes listed on other or additional stock exchanges may also be issued. Any Final Terms in respect of unlisted Notes will not constitute final terms for the purposes of the Prospectus Regulation.

In addition, application has been made to Euronext Dublin for the approval of this document as base listing particulars. Application has been made to Euronext Dublin for certain Notes issued by AIB Bank under the Programme during the period of 12 months from the date of this document to be admitted to the Official List and to trading on the Global Exchange Market (the "GEM"), which is the exchange regulated market of Euronext Dublin. GEM is not a regulated market for the purposes of MiFID II. This document constitutes a base listing particulars for the purposes of any Notes listed on the GEM and, for such purposes, does not constitute a "prospectus" for the purposes of the Prospectus Regulation. In the case of any Notes issued by AIB Bank which are to be listed on the GEM (the "GEM Notes"), any reference in this Base Prospectus to "Base Prospectus" shall be deemed to be a reference to "base listing particulars" unless the context requires otherwise. In the case of the GEM Notes, each reference in this Base Prospectus to the relevant Final Terms shall be read and construed as a reference to the relevant pricing supplement document (the "Pricing Supplement"), unless the context requires otherwise. In the case of the GEM Notes, references in this document to the Notes being **listed** (and all related references) shall mean that the GEM Notes have been admitted to the Official List and trading on the GEM. The Central Bank has neither approved nor reviewed information contained in this base listing particulars in connection with GEM Notes, including the form of the Pricing Supplement in respect of GEM Notes.

Notes issued under the Programme are not guaranteed by the Minister for Finance of Ireland or any other person or entity.

Amounts payable under the Notes may be calculated by reference to EURIBOR, SONIA and SOFR as specified in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement and each as defined in the terms and conditions of the Notes (the "Conditions"). As at the date of this Base Prospectus, European Money Markets Institute (as administrator of EURIBOR) appears on the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by the European Securities and Markets Authority (the "ESMA") pursuant to Article 36 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 (as amended, the "EU Benchmarks Regulation"). As at the date of this Base Prospectus, the administrators of SONIA and SOFR do not appear on ESMA's register of administrators and benchmarks pursuant to Article 36 of the EU Benchmarks Regulation. As far as the Issuers are aware, SONIA and SOFR do not fall within the scope of the EU Benchmarks Regulation.

This Base Prospectus will be valid as a base prospectus under the Prospectus Regulation for 12 months from 17 September 2026. The obligation to supplement this Base Prospectus in the event of significant new factors, material mistakes or material inaccuracies which may affect the assessment of the Notes issued under the Programme will not apply following the expiry of that period.

Arranger and Dealer
Morgan Stanley

Dealers

Barclays
Citigroup
Goodbody
J.P. Morgan
NatWest

BNP PARIBAS
Deutsche Bank
HSBC
Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets
Nomura
UBS Investment Bank

BofA Securities
Goldman Sachs International
ING
Mizuho
Société Générale
Corporate & Investment Banking

This Base Prospectus constitutes:

- (i) in respect of all Notes (other than GEM Notes), a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 8 of the Prospectus Regulation; and**
- (ii) in respect of GEM Notes issued under the Programme, a base listing particulars for the purposes of the admission of the GEM Notes to the Official List of Euronext Dublin and trading on the GEM and, for such purposes, does not constitute a “prospectus” for the purposes of the Prospectus Regulation.**

Each Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Base Prospectus. To the best of the knowledge of AIB and AIB Bank, such information is in accordance with the facts and this Base Prospectus makes no omission likely to affect its import.

This Base Prospectus is to be read in conjunction with all the documents which are deemed to be incorporated herein by reference (see “*Documents Incorporated by Reference*”). This Base Prospectus shall be read and construed on the basis that such documents are so incorporated and form part of this Base Prospectus save as provided herein.

The Notes may not be a suitable investment for all investors. Each potential investor in any Notes must determine the suitability of that investment for that investor considering its own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor should:

- (i) have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the relevant Notes, the merits and risks of investing in the relevant Notes and the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus or any applicable supplement;**
- (ii) have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the relevant Notes and the impact such investment will have on its overall investment portfolio;**
- (iii) have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the relevant Notes, including where the currency for principal or interest payments is different from the potential investor’s currency;**
- (iv) understand thoroughly the terms of the relevant Notes and be familiar with the behaviour of any relevant indices and financial markets;**
- (v) be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect the investor’s investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks; and**
- (vi) understand the accounting, legal, regulatory and tax implications of a purchase, holding and disposal of an interest in the relevant Notes.**

Some Notes may be purchased by investors as a way to reduce risk or enhance yield with an understood, measured, appropriate addition of risk to their overall portfolios. A potential investor should not invest in any Notes unless it has the expertise (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) to evaluate how the Notes will perform under changing conditions, the resulting effects on the value of such Notes and the impact this investment will have on the potential investor’s overall investment portfolio.

The investment activities of certain investors are subject to investment laws and regulations, or review or regulation by certain authorities. Each potential investor should consult its legal and any other relevant advisers to determine whether and to what extent (1) the Notes are investments in which it may

legally invest, (2) the Notes can be used as collateral for various types of borrowing and (3) other restrictions apply to any purchase or pledge by it of any Notes. Financial institutions should consult their legal advisers or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of Notes under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules.

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may bear interest at a rate that converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate, or from a floating rate to a fixed rate. Such a feature to convert the interest rate may affect the secondary market in, and the market value of, such Notes. If the Notes are converted from a fixed rate to a floating rate, the spread on the Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may be less favourable than then prevailing spreads on comparable Floating Rate Notes tied to the same reference rate. In addition, the new floating rate at any time may be lower than the rates on other Notes. If the Notes are converted from a floating rate to a fixed rate, the fixed rate in such circumstances may be lower than then prevailing market rates.

The market values of Notes issued at a substantial discount or premium to their nominal amount tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates than do prices for conventional interest-bearing securities. Generally, the longer the remaining term of such securities, the greater the price volatility as compared to conventional interest-bearing securities with comparable maturities.

Though the NGN and NSS allow for the possibility of Notes, which are specified to be issued as New Global Notes, being issued and held in a manner which will permit them to be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intraday credit operations or as eligible under quantitative easing related bond purchase programmes, by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life, in any particular case, such recognition will depend upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria at the relevant time. Neither the Arranger, nor the Dealers, nor any of their respective affiliates, nor the Trustee gives any representation as to the eligibility of the Notes pursuant to such Eurosystem eligibility criteria.

Bearer or registered form Global Notes that are deposited with a Common Depositary on behalf of the ICSDs under the classic global note structure are not eligible for Eurosystem purposes. In addition, Notes in definitive form are not eligible for Eurosystem purposes.

To the fullest extent permitted by law, none of the Arranger, the Dealers or the Trustee accepts any responsibility for the contents of this Base Prospectus or for any other statement, made or purported to be made by the Arranger, a Dealer or the Trustee or on its behalf in connection with the Issuers or the issue and offering of Notes under the Programme. The Arranger, each Dealer and the Trustee accordingly disclaim all and any liability, whether arising in tort or contract or otherwise (save as referred to above), which they might otherwise have in respect of this Base Prospectus or any such statement.

None of the Dealers accepts any responsibility for any social, environmental and sustainability assessment of any Notes issued as Green or Social Bonds or makes any representation, warranty or assurance whether such Notes will meet any investor expectations or requirements regarding such “green”, “social” or similar labels. None of the Dealers is responsible for the use of proceeds for any Notes issued as Green or Social Bonds, nor the impact or monitoring of such use of proceeds. No representation or assurance is given by the Dealers as to the suitability or reliability of any opinion or certification of any third party made available in connection with an issue of Notes issued as Green or Social Bonds, nor is any such opinion or certification a recommendation by any Dealer to buy, sell or hold any such Notes. In the event any such Notes are, or are intended to be, listed, or admitted to trading on a dedicated “green”, “environmental”, “sustainable”, “social” or other equivalently-labelled segment of any stock exchange or securities market, no representation or assurance is given by the Dealers that such listing or admission will be obtained or maintained for the lifetime of the Notes. Any Green or Social Bonds issued under the Programme will not be aligned and will not comply with the European Green Bond Standard (as defined

in this Base Prospectus) and are only intended to comply with the criteria and processes set out in the relevant Issuer's Green Bond Framework or Social Bond Framework, as the case may be.

Neither the Dealers nor any of their respective affiliates have authorised the whole or any part of this Base Prospectus and none of them makes any representation or warranty or accepts any responsibility as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in this Base Prospectus or any responsibility for any acts or omissions of the Issuers or any other person (other than the relevant Dealer) in connection with any issue and offering of the Notes under the Programme.

No person is or has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this Base Prospectus in connection with the issue or sale of the Notes and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuers, the Arranger or any of the Dealers.

This Base Prospectus is not intended to provide the basis of any credit or other evaluation and should not be considered as a recommendation by any of the Issuers, the Arranger or any of the Dealers or any of their affiliates that any recipient of this Base Prospectus should purchase the Notes. Each potential purchaser of Notes should determine for itself the relevance of the information contained in this Base Prospectus and its purchase of Notes should be based upon such investigation as it deems necessary.

Unless otherwise indicated, references to the "AIB Group" are to AIB and its subsidiaries and references to the "Bank Group" mean AIB Bank and its subsidiaries.

AIB is a non-operating holding company which carries on all of its trading activities through its direct subsidiary, AIB Bank and the other members of the Bank Group (which are indirect subsidiaries of AIB). AIB is the direct 100 per cent. shareholder of AIB Bank, and has no direct subsidiaries other than AIB Bank. Accordingly, save for the issuance and management of certain capital instruments by AIB, the business of the AIB Group and the Bank Group are, at the date of this Base Prospectus, substantively similar in all material respects. Therefore, references in this prospectus to the "Group" should be construed as references to both of the AIB Group and the Bank Group, save that where that term is used in the context of a relevant Issuer, it should be construed as meaning the AIB Group (where the relevant Issuer is AIB) or the Bank Group (where the relevant Issuer is AIB Bank).

Neither the delivery of this Base Prospectus nor any sale made in connection herewith shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuers and/or the Group since the date hereof or the date upon which this Base Prospectus has been most recently amended or supplemented or that there has been no adverse change in the financial position of the Issuers and/or the Group since the date hereof or the date upon which this Base Prospectus has been most recently amended or supplemented. None of the Arranger or the Dealers undertakes to review the financial condition or affairs of the Issuers or any of their subsidiaries during the life of the arrangements contemplated by this Programme nor to advise any investor or potential investor in the Notes of any information coming to the attention of any of the Arranger or the Dealers.

MIFID II PRODUCT GOVERNANCE / TARGET MARKET – The Final Terms or Pricing Supplement in respect of any Notes will include a legend entitled "MiFID II Product Governance" which will outline the target market assessment in respect of the Notes and which channels for distribution of the Notes are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a "distributor") should take into consideration the target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to MiFID II is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

A determination will be made in relation to each issue about whether, for the purpose of the MiFID Product Governance rules under EU Delegated Directive 2017/593 (the “MiFID Product Governance Rules”), any Dealer subscribing for any Notes is a manufacturer in respect of such Notes, but otherwise neither the Arranger nor the Dealers nor any of their respective affiliates will be a manufacturer for the purpose of the MiFID Product Governance Rules.

UK MIFIR PRODUCT GOVERNANCE / TARGET MARKET - The Final Terms or Pricing Supplement in respect of any Notes will include a legend entitled “UK MiFIR Product Governance” which will outline the target market assessment in respect of the Notes and which channels for distribution of the Notes are appropriate. Any distributor should take into consideration the target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to the FCA Handbook Product Intervention and Product Governance Sourcebook (the “UK MiFIR Product Governance Rules”) is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

A determination will be made in relation to each issue about whether, for the purpose of the UK MiFIR Product Governance Rules, any Dealer subscribing for any Notes is a manufacturer in respect of such Notes, but otherwise neither the Arranger nor the Dealers nor any of their respective affiliates will be a manufacturer for the purpose of the UK MiFIR Product Governance Rules.

IMPORTANT – PROHIBITION OF SALES TO EEA RETAIL INVESTORS – The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area (“EEA”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive (EU) 2016/97 (the “Insurance Distribution Directive”), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Regulation. Consequently, no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (as amended, the “PRIIPs Regulation”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the PRIIPs Regulation.

IMPORTANT – PROHIBITION OF SALES TO UK RETAIL INVESTORS – The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold, distributed or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold, distributed or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the United Kingdom (the “UK”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is either one (or both) of the following: (i) not a qualified investor as defined in paragraph 15 of Schedule 1 to the Public Offers and Admissions to Trading Regulations 2024; or (ii) not a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of the domestic law of the UK by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (“EUWA”) (the “UK MiFIR”). Consequently, no disclosure document required by the FCA Product Disclosure Sourcebook (“DISC”) for offering, selling or distributing the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the UK has been prepared and therefore offering, selling or distributing the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the UK may be unlawful under DISC and the Consumer Composite Investments (Designated Activities) Regulations 2024.

Singapore SFA Product Classification: In connection with Section 309B of the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore (as amended, the “SFA”) and the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulations 2018 of Singapore (the “CMP Regulations 2018”), unless otherwise specified before an offer of Notes, each Issuer has determined, and hereby notifies all relevant persons (as defined in Section 309A(1) of the SFA), that the Notes are ‘prescribed capital markets products’ (as defined in the CMP Regulations 2018) and Excluded Investment Products (as defined in MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on

the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products).

NOTICE TO CANADIAN INVESTORS - The Notes may be sold only to purchasers in Canada purchasing, or deemed to be purchasing, as principal that are "accredited investors", as defined in National Instrument 45-106 – Prospectus Exemptions or subsection 73.3(1) of the Securities Act (Ontario), and are permitted clients, as defined in National Instrument 31-103 - Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations, that are not individuals. Any resale of the Notes must be made in accordance with an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the prospectus requirements of applicable securities laws.

Securities legislation in certain provinces or territories of Canada may provide a purchaser with remedies for rescission or damages if this document (including any amendment or supplements thereto) contains a misrepresentation, provided that the remedies for rescission or damages are exercised by the purchaser within the time limit prescribed by the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory. The purchaser should refer to any applicable provisions of the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory for particulars of these rights or consult with a legal advisor.

Neither Issuer is a member institution of the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation. The liability incurred by either Issuer through the issuance and sale of any Notes will not be a deposit. Neither Issuer is regulated as a financial institution in Canada.

The Issuers and the Dealers do not represent that this Base Prospectus may be lawfully distributed, or that Notes may be lawfully offered, in compliance with any applicable registration or other requirements in any jurisdiction, or pursuant to any exemption available thereunder, or assume any responsibility for facilitating any such distribution or offering. In particular, no action has been taken by the Issuers or the Dealers which would permit a public offering of any Notes or distribution of this Base Prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. Accordingly, Notes may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and neither this Base Prospectus nor any advertisement or other offering material may be distributed or published in any jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations.

The distribution of this Base Prospectus and the offering or sale of any of the Notes may be restricted by law in certain jurisdictions. Persons into whose possession this Base Prospectus comes are required by the Issuers, the Arranger and the Dealers to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions.

If a jurisdiction requires that an offering of Notes be made by a licensed broker or dealer and any Dealer or any affiliate of a Dealer is a licensed broker or dealer in that jurisdiction, the offering shall be deemed to be made by such Dealer or such affiliate on behalf of the Issuers in such jurisdiction.

In the case of any Notes which are to be admitted to trading on a regulated market within the EEA or offered to the public in a Member State of the EEA in circumstances which require the publication of a prospectus under the Prospectus Regulation, the minimum specified denomination shall be at least €100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency as at the date of issue of the Notes).

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") and include Notes in bearer form that are subject to U.S. tax law requirements. Subject to certain exemptions, Notes may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to U.S. persons. For a description of certain restrictions on offers and sales of Notes and on distribution of this Base Prospectus, see "*Subscription and Sale*".

All references in this document to “Ireland” are to the Republic of Ireland, those to the “United Kingdom” or “UK” are to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, those to the “United States” or “U.S.” are to the United States of America, those to a “Member State” are references to a Member State of the EEA, those to “U.S. dollars” and “U.S.\$” are to the currency of the United States, those to “euro” and “€” are to the single currency adopted by those states participating in the European Monetary Union from time to time and those to “Sterling” and “£” are to the currency of the United Kingdom.

This Base Prospectus does not constitute an offer of, or an invitation by or on behalf of the Issuers or the Dealers to subscribe for, or purchase, any Notes.

In connection with the issue of any Tranche of Notes, the Dealer or Dealers (if any) acting as the Stabilisation Manager(s) may over-allot Notes or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the Notes at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail. However, stabilisation may not necessarily occur. Any stabilisation action may begin on or after the date on which adequate public disclosure of the terms of the offer of the relevant Tranche of Notes is made and, if begun, may cease at any time, but it must end no later than the earlier of 30 days after the issue date of the relevant Tranche of Notes and 60 days after the date of the allotment of the relevant Tranche of Notes. Any stabilisation action or over-allotment must be conducted by the relevant Stabilisation Manager(s) (or person(s) acting on behalf of any Stabilisation Manager(s)) in accordance with all applicable laws and rules.

Any transaction under this Programme shall be carried out in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

Interest and/or other amounts payable under any Tranche of Notes may be calculated by reference to certain reference rates. Any such reference rate may constitute a benchmark for the purposes of the EU Benchmarks Regulation. If any such reference rate does constitute such a benchmark, the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement will indicate whether or not the benchmark is provided by an administrator included in the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by ESMA pursuant to Article 36 of the EU Benchmarks Regulation. The registration status of any administrator under the EU Benchmarks Regulation is a matter of public record and, save where required by applicable law, the Issuers do not intend to update any Final Terms or Pricing Supplement to reflect any change in the registration status of the administrator.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Base Prospectus contains certain forward-looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations and business of the Group and certain of the plans and objectives of the Group. These forward-looking statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate only to historical or current facts. Forward-looking statements sometimes use words such as “aim”, “anticipate”, “target”, “expect”, “estimate”, “intend”, “plan”, “goal”, “believe”, “may”, “could”, “will”, “seek”, “continue”, “should”, “assume” or other words of similar meaning. Examples of forward-looking statements include, among others, statements regarding the Group’s future financial position, capital structure, income growth, loan losses, business strategy, projected costs, capital ratios, estimates of capital expenditures, and plans and objectives for future operations. Because such statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that will occur in the future. There are a number of factors that could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These are set out in “*Risk Factors*”. In addition to matters relating to the Group’s business, future performance will be impacted by the direct and indirect

consequences of geopolitical developments, including but not limited to those arising from the geopolitical fragmentation and armed conflicts (including the conflicts in the Middle East and Ukraine), trade-policy uncertainty and tariffs, sanctions, supply-chain disruption, and their impact on European and global macroeconomic conditions, inflation and interest rates, and by Irish, UK and wider European and global economic and financial market considerations. Any forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of the Group speak only as of the date they are made. The Group cautions that the list of important factors in “*Risk Factors*” is not exhaustive. Investors and others should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and events when making an investment decision based on any forward-looking statement.

The Issuers undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to the relevant Issuer or to persons acting on its behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements referred to above and contained elsewhere in this Base Prospectus.

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DESCRIPTION OF THE PROGRAMME

The Issuers may, from time to time, issue Notes denominated in such currencies as may be agreed with the relevant Dealer(s).

The Notes will be issued in series (each a “Series”). Each Series may be issued in tranches (each a “Tranche”) on the same or different issue dates. The issue price, issue date, maturity date, principal amount, interest rate (if any) applicable to any Notes, ranking and any other relevant provisions of such Notes will be agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) at the time of agreement to issue and will be specified in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement in respect of such Notes. In accordance with the Prospectus Regulation, the European Union (Prospectus) Regulations 2019 and Central Bank (Investment Market Conduct) Rules 2019 (each as amended and/or supplemented from time to time), all Final Terms in respect of Listed Notes (which are not GEM Notes) will be filed with the Central Bank. All Pricing Supplements in respect of Listed Notes which are GEM Notes will be filed with Euronext Dublin in accordance with the applicable GEM listing and admission to trading rules.

Subject as set out herein, this Base Prospectus and any supplement hereto will only be valid for listing Notes up to an aggregate principal amount of €10,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in the other currencies specified herein) outstanding at any one time calculated on the basis specified in the Trust Deed.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in the Notes involves certain risks. If any of the risks described below materialise, the Group's business, financial condition and results of operations could suffer, and the trading price and liquidity of the Notes could decline, in which case an investor may lose some or all of the value of its investment. Each Issuer believes that the factors described below represent the principal risks inherent in investing in Notes issued under the Programme, but the relevant Issuer may be unable to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with Notes for other reasons which may not be considered significant risks by the relevant Issuer based on information currently available to it or which it may not currently be able to anticipate and neither Issuer represents that the statements below regarding the risks of holding any Notes are exhaustive.

AIB Bank is a principal operating subsidiary of AIB and accounts for a substantial proportion of the consolidated assets, liabilities and operating profits of AIB. Accordingly, risk factors below which relate to AIB and the Group will also be of relevance to AIB Bank and the Bank Group and vice versa.

Words and expressions defined in the Conditions or elsewhere in this Base Prospectus have the same meanings in this section.

Macroeconomic and Geopolitical Risks

1 *The Group's financial performance could be impacted by adverse macroeconomic and geopolitical developments.*

The Group's business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects may be adversely affected by macroeconomic, geopolitical and geoeconomic developments. These include armed conflict, political instability, changes in international trade and economic policy, tariffs and other trade restrictions, sanctions, cyber threats, supply-chain disruption, commodity-price volatility, inflationary pressures and financial-market instability.

Recent years have seen increased geopolitical fragmentation, protectionism and trade-policy uncertainty. Further tariffs, export controls, sanctions, retaliatory measures or changes in international economic relationships could weaken global trade and investment, disrupt supply chains, increase business costs and reduce consumer and business confidence. As Ireland is a small and highly open economy with significant reliance on international trade, foreign direct investment and multinational activity, such developments could adversely affect Irish exports, employment, investment, tax revenues and domestic economic activity.

Continuing or escalating conflicts, including those affecting Ukraine and the Middle East, and tensions elsewhere could disrupt energy supplies, critical infrastructure and international transport routes. This could increase energy, food, freight and other input costs, contribute to renewed or more persistent inflation and weaken economic growth. Higher inflation or interest rates remaining elevated for longer could reduce household purchasing power and increase debt-servicing pressures for households and businesses. Conversely, a faster-than-expected decline in interest rates could adversely affect the Group's income and margins.

Geopolitical shocks could also cause abrupt movements in interest rates, exchange rates, commodity prices, sovereign yields, credit spreads and asset values, and could reduce market liquidity or access to funding. These effects may be amplified by existing vulnerabilities, including elevated public and private debt, high asset valuations and stresses within non-bank financial markets.

Sanctions and related restrictions may expose the Group to increased legal, regulatory, financial-crime, operational and reputational risks. Geopolitical tensions may also increase the frequency and sophistication of cyberattacks or disrupt critical infrastructure, payment systems and third-party services on which the Group depends.

Although the Group has limited direct credit exposure to certain conflict-affected regions, it may experience material indirect effects through its customers, counterparties, markets, supply chains and the wider Irish and UK economies (see Risk Factor 2 “The Group’s business may be adversely affected by any deterioration in Irish, UK or global economic conditions”).

These effects could reduce demand for the Group’s products and services, increase arrears, defaults and expected credit losses, lower collateral values, increase funding and compliance costs, and adversely affect the Group’s income, profitability, liquidity and capital position.

The Group monitors these developments and seeks to manage the associated risks. However, no assurance can be given that its risk management, controls, operational-resilience arrangements or management actions will fully mitigate their effects.

2 The Group’s business may be adversely affected by any deterioration in Irish, UK or global economic conditions

The Group’s business activities are concentrated in Ireland and the UK and are therefore sensitive to economic conditions in those markets and in the wider global economy. A deterioration in economic activity, whether arising from domestic or external factors, could adversely affect the Group’s financial condition, operating results and prospects. Such developments may reduce demand for the Group’s products and services, increase funding costs, restrict the availability of credit, weaken asset values and increase customer defaults and impairments.

The macroeconomic environment remains uncertain and may be affected by developments in inflation, interest rates, monetary policy, economic growth and financial market conditions. Geopolitical tensions, trade disputes, supply-chain disruptions, labour shortages, fiscal pressures or renewed energy and commodity price shocks could contribute to weaker economic growth and renewed inflationary pressures. Higher-for-longer interest rates could place pressure on household and corporate finances, while a weaker labour market could reduce borrowers’ repayment capacity and increase arrears and defaults. Conversely, a faster-than-expected decline in interest rates could adversely affect the Group’s income and margins.

The Irish economy remains highly dependent on international trade, foreign direct investment and the activities of multinational corporations. Changes in international tax arrangements, including developments relating to the OECD Base Erosion and Profit Shifting (“BEPS”) framework and Pillar Two rules, as well as potential policy changes in major economies such as the United States, may affect Ireland’s attractiveness as a destination for investment. Any reduction in foreign direct investment, employment, corporation tax revenues or economic activity could adversely affect credit demand, asset quality and the Group’s business performance (see Risk Factor 3 “The Group may be adversely affected by the budgetary and taxation policies of the Irish, UK and other governments through changes in taxation law and policy”).

The Irish residential property market has remained resilient, supported by strong demand and limited housing supply. However, affordability pressures, changes in interest rates, weaker economic conditions or a deterioration in consumer confidence could reduce housing market activity and place downward pressure on property values. While the Central Bank of Ireland’s mortgage measures framework supports sustainable lending, higher borrowing costs and elevated debt-service burdens may increase financial stress for some borrowers and contribute to higher mortgage arrears and credit losses.

The commercial real estate (“CRE”) sector continues to face challenges arising from higher financing costs, changing occupier demand, structural shifts in certain segments and increased investor caution. Further declines in CRE valuations or rental income could weaken borrower creditworthiness, increase impairment charges and reduce collateral values. The growing importance of international institutional investors and non-bank financial

intermediaries as providers of CRE funding may increase the sector's sensitivity to global economic and financial conditions and amplify market volatility during periods of stress.

The UK economy continues to face challenges associated with weak productivity growth, fiscal pressures and the long-term effects of the UK's withdrawal from the European Union. Although recent efforts to strengthen cooperation between the UK and the EU may help reduce trade frictions and policy uncertainty, there can be no assurance that such measures will fully offset the adverse effects of reduced trade intensity, supply-chain disruption or labour market constraints.

More broadly, adverse economic conditions may negatively affect the Group through reduced customer activity, lower lending volumes, weaker fee-generating business, increased expected credit losses, reduced collateral values and heightened market volatility. Such conditions could also require the Group to undertake additional cost-management measures, reprioritise strategic investments and devote increased resources to risk management and operational resilience. Any of these factors could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

3 *The Group may be adversely affected by the budgetary and taxation policies of the Irish, UK and other governments through changes in taxation law and policy*

Changes in taxation policy, fiscal measures or the interpretation and application of tax laws in Ireland, the UK or other relevant jurisdictions may adversely affect the Group, its customers and the wider economies in which it operates. Such changes could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects through increased tax costs, reduced economic activity, lower customer demand or weaker borrower repayment capacity.

Governments continue to face significant fiscal pressures arising from demographic trends, public investment requirements, defence spending commitments, climate-transition initiatives and higher debt-servicing costs. These pressures may result in the introduction of new taxes, increases in existing taxes, sector-specific levies or other fiscal measures affecting financial institutions, businesses and consumers. The Group may be directly affected by such measures and indirectly affected through their impact on economic growth, investment, employment and customer behaviour.

The Group is subject to banking-sector levies and other taxes in jurisdictions in which it operates. Changes to the scope, methodology or rate of such levies, or the introduction of additional sector-specific taxation measures, could increase the Group's tax burden and reduce profitability. There can be no assurance that existing fiscal measures will not be extended, amended or supplemented in future years.

The international tax environment continues to evolve. In particular, the OECD's Base Erosion and Profit Shifting ("BEPS") initiative and the introduction of the global minimum effective corporation tax framework ("Pillar Two") represent significant changes to international corporate taxation. While the Group's current assessment indicates that Pillar Two is not expected to have a material impact on its near-term tax position, future developments, amendments to legislation, changes in guidance, judicial interpretation or differences in implementation across jurisdictions could increase the Group's effective tax rate or compliance costs.

Broader international tax reforms may also affect economic activity in Ireland and other markets in which the Group operates. Ireland's economy benefits significantly from foreign direct investment and the presence of multinational enterprises. Changes to international tax rules, including those affecting the taxation of multinational groups, may influence investment decisions, corporate structures and the location of economic activity. Any reduction in foreign direct investment, employment, corporation tax revenues or business activity could adversely affect economic growth, credit demand and asset quality, with consequent effects on the Group's performance.

The Group's financial position may also be affected by changes in tax legislation, accounting standards, regulatory requirements or the interpretation of tax rules relating to deferred tax assets ("DTAs"). The value and recoverability of DTAs depend on, among other things, future profitability, tax laws and the ability to utilise tax losses and other tax attributes. Legislative or regulatory changes that restrict the use of carried-forward losses, alter tax rates or otherwise affect the recognition of DTAs could reduce the value of those assets and adversely affect the Group's capital position, earnings and financial condition.

Tax law and practice are inherently complex and subject to change. The Group is therefore exposed to the risk that future legislative, regulatory, administrative or judicial developments may result in higher tax liabilities, increased compliance costs or reduced economic activity in its core markets. Any such developments could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Risks Relating to Business

- 4 ***The Group has a material level of criticised loans and non-performing exposures on its statement of financial position and there can be no assurance that it will continue to be successful in reducing the level of these loans. The management of criticised loans and non-performing exposures also gives rise to risks, including the vulnerability to challenge by customers and/or third parties, re-default, changes in the regulatory regime, further losses, costs and the diversion of management attention and other resources from the Group's business***

The Group has a material level of criticised loans and non-performing exposures ("NPEs"), which are defined as loans requiring additional management attention over and above that normally required for the loan type. Criticised loans are accounts of lower quality and include "criticised watch" and "criticised recovery", and NPEs are accounts which have defaulted.

As at 30 June 2026, total criticised loans amounted to €3.8 billion, of which €2.9 billion were "criticised watch" and €0.9 billion were "criticised recovery" (31 December 2025: €3.5 billion, of which €2.7 billion were "criticised watch" and €0.8 billion were "criticised recovery"). The criticised watch and criticised recovery portfolios have both increased slightly in the period by €0.2 billion and €0.1 billion respectively. In addition, the Group had a further €1.75 billion in NPEs on its balance sheet representing 2.3 per cent. of total gross loans to customers, which has increased by €0.2 billion in the period (31 December 2025: €1.6 billion representing 2.2 per cent. of total gross loans to customers).

The staging composition of the portfolio has remained stable in the half-year to 30 June 2026 with Stage 1 loans at 87 per cent., Stage 2 loans at 11 per cent. and Stage 3 loans at 2 per cent. (31 December 2025: 87 per cent., 11 per cent. and 2 per cent. respectively). Stage 1 loans have increased by €1.6 billion to €64.3 billion (31 December 2025: €62.7 billion) while Stage 2 loans have increased by €0.4 billion to €8.2 billion (31 December 2025: €7.8 billion). This increase in Stage 2 loans was driven by the non-property business portfolio, particularly within the Climate & Infrastructure Capital ("C&IC") segment, which increased by €0.4 billion, reflecting a number of Stage 1 to Stage 2 case transfers, predominantly in the natural resources sector.

Despite NPE volumes increasing slightly by €0.2 billion to €1.8 billion in the half year ended 30 June 2026, NPE reduction continues to remain a priority of the Group given the impact of holding NPEs has on the Group's costs, capital requirements and balance sheet resilience. NPEs are defined by the EBA to include material exposures which are more than 90 days past due and/or exposures in respect of which the debtor is assessed as unlikely to pay its credit obligations in full without realisation of collateral, regardless of the existence of any past due amount or the number of days the exposure is past due.

The Group has been proactive in managing its criticised loans and NPEs, in particular through restructuring activities and the Mortgage Arrears Resolution Process that was introduced in order to comply with the Central

Bank's Code of Conduct on Mortgage Arrears. The management of criticised loans and NPEs also gives rise to risks, including the protracted resolution of NPEs, increased levels of re-default, and the diversion of management attention and other resources from the business. Any of the foregoing risks could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition and results of operations.

While the Group continues to focus on reducing the level of NPEs, while ensuring the current level remains below 3.0 per cent. of gross loans to customers, the impact of latent and emerging risks, including geopolitical developments, continue to be monitored closely given the uncertain external landscape. In the year-to-date, the Irish economy has maintained robust growth driven by resilient domestic demand, outpacing its European peers. Globally, economic activity has slowed amid the disruption from the Middle East conflict, while inflation has risen due to higher energy prices. Risks remain elevated due to uncertainty surrounding the persistence of geopolitical tensions, energy prices, trade fragmentation and their implications for global growth, inflation and financial conditions (see Risk Factor 1 – *"The Group's financial performance could be impacted by adverse macroeconomic and geopolitical developments"*). As a result, there can be no assurance that the Group will continue to be successful in reducing the level of its criticised loans and NPEs.

5 *The Group is subject to credit risks in respect of customers and counterparties, including risks arising due to concentration of exposures across its loan book, and any failure to manage these risks effectively could have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects*

Risks arising from changes in credit quality and the recoverability of loans and other amounts due from customers and counterparties are inherent in a wide range of the Group's businesses. In addition to the credit exposures arising from loans to individuals, small and medium-size enterprises ("SMEs") and corporates, the Group also has exposure to credit risk arising from loans to financial institutions, its trading portfolio, investment securities, derivatives and from off-balance sheet guarantees and commitments including potential obligations due to membership of AIB under certain card schemes. Due to the nature of its business, the Group has extensive exposure to the Irish property market, both because of its mortgage lending activities and its property and construction loan book. Accordingly, any development that adversely affects the Irish property market could have a significant impact on the Group.

As at 30 June 2026, based on geographic concentration of gross loans and advances to customers, 77 per cent. of the Group's loans and advances to customers were in the Republic of Ireland, 13 per cent. in the UK and 10 per cent. in other jurisdictions. Also, as at 30 June 2026, residential mortgages represented 51 per cent. of gross loans (i.e., loans comprising of all capital outstanding and interest accrued prior to the deduction of impairment charges) and advances to customers.

The Group's monitoring of its loan portfolio is dependent on the effectiveness, and efficient operation, of its processes including credit grading and scoring systems and there is a risk that these systems and processes may not be effective in evaluating credit quality. If the Group is unable to manage its credit risk effectively, its business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects could be materially adversely affected.

The Group disclosed a net credit impairment charge of €91 million in the half year to 30 June 2026 (30 June 2025: €85 million) comprising an €85 million charge on loans and advances to customers (30 June 2025: €83 million) and a €5 million charge for off-balance sheet exposures (30 June 2025: €6 million writeback). There was a further €1 million charge for securities financing. The €85 million net credit impairment charge on loans and advances to customers comprised a net remeasurement of expected credit loss ("ECL") allowance charge of €97 million and recoveries of amounts previously written-off of €12 million.

The key drivers of the net remeasurement of ECL allowance charge of €97 million consist of the following components and activity:

- an ECL charge of €102 million occurred due to underlying credit management activity and a slight deterioration in credit parameters which inform the modelled outcomes. This was primarily driven by a €50 million charge for the non-property business sector and €26 million charge for the other personal sector;
- within the International Financial Reporting Standard (“IFRS”) 9 models, a €29 million ECL charge has been observed following updates to the macroeconomic scenarios. The charge reflects a substantial revision to incorporate a deterioration in the economic outlook driven by heightened geopolitical uncertainty and higher global energy prices; and
- the impact of model changes resulted in a €21 million charge due to the continued regrading of cases on the recalibrated investment property model deployed in 2025, which led to the further partial unwind of the associated overlay. The impact of overlay changes resulted in an ECL release of €55 million. This release primarily reflects the continued migration of exposures to the recalibrated investment property model and the partial release of sector-specific Post Model Adjustments (“PMAs”) where risks have either crystallised through case-specific provisions or reduced following portfolio actions.

Asset quality remains a priority as the Group continues to carefully manage the loan portfolio. The Group continues to believe that the ECLs reflect a comprehensive approach in assessing the credit environment, ensuring the level of ECL stock remains conservatively appropriate and forward looking.

6 *Loan-to-value (“LTV”) and Loan-to-income (“LTI”) related regulatory restrictions on residential mortgage lending may restrict the Group’s mortgage lending activities and balance sheet growth generally*

In 2015, the Central Bank imposed residential mortgage restrictions on Irish residential mortgage lending, under the LTV/LTI Regulations, which include LTV rules which set a minimum deposit requirement for the purchase of property, and LTI rules which set a maximum residential mortgage value which could be borrowed, measured against the borrower’s gross salary. Specific LTV and LTI limits were introduced for purchasers of their principal dwelling home including separate rules for first-time buyers, as well as those purchasing Buy-to-Let properties. These macro-prudential measures are subject to annual review by the Central Bank. The Group was compliant across all LTV and LTI regulatory limits in 2023. Following the Central Bank’s release of the Mortgage Measures Framework Review, some significant changes came into effect on 1 January 2023, including an increase in borrowing limits to four times LTI for first time buyers and to 90 per cent. LTV for second time and subsequent buyers.

While uptake was initially slow with first time buyers, following a recent 5 per cent. decrease in the net disposable income limit (effective May 2023), there has been a gradual increase in interest. From the outset, uptake has continued to be strong with second time buyers across the Group.

The Group’s risk appetite has continued to evolve. Despite larger repayments due to higher interest rates in recent years, asset quality deterioration remains limited. The recent rate reductions introduced by the ECB have also provided comfort about the quality of the mortgage book with further reductions expected in coming months. The Group will ensure regulatory compliance with Central Bank macro-prudential limits, by prioritising consistent and fair customer outcomes over maximising the usage of these limits.

The Group needs to ensure that it dedicates sufficient resources, and has the necessary procedures and controls in place, to ensure that the exception levels permitted under the regulations are monitored and not breached. These restrictions may adversely affect the level of new mortgage lending the Group can undertake and the costs of administering its residential mortgage lending and hence may have a material adverse effect on its business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects.

7 *Capital implications of minimum coverage levels on long term NPE exposures due to ECB guidance may continue to negatively impact the Group's financial condition*

The ECB published guidance to banks on NPEs in March 2017. The ECB's objective in issuing the guidance was to drive strategic and operational focus on the reduction of NPEs, together with further harmonisation and common definitions of NPEs and forbearance measures. The ECB published the "Addendum to the ECB Guidance to banks on non-performing exposures: supervisory expectations for prudential provisioning of non-performing exposures" in March 2018, which proposed the phasing in of stricter provisioning or capital guidance in any future Group Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process ("SREP") if the Group does not continue to execute its NPEs deleveraging strategy. On 4 April 2019, the European Council adopted a "prudential backstop" for NPEs complementing the existing prudential rules (which was subsequently revised in August 2019). The purpose of this requirement is to ensure sufficient coverage for NPEs which could require the Group to have higher provision coverage for NPEs in the future or make a deduction from own funds. Given the quantum of NPEs currently on the Group's balance sheet this could have a material impact on the financial condition or results of operations. As a result of the SREP guidance, the Group incurred a €67 million CET1 deduction at 30 June 2026 (31 December 2025: €69 million) which reflects the difference between the SREP recommended minimum coverage levels on long term NPE exposures and IFRS 9 ECL NPE cover. Continued delivery of the Group's NPE strategy is key to minimising the impact on capital for 2026.

8 *The Group is subject to credit risks arising due to the impact of climate change on the Group's customers such as extreme weather events and the transition to a low carbon economy*

Climate risk refers to the potential negative impacts on the Group as a result of climate change. This includes risks posed by direct exposure to climate change and indirect exposure through customers and suppliers. This also includes the impact that the Group and its customers and suppliers have on the climate. Environmental risk refers to the potential negative impact of the activities or actions of the Group, its customers or suppliers, directly or indirectly to the naturally occurring living and non-living components of the earth (i.e., the biophysical environment) together with the potential negative impact on the Group, its customers or suppliers as a result of changes to factors in the biophysical environment upon which they are directly or indirectly dependent.

By increasing the incidence of extreme and unseasonal weather conditions, climate risk may impact the Issuer via damage to collateral held as security or a reduction in the desirability of collateral held, which reduces its value. A transition to a low carbon economy may impact the Group through increased costs on household borrowers as a result of either retrofitting to renewable energy sources or through carbon taxes impacting energy costs which reduce their repayment capacity. The Group's commercial portfolio may also be impacted by climate and environmental risk, which varies per sector. The extent of such risks depends upon supply chains together with transition risk as we move to a low carbon economy (related to carbon intensity of businesses and their supply chains).

The Group currently has limited exposure to what would be considered "carbon intensive sectors". The Group has had an excluded activities list in place since 2020, which sets out a range of business activities that do not align with the Group's strategy. From a sustainability perspective, excluded activities include the exploration, extraction and upgrading of oil sands projects, nuclear power generation, nuclear waste transportation, and the decommissioning and/or final disposal of high-level nuclear waste.

9 *The Group may have insufficient capital to meet increased minimum regulatory requirements or to support its business, which could negatively impact its business, results of operations, financial condition or prospects*

The Group aims at all times to comply with all regulatory capital requirements and to ensure that it has sufficient capital to cover the current and future risk inherent in its business and to support its future development. Failure to maintain adequate levels of capital and meet minimum regulatory requirements may threaten the viability of the Group and may trigger actions by management under management's recovery plan for the purposes of the Banking Recovery and Resolution Directive (Directive 2014/59/EU as amended by way of Directive (EU) 2019/879 ("BRRD II") (as so amended, the "BRRD")) or the resolution authority (under relevant provisions of the BRRD) to restore the Group to viability which may impact the Group's operations and/or results from financial operations. A lack of sufficient capital to conduct its business activities or meet its minimum capital requirements could ultimately lead to the resolution and/or insolvency of the Group.

The Group is subject to minimum capital requirements as set out in Capital Requirements Directive IV (Directive 2013/36/EU) ("CRD IV"), the Capital Requirements Directive V (Directive (EU) 2019/878) ("CRD V"), which includes amendments to CRD IV (as so amended, "CRD"), and implemented under the Single Supervisory Mechanism ("SSM"). The Group's minimum capital requirement is currently set at 15.83 per cent. as at 30 June 2026. This comprises a Pillar 1 requirement of 8.00 per cent., Pillar 2 requirement of 2.40 per cent. (of which 1.35 per cent. must be held in Common Equity Tier 1 ("CET1")), a Capital Conservation Buffer of 2.50 per cent., an Other Systemically Important Institutions ("O-SII") buffer of 1.5 per cent. and a Countercyclical Capital Buffer ("CCyB") of 1.43 per cent., which is comprised of ROI CCyB of 1.03 per cent., UK CCyB of 0.29 per cent. and other CCyB of 0.10 per cent.

As a result of these and other regulatory requirements, banks in the EU have been, and could continue to be, required to increase the quantity and the quality of their regulatory capital. Regulators in other jurisdictions may in future increase CCyB or other buffer requirements on banks, such as a systemic risk buffer.

Given this regulatory context and the levels of uncertainty in the current economic environment, there is a possibility that the economic output over the Group's capital planning period may be materially worse than expected and/or that losses on the Group's credit portfolio may be above forecast levels. Were such losses to be significantly greater than currently forecast, or capital requirements for other material risks, such as operating or financial risks, to increase significantly, there is a risk that the Group's capital position could be eroded to the extent that it would have insufficient capital to meet all or some of its regulatory requirements and expectations and to support the current and future risk inherent in its business and its future development.

In addition to the minimum capital requirements as set out in CRD, the Group's capital position may also be impacted by other regulatory processes, such as the redevelopment of internal ratings based ("IRB") models and calendar provisioning which is a SREP recommendation to ensure minimum coverage levels on long term NPEs. The difference between the SREP recommended coverage levels and the IFRS 9 ECL coverage was taken as a CET1 deduction of €67 million as at 30 June 2026 (31 December 2025: €69 million).

10 *Constraints on the Group's access to liquidity and funding, including a loss of confidence by depositors or curtailed access to wholesale funding markets, may result in the Group being unable to meet its obligations as they fall due without incurring unacceptable costs and may require the Group to seek alternative sources of funding*

Financial, macroeconomic and geopolitical volatility are key risk drivers, as a negative macroeconomic environment can lead to market instability and increased liquidity and funding risk. Consequently, the Group's ability to monetise assets (marketable and non-marketable assets) without incurring a loss could be compromised amid the market volatility that would exist against such a backdrop. In addition, the Group's ability to generate liquidity from such assets may also depend on operational readiness, collateral eligibility, market functioning and counterparty capacity during periods of market stress.

The Group could be negatively affected by actual or perceived deterioration in the soundness of other financial institutions and counterparties. This risk is sometimes referred to as “systemic risk” and may adversely affect financial intermediaries, such as clearing agencies, industry payment systems, clearing houses, banks, securities firms and exchanges with whom the Group interacts on a daily basis. This could impact the Group’s ability to meet its intraday liquidity requirements as the failure of a market participant to meet its payment, clearing, and settlement obligations can have a material impact on connected counterparties, and ultimately lead to systemic disruption. Significant cyber incidents, operational disruptions, third-party service failures or disruptions affecting payment, clearing and settlement systems could also adversely affect the Group’s ability to manage intraday liquidity positions and satisfy payment obligations when due.

Conditions may arise which would constrain liquidity or funding opportunities for the Group on commercially practicable terms over the longer term. Currently, the Group funds its lending activities primarily from customer accounts. Consequently, a loss of confidence by depositors in the overall banking system, the Group, the Irish banking industry or the Irish economy, could ultimately lead to a reduction in the availability and/or increase in the cost of funding or liquidity resources. This could impact the Group’s ability to have the necessary resources in place to fund net outflows in the major currencies in which it operates which in turn would put added pressure on cross currency funding.

Elevated interest rate environments, increased customer rate sensitivity and competitive market conditions may result in changes in customer deposit behaviour, including migration from non-interest-bearing or operational deposits to higher-yielding savings products or investment alternatives. Such changes may increase the Group’s funding costs, alter its funding mix and reduce the stability of deposits relied upon for liquidity risk management purposes.

The Group may be exposed to funding concentration risk arising from reliance on particular customer segments, products, counterparties, currencies or wholesale funding markets. A reduction in the availability of such funding sources could adversely affect the Group’s liquidity and funding position.

The Group’s funding ratios remain above regulatory minimums (as at 30 June 2026 liquidity coverage ratio (“LCR”) of 187 per cent. and net stable funding ratio (“NSFR”) of 158 per cent.). In addition, the Group’s loan to deposit ratio (“LDR”) was 62 per cent. as at 30 June 2026.

Continued monetary policy normalisation and the reduction of central bank balance sheets may reduce excess liquidity within the Eurozone banking system over time and increase competition for customer deposits and wholesale funding. This may increase funding costs and place pressure on liquidity resources available to the Group.

Concerns around inflation, a slowdown in economic growth, expectations around further tightening of monetary policy, debt sustainability and sovereign downgrades in the Eurozone could impact the Group’s deposit base and could impede access to wholesale funding markets, adversely impacting the ability of the Group to issue debt securities or regulatory capital instruments to the market. Furthermore, execution risk in respect of the Group’s MREL, capital and wholesale funding issuance plans may arise due to market volatility, reduced investor demand, widening credit spreads, geopolitical developments, adverse developments affecting the banking sector or periods of market disruption. The Group’s plans for MREL issuance continue to be reviewed to align to the regulatory requirements regarding the BRRD.

The Single Resolution Board (“SRB”) determined the MREL for the Group on a consolidated basis at the level of its resolution group as 23.05 per cent. of total risk exposure amount (“TREA”) and 7.52 per cent. of Leverage Ratio Exposure (“LRE”), applicable as of 1 January 2026. This requirement, including the combined buffer, is 28.48 per cent. As at 31 March 2026, the Group had an actual MREL ratio of 35.0 per cent. of TREA, which is

in excess of its 1 January 2026 binding target (the Group's current MREL ratio based on LRE of 12.6 per cent. is also in excess of the Group's 1 January 2026 requirement).

Like all major financial institutions, the Group is also dependent on the short- and long-term wholesale funding markets for liquidity. A stable and sustained customer deposit base has allowed the Group to reduce its wholesale funding requirements over the last several years. This, in turn, has facilitated an increase in the Group's unencumbered assets. The Group recognises the restrictions on the transfer of liquidity between jurisdictions and separately monitors asset encumbrance by jurisdiction. The Group has also identified certain management and mitigating actions which could be considered on the occurrence of a liquidity stress event. However, in the unlikely event that the Group exhausted these sources of liquidity it may be necessary to seek funding or liquidity facilities from central banks or other monetary authorities, subject to applicable eligibility requirements.

Increased competition arising from technological developments, digital banking platforms and changing customer preferences could adversely affect the Group's ability to attract and retain customer deposits, potentially increasing funding costs and adversely affecting funding mix.

Unexpected events such as geopolitical conflicts, tariffs, trade tensions, sanctions regimes, military conflicts or other global political developments could lead to a material decline in global economic growth. This could lead to a negative impact on supply chains, commodities and a drop in tourism. Consequently, market confidence may falter and this could lead to a reduction in liquidity resources and a loss in liquidity value of marketable assets.

The Group is required to comply with the liquidity requirements of the SSM/Central Bank and also with the requirements of local regulators in jurisdictions in which it operates.

Supervisory authorities continue to increase their focus on funding concentration risk, collateral management capabilities, liquidity stress testing, intraday liquidity management, contingency funding preparedness and asset monetisation capabilities. Failure to meet evolving supervisory expectations may result in additional regulatory requirements, supervisory measures, remediation actions, increased liquidity resource requirements or other supervisory interventions.

Additional liquidity requirements or guidance and other requirements, whether based on an interpretation of current rules or the application of new rules or guidance being proposed by EU legislators, could be imposed on the Group, including as a result of the SREP carried out under the SSM or stress testing by the ECB and the EBA. Such additional requirements could include a revision of the level of Pillar 2 add-ons as the Pillar 2 add-on requirements or guidance are a point-in-time assessment and therefore subject to change over time, or changes to the combined buffer requirements applicable. Additional liquidity requirements could lead to increased costs for the Group, limitations on the Group's capacity to lend and further restructuring of the Group which could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition, results of operations and/or prospects of the Group.

11 *Downgrades to AIB's, AIB Bank's, Ireland's sovereign or other Irish bank credit ratings, or negative changes in outlook, could impair the Issuers' access to private sector funding, trigger additional collateral requirements and weaken their financial position*

If sentiment towards financial institutions operating in Ireland, including the Group, were to deteriorate, or if AIB and AIB Bank's ratings or outlook, and/or the ratings and outlook of the Irish banking sector, were to be adversely affected, this may have a materially adverse impact on the Group. In addition, any such change in sentiment or further reduction in ratings could result in an increase in the costs of, and a reduction in the

availability of, wholesale market funding across the financial sector which could have a material adverse effect on the liquidity and funding of all Irish financial services institutions, including the Group.

Adverse developments affecting other European or global financial institutions, whether or not directly connected to the Group, could also contribute to negative sector sentiment and result in rating pressure, widening funding spreads, reduced investor demand for bank-issued securities or reduced market access.

As at the date of this Base Prospectus each Issuer's long-term senior unsecured debt ratings from S&P Global Ratings Europe Limited ("S&P") and Moody's Investors Service Limited ("Moody's") are as follows:

	Long Term Debt Rating	
Issuer	S&P	Moody's
AIB	BBB+	A2
AIB Bank	A+	Aa3

Notes issued by AIB will be structurally subordinated to Notes issued by AIB Bank (see Risk Factor 32 "*AIB is a holding company*").

S&P is registered in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies (as amended, the "EU CRA Regulation"). Moody's is not established in the European Union but the credit ratings assigned by Moody's are endorsed by Moody's Deutschland GmbH, which is established in the European Union and registered under the EU CRA Regulation.

Any declines in those aspects of the Group's business identified by the rating agencies as significant could adversely affect the rating agencies' perception of the Group's credit and cause them to take negative ratings actions. Any downgrade in the Group's credit ratings could:

- adversely impact the volume, availability and pricing of its wholesale funding and negatively affect its financial position;
- trigger additional collateral requirements, margin calls or associated obligations in other secured funding arrangements or derivative contracts;
- make ineligible or lower the liquidity value of pledged securities and weaken the Group's competitive position in certain markets;
- restrict its access to the debt capital, regulatory capital, MREL and broader funding markets; and
- restrict the range of counterparties willing to enter into transactions with it and adversely affect customer confidence, investor demand for the Group's securities and the Group's ability to execute capital and MREL issuance plans on commercially acceptable terms.

A downgrade of the Group's credit ratings, or a negative change in rating outlook, may adversely affect customer confidence, funding costs, access to wholesale funding markets and investor demand for securities issued by the Group.

Furthermore, given the concentration of the Group's activities in Ireland, any downgrade of Ireland's sovereign credit rating, deterioration in Ireland's sovereign credit profile, public finances, economic outlook, banking sector outlook or market perception thereof could depress consumer confidence, impair the Group's access to private sector funding, increase its cost of funding, adversely affect the Group's credit ratings and weaken the Group's financial position.

12 *The Group faces risks associated with the level of, and changes in, interest rates, as well as certain other market risks*

The following market risks arise in the normal course of the Group's banking business: interest rate risk, credit spread risk (including sovereign credit spread risk), foreign exchange rate risk, equity risk and inflation risk. Disruptive or unexpected events such as protectionist trade policies and any retaliatory measures or the conflicts in the Middle East and Ukraine could significantly increase market volatility, which could increase the likelihood and effect of any or all of these risks. Such events typically result in a withdrawal of market liquidity and an increase in risk aversion which may result in sharp falls in the prices of assets such as equity and fixed income securities and may lead to capital losses on the Group's trading book and through its fair-valued investment securities in its banking book. The Group's earnings are exposed to interest rate risk. Persistent inflation can affect the affordability of the Group's products to customers in this way. For example, a decision of the ECB to further raise interest rates due to inflationary pressures could lead to an increase in default or re-default rates among customers with variable rate obligations without sufficient improvements in customers' income levels or repayment capacity. Widening credit spreads could adversely impact the value of the Group's hold-to-collect-and-sell bond positions.

Trading book risks predominantly result from supporting client businesses with small residual discretionary positions remaining. Credit valuation adjustment and funding valuation adjustments to derivative valuations arising from customer activity have potentially the largest trading book derived impact on earnings.

Changes in foreign exchange rates, particularly the euro-sterling rate, affect the value of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency and the reported earnings of the Group's non-Irish subsidiaries. Any failure to manage market risks to which the Group is exposed could have a material adverse effect on its business, financial conditions and prospects.

13 *The Group's strategy may not be optimal and/or successfully implemented which may negatively affect the Group's business, results of operations, financial condition or prospects*

The Group continues to make progress on its 2024-2026 Strategy while adhering to its medium term financial targets announced in March 2024. The strategic direction can be summarised as concentrating on three core initiatives (Customer First, Greening our Business and Operational Efficiency & Resilience) and is focused on upgrading AIB's digital offerings, increasing green lending across the loan book, and sustainable growth of the C&IC reporting segment. However, the Group's strategy may prove to be based on flawed assumptions regarding the pace and direction of future change across the banking sector. In addition, the Group may not be successful in implementing its strategy in a cost-effective manner. The Group's business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects could be materially adversely affected if any or all of these strategy-related risks were to materialise.

The Group primarily operates in competitive markets in Ireland, the UK, and the United States, with market share and associated profits depending on a combination of factors including product range, quality and pricing, reputation, brand performance and relative sales and distribution strength, among others.

Medium-term competitive risks include, but are not limited to:

- more intense price-based competition from incumbent providers which could reduce market share in core products and ultimately impact on the Group's financial prospects;
- an increase in the use of intermediaries in the residential mortgage market which could lead to a loss of competitiveness and ultimately result in financial underperformance of the Group;

- the emergence of new, lower-cost, competitors in the Irish residential mortgage market, particularly new entrants from the FinTech sector which could result in a loss of competitiveness and ultimately impact on the financial prospects of the Group;
- sustained disintermediation of traditional banks, including the Group, from specialist and generalist product lines which could substantially impact financial conditions and sustainability of the Group's business model;
- the internationalisation of supply and demand for low-complexity products such as deposits which could lead to a loss of competitiveness and ultimately result in financial underperformance of the Group;
- the successful establishment of virtual banks which could reduce the competitiveness of the Group in its core markets and ultimately impact on the Group's financial performance;
- the introduction of Directive (EU) 2015/2366 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on payment services in the internal market, which may enable the emergence of payment aggregators, which could in turn significantly reduce the relevance of traditional bank platforms and weaken brand relationships; and
- insufficient or ineffective implementation of artificial intelligence into Group operations relative to competitors leading to a loss of competitiveness of the Group. Whilst the rapid growth of AI technologies has the potential to significantly improve efficiency, there are also significant risks associated such as implementation risk, legal risk, governance risk and risk of bias/hallucinations.

In relation to the competitive risks outlined above, the Central Bank is focused on the promotion of higher levels of competitive intensity in the banking market, in common with regulators in other European jurisdictions. The entry of bank and non-bank competitors into the Group's markets may put additional pressure on the Group's income streams and/or result in pressure to maintain market share, which may lead to reduced pricing and/or increased credit risk, which could have a negative impact on the asset quality of the Group's loan portfolios.

The Group has returned to full private ownership following a series of directed buybacks, share placements through an accelerated book-building process with institutional investors and disposals as part of a pre-arranged trading plan, which reduced the Irish State shareholding in the Group to 0 per cent. The Group was released from the undertakings, covenants and commitments under the relationship framework specified by the Minister for Finance in respect to the relationship between the Minister and AIB dated 10 October 2017 (the "AIB Relationship Framework"), which governs the Group's day to day engagement with the Irish State as a shareholder, following the execution of a deed of partial release in July 2025.

14 *Damage to the Group's brand or reputation could adversely affect its relationships with customers, staff, shareholders and regulators, and negatively impact the Group's business, results of operations, financial condition or prospects*

Damage to the Group's brand or reputation could adversely affect its relationships with customers, staff, shareholders and regulators, which may impact on its ability to attract and retain customers and conduct business with counterparties. The Group's relationships with such stakeholders could be adversely affected by any circumstance that causes real or perceived damage to the Group's brands or reputation. In particular, any regulatory investigations, inquiries, litigation, actual or perceived misconduct or poor market practice in relation to customer-related issues could damage the Group's brands and/or reputation. Any damage to the Group's brand and/or reputation could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations, financial conditions or prospects.

Risks Related to Governance, Operations and Internal Controls

15 *The Group faces information security (including cyber) risks which could negatively impact the Group's business, results of operations, financial condition or prospects*

Information security (including cyber) risk for the Group is the risk of unauthorised access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction of information, whether malicious or unintentional in all its forms (see Risk Factor 16 *"The Group may be subject to privacy or data protection failures, cybercrime and fraudulent activity in relation to relevant data subject (i.e. customer) personal data, which could result in investigations by regulators, liability to data subjects and/or reputational damage, which could negatively impact the Group's business, results of operations, financial condition or prospects"*). Specifically, it encompasses the risk of:

- Loss of confidentiality due to unauthorised access and disclosure of information.
- Loss of integrity due to unauthorised modification or destruction of information.
- Loss of availability due to disruption of access to, or use of, information or an information system.

Key risk drivers included increased regulatory focus, geopolitical tensions (which manifest as elevated levels of cyber crime activity), increasing dependence on supply chain partners, AI lowering the barrier for entry for cyber bad actors and cyber-attack frequencies.

16 *The Group may be subject to privacy or data protection failures, cybercrime, fraudulent activity and other information security incidents in relation to relevant data subject (i.e. customer) personal data, which could result in investigations by regulators, liability to data subjects and/or reputational damage, which could negatively impact the Group's business, results of operations, financial condition or prospects*

The Group processes significant volumes of customer personal data relating to relevant data subjects (including name, address, identification and banking details) as part of its business, some of which may also be classified under legislation as special category data. The Group therefore must comply with strict data protection and privacy laws and regulations, including the European Communities (Electronic Communications Networks and Services) (Privacy and Electronic Communications) Regulations 2011, as amended (the "ePrivacy Regulations"), Regulation 2016/679 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (the "GDPR") and the Data Protection Act 2018, as amended. The GDPR introduced substantial changes to data protection law, including an increased emphasis on businesses being able to demonstrate compliance with their data protection obligations, which required significant investment by the Group in its compliance strategies. In addition, relevant supervisory authorities are given the power to issue fines of up to 4 per cent. of an undertaking's annual global group turnover or €20 million (whichever is the greater) for failure to comply with certain provisions of the GDPR.

The Group also faces the risk of a breach in security of its systems, for example, from increasingly sophisticated attacks by cybercrime groups. Data is stored in the Group's IT systems, including systems owned and operated by authorised third party suppliers. The Group's Data Protection Policy is part of the Regulatory Compliance Risk Management Framework and defines the Group's approach to the effective management of its data protection risks. The policy aims to ensure that the Group complies with the spirit and the letter of all laws, codes and regulations that apply to the Group in relation to data protection and privacy laws. This policy applies to all staff, contractors, consultants, agents or other third parties which have access to personal data either directly or indirectly, in the capacity of a data controller and/or data processor. In addition, the Group continues to enhance security measures to help prevent cybercrime. Notwithstanding such mitigation efforts, the Group cannot fully eliminate the risk that relevant data subject personal data could be wrongfully appropriated, lost or

disclosed, stolen or processed in breach of data protection and privacy laws and regulations including as a result of human error.

The Group relies on remote access services through the internet, or otherwise, by relevant data subjects including customers, employees and third-party service providers, and these services have seen increased use as a result of hybrid working arrangements. Failure of any of the foregoing parties to access the Group's systems on a systemic or large-scale basis could impact the Group's ability to operate. Remote access also increases inherent exposure to cybercrime, systems compromises or information leaks, in spite of any information security technology, protocols, policies or other controls which may be in place.

Any of the abovementioned events could result in the loss for the Group of the goodwill of its customers and deter new customers from availing of the services and products provided by the Group, which could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition, results of operation and prospects.

17 *The Group faces operational risks which could negatively impact the Group's business, results of operations, financial condition or prospects*

The risk arising from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. This includes model risk¹, information and communication technology (ICT) risk, legal risk, the potential for loss arising from the uncertainty of legal proceedings and potential legal proceedings but excludes strategic risk. This also includes Resilience Risk including the failure to identify and prepare for, respond, and adapt to, recover, and learn from operational disruptions which may result in a failure to deliver Level 1 and Level 2 services in the Service Resilience Model. Operational and Resilience Risks can result in customer, financial, operational and reputational impacts – for this reason reputational risk is considered in the Group's Operational Risk assessment processes and in the management of Operational Risk incidents.

Examples of the types of risks that the Group faces in this regard include, but are not limited to:

Change & Transformation Risk: The Group's strategy drives change across the organisation. It is critical that this change, and the risks, including transformation risk, associated with it, is managed in a consistent, effective and appropriate manner. It is essential that not only the risks within a programme or project to implement change are considered, but also the risks that the change may introduce to the wider operational risk profile, both during and after the lifecycle of the change. A lack of a strategic, coordinated and comprehensive approach to managing change could lead to significant business disruption, customer detriment, financial loss and/or reputational damage.

Continuity & Operational Resilience Risk: The risk of direct or indirect loss to people, premises, systems or processes arising from inadequate continuity, incident/crises management, and recovery capabilities, where failure to appropriately plan for or respond to business disruption results in the failure of Level 1 or Level 2 Services. Loss could be due to failure of a business service and/or the inability to recover the service within a prescribed timeframe.

The Group implemented a model to manage operational resilience risk to align with the Prudential Regulation Authority's ("PRA") and the Financial Conduct Authority's Operational Resilience requirements in the UK as well as the Central Bank Cross Industry Guidance on Operational Resilience in Ireland.

Physical Safety & Property Risk: Physical Safety and Property Risk reflects the current or prospective risk of harm to individuals if the health, safety and personal security of staff, customers, visitors, contractors, consultants, agents, third parties and members of the public is not safeguarded while conducting business, and

¹ Model Risk forms part of the Operational Risk definition as defined by Basel IV requirements. However, within AIB Group, Model Risk is covered under the Group Model and AI Risk Management Framework and Group Model and AI Risk Management Policy owned by Enterprise Risk.

the risk of loss of or damage to the Group's physical assets (including property) if they are not adequately protected (including damage to property such as flood risk). The Group's provision of products and services is dependent on staff and property infrastructure, including the branch network and a small number of key locations providing back-office services; loss of access to, or damage to, these locations could disrupt services and result in additional costs.

Products and Proposition Risk: Product risk is the risk that products fail to meet reasonable customer, user or stakeholder expectations, including applicable legal and regulatory requirements. If the Group does not adequately identify, assess, govern and manage products (including products, propositions, features, services and Customer Solutions) across their lifecycle – from design and approval through ongoing monitoring and, where required, withdrawal – this could lead to poor customer outcomes (including for customers in vulnerable circumstances). Such failures may result in reputational damage, regulatory intervention or sanction, legal action and/or significant remediation and rectification costs, which could adversely affect the Group's results and its ability to achieve its organisational objectives.

Fraud Risk: The current or prospective fraud risks relate to and may result from the dishonest and false representation by any person, internal, external or third parties including acts or omissions with the intention to make gain or cause loss. This encompasses acts of theft which may be directly from the Group or from the Group's customers. Theft from the Group's customers could result in financial loss and compensation payments and may also result in regulatory sanction, should it be established that the theft was a result of the Group's inadequate internal controls. This could have an adverse effect on the Group's results and on its ability to deliver appropriate customer outcomes or to achieve organisational objectives.

Third Party Risk: The Group outsources a number of activities and procures services from a wide range of third-party providers, including providers that support the delivery of critical activities in serving customers. If any such provider fails to perform, experiences disruption or fails to renew or maintain required licences or authorisations, the Group's operations could be disrupted, which could adversely affect the services provided and could result in unforeseen costs and reputational damage. There is an active Third Party Management process in the Group which manages and mitigates these risks and looks specifically at on-going performance of suppliers and risks arising from any concentrations that may arise. The Group is engaged with key suppliers to ensure on-going service capacity and any contingency plans are in place. Service from suppliers has remained consistent and in line with previous periods.

Technology Risk: The Group is reliant on its technical infrastructure for the provision of systems and services including emerging technologies such as artificial intelligence, cloud computing, open banking, privacy-enhancing computation or hyper-personalised banking, to support critical processes and operations.

Therefore, from the Group's perspective, Technology Risk is the risk arising from the Bank's use of technology (ICT), including network and information systems, where failures, weaknesses or inadequate management could compromise the availability, performance, security or resilience of systems, adversely impacting operations, services, customers or regulatory obligations.

Data Risk: The Group faces risks associated with failing to appropriately manage and maintain data and also in the aggregation and reporting of Risk Data. This could have an adverse effect on quality or accessibility of the data, resulting in poor decision making and inaccurate or inadequate internal and external reporting. See Risk Factor 16 *"The Group may be subject to privacy or data protection failures, cybercrime and fraudulent activity in relation to relevant data subject (i.e. customer) personal data, which could result in investigations by regulators, liability to data subjects and/or reputational damage, which could negatively impact the Group's business, results of operations, financial condition or prospects"*.

Legal Risk: Legal Risk is the risk of sanctions, material financial loss or loss to reputation that either Issuer and/or the Group may suffer as a result of: (i) failure to comply with new or existing laws, or with changes to

laws; (ii) a defective transaction; (iii) disputes involving, or litigation by or against, either Issuer and/or the Group; or (iv) failure to take appropriate measures to protect intellectual property and real estate assets owned by either Issuer and/or the Group.

The Group maintains insurance policies to cover a number of risk events. These include financial policies (comprehensive crime/computer crime, professional indemnity/civil liability, employment practices liability, and directors' and officers' liability) and a suite of general insurance policies to cover such matters as property and business interruption, terrorism, combined liability and personal accident. There can be no assurance, however, that the level of insurance the Group maintains is appropriate for the risks to its business or adequate to cover all potential claims.

People Risk: The Group faces risks associated with failure on the part of the Group to plan for, acquire, develop and retain the appropriate number of people resources with the necessary skills and capability required to achieve the Group's strategy and to ensure that those people resources are managed, developed, trained and engaged in such a way as to optimise their contribution and progression within the Group. The inability to recruit and retain appropriately skilled and experienced people resources may harm the stability of the business in the long-term. The Group continues to enhance governance and reporting processes and to deliver multiple initiatives to strengthen its employee value proposition for existing people resources to enable agility and to foster a positive, diverse and inclusive working environment which emphasises wellbeing. Failure to take appropriate actions could lead to a lack of the necessary people resources to effectively deliver products or services, resulting in delays, inefficiencies, or inability to meet customer expectations.

Transaction, Execution and Delivery Risk: The Group faces risks associated with failing to process, manage and execute transactions and/or other processes correctly and/or appropriately. A failure to meet regulatory standards could result in regulatory sanction and take a significant amount of resources to rectify. This could have an adverse effect on either Issuer's and/or the Group's results and on its ability to deliver appropriate customer outcomes or to achieve organisational objectives.

18 *If a poor or inappropriate culture develops across the Group's business, this may adversely impact its performance and impede the achievement of its strategic goals*

Culture risk is the risk that the Group's behaviours, actions, and/or decisions are not aligned to its values, impacting how the Group delivers on its strategy, purpose and ambition. The Group must continually develop and promote an appropriate culture that drives and influences the activities of its business and staff and its dealings with customers in relation to managing and taking risks and ensuring risk considerations continue to play a key role in business decisions. It is senior management's responsibility to ensure that the appropriate culture is embedded throughout the organisation. As was demonstrated by many banks during the financial crisis, if an inappropriate culture develops, then a strategy or course of action could be adopted that results in poor customer outcomes. If the Group is unable to maintain an appropriate culture, this could have a negative impact on the Group's business, result of operations, financial condition and prospects.

19 *The Group may be unable to recruit and retain appropriately skilled and experienced management and staff which could have a negative impact on the Group's business, result of operations, financial condition and prospects*

The Group faces risks associated with failure on the part of the Group to plan for, acquire, develop and retain the appropriate number of people resources with the necessary skills and capability required to achieve the Group's strategy and to ensure that those people resources are managed, developed, trained and engaged in such a way as to optimise their contribution and progression within the Group. The inability to recruit and retain appropriately skilled and experienced people resources may harm the stability of the business in the long-term. The Group continues to enhance governance and reporting processes and to deliver multiple initiatives to

strengthen its employee value proposition for existing people resources to enable agility and to foster a positive, diverse and inclusive working environment which emphasises wellbeing. Failure to take appropriate actions could lead to a lack of the necessary people resources to effectively deliver products or services, resulting in delays, inefficiencies, or inability to meet customer expectations.

Competition from within the financial services industry, including from other financial institutions, as well as from businesses outside the financial services industry for key employees is intensifying.

Under the terms of the recapitalisation of the Group by the Irish Government, the Group is required to comply with certain executive pay and compensation arrangements, including a cap on salaries as well as restrictions on bonuses and similar incentive-based compensation applicable to employees of Irish banks who have received financial support from the Irish Government. In July 2025, following the reduction of the State's shareholding in AIB to 0 per cent., the cap on base salaries was removed, while the restrictions on the payment of bonuses in excess of €20,000 per annum to employees remains. The Excess Bank Remuneration Charge ("ERBC") continues to apply. The implication of the ERBC is that there is an effective tax rate of 89 per cent. on any employee's total variable remuneration, should their variable remuneration exceed €20,000 in any year. As a result of these restrictions, as well as the limits on certain types of remuneration paid by credit institutions and investment firms set forth in CRD, and in the increasingly competitive markets in Ireland and the UK, the Group may not be able to attract, retain and remunerate highly skilled and qualified personnel, and any such failure to do so could have a material impact on the Group's financial condition or results of operations.

20 *A deterioration in employee relations could adversely affect the Group's business, result of operations, financial condition and prospects*

A significant proportion of the Group's employees are members of trade unions. The Group adheres to established industrial relations mechanisms in each jurisdiction in which the Group operates. The Group seeks to ensure transparency, fairness and collaboration in all its dealings with employees. In the event that the Group becomes subject to industrial action or other labour conflicts, including strikes or other forms of industrial actions, this may lead to a reduced level of service provided by the Group to its customers, which may result in reputational damage impacting its business result of operations, financial condition and prospects.

21 *The Group uses models across many of its activities and if these models prove to be inaccurate, or are used incorrectly then the Group's management of risk may be ineffective or compromised and/or the value of its financial assets and liabilities may be overestimated or underestimated*

The Group uses models across many, though not all, of its activities including, but not limited to, capital management, credit grading, loan loss provisioning, valuations, liquidity, pricing and stress testing. The Group also uses financial models to determine the fair value of derivative financial instruments, financial instruments through profit or loss, certain hedged financial assets and financial liabilities and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. IFRS 9 has required the Group to move from an incurred loss model to an expected loss model, requiring it to recognise not only credit losses that have already occurred but also losses that are expected to occur in the future.

Since the Group uses risk measurement models based on historical observations, there is a risk that it underestimates or overestimates exposure to various risks to the extent that future market conditions deviate from historical experience. Furthermore, as a result of evolving regulatory requirements, the importance of models across the Group's business has been heightened and their importance may continue to increase, in particular because of reforms introduced by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision. If the Group fails to identify a model or if the Group's models do not accurately estimate its exposure to various risks, it may experience unexpected losses. The Group may also incur losses, for example, as a result of decisions made based on inaccuracies in the build or implementation of these models, as a result of poor data quality or an

incomplete understanding by users. Model risk levels may also rise as a result of a significantly changing environment, as models are built using historical data. Models are kept under regular review to ensure that they remain representative of the current environment. For example, a model factor selected at development may no longer be a key driver in the current environment.

If the Group's models are not effective in estimating its exposure to various risks or determining the fair value of its financial assets and liabilities or if its models prove to be inaccurate, its business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects could be materially adversely affected.

The Group's IRB credit risk models are subject to ongoing regulatory reviews and inspections, which may give rise to additional capital requirements, replacement of IRB models with a standardised approach or reputational risk for the Group.

The Group must obtain approval from the ECB in order to implement new IRB models or to change existing approved IRB models. New IRB models or those undergoing material changes are subject to reviews and model inspections from the ECB and other regulatory bodies in relation to the models prior to receiving approval.

22 The Group is subject to the risk that the funding position of its defined benefit pension schemes could deteriorate, requiring it to make additional contributions

The Group faces the risk that the funding position of its defined benefit pension schemes will deteriorate, requiring it to make additional contributions, adversely affecting its capital position. The Group maintains a number of defined benefit pension schemes for current and former employees. All defined benefit schemes were closed to future accruals from 31 December 2013 and staff transferred to defined contribution schemes for future pension benefits. In relation to these defined benefit schemes, the Group faces the risk that the funding position of the schemes will deteriorate over the longer term. This may require the Group to make additional contributions above what is already planned to cover its pension obligations towards current and former employees. Furthermore, pension deficits as reported are a deduction from capital under CRD. Accordingly, any increase in the Group's pension deficit may adversely affect its capital position. There could also be a negative impact on industrial relations if the funding level of the schemes were to deteriorate.

Each scheme has a separate trustee board and the Group has agreed funding plans to deal with deficits where they exist. As part of any funding agreement, the Group engages with each trustee regarding an appropriate investment strategy to reduce the risk in that scheme. Irish schemes that are deemed to have a deficit under the funding standard as provided under Section 44 of the Pensions Act 1990, as amended (the "Funding Standard") must prepare funding plans to address this situation in a timely manner and submit them to the Irish Pensions Authority for approval.

Independent actuarial valuations for the AIB Group Irish Pension Scheme and the AIB Group UK Pension Scheme are carried out on a triennial basis by the schemes' actuary, Mercer. The most recent valuation of the Irish scheme was carried out on 30 June 2024 and reported the scheme to be in surplus. The next actuarial valuation of the Irish scheme is being prepared with an effective date of 30 June 2027, with the results expected by 31 March 2028. No deficit funding is anticipated at this time as the Irish scheme continues to meet the minimum Funding Standard. The most recent valuation of the UK scheme was carried out on 31 December 2023. The next actuarial valuation of the UK scheme is being carried out for 31 December 2026, with the results expected to be agreed by 31 March 2028.

The Group and the trustee of the UK scheme began a substantial de-risking process of the UK scheme in 2019, with the initial purchase from Legal and General Assurance Society ("LGAS") of a buy-in for the pensioner members and an assured payment policy for the deferred pensioner members. The de-risking was completed in 2025 and all members' benefits are now substantially covered by buy-in policies which match the amount and timing of the benefits payable to the members covered. To complete the conversion to buy-in, the Group made

total payments of £16.1 million in 2025. This was made up of £2 million contributions to meet scheme expenses and £14.1 million to cover the final buy-in transaction, the expected cost of insuring Guaranteed Minimum Pension equalisation and data true-up liabilities, and a cash buffer to ensure the scheme has sufficient liquidity to pay benefits as they fall due. The Group expects to make payments of £2.6 million in 2026, which includes £2 million for expected trustee expenses and an additional £0.6 million in respect of the difference between the initial and final buy-in pricing from LGAS. These payments and any other related costs are subject to change prior to finalisation.

Pension risk is monitored and controlled in line with the requirements of the Group's pension risk framework and policy. The surplus or deficit calculated in accordance with IAS 19 'Employee Benefits' is monitored on a monthly basis by the Group's risk team and is currently reported monthly in both the financial risk report to the Group Assets and Liability Committee ("ALCo") and the Group Chief Risk Officer ("CRO") report. A pension capital at risk exposure is assessed on a monthly basis and is reported versus a "Group Risk Appetite Statement" watch trigger in the CRO report. Pension risk is also included in the internal stress test. The output of these stress tests is reviewed by ALCo and on an annual basis a report on the internal capital adequacy assessment process (ICAAP) is produced which is a comprehensive analysis of the Group's capital position in base and stress scenarios over a three year horizon. This document is reviewed and approved by the Board and is submitted to the ECB/Central Bank Joint Supervisory Team. While the Group has taken certain risk mitigating actions, a level of volatility associated with pension funding remains due to potential financial market fluctuations and possible changes to pension and accounting regulations.

Regulatory and Legal Risks

23 *The Group is required to comply with a wide range of laws and regulations. The constantly evolving and increasing complex legal and regulatory landscape significantly increases the risks associated with compliance with such laws and regulations. If the Group fails to comply with these laws and regulations, it could become subject to regulatory actions*

A failure by the Group to comply with all applicable laws, regulations, rules, standards and codes of conduct may result in regulatory sanctions, material financial loss or loss to reputation.

The legal and regulatory landscape in which the Group operates is constantly evolving and the risks associated with compliance with laws and regulations is increasing. As new laws or regulatory schemes are introduced, the Group may be required to invest significant resources in order to comply with the new legislation or regulations. Furthermore, the laws and regulations to which the Group is already subject could change as a result of changes in interpretation or practice by courts, regulators or other authorities, resulting in higher compliance costs and resource commitments, and/or a failure by the Group to implement the necessary changes to its business within the time period specified.

AIB (which is the parent company of the Group) is incorporated and has its head office in Ireland. While the Central Bank continues to regulate certain areas of the Group's business, including consumer protection in Ireland, it is the ECB (together with support from the Central Bank) that has primary responsibility for the prudential supervision of the Group. The Group faces risks associated with an uncertain and rapidly evolving prudential regulatory environment, pursuant to which it is required, among other things, to maintain adequate capital resources and to satisfy specified capital ratios at all times. The Group's borrowing costs and capital requirements are subject to prudential regulation, including the Capital Requirements Regulation (Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013, as amended, the "CRR"), CRD VI and BRRD II, commonly known as the Basel IV. The UK-EU Memorandum of Understanding on Financial Services Cooperation was signed in Brussels on 27 June 2023. This memorandum will facilitate a forum for cooperation between the EU and the UK. Specific to regulatory developments, the forum's activities will include the sharing of information and consultation around

planned regulatory and supervisory developments. This is expected to ensure the timely identification of cross-border implementation issues to support an on-going shared understanding of the relevant regulatory framework. On 17 January 2025, the PRA, in consultation with HM Treasury, extended the postponed implementation of Basel 3.1 in the UK until 1 January 2027. This is a driver of regulatory divergence between EU and UK. AIB continues to actively scan the regulatory horizon for areas of divergence between EU and UK regulation which could affect the Group.

It is also possible that additional capital and liquidity requirements or guidance and other requirements, whether based on an interpretation of current rules or the application of new rules or guidance proposed by EU legislators, could be imposed on the Group. Such an instance may occur as a result of the SREP carried out under the SSM or stress testing by the ECB and the EBA. Additional requirements could include a revision of the level of Pillar 2 add-ons, as the Pillar 2 add-on requirements or guidance are a point-in-time assessment and could therefore be subject to change over time, or changes to the combined buffer requirements applicable. See Risk Factor 9 *“The Group may have insufficient capital to meet increased minimum regulatory requirements or to support its business, which could negatively impact its business, results of operations, financial condition or prospects”*.

The EBA Guidelines on Loan Origination and Monitoring have applied since 30 June 2021. The aim of the guidelines is to ensure institutions have robust and prudent standards for credit risk taking, management and monitoring, and that newly originated loans are of high credit quality. AIB is achieving the aims of these guidelines through strong internal governance arrangements for granting and monitoring of credit facilities throughout their lifecycle.

The Group is subject to the Central Bank macro-prudential measures which are subject to annual review and therefore could create further lending restrictions, increasing existing deposit financing thresholds for borrowers. See Risk Factor 6 *“Loan-to-value (“LTV”) and Loan-to-income (“LTI”) related regulatory restrictions on residential mortgage lending may restrict the Group’s mortgage lending activities and balance sheet growth generally”*.

Regulation (EU) 2019/630 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2019 on the minimum coverage for NPEs, as well as the ECB’s guidance on expectations for the provisioning of new NPEs should facilitate the disposal of NPEs further down the line, if required. The Group’s regulators have stated that banks should be incentivised to build up their provisions as early as possible, thus preventing larger losses at a later stage. The Group has put in place a conservative, forward looking and comprehensive provisioning approach and intends to manage NPEs in accordance with its regulatory obligations.

In addition to the above, the Group is also subject to regulatory reviews, such as those on the residential mortgage and retail banking sectors. Such reviews may require the Group to modify its business to satisfy new or amended regulatory requirements.

To support the effectiveness of bail-in and other resolution tools, Article 130(1) of the BRRD requires that from 1 January 2016 Member States apply the BRRD’s provisions requiring EU credit institutions and certain investment firms to maintain MREL, subject to the provisions of the MREL regulatory technical standards.

The MREL requirements are determined on a case-by case basis taking into account (i) resolvability; (ii) capital adequacy; (iii) sufficiency of eligible liabilities; (iv) participation in a deposit guarantee scheme; (v) business risks (business model, funding, risk profile); and (vi) systemic risk (interconnectedness). The SRB has provided the Group with its default formula for the MREL target calibration under the new BRRD II legislative framework to be complied with from 1 January 2022. The Group continues to monitor changes in MREL requirements together with developments in the SRB’s MREL policy, which has the potential to impact the Group’s MREL target.

The Group operates in the UK through its subsidiary, AIB Group (UK) p.l.c. (“AIB UK”) and through the London branch, a branch of AIB p.l.c. The Group must comply with the prudential regulatory requirements as set out by the PRA through the PRA rulebook and the FCA’s conduct of business rules in so far as they apply to its business carried out in the UK. In the US, the Group is subject to federal and state banking and securities law supervision and regulation as a result of the banking activities conducted by AIB Bank’s branch in New York and a representative office in San Francisco. Thus, the Group is required to design and implement policies that ensure compliance with legislation promulgated by the FCA and the PRA in the UK and the relevant regulatory authorities in the US.

Failure by the Group to meet regulatory expectations, including in relation to governance, behaviour and culture, or repeated breaches of regulation could adversely impact regulatory confidence in how the Group conducts its business. Failure to engage appropriately with regulators, risks damaging relations with statutory authorities, and could lead to increased regulatory oversight, intrusive supervision and/or restrictions in the Group’s authorisations curtailing its ability to operate some of its business. These outcomes could have a material adverse effect on the Group’s business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Group entities are required to submit data and information to regulatory authorities on a scheduled or ad hoc basis which are necessary for effective regulatory oversight and supervision. There is a risk that some data required to complete the returns, some of which is required to be manually populated, may not be sufficiently reliable. This could result in inaccurate returns being provided to regulatory authorities or submissions of returns being delayed. If any failings in regulatory reporting existed and were to be considered as material by regulatory authorities, it could result in the Group being subject to sanction or fines for failure to provide accurate returns or failure to submit returns within required timeframes, reputational damage and the Group being required to conduct data rectification.

There is also a risk that pressures from the media, consumer groups and/or politicians could influence the agenda of the ECB, the Central Bank, the FCA or the PRA. For instance, a wide-ranging review of competition within the Irish mortgage sector by the Competition and Consumer Protection Commission of Ireland (“CCPC”) took place in 2017 as part of the programme for the Irish Government (a similar review having been completed on the UK banking sector in 2016), and in June 2017, the CCPC published its report on “options for the Irish mortgage market”. The report, which followed an extensive public consultation process outlined a range of options and areas for further study to assist the Irish Government develop a better-functioning, competitive and stable mortgage market. The issues of “mortgage switching behaviour” and “consumer attitudes to switching” were some of the areas identified in the report as requiring further regulatory focus. In this regard, in August 2017, the Central Bank published a consultation paper entitled “Enhanced Mortgage Measures: Transparency and Switching” proposing to amend the Consumer Protection Code 2012 (“CPC”) by introducing enhanced transparency measures for fixed rate interest rate mortgage holders. In June 2018, the Central Bank, having considered the responses received from the published consultation paper announced that it proposed to introduce new, and amend certain existing, provisions of the CPC to give effect to these enhanced protections by publishing an addendum to the CPC which became effective from 1 January 2019. The Central Bank launched a consultation paper on 7 March 2024 outlining plans to update the CPC to better protect consumers. The key proposals and themes from the CPC update are Securing Customers Interests, Digitalisation, Informing Effectively, Mortgage Credit and Switching, Unregulated Activities, Frauds & Scams, Vulnerable Customers and Climate Risk. Following the consultation, the Central Bank published the Consumer Protection Code 2025 (the “CPC 2025”) on 24 March 2025. The CPC 2025 took effect on 24 March 2026, replacing the CPC, following a 12-month implementation period. Through the CPC2025, the Central Bank aims to (i) deliver a modernised code that reflects how financial services are delivered in a digital world; (ii) ensure firms effectively incorporate customers’ interests into their strategy and decision-making; (iii) create a package of updated protections that reflect how consumers are accessing financial services today; (iv) provide clarity and

predictability for firms on their consumer protection obligations; and (v) support consumers and firms in accessing and navigating the CPC 2025.

In July 2018, the Central Bank published the outputs of its review of behaviour and culture in the five main retail banks in Ireland, including the Group. The report recommended the introduction of legislation to support an individual accountability framework (“IAF”), which would set conduct standards for staff and ensure clearer lines of accountability within firms. The IAF had an effective implementation date of 1 January 2024, and it has been successfully implemented. In addition, the introduction of a Senior Executive Accountability Regime (“SEAR”) places obligation on firms and senior individuals within them to set out clearly where responsibility and decision-making lie. The SEAR regime applied for the majority of senior individuals from 1 July 2024 and has applied for (Independent) Non-executive directors at in-scope firms since 1 July 2025.

Adverse regulatory action or adverse judgments in litigation could result in a monetary fine or penalty, adverse monetary judgment or settlement and/or restrictions or limitations on the Group’s operations or result in a material adverse effect on the Group’s reputation. The Group may settle litigation or regulatory proceedings prior to a final judgment or determination of liability to avoid the cost, management efforts, negative business, regulatory or reputational consequences of continuing to contest liability, even when the Group believes that it has no liability or when the potential consequences of failing to prevail would be disproportionate to the costs of settlement. Furthermore, the Group may, for similar reasons, reimburse counterparties for their losses even in situations where the Group does not believe that it is legally compelled to do so.

Additionally, the Group is subject to a series of new and upstream regulatory requirements related to ESG. ESG stands for “Environmental, Social and Governance”. It is an acronym used to describe a holistic three pillar framework, which measures how sustainably an organisation is operating, and how it is managing risks and opportunities related to ESG factors. The threat and consequences of climate change have necessitated a strong focus on legislative change promoting ESG at an EU level.

These requirements and guidelines include:

- EBA Guidelines on Loan Origination and Monitoring (“LOaM”), which introduce prominently environmentally sustainable lending dimensions, and set requirements for institutions to consider ESG factors, environmentally sustainable lending and associated risks in their credit policies and procedures;
- Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (“SFDR”), a transparency framework which sets out how financial market participants have to disclose sustainability information. This assists investors who wish to put their money into companies and projects which support sustainability objectives to make informed choices;
- Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (Directive (EU) 2022/2464, the “CSRD”), which modernised and strengthened the rules concerning the social and environmental information which companies have to report. This updated and replaced the preexisting Non-Financial Reporting Directive (“NFRD”);
- EU Taxonomy Regulation, a market transparency tool which provides a classification system which defines criteria for economic activities that are aligned with a Net Zero trajectory by 2050, and other environmental goals which are broader than climate. It is anticipated that a Social Taxonomy will also be published in the coming years, however this has been subject to delays at an EU level; and
- ECB Guide on Climate-related and Environmental Risks, a non-binding guidance publication outlining ECB expectations for the safe and prudent management of climate-related and environmental risks under the current prudential framework.

The Group is exposed to heightened risk of regulatory non-compliance by virtue of the expanding body of ESG related requirements, for which failure to properly implement may result in regulatory sanction. The Group must ensure that it continues to engage the requisite expertise to implement these changes, continues investment and funding of regulatory transformation, and grows its internal talent-pool of ESG resources. The Group is also exposed to the risk of greenwashing, competitive disadvantage and reputational damage, should it either overstate the green properties of its products, or not provide a sufficient suite of green products to meet customer expectations. The Group is also exposed to risk by virtue of the increased pace of climate change, which raises the risk posed by increasing adverse weather events, such as flooding.

24 *The Group is subject to increasing regulation and supervision following the introduction of the Single Supervisory Mechanism and the Single Resolution Mechanism, which may strain its resources*

A significant number of regulations have been issued by the various regulatory authorities that regulate the Group's business. The Eurozone's largest banks, including the Group, are under the direct supervision of, and are deemed to be authorised by, the ECB since the introduction on 4 November 2014 of the SSM.

The main aims of the SSM are to ensure the safety and soundness of the European banking system and to increase financial integration and stability in Europe.

A Single Resolution Mechanism ("SRM") has been introduced, including an SRB, which focuses on resolution planning and enhancing resolvability, to avoid the potential negative impacts of a bank failure on the economy and financial stability. The requirements of the SRM are set out in the Single Resolution Mechanism Regulation (Regulation (EU) No. 806/2014 of 15 July 2014), as amended (the "SRM Regulation") and the BRRD. The SRM Regulation has been fully applicable from 1 January 2016 and the SRB has also been fully operational since that date. The BRRD has been implemented in Ireland pursuant to the European Union (Bank Recovery and Resolution) Regulations 2015, as amended (the "BRRD Regulations"). The BRRD Regulations, other than regulations 79 to 94, came into effect on 15 July 2015. Regulations 79 to 94 came into effect on 1 January 2016. The establishment of the SRM is designed to ensure that supervision and resolution are exercised at the same level for countries that share the supervision of banks within the SSM. The single resolution fund will be financed by bank levies raised at national level. Regulation (EU) 2019/877 of 20 May 2019, amending the SRM Regulation, applied from 28 December 2020.

The overarching goal of the bank recovery and resolution framework, established by the BRRD/SRM package, is to break the linkages between national banking systems and sovereigns. The framework is intended to enable resolution authorities to resolve failing banks with a lower risk of triggering contagion to the broader financial system, while sharing the costs of resolution with bank shareholders and creditors and also minimising cost to taxpayers. Among other provisions, the BRRD requires banks to produce a comprehensive recovery plan that sets out detailed measures that could be taken to restore the viability of the institution in the event of extreme stress. Furthermore, one or more of the Group's regulators may require the Group to make changes to the legal structure of the Group pursuant to its implementation of requirements under the SRM Regulation, the BRRD or other applicable law or regulation.

The Group will have to meet the cost of all levies that are imposed on it in relation to funding the bank resolution fund established under the SRM or those that are imposed on it under other applicable compensation schemes relating to banks or other financial institutions in financial difficulty. In addition, the challenge of meeting this degree of regulatory change will place a strain on the Group's resources. The challenge of meeting tight implementation deadlines while balancing competing resource priorities and demands adds to the regulatory risk of the Group. These may also impact significantly on the Group's future product range, distribution channels, funding sources, capital requirements and consequently, reported results and financing requirements.

25 *The Group is subject to conduct risk, including changes in laws, regulations and practices of relevant authorities and the risk that its practices are challenged under current regulations or standards, and if it is deemed to have breached any of these laws or regulations, it could suffer reputational damage or become subject to challenges by customers or competitors, or sanctions, fines or other actions*

The Group is exposed to conduct risk, which the Group defines as the risk that inappropriate actions or inactions by the Group cause poor and unfair customer outcomes or negatively impact on market integrity. Certain aspects of the Group's business may be determined by regulators in various jurisdictions or by courts not to have been conducted in accordance with applicable local or, potentially, overseas laws and regulations, or in a fair and reasonable manner as determined by the local ombudsman. Regulators want senior leaders to drive effective cultures that focus on the organisation values and conduct that puts the customer first; they expect to see customer impacts, including those affecting vulnerable customers, considered at decision making and throughout the design of a strategy, product or programme to secure good customer outcomes. They also expect conduct to be promoted in remuneration policies, disciplinary processes, and cyber fraud prevention.

The Group is cognisant of its responsibilities regarding wholesale market conduct risk which has been subject to increased regulatory scrutiny in recent years. Domestic and European regulators have provided guidance as to how regulated entities should manage wholesale market conduct risk, particularly in relation to dealing with the impact of external events, managing the increasing complexity in securities markets and the rules that govern them and ensuring meaningful transparency for investors and other market participants, in particular on costs and fees. As such, the Group continues to respond to changes in this environment and strengthen regulatory practices. With respect to customer redress provisions, see also Risk Factor 31 *"Risk of litigation and conduct losses arising from the Group's activities"*.

If the Group fails to comply with any relevant laws, regulations, or regulatory expectations, or fails to consider customer impacts and drive a customer centric strategy, it may suffer reputational damage and may be subject to challenges by customers or competitors, or sanctions, fines or other actions imposed by regulatory authorities. There is also a risk that failure to recognise the impact of increases in the cost of living (including higher mortgage rates) on customers or those in financial difficulties could lead to claims for conduct matters. The Group's practices may also be challenged under current regulations and standards. In such circumstances, the Group may be required to redress customers, may be subject to regulatory sanctions, material financial loss or loss to reputation, which may have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects.

Risks may also arise for the Group in relation to employee conduct. Regulators expect to see desired behaviours and conduct re-enforced at all stages of the employee lifecycle, from recruitment, to training and promotion. Poor employee culture and conduct can result in mis-selling, inappropriate actions where a conflict of interest arises, internal fraud or otherwise not acting in a customer's best interest. Such actions may result in the bank having to make redress to impacted customers, potential regulatory sanction, adverse media coverage and potential reputational damage.

The Group is also required to manage potentially heightened conduct and regulatory risks associated with regulatory developments and strategic growth, such as the continued growth of Goodbody Stockbrokers UC ("Goodbody"). Additional regulatory requirements need to be considered along with the conduct implications of managing a different customer base, business portfolio and product suite. As a result, effective integration with appropriate alignment and oversight between the Group and any such subsidiary or joint venture is required to mitigate these risks.

The Central Bank's Regulatory and Supervisory Outlook Report 2026 ("RSO") sets out the Central Bank's view on the key trends and risks facing the regulated financial sector, along with the regulatory and supervisory

priorities set in the context of those risks. The RSO addresses risks and priorities across all sectors of the Central Bank's regulatory and supervision mandate, building on previous publications, the feedback provided by the Central Bank through sector-specific supervisory work, and the wide variety of engagement they have with stakeholders.

The Central Bank's Regulatory & Supervisory Outlook Report 2026 identifies key risk areas grouped under three themes:

- the macroeconomic and geopolitical environment;
- how regulated entities are responding to a changing world (including consumer and investor detriment, data, AI and modelling risks, financial crime, and risk management practices); and
- longer-term structural forces at play (including climate risks and business model and strategic risks).

The Central Bank's supervisory priorities for 2026 included:

- maintaining and building resilience to geopolitical risks and macro-financial uncertainties;
- securing consumer and investor interests in a rapidly changing world;
- responding to technology-driven transformations;
- helping to address the environmental and societal transitions underway; and
- enhancing how it regulates and supervises.

The Central Bank continues to focus on the effectiveness of governance and risk management practices, including how firms have implemented the IAF and the SEAR. In terms of the banking sector, the Central Bank's supervisory focus will concentrate on business model and strategy, treatment of customers, operational and cyber resilience, financial resilience and financial crime and market integrity.

The Group is required to monitor, align and deliver in line with the Central Bank's regulatory and supervisory priorities and monitor and manage the conduct risk drivers. Failure to do so may lead to regulatory intervention or highlight deficiencies in the conduct and prudential control environment.

26 *The Group is subject to anti-money laundering, counter-terrorist financing, anti-corruption and sanctions regulations and, if it fails to comply with these regulations, it may face administrative sanctions, criminal penalties and/or reputational damage*

The Group is subject to laws and regulations aimed at preventing money laundering, anti-corruption and the financing of terrorism. Monitoring compliance with anti-money laundering ("AML"), Countering the Financing of Terrorism ("CFT") and anti-corruption and sanctions rules can put a significant financial burden on banks and other financial institutions and requires significant technical capabilities. In recent years, enforcement of these laws and regulations against financial institutions has become more intrusive, resulting in several landmark fines against financial institutions. In addition, the Group cannot predict the nature, scope or effect of future regulatory requirements to which it might be subject or the way existing laws might be administered or interpreted. Furthermore, there is a greater focus by regulators on the overall effectiveness of financial institutions' efforts to tackle financial crime beyond issues of mere technical compliance which requires constant enhancement of and investment in their overall financial crime response.

The 5th EU Anti-Money Laundering Directive, transposed in part into Irish law by the Criminal Justice (Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing) Act 2021, emphasises a "risk-based approach" to AML and CFT and imposes obligations on Irish incorporated bodies (such as AIB and AIB Bank) to take measures to compile information on beneficial ownership.

Moreover, global money laundering cases have received increased scrutiny, with a number of major European banks implicated in such matters. In May 2024, the European Union adopted a comprehensive package of legislation aimed at revising and reinforcing the EU's AML & CFT rules (known as the "AML Reform Package"). The Group will need to reflect the changes under the AML Reform Package, including the recent inclusion of sanctions, in its own policies, procedure and practices, and to update its framework to take account of the risk-based approach and the relevant technical standards, together with any related industry guidance from regulators. Given the scale, nature and complexity of the financial sanctions regimes in the UK, EU and U.S. (particularly as a result of the conflict in Ukraine), there remains an increased risk that the Group could find itself transacting with customers who could become subject to such sanctions and potentially face the consequence of secondary U.S. sanctions as a result of this.

Although the Group has policies and procedures that are designed to comply with applicable AML/CFT, anti-corruption and sanctions rules and regulations, it cannot guarantee that such policies and procedures completely prevent situations of money laundering, terrorist financing, breaches of sanctions or corruption, including actions by the Group's employees, agents, third party suppliers or other related persons for which the Group might be held responsible. Any such events may have severe consequences, including litigation, sanctions, fines and reputational consequences, which could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

27 *The Irish legislation and regulations in relation to mortgages, as well as judicial procedures for the enforcement of mortgage, custom, practice and interpretation of such legislation, regulations and procedures, may result in higher levels of default by the Group's customers, delays in the Group's recoveries in its mortgage portfolio and increased impairments*

In instances where the Group seeks to enforce security on commercial or residential property (in particular over a borrower's principal dwelling house ("PDH")), the Group may encounter significant delays arising from judicial procedures, which often entail significant legal and other costs. Custom, practice and interpretation of Irish legislation, regulations and procedures may also contribute to delays or restrictions on the enforcement of security. The courts or legislature in Ireland may have particular regard to the interests and circumstances of borrowers in disputes relating to the enforcement of security above or sale of their loans which is different to the custom and practice of courts in other jurisdictions. As a result of these factors, enforcement of security or recovery of delinquent loans in Ireland may be more difficult, take longer and involve higher costs for lenders as compared to other jurisdictions, or it may not be feasible for courts to enforce security. The CPC 2025 is designed to protect the interests of consumers (as defined in the CPC 2025) and is applicable (in part) to the activities of the Group. The CPC 2025 sets out specified information which must be provided to borrowers throughout the lifecycle of the mortgage product. The CPC 2025 requires the Group to, *inter alia*, act fairly, in the best interests of its customers and the integrity of the market, and to comply with the letter and spirit of the CPC 2025. There is a risk that the Group may be found to be in breach of CPC 2025 provisions due to unforeseen market developments or scenarios arising, potentially leading to regulatory sanction and customer restitution.

The Land and Conveyancing Law Reform (Amendment) Act 2019 ("LCLRA") which came into force on 1 August 2019 provides further protections for homeowners in residential mortgage difficulties. Courts must take into account a range of factors set out in the LCLRA when considering whether or not to grant an order for possession in respect of a borrower's PDH and may take these factors into account when considering whether to make any other order it considers appropriate in the circumstances. While many of the now statutory-imposed considerations are ones a court already had taken into account, the LCLRA reinforces the special status of a PDH in residential mortgage arrears proceedings in Ireland and the Irish Government's policy objective that repossession of a defaulting borrower's PDH should be an action of last resort. In enforcement proceedings affecting a PDH, lenders must now be prepared to demonstrate reasonable conduct towards seeking a sustainable solution with the borrower. As a result, the Group may face certain additional restrictions on its

ability to collect or enforce mortgages that are in arrears. This could result in delays in the Group's recoveries in respect of its mortgage portfolio and increased impairments. Legislation has also been introduced with regard to loans sold to third parties under the Consumer Protection (Regulation of Credit Servicing Firms) Act 2018, which regulates third party loan acquirers and may give rise to further implications for future loan sales undertaken by the Group.

It is unclear whether any legislation in respect of the foregoing (either in the proposed form or a different form) will be enacted or whether further legislative initiatives to regulate the Irish mortgage market will be introduced. If enacted, any further legislation could potentially impact the Group, although the process for enacting and enforcing new regulation can be lengthy.

The Irish Government may also seek to influence how credit institutions set interest rates on mortgages, may amend the Personal Insolvency Act 2012 to reduce the entitlements currently afforded to mortgage holders thereunder or may enact other legislation or introduce further regulation that affects the rights of lenders in other ways which could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition and prospects. Furthermore, the laws and regulations to which the Group is already subject could change as a result of changes in interpretation or practice by courts, regulators or other authorities.

In common with other residential mortgage lenders, the Group faces increased supervisory engagement and focus by the Irish Government, the Oireachtas and regulators, such as the Central Bank and the CCPC, on its loan book, in particular its residential mortgage book, with respect to such matters as the interest rates it charges on loans. This could result in increased regulation of the Group's loan book which may impact the Group's level of lending, interest income and net interest margin and/or increased operational costs.

Any of the foregoing could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects.

28 *The BRRD contains resolution tools and other measures that may have a material adverse effect on the Group and Noteholders*

While the SRB has indicated its Preferred Resolution Strategy ("PRS") for the Group is single point of entry bail-in through AIB Group plc, the BRRD is designed to provide relevant authorities with a credible set of tools to intervene sufficiently early and quickly in an unsound or failing credit institution so as to ensure the continuity of the institution's critical financial and economic functions, while minimising the impact of a credit institution's failure on the economy and financial system.

The BRRD also equips the resolution authority with certain resolution powers (the "Resolution Tools") in circumstances where, in addition to certain other conditions being satisfied, either AIB Group plc, as the financial holding company of the Group, or certain of its subsidiaries is failing or is likely to fail to:

- transfer to a purchaser shares, other instruments of ownership and/or all specified assets, rights or liabilities of the credit institution (known as the "sale of business tool");
- transfer all or specified assets, rights or liabilities of the credit institution to a bridge institution which is wholly or partially owned by public authorities (known as the "bridge institution tool");
- transfer assets, rights or liabilities to a legal entity which is wholly or partially owned by public authorities for the purpose of sale or otherwise ensuring that the business is wound down in an orderly manner, to be applied in conjunction with another resolution tool (known as the "asset separation tool"); and/or
- write down the claims of unsecured creditors (including the Noteholders) of an institution and convert debt to equity or other instruments of ownership (including the Notes), with, in broad terms, the first

losses being taken by shareholders and thereafter by subordinated creditors (including the holders of Subordinated Notes) and then senior creditors (including the holders of Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes), with the objective of recapitalising an institution (known as the “General Bail-In Tool”).

The BRRD also provides for a Member State as a last resort, after having assessed and exhausted the above resolution tools to the maximum extent possible while maintaining financial stability, to be able to provide extraordinary public financial support through additional financial stabilisation tools. These consist of the public equity support and temporary public ownership tools. Any such extraordinary financial support must be provided in accordance with the EU state aid framework and is subject to the condition that a contribution to loss absorption and recapitalisation equal to an amount not less than 8 per cent. of total liabilities, including own funds of the institution under resolution, has been made by the shareholders and the holders of other instruments of ownership, the holders of relevant capital instruments and other eligible liabilities through write down, conversion or otherwise.

An entity will be considered as failing or likely to fail when it is, or is likely in the near future to be, in breach of its requirements for continuing authorisation; its assets are, or are likely in the near future to be, less than its liabilities; it is, or is likely in the near future to be, unable to pay its debts as they fall due; or it requires extraordinary public financial support (except in limited circumstances).

The SRB may exercise the Resolution Tools with respect to the Group. In addition, the Bank of England, as resolution authority for AIB UK, could resolve the UK operations under the Banking Act in the UK, many of the provisions of which relating to resolution are similar to those in the BRRD, which could result in losses being transferred up to AIB through its share ownership and intercompany debt. The PRS is a group-wide concept involving a single point of entry through AIB Group plc and is executed by the SRB in consultation with the ECB and national resolution authorities.

Amongst other provisions, the BRRD contains a statutory write-down and conversion power to write down or to convert into equity the relevant Issuer’s capital instruments (which would include the Subordinated Notes) if certain conditions are met (the “Write-Down Tool”). The Write-Down Tool would be applicable, in particular, if the resolution authority determines that, unless the Write-Down Tool is applied, the relevant Issuer or the Group will no longer be viable or if a decision has been made to provide the relevant Issuer or the Group with extraordinary public financial support without which the relevant Issuer or the Group will no longer be viable.

In respect of the Write-Down Tool, which was implemented for Additional Tier 1 instruments and Tier 2 instruments (each as defined in the European Union (Bank Recovery and Resolution) Regulations 2015, as amended) with effect from 15 July 2015, and the General Bail-In Tool, which was implemented in Ireland on 1 January 2016, the resolution authority has the power, upon certain trigger events, to cancel existing shares, to write down eligible liabilities (i.e. own funds instruments and, in the case of the General Bail-In Tool, other subordinated debt and senior debt, subject to exceptions in respect of certain liabilities) of a failing relevant entity or to convert such eligible liabilities of a failing relevant entity into equity or other instruments of ownership at certain rates of conversion representing appropriate compensation to the affected holder for the loss incurred as a result of the write down and conversion. Any such compensation may not compensate that holder for the losses it has actually incurred and there may be a considerable delay in the recovery of such compensation. Compensation payments (if any) may also be made considerably later than when amounts may otherwise have been payable under the Notes. Any shares issued to holders of Subordinated Notes may also be subject to any future application of the General Bail-In Tool. Where a relevant entity meets the conditions for resolution, the resolution regulator and/or authority will be required to apply the Write-Down Tool before applying the Resolution Tools. Any write down or conversion will, broadly, observe the following order: CET1 instruments will be reduced first, followed by, in order, Additional Tier 1 instruments and Tier 2 instruments. If further reductions are required under the General Bail-In Tool, these shall first apply to other subordinated

claims and then bail-in-able senior claims, each in accordance with the normal insolvency hierarchy. This application may result in such holders losing some or all of their investment.

Any write down or conversion of amounts in accordance with the Write-Down Tool will not constitute an event of default under the terms of the relevant instruments. Consequently, any amounts so written down will be irrevocably lost and the holders of such instruments will cease to have any claims thereunder, regardless whether or not the credit institution's financial position is restored. Pursuant to the BRRD, resolution authorities must ensure when applying the Resolution Tools that creditors do not incur greater losses than they would have incurred if the credit institution had been wound down in normal insolvency proceedings. Furthermore, one or more of the Group's regulators may require the Group to make changes to the legal structures and/or business model of the Group pursuant to its implementation of requirements under the SRM Regulation, the BRRD or other applicable law or regulation.

The Resolution Tools could be used to impose losses on holders of Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes and could result in holders of such Notes losing some or all of their investment. The exercise of any such power or any suggestion or anticipation of such exercise could, therefore, materially adversely affect the value of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes.

The powers set out in the BRRD will impact how relevant entities are managed as well as, in certain circumstances, the rights of creditors. Under the BRRD, holders of Notes may be subject to write down or conversion into equity on any application of the General Bail-In Tool or in the case of Subordinated Notes non-viability loss absorption, which may result in such holders losing some or all of their investment.

In addition, the BRRD and the SRM Regulation may severely affect the rights of the holders of Subordinated Notes which may result in the loss of the entire investment represented by the Subordinated Notes in the event of non-viability. The exercise of any such power or any suggestion or anticipation of such exercise could, therefore, materially adversely affect the value of the Subordinated Notes. Furthermore, the exercise of the Write-Down Tool in respect of the Subordinated Notes or any suggestion or anticipation of such exercise could materially adversely affect the value of the Subordinated Notes.

29 *The SRB or SSM may take actions which require the Group to change, or otherwise result in the Group changing, its legal structure, or take other actions which could have a significant impact on the Group's operations, structure, costs and/or capital requirements*

SRB role in resolution planning

Pursuant to the SRM Regulation, on 1 January 2016, the SRB became responsible for drawing up the Group's resolution plan providing for resolution actions that may be taken if the Group were to fail or be likely to fail. In drawing up the Group's resolution plan, the SRB identifies any material impediments to the Group's resolvability. Where necessary, the SRB may instruct that actions are taken to remove such impediments.

These actions may include (but are not limited to):

- legal restructuring of the Group, which could lead to high transaction costs, or could make the Group's business operations or its funding mix less optimally composed or more expensive;
- issuing additional liabilities at various levels within the Group to ensure that there is sufficient loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity in place and that adequate arrangements are in place to meet the Group's funding and liquidity needs throughout the resolution. This may result in higher capital and funding costs for the Group, and thus adversely affect the Group's profits and its ability to pay dividends;

- reviewing and amending the Group's contracts for the purposes of ensuring (i) continuity of business operations, and (ii) that such contracts do not cause any impediments to the resolvability of the Group. This may result in additional costs and operational complexity for the Group; and
- requiring the Group to enhance its data infrastructure and management information systems to facilitate an expeditious valuation of its assets and liabilities over the course of the resolution event.

If the SRB is of the view that the measures proposed by the Group would not effectively address the impediments to resolvability, the SRB may direct the Group to take alternative measures as outlined in the SRM Regulation.

The SRB has communicated to all banks under its remit areas of focus where potential impediments to resolvability could arise. The Group has initiated programs to work to mitigate any such potential impediments. In addition, the SRB has communicated that its preferred resolution strategy for the Group is single point of entry bail-in through AIB.

SSM role in Recovery planning

The BRRD sets out functions of the SSM (as consolidated supervisor of the Group) with respect to the drawing up and maintenance by AIB on a Group basis of a recovery plan which must set out measures to be taken by AIB to restore its financial position following a significant deterioration of that position. An assessment by the SSM of such recovery plan proposed by the Group may result in the Group being required to address any material deficiencies in the recovery plan or any material impediments to its implementation. Failure by the Group to satisfy such direction may result in the SSM taking measures against the Group, including, but not limited to, directing the Group to do one or more of the following:

- reduce its risk profile;
- enable timely recapitalisation measures;
- review its strategy and structure;
- make changes to its funding strategy so as to improve the resilience of its business lines and critical functions; and/or
- make changes to its governance structure.

Any further changes to be implemented in respect of the SRM Regulation and the BRRD may have an effect on the Group's business, financial condition or prospects. Failure by the Group to implement those changes and requirements may result in regulatory action such as increased regulatory capital levels, monetary fines or other sanctions and penalties. Depending on the specific nature of the changes and requirements and how they are enforced, such changes and requirements could have a significant impact on the Group's operations, structure, costs and/or capital requirements.

30 *EU proposal on depositor preference*

On 26 March 2026, the European Parliament adopted the legislative package referred to as the Crisis Management and Deposit Insurance ("CMDI") framework, which will modify the BRRD, the SRM Regulation and the Deposit Guarantee Scheme Directive ("DGSD"). Senior preferred debt instruments (such as the Senior Preferred Notes) issued by AIB Bank will, once the CMDI framework is transposed into national law, no longer, subject to a few limited exceptions, rank *pari passu* with any non-covered non-preferred deposits of AIB Bank. Instead, senior preferred debt instruments (such as the Senior Preferred Notes) issued by AIB Bank would rank junior in right of payment to the claims of all depositors. The new rules are expected to be implemented in EU

Member States by early 2028. As such, this legislative package may increase the risk of an investor in the Notes issued by AIB Bank losing all or some of its investment in the context of the exercise of the bail-in power.

As of the date of this Base Prospectus, there is a degree of uncertainty with regards to how the CMDI will be transposed in Ireland. The transposition of CMDI into Irish law remains subject to further domestic legislative procedures, but once transposed, this will mean that the Senior Preferred Notes issued by AIB Bank will rank junior to the claims of all depositors of AIB Bank, including deposits of large corporates and other deposits that are not currently given priority over ordinary unsecured claims in respect of AIB Bank. Such deposits will, therefore, no longer absorb losses *pari passu* with the Senior Preferred Notes issued by AIB Bank in the event of a winding-up or resolution of AIB Bank. Such general depositor preference, once implemented in Ireland, can be expected to have a direct impact on the relative losses imposed on holders of Senior Preferred Notes issued by AIB Bank in a winding-up of AIB Bank as well as in a resolution of AIB Bank under the European Union (Bank Recovery and Resolution) Regulations 2015 and 2019 (as amended), as such resolution powers (including the application of the General Bail-In Tool) ought to be used in a manner that respects the hierarchy of claims in an ordinary insolvency. Indeed, one of the stated objectives of this amendment is to reduce the likelihood of deposits generally needing to be included in any application of the General Bail-In Tool, and improve the process for the application of the General Bail-In Tool. As the relevant deposits will no longer absorb losses *pari passu* with the Senior Preferred Notes issued by AIB Bank, the quantum of losses borne by such Senior Preferred Notes may materially increase in the event of a winding-up or resolution of AIB Bank. Accordingly, once such general depositor preference is implemented in Ireland, in the event of a winding-up or resolution of AIB Bank, holders of Senior Preferred Notes issued by AIB Bank may recover less (if any) of their investment in such Senior Preferred Notes than if such general depositor preference had not been implemented. In addition, the implementation of the proposal on depositor preference could result in a downgrade in any credit ratings assigned to the Issuers and/or the Notes, in particular Senior Preferred Notes issued by AIB Bank.

31 *Risk of litigation and conduct losses arising from the Group's activities*

The Group operates in a legal and regulatory environment that exposes it to potentially significant litigation and regulatory risks. Disputes and legal proceedings in which the Group may be involved are subject to many uncertainties, and the outcomes of such disputes are often difficult to predict, particularly in the early stages of a case or investigation.

Adverse regulatory action or adverse judgments in litigation or Financial Services and Pensions Ombudsman decisions could result in a monetary fine or penalty, adverse monetary judgment or settlement and/or restrictions or limitations on the Group's operations or result in a material adverse effect on the Group's reputation.

In the ordinary course of business, legal claims (claims which have resulted in legal cases commencing in the courts) are frequently served on the Group. There is always a level of uncertainty with legal claims given the range of potential outcomes. The Group considers many factors, including the background facts of the legal claim, legal advice and the stage of the legal claim to determine the appropriate provision.

In addition to legal claims, the Group also holds a provision for customer redress. This provision represents the Group's best estimate of the costs of remediation of any remaining impacted customers, addressing customer appeals and closing out other related matters. Due to the complex nature of these legacy matters, they can take some time to resolve.

Risks Related to the Notes

A wide range of Notes may be issued under the Programme. A number of these Notes may have features which contain particular risks for potential investors. Set out below is a description of certain such features:

32 *AIB is a holding company*

The Notes issued by AIB are the obligation of AIB only. AIB is a holding company and conducts substantially all of its operations through its subsidiaries, including AIB Bank, and accordingly the claims of the Noteholders under the Notes issued by AIB will be structurally subordinated to the creditors of the AIB's subsidiaries, including claims of the Noteholders under Notes issued by AIB Bank. AIB's subsidiaries are separate and distinct legal entities, and have no obligation to pay any amounts due or to provide AIB with funds to meet any of AIB's payment obligations under the Notes. AIB's rights to participate in the assets of any subsidiary if such subsidiary is liquidated will be subject to the prior claims of such subsidiary's creditors and any preference shareholders, except in the circumstance where AIB is also a creditor of such subsidiary with claims that are recognised to be ranked ahead of or *pari passu* with such claims. Accordingly, if one of AIB's subsidiaries, including AIB Bank, were to be wound up, liquidated or dissolved, (i) the holders of Notes issued by AIB would have no right to proceed against the assets of such subsidiary, and (ii) AIB would only recover any amounts (directly, or indirectly through its holdings of other subsidiaries) in the liquidation of that subsidiary in respect of its direct or indirect holding of ordinary shares in such subsidiary, if and to the extent that any surplus assets remain following payment in full of the claims of the creditors and preference shareholders (if any) of that subsidiary.

As well as the risk of losses in the event of a Group subsidiary's insolvency, AIB may suffer losses if any of its loans to, or investments in, its subsidiaries are subject to statutory write-down and conversion powers or if the subsidiary is otherwise subject to resolution proceedings. AIB may in the future make loans to AIB Bank and its other subsidiaries, with the proceeds received from AIB's issuance of debt instruments. Where securities issued by AIB have been structured so as to qualify as capital instruments under CRD, the terms of the corresponding on-loan to AIB Bank may be structured to achieve equivalent regulatory capital treatment for such subsidiary. Accordingly, loans to AIB Bank may contain contractual mechanisms that, upon the occurrence of a trigger related to the prudential or financial condition of the Group or such subsidiary, would automatically result in a write-down or conversion into equity of such loans.

AIB retains its absolute discretion to restructure such loans to (or any other investments in) any of the Group subsidiaries, including AIB Bank, at any time and for any purpose including, without limitation, in order to provide different amounts or types of capital or funding to such subsidiary as part of meeting regulatory requirements, including the implementation of MREL or the total loss absorbing capacity in respect of the Group and the relevant subsidiaries. A restructuring of a loan or investment made by AIB in a Group subsidiary could include changes to any or all features of such loan, including its legal or regulatory form, how it would rank in the event of resolution and/or insolvency proceedings in relation to the Group subsidiary, and the inclusion of a mechanism that provides for an automatic write-down and/or conversion into equity upon specified triggers. Any restructuring of AIB's loans to any of the Group subsidiaries may be implemented by AIB without prior notification to, or consent of, the Noteholders.

33 *Credit ratings assigned to AIB and/or any Notes issued by AIB may be lower than the credit ratings assigned to AIB Bank and/or any Notes issued by AIB Bank*

The credit ratings assigned by certain rating agencies to AIB and/or any Notes issued by AIB may or may be expected to be lower than the credit ratings assigned to AIB Bank and/or any Notes issued by AIB Bank. A lower credit rating generally reflects the view of the assigning rating agency that an investment in the relevant entity or the relevant securities carries greater risk. An investment carrying greater risk may bear interest at a higher rate than investments which are, or are perceived to be, less risky, but there may be an increased risk that such investment will not perform or be repaid. There may also be increased volatility or reduced liquidity in

any secondary market for higher-risk investments, and the market price of investments may reflect the actual or perceived difference in risk.

34 *Limited remedies for non-payment in respect of Subordinated Notes and certain Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes*

The sole remedy against the relevant Issuer available to the Trustee or any Noteholder or Couponholder for recovery of amounts owing in respect of or arising under any Subordinated Notes will be the institution of proceedings for the winding up of the relevant Issuer in Ireland but not elsewhere and/or proving in any Winding-Up.

Similarly, in respect of any Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes where the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement specify “Restricted Events of Default” as being applicable, the sole remedy against the relevant Issuer available to the Trustee or any Noteholder or Couponholder for recovery of amounts owing in respect of or arising under such Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes will be the institution of proceedings for the winding up of the relevant Issuer in Ireland but not elsewhere and/or proving in any Winding-Up.

As the remedies available to holders of Subordinated Notes or of Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes with restricted events of default are restricted as described above, the enforcement rights of holders’ in respect of these Notes are extremely limited.

In the case of Subordinated Notes or applicable Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes or Senior Non-Preferred Notes which are issued as Green or Social Bonds, please also see Risk Factor 45 “*Notes issued as Green or Social Bonds may not be a suitable investment for all investors seeking exposure to green or social assets*”.

35 *Notes subject to optional redemption by the relevant Issuer*

If Call Option is specified as being applicable on the Notes, the Notes may be redeemed prior to their stated maturity at the option of the relevant Issuer (either in whole or in part), subject to the terms and conditions applicable to such redemption.

If Clean-up Call Option is specified as being applicable on the Notes, subject to the terms and conditions applicable to such redemption, the Notes may be redeemed at the option of the relevant Issuer (in whole) where the Clean-up Call Minimum Percentage (or more) of the principal amount outstanding of the Notes originally issued has been redeemed or repurchased and subsequently cancelled.

An optional redemption feature is likely to limit the market value of Notes. During any period when the relevant Issuer may elect to redeem Notes, or during any period in which there is an actual or perceived increase in the likelihood that the relevant Issuer may elect to redeem the Notes in the future, the market value of those Notes generally will not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. This may also be true prior to any redemption period.

The relevant Issuer may redeem Notes when its cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Notes at times when the redemption proceeds are less than the current market value of the Notes. At those times, an investor would generally not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Notes being redeemed and may only be able to do so at a significantly lower rate.

In the case of Subordinated Notes or applicable Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes which are issued as Green or Social Bonds, please also see Risk Factor 45 “*Notes issued as Green or Social Bonds may not be a suitable investment for all investors seeking exposure to green or social assets*”.

36 *Subordinated Notes subject to redemption for regulatory reasons*

Subordinated Notes may be redeemed for regulatory reasons in accordance with Condition 5(d) of the Subordinated Notes upon the occurrence of a Capital Disqualification Event (as defined in Condition 16 of the Subordinated Notes). In the event of a redemption for regulatory reasons, there can be no assurance that an investor will be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Subordinated Notes being redeemed. In addition, there can be no assurance that the market value of the Subordinated Notes immediately prior to notice of the redemption for regulatory reasons being given will not be higher than the price at which they can be redeemed. Conversely, the market price of Subordinated Notes may be affected following the occurrence of a Capital Disqualification Event or as a result of the perception that the right to redeem for regulatory reasons may be triggered in the future.

37 *Certain Notes subject to redemption following a Loss Absorption Disqualification Event*

As the implementation of any further amendments to MREL under the BRRD is subject to the adoption of further secondary legislation and implementation in Ireland, there can be no assurance that Loss Absorption Notes or Subordinated Notes (if applicable) will qualify in full towards the relevant Issuer's, or the Regulatory Group's (as defined in Condition 16 of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes and Condition 16 of the Subordinated Notes), minimum requirements for (A) own funds and eligible liabilities and/or (B) loss absorbing capacity instruments, in each case as such minimum requirements are applicable to the relevant Issuer and/or the Regulatory Group.

Further, if at any time a Loss Absorption Disqualification Event (as defined in Condition 16 of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes and Condition 16 of the Subordinated Notes) occurs and is continuing in relation to any Series of Notes, and if the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement specify that the relevant Issuer has the option to redeem such Notes upon the occurrence of a Loss Absorption Disqualification Event, the relevant Issuer may redeem all, but not some only, of the Notes of such Series in accordance with Condition 5(c) of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes and Condition 5(e) of the Subordinated Notes at the applicable Early Redemption Amount, together with any accrued but unpaid interest up to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption.

In the event of such a redemption, there can be no assurance that an investor will be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Notes being redeemed. In addition, there can be no assurance that the market value of the Notes immediately prior to notice of the redemption being given will not be higher than the price at which they can be redeemed. Conversely, the market price of Notes may be affected following the occurrence of a Loss Absorption Disqualification Event or as a result of the perception that such right to redeem may be triggered in the future.

38 *Redemption for Taxation Reasons*

On the occurrence of a tax event (as described in Condition 5(b) of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes or, as applicable, the Subordinated Notes), the relevant Issuer may, at its option (but subject to certain conditions, including, in the case of Subordinated Notes, Condition 5(j) of the Subordinated Notes and, in the case of Loss Absorption Notes, Condition 5(j) of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes) redeem all, but not some only, of any relevant Series of Notes at the applicable Early Redemption Amount, together with any accrued but unpaid interest up to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption.

39 *Substitution or variation of Notes*

If, in the case of any Series of Subordinated Notes, "Substitution and Variation" is specified as being applicable in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement, then following the occurrence of a Tax Event, Capital Disqualification Event or, if specified in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement, a Loss Absorption Disqualification Event, the relevant Issuer may, subject as provided in Condition 5(k)(ii) of

the Subordinated Notes and without the need for any consent of the Noteholders or the Couponholders, substitute all (but not some only) of such Series of Subordinated Notes for, or vary the terms of such Series of Subordinated Notes so that they remain or become, Tier 2 Compliant Notes (as defined in Condition 16 of the Subordinated Notes).

If, in the case of any Series of Notes which are Loss Absorption Notes, “Substitution and Variation” is specified as being applicable in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement, then following the occurrence of a Loss Absorption Disqualification Event, the relevant Issuer may, subject as provided in Condition 5(k)(ii) of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes and without the need for any consent of the Noteholders or the Couponholders, substitute all (but not some only) of such Series of Notes for, or vary the terms of such Series of Notes so that they remain or become, Loss Absorption Compliant Notes (as defined in Condition 16 of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes).

While Tier 2 Compliant Notes or Loss Absorption Compliant Notes, as the case may be, must otherwise contain terms that are not materially less favourable to Noteholders than the original terms of the relevant Notes, there can be no assurance that the terms of any Tier 2 Compliant Notes or Loss Absorption Compliant Notes, as the case may be, will be viewed by the market as equally favourable to Noteholders, or that such Notes will trade at prices that are equal to the prices at which the Notes would have traded on the basis of their original terms.

No assurance can be given as to whether any of these changes will negatively affect any particular holder. In addition, the tax and stamp duty consequences of holding such substituted or varied Notes could be different for some categories of Noteholders from the tax and stamp duty consequences for them of holding such Notes prior to such substitution or variation.

40 *Resetable Notes*

In the case of any Notes that are Resetable Notes, the rate of interest on such Resetable Notes will be reset by reference to the then prevailing Mid-Swap Rate or Reference Bond Rate, as adjusted for any applicable margin, on the reset dates specified in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement. If on any Reset Determination Date, the Relevant Screen Page is not available or the Mid-Swap Rate does not appear on the Relevant Screen Page, the rate of interest shall be reset in accordance with Condition 4(b)(ii) of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes and the Subordinated Notes. The reset of the rate of interest in accordance with such provisions may affect the secondary market for, and the market value of, such Resetable Notes. Following any such reset of the rate of interest applicable to Resetable Notes, the new rate may be lower than the previous rate of interest.

41 *The relevant Issuer’s obligations under the Subordinated Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes are subordinated as described in the Conditions*

The relevant Issuer’s obligations under the Subordinated Notes will be unsecured and subordinated and will rank junior in priority to the claims of Senior Creditors (as defined in Condition 16 of the Subordinated Notes).

Although Subordinated Notes may pay a higher rate of interest than comparable Notes which are not subordinated, there is an increased risk that an investor in Subordinated Notes will lose all or some of their investment should the Subordinated Notes become subject to the Write-Down Tool when the relevant Issuer is failing or likely to fail or the relevant Issuer becomes insolvent or subject to the Resolution Tools. These risks apply equally to Subordinated Notes which are issued as Green or Social Bonds. See Risk Factor 28 “*The BRRD contains resolution tools and other measures that may have a material adverse effect on the Group and Noteholders*”.

The claims of Holders of the Senior Non-Preferred Notes will rank after the claims of Holders of Senior Preferred Notes and other unsubordinated creditors of AIB Bank but before the claims of Holders of

Subordinated Notes. The same risks are therefore also applicable to Holders of the Senior Non-Preferred Notes as those set out above for Subordinated Notes, save that Senior Non-Preferred Notes rank above Subordinated Notes.

42 *No limitation on issuing senior or pari passu securities*

There is no restriction on the amount of securities or other liabilities which the relevant Issuer (or other members of the Group) may issue or incur and which rank senior to, or *pari passu* with, Subordinated Notes or, for AIB Bank only, Senior Non-Preferred Notes. The issue of any such securities or the incurrence of any such other liabilities may reduce the amount (if any) recoverable by holders of Subordinated Notes or Senior Non-Preferred Notes on a Winding-Up.

43 *Limitation on gross-up obligation under Subordinated Notes and Loss Absorption Notes*

The relevant Issuer's obligation to pay additional amounts in respect of any withholding or deduction for or on account of Irish taxes under the terms of the Subordinated Notes or the Loss Absorption Notes applies only to payments of interest due and payable under the Subordinated Notes or the Loss Absorption Notes and not to payments of principal (which term, for these purposes, includes any premium, Final Redemption Amount, Early Redemption Amount, Optional Redemption Amount, Clean-up Call Option Amount, Amortised Face Amount and any other amount (other than interest) payable in respect of Subordinated Notes or Loss Absorption Notes). As such, the relevant Issuer would not be required to pay any additional amounts under the terms of the Subordinated Notes or the Loss Absorption Notes to the extent any withholding or deduction for or on account of Irish tax is applied to payments of principal. Accordingly, if any such withholding or deduction were to apply to any payments of principal under any Subordinated Notes or Loss Absorption Notes, holders of such Subordinated Notes or such Loss Absorption Notes would, upon repayment or redemption of such Subordinated Notes or such Loss Absorption Notes, be entitled to receive only the net amount of such redemption or repayment proceeds after deduction of the amount required to be withheld. Therefore, holders may receive less than the full amount due under such Subordinated Notes or such Loss Absorption Notes, and the market value of such Subordinated Notes or such Loss Absorption Notes may be adversely affected as a result.

44 *No rights of set-off*

Subject to applicable law, no holder of a Subordinated Note or a Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes or Senior Non-Preferred Note where the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement specify "Waiver of Set-off" as being applicable (or, in each such case, a Coupon relating thereto) may exercise, claim or plead any right of set-off, compensation, netting, counterclaim or retention in respect of any amount owed to it by the relevant Issuer in respect of, arising under or in connection with such Note (or the Coupons relating thereto) and each holder of such Note (or the Coupons relating thereto) shall, by virtue of its holding of any such Note or Coupon, be deemed to have waived all such rights of set-off and therefore any such Noteholder will not be able to exercise, claim or plead any right of set-off, compensation, netting, counterclaim or retention in respect of any amount owed to it by the relevant Issuer in respect of, arising under or in connection with the Notes or the Coupons relating thereto, or the Trust Deed.

45 *Notes issued as Green or Social Bonds may not be a suitable investment for all investors seeking exposure to green or social assets*

The Final Terms or Pricing Supplement relating to any specific Tranche of Notes may provide that it will be the relevant Issuer's intention to apply an amount equal to the net proceeds from an offer of those Notes specifically to an eligible loan portfolio of new and existing green loans or social loans (together, the "Eligible Loan Portfolios"). See the sections entitled "*Green Bond Framework Overview*" and "*Social Bond Framework Overview*". Prospective investors should have regard to the information set out in "*Green Bond Framework Overview*", "*Social Bond Framework Overview*" and the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement

regarding such use of proceeds and must determine for themselves the relevance of such information for the purpose of any investment in such Notes together with any other investigation such investor deems necessary.

In particular, no assurance is given by the relevant Issuer or any Dealer that the use of such proceeds for any Eligible Loan Portfolio will satisfy, whether in whole or in part, any present or future investor expectations or requirements as regards any investment criteria or guidelines with which such investor or its investments are required to comply, whether by any present or future applicable law or regulations or by its own by-laws or other governing rules or investment portfolio mandates, in particular with regard to any direct or indirect environmental, sustainability or social impact of any projects or uses, the subject of or related to, any Eligible Loan Portfolio. None of the Dealers shall be responsible for (i) any assessment of the Eligible Loan Portfolios, (ii) any verification of whether the Eligible Loan Portfolios fall within an investor's requirements or expectations of a "green", "sustainable", "social" or equivalently-labelled project or (iii) the ongoing monitoring of the use of proceeds in respect of any such Notes.

The definition (legal, regulatory or otherwise) of, and market consensus as to what constitutes or may be classified as, a "sustainable", "green", "social" or equivalently-labelled project or a loan that may finance such project and the requirements of any such label continue to develop and evolve, and different organisations may develop definitions or labels that are different from, and may be incompatible with, those set by other organisations. The EU has implemented Regulation (EU) 2020/852 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable development (the "EU Taxonomy Regulation"). The stated purpose of the EU Taxonomy Regulation is to establish the criteria for determining whether an economic activity qualifies as environmentally sustainable for the purposes of establishing the degree to which an investment is environmentally sustainable.

Regulation (EU) 2023/2631 on European Green Bonds and optional disclosures for bonds marketed as environmentally sustainable and for sustainability-linked bonds (the "**EU Green Bond Regulation**") was published in the Official Journal of the European Union on 30 November 2023, entered into force on 20 December 2023 and has applied from 21 December 2024. The EU Green Bond Regulation introduces a voluntary label (the "**European Green Bond Standard**") for issuers of green use of proceeds bonds (such as the Green Bonds) where the proceeds will be invested in economic activities aligned with the EU Taxonomy Regulation with a flexibility pocket of 15 per cent. for allocation to areas not yet covered by taxonomy standards. Any Green Bonds issued under this programme will not be aligned and will not comply with such European Green Bond Standard and are only intended to comply with the criteria and processes set out in the relevant Issuer's Green Bond Framework (as defined in "*Green Bond Framework Overview*" below) only. It is not clear at this stage the impact which the European Green Bond Standard may have on investor demand for, and pricing of, green use of proceeds bonds (such as the Green Bonds) that do not meet such standard. It could reduce demand and liquidity for the Green Bonds and their price.

No assurance is or can be given by the Group or the Dealers to investors that any projects or uses the subject of, or related to, any Eligible Loan Portfolio will comply with any taxonomy established under the EU Taxonomy Regulation or otherwise meet any or all investor expectations regarding such "green", "sustainable", "social" or other equivalently-labelled performance objectives or that any adverse environmental, social and/or other impacts will not occur during the implementation of any projects or uses the subject of, or related to, any Eligible Loan Portfolio. In addition, no assurance can be given by the Group, the Dealers or any other person to investors that any Notes will be aligned with the European Green Bond Standard or will comply with any future standards or requirements regarding any "green", "social", "sustainable" or other equivalently-labelled performance objectives and, accordingly, any designation of any Notes under the European Green Bond Standard, or the status of any Notes as being "green", "social" or "sustainable" (or equivalent), could be withdrawn at any time.

Additionally, no assurance is or can be given to investors that any projects or uses the subject of, or related to, any Eligible Loan Portfolio will meet any or all investor expectations regarding such "green", "sustainable",

“social” or other equivalently-labelled performance objectives or that any adverse environmental, social and/or other impacts will not occur during the implementation of any projects or uses the subject of, or related to, any Eligible Loan Portfolio.

No assurance or representation is given as to the suitability or reliability for any purpose whatsoever of any opinion or certification of any third party (whether or not solicited by the relevant Issuer) which may be made available in connection with the issue of any Notes and in particular with any Eligible Loan Portfolio to fulfil any environmental, sustainability, social and/or other criteria. For the avoidance of doubt, any such opinion or certification is not, nor shall be deemed to be, incorporated in and/or form part of this Base Prospectus. Any such opinion or certification is not, nor should be deemed to be, a recommendation by the relevant Issuer or any other person to buy, sell or hold any such Notes. Any such opinion or certification is only current as at the date that opinion was initially issued. Prospective investors must determine for themselves the relevance of any such opinion or certification and/or the information contained therein and/or the provider of such opinion or certification for the purpose of any investment in such Notes. Currently, the providers of such opinions and certifications are not subject to any specific regulatory or other regime or oversight.

In the event that any such Notes are listed or admitted to trading on any dedicated “green”, “environmental”, “sustainable”, “social” or other equivalently-labelled segment of any stock exchange or securities market (whether or not regulated), no representation or assurance is given by the relevant Issuer or any other person that such listing or admission satisfies, whether in whole or in part, any present or future investor expectations or requirements as regards any investment criteria or guidelines with which such investor or its investments are required to comply, whether by any present or future applicable law or regulations or by its own by-laws or other governing rules or investment portfolio mandates, in particular with regard to any direct or indirect environmental, sustainability or social impact of any projects or uses, the subject of or related to, any Eligible Loan Portfolio. Furthermore, it should be noted that the criteria for any such listings or admission to trading may vary from one stock exchange or securities market to another. Nor is any representation or assurance given or made by the relevant Issuer or any other person that any such listing or admission to trading will be obtained in respect of any such Notes or, if obtained, that any such listing or admission to trading will be maintained during the life of the Notes.

Amounts of interest, principal or other amounts payable for any Notes in respect of which the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement provide that it is the relevant Issuer’s intention for the Group to apply an amount equal to the net proceeds from an offer of those Notes specifically to an Eligible Loan Portfolio will not be impacted by the performance of any Eligible Loan Portfolio funded out of the proceeds of the issue (or amounts equal thereto) of such Notes or by any other Eligible Loan Portfolios or other green, sustainable or social assets of the Group.

Further, the tenor of the amounts advanced by the Group to customers for the purposes of financing or refinancing any Eligible Loan Portfolio may not match the maturity date of the Notes issued to fund such advances. The subsequent redemption of relevant loans advanced by the Group, or the project(s) or use(s) the subject of, or related to, any Eligible Loan Portfolio before the maturity date of any Notes issued to fund such advances shall not lead to the early redemption of such Notes or any other Notes nor create any obligation or incentive of the relevant Issuer to redeem the Notes at any time or be a factor in the relevant Issuer’s determination as to whether or not to exercise any early redemption rights it may have from time to time.

While it is the intention of the relevant Issuer to apply an amount equal to the net proceeds of any Notes so specified to an Eligible Loan Portfolio in, or substantially in, the manner described in “*Green Bond Framework Overview*” or in “*Social Bond Framework Overview*” (as appropriate) and the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement, there can be no assurance that the relevant project(s) or use(s) the subject of, or related to, any Eligible Loan Portfolio will be capable of being implemented in, or substantially in, such manner and/or in accordance with any timing schedule and that accordingly such proceeds will be totally or partially disbursed

for such Eligible Loan Portfolio. Nor can there be any assurance that such Eligible Loan Portfolio will be completed within any specified period or at all or with the results or outcome (whether or not related to the environment) as originally expected or anticipated by the relevant Issuer. Any such event or failure by the relevant Issuer will not (i) give rise to any claim of a Noteholder against either Issuer; (ii) constitute an Event of Default under the Notes or permit the Trustee or any Noteholder to accelerate the Notes or take any other enforcement action against either Issuer; (iii) lead to an obligation of either Issuer to redeem such Notes or be a relevant factor for that Issuer in determining whether or not to exercise any optional redemption rights in respect of any Notes; (iv) affect the qualification of such Notes which are also Tier 2 Notes or Loss Absorption Notes (as the case may be) as Tier 2 Capital or as eligible liabilities or loss absorbing capacity instruments (as applicable); (v) otherwise affect or impede the ability of the Group to apply the proceeds of the Notes to cover losses in any part of the Group; or (vi) result in any step-up or increased payments of interest, principal or any other amounts in respect of the Notes, or otherwise affect the terms and conditions of the Notes.

Investors should note that Notes in respect of which the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement provide that it is the relevant Issuer's intention for the Group to apply an amount equal to the net proceeds from an offer of those Notes specifically to an Eligible Loan Portfolio which are also Tier 2 Notes or Loss Absorption Notes are subject to the same prudential and resolution rules as other Notes issued under the Programme, and, for the avoidance of doubt, the provisions of the Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements (as defined in the Conditions) and BRRD will continue to apply to such Notes in full. There will be no impact on their ranking as described in Condition 3(b) of the Subordinated Notes or their status as described in Conditions 3(a) and 3(b) of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes, as applicable, and the other risks applicable to the Notes as described elsewhere in this section "*Risk Factors*", including with respect to loss absorption as a result of bail-in or write down, and with respect to restricted events of default and limited rights of enforcement, shall apply to such Notes irrespective of whether such Notes are intended to be applied to an Eligible Loan Portfolio.

The proceeds of any Notes in respect of which the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement provide that it is the relevant Issuer's intention for the Group to apply an amount equal to the net proceeds from an offer of those Notes specifically to an Eligible Loan Portfolio which are also Tier 2 Notes or Loss Absorption Notes will be available to cover all losses of the Group, regardless of whether the losses stem from the loans advanced by the Group under its Green Bond Framework or Social Bond Framework out of the proceeds of issue of such Notes or under any other green, sustainable, or social assets of the Group.

Any event or failure to apply an amount equal to the net proceeds of any issue of Notes for any Eligible Loan Portfolio as aforesaid and/or withdrawal of any such opinion or certification or any such opinion or certification attesting that the relevant Issuer is not complying in whole or in part with any matters for which such opinion or certification is opining or certifying on and/or any such Notes no longer being listed or admitted to trading on any stock exchange or securities market as aforesaid may have a material adverse effect on the value of such Notes and also potentially the value of any other Notes the proceeds of which are intended to be allocated to an Eligible Loan Portfolio and/or result in adverse consequences for certain investors with portfolio mandates to invest in securities to be used for a particular purpose.

46 *The market may continue to develop in relation to risk-free rates (including SOFR and SONIA) as reference rates*

Investors should be aware that the market may continue to develop in relation to risk-free rates, such as SOFR and SONIA, as reference rates in the capital markets for U.S. dollar or sterling bonds, as applicable, and their adoption as alternatives to the relevant interbank offered rates. This relates not only to the substance of the calculation and the development and adoption of market infrastructure for the issuance and trading of bonds referencing such rates, but also how widely such rates and methodologies might be adopted.

In addition, market participants and relevant working groups have been working together to design alternative reference rates based on risk-free rates, including applying term versions of certain risk-free rates (which seek to measure the market's forward expectation of an average of these reference rates over a designated term, as they are overnight rates) or different measures of such risk-free rates.

The market or a significant part thereof may adopt an application of risk-free rates that differs significantly from that set out in the Conditions and used in relation to Notes that reference such risk-free rates issued under this Programme. If the relevant risk-free rates do not prove to be widely used in securities such as the Notes, the trading price of such Notes linked to such risk-free rates may be lower than those of Notes referencing rates that are more widely used. The relevant Issuer may in the future also issue Notes referencing SONIA, SONIA Compounded Index, SOFR or SOFR Compounded Index that differ materially in terms of interest determination when compared with any previous SONIA, SONIA Compounded Index, SOFR or SOFR Compounded Index referenced Notes issued by it under this Programme. The development of risk-free rates for the Eurobond markets could result in reduced liquidity or increased volatility, or could otherwise affect the market price of any Notes that reference a risk-free rate issued under this Programme from time to time.

In addition, the manner of adoption or application of risk-free rates in the Eurobond markets may differ materially compared with the application and adoption of risk-free rates in other markets, such as the derivatives and loan markets. Investors should carefully consider how any mismatch between the adoption of such reference rates in the bond, loan and derivatives markets may impact any hedging or other financial arrangements which they may put in place in connection with any acquisition, holding or disposal of Notes referencing such risk-free rates.

In particular, investors should be aware that several different methodologies have been used in notes linked to such risk-free rates issued to date and no assurance can be given that any particular methodology, including the compounding formula in the Conditions, will gain widespread market acceptance. In addition, the methodology for determining any overnight rate index used to determine the Rate of Interest in respect of certain Notes could change during the life of such Notes.

Notes referencing risk-free rates may also have no established trading market when issued, and an established trading market may never develop or may not be very liquid. Market terms for debt securities referencing such risk-free rates, such as the spread over the index reflected in interest rate provisions, may evolve over time, and trading prices of such Notes may be lower than those of later-issued indexed debt securities as a result. Investors in such Notes may not be able to sell such Notes at all or may not be able to sell such Notes at prices that will provide them with a yield comparable to similar investments that have a developed secondary market, and may consequently suffer from increased pricing volatility and market risk.

Certain administrators of risk-free rates have published hypothetical and actual historical performance data. Hypothetical data inherently includes assumptions, estimates and approximations and actual historical performance data may be limited in the case of certain risk-free rates. Investors should not rely on hypothetical or actual historical performance data as an indicator of the future performance of such risk-free rates.

Investors should consider these matters when making their investment decision with respect to any Notes which reference SONIA, SONIA Compounded Index, SOFR or SOFR Compounded Index.

47 *The regulation and reform of “benchmarks” may adversely affect the value of Notes linked to or referencing such “benchmarks”*

Interest rates and indices which are deemed to be “benchmarks” (such as a Reference Rate), have been subject to significant regulatory scrutiny and legislative intervention in recent years. This relates not only to creation and administration of benchmarks, but also to the use of a benchmark rate. These reforms have resulted in the cessation of certain benchmarks. Most reforms have now reached their planned conclusion whilst others are

still to be implemented. These reforms may cause such benchmarks to perform differently than in the past, to disappear entirely, or have other consequences which cannot be predicted. Any such consequence could have a material adverse effect on any Notes linked to or referencing such a “benchmark”.

The EU Benchmarks Regulation applies to the provision of, contribution of input data to, and the use of, a benchmark within the EU. The EU Benchmarks Regulation was published in the Official Journal of the European Union on 29 June 2016 and became applicable from 1 January 2018. The EU Benchmarks Regulation applies to the provision of benchmarks, the contribution of input data to a benchmark and the use of a benchmark within the EU. It, among other things, (i) requires benchmark administrators to be authorised or registered (or, if non-EU-based, to be subject to an equivalent regime or otherwise recognised or endorsed) and (ii) prevents certain uses by EU supervised entities (such as the Issuers) of “benchmarks” of administrators that are not authorised or registered (or, if non-EU based, not deemed equivalent or recognised or endorsed).

Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “UK Benchmarks Regulation”) applies to the provision of benchmarks, the contribution of input data to a benchmark and the use of a benchmark within the UK. It, among other things, (i) requires benchmark administrators to be authorised or registered (or, if non-UK-based, to be subject to an equivalent regime or otherwise recognised or endorsed) and (ii) prevents certain uses by UK supervised entities of benchmarks of administrators that are not authorised or registered (or, if non-UK based, not deemed equivalent or recognised or endorsed).

The EU Benchmarks Regulation and the UK Benchmarks Regulation could have a material impact on any Notes linked to or referencing a “benchmark” (such as Floating Rate Notes and Resettable Notes), in particular, if the methodology or other terms of the “benchmark” are changed in the future in order to comply with the requirements of the EU Benchmarks Regulation and/or the UK Benchmarks Regulation and/or other similar legislation. Such changes could, among other things, have the effect of reducing, increasing or otherwise affecting the volatility of the published rate or level of the “benchmark”.

More broadly, any of the international or national reforms, or the general increased regulatory scrutiny of “benchmarks”, could increase the costs and risks of administering or otherwise participating in the setting of a “benchmark” and complying with any such regulations or requirements.

The potential elimination of any benchmark (including, for example, EURIBOR), or changes in the manner of administration of any benchmark, could require an adjustment to the Conditions, or result in other consequences, in respect of any Notes linked to such benchmark. Such factors may have the following effects on certain “benchmarks”: (i) discourage market participants from continuing to administer or contribute to the “benchmark”, (ii) trigger changes in the rules or methodologies used in the “benchmark” or (iii) lead to the disappearance of the “benchmark”. Any of the above changes or any other consequential changes as a result of international or national reforms or other initiatives or investigations, could have a material adverse effect on the value of and return on any Notes linked to or referencing a “benchmark”.

Investors should consult their own independent advisers and make their own assessment about the potential risks imposed by the EU Benchmarks Regulation and/or the UK Benchmarks Regulation in making any investment decision with respect to any Notes linked to or referencing a “benchmark”.

The Conditions provide for certain fallback arrangements in the event that a published benchmark (excluding SOFR), such as EURIBOR or other relevant reference rates (including, without limitation, mid-swap rates) and including any page on which such Benchmark may be published (or any successor service), becomes unavailable or a Benchmark Event otherwise occurs, including the possibility that the rate of interest could be set by reference to a successor rate or an alternative reference rate and that such successor rate or alternative reference rate may be adjusted (if required), all as determined by the relevant Issuer in consultation with an Independent Adviser, acting in good faith in a commercially reasonable manner. Any adjustment spread could be positive, negative or zero. In making such determinations, it is possible that the interests of the relevant

Issuer might not align with those of Noteholders. No Successor Rate or Alternative Rate will be adopted, nor will the applicable Adjustment Spread be applied, nor will any Benchmark Amendments be made, if and to the extent that, in the determination of the relevant Issuer, the same could reasonably be expected to prejudice the then current or future qualification of the Notes as (i) Tier 2 Capital, or (ii) own funds and eligible liabilities or loss absorbing capacity instruments for the purposes of the Relevant Regulator or by the Loss Absorption Regulations in the case of Notes that are Loss Absorption Notes, as applicable, or in the case of Loss Absorption Notes, could reasonably be expected to result in the Relevant Regulator treating the next Interest Payment Date or Reset Date, as the effective maturity dates of the Notes, rather than the relevant Maturity Date.

Where the original benchmark is SOFR, the Benchmark Replacement provisions in the Conditions specify a “waterfall” of alternative rates that may become the Benchmark Replacement. These alternative rates are uncertain and no market convention currently exists, or may ever exist, for their determination. For example, the ISDA Fallback Rate, which is the rate referenced in the ISDA Definitions that is to be effective upon the occurrence of an index cessation date with respect to the Benchmark for the applicable tenor, has not been established as of the date hereof. Even after the ISDA Fallback Rate is initially determined, ISDA Definitions and the ISDA Fallback Rate may change over time. Uncertainty surrounding the establishment of market conventions related to the calculation of the ISDA Fallback Rate and other alternative rates, and whether any of the alternative rates is a suitable replacement or successor for the original Reference Rate, may adversely affect the value of and return on Notes referencing SOFR as the original Reference Rate.

In certain circumstances the ultimate fallback for the purposes of calculation of interest for a particular Interest Period may result in the rate of interest for the last preceding Interest Period being used. This may result in the effective application of a fixed rate for Floating Rate Notes based on the rate which was last observed on the Relevant Screen Page or the last ISDA rate calculable by the Calculation Agent, or, in the case of Resetable Notes, the application of the Reset Rate for a preceding Reset Period or the application of the Initial Rate of Interest applicable to such Notes on the Interest Commencement Date. In addition, due to the uncertainty concerning the availability of successor rates and alternative reference rates and the involvement of an Independent Adviser, the relevant fallback provisions may not operate as intended at the relevant time.

Any such consequences could have a material adverse effect on the trading market for, liquidity of, value of and return on any such Notes. Moreover, any of the above matters or any other significant change to the setting or existence of any relevant reference rate could affect the ability of the relevant Issuer to meet its obligations under the Floating Rate Notes or Resetable Notes or could have a material adverse effect on the value or liquidity of, and the amount payable under, the Floating Rate Notes or Resetable Notes or could impact the availability and cost of hedging instruments and borrowings or cause a potential mismatch with any hedging instruments or borrowing arrangements already in place relating to such Notes. Investors should consider these matters when making their investment decision with respect to the relevant Floating Rate Notes or Resetable Notes.

48 *Modification, waivers and substitution*

The Terms and Conditions of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes and the Subordinated Notes will contain provisions for calling meetings of Noteholders to consider matters affecting their interests generally. These provisions will permit defined majorities to bind all Noteholders including Noteholders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and Noteholders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority. Given the ability of permitted majorities to bind minorities, a Noteholder could find that an amendment is made to the Notes, which binds all Noteholders, that it did not support.

The Trustee may, without the consent of Noteholders, agree to (i) any modification of, or to the waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach of, any of the provisions of Notes or (ii) the substitution of a successor in business of the relevant Issuer as principal debtor under any Notes in place of the relevant Issuer,

in the circumstances described in Condition 10 of the Terms and Conditions of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes and the Subordinated Notes.

In addition, pursuant to Condition 4(i) of the Terms and Conditions of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes and the Subordinated Notes, certain changes may be made to the interest calculation provisions of the Floating Rate Notes or Resetable Notes in the circumstances set out in Condition 4(a) of the Terms and Conditions of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes and the Subordinated Notes without the requirement for consent of the Noteholders. See “—*The regulation and reform of “benchmarks” may adversely affect the value of Notes linked to or referencing such “benchmarks”*” above.

49 *European Monetary Union*

The Eurozone sovereign debt crisis has led to continuing and increased speculation that one or more Eurozone countries might abandon the euro as its national currency and even, although generally thought of as an extreme circumstance, the possible disappearance of the euro as a currency. There is a great deal of legal uncertainty surrounding these possibilities but it is likely, in the event that Ireland were to abandon the euro as its national currency, that contracts denominated in euro, including the Notes, would be redenominated into whatever currency replaced the euro as the national currency of Ireland with the possibility of consequent foreign exchange risk and the other uncertainties attendant on such an eventuality constituting risks relating to Notes denominated in euro.

50 *Change of law*

The Terms and Conditions of the Notes are based on either English or Irish law, as specified in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement. Further, in respect of English Law Notes, the Conditions in respect of subordination, waiver of set-off and Acknowledgement of Irish Loss Absorption Powers will be governed by Irish law. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change to English law or Irish law or administrative practice after the date of issue of the relevant Notes. Such changes in law may include, but are not limited to, the introduction of a variety of statutory resolution and loss absorption tools which may affect the rights of holders of the Notes. Such tools may include the ability to write off sums otherwise payable on the Notes.

51 *The Notes are not protected under any deposit scheme*

Under the European Communities (Deposit Guarantee Schemes) Regulations 2015, the Central Bank operates a statutory depositor protection scheme. Any investment in the Notes does not have the status of a bank deposit and is not subject to the deposit protection scheme operated by the Central Bank.

52 *Notes issued at a substantial discount or premium*

The market values of Notes issued at a substantial discount or premium to their nominal amount tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates than do prices for conventional interest-bearing securities. Generally, the longer the remaining term of the securities, the greater the price volatility as compared to conventional interest-bearing securities with comparable maturities.

Risks Related to the Market Generally

Set out below is a brief description of the principal market risks, including liquidity risk, exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and credit risk:

53 *Interest rate risks*

Investment in Fixed Rate Notes or Resettable Notes involves the risk that subsequent changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of Fixed Rate Notes or Resettable Notes, as the case may be as measured in the Investor's Currency.

54 *The secondary market generally*

Notes may have no established trading market when issued, and one may never develop. If a market does develop, it may not be liquid and may be sensitive to changes in financial markets. Therefore, investors may not be able to sell their Notes easily or at prices that will provide them with a yield comparable to similar investments that have a developed secondary market. This may particularly be the case for Notes that are especially sensitive to interest rate, currency or market risks, are designed for specific investment objectives or strategies or have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors. These types of Notes generally would have a more limited secondary market and more price volatility than conventional debt securities. In addition, liquidity may be limited if the relevant Issuer makes large allocations to a limited number of investors. Illiquidity may have a severe adverse effect on the market value of Notes. If a market for the Notes does develop, the trading price of the Notes may be subject to wide fluctuations in response to many factors, including those referred to in this risk factor, as well as stock market fluctuations and general economic conditions that may adversely affect the market price of the Notes. Publicly traded notes from time to time experience significant price and volume fluctuations that may be unrelated to the operating performance of the companies that have issued them, and such volatility may be increased in an illiquid market. If any market in the Notes does develop, it may become severely restricted, or may disappear, if the financial condition deteriorates such that there is an actual or perceived increased likelihood of the relevant Issuer being unable to pay interest on the Notes in full, or of the Notes being subject to loss absorption under an applicable statutory loss absorption regime. In addition, the market price of the Notes may fluctuate significantly in response to a number of factors, some of which are beyond the relevant Issuer's control, including:

- actual or expected variations in the Group's operating performance;
- any shortfall in revenue or net profit or any increase in losses from levels expected by market commentators;
- increases in capital expenditure compared with expectations;
- any perception that the Group's strategy is or may be less effective than previously assumed or that the Group is not effectively implementing any significant projects;
- changes in financial estimates by securities analysts;
- changes in market valuations of similar entities;
- announcements by the Group of significant acquisitions, strategic alliances, joint ventures, new initiatives, new services or new service ranges;
- regulatory matters, including changes in regulatory regulations or Central Bank requirements;
- additions or departures of key personnel; and
- future issues or sales of Notes or other notes.

Any or all of these events could result in material fluctuations in the price of Notes which could lead to investors losing some or all of their investment.

The issue price of the Notes might not be indicative of prices that will prevail in the trading market, and there can be no assurance that an investor would be able to sell its Notes at or near the price which it paid for them,

or at a price that would provide it with a yield comparable to more conventional investments that have a developed secondary market.

Moreover, although the Issuers and any subsidiary of the Issuers can (subject to regulatory approval and compliance with prevailing prudential requirements) purchase Notes at any time, they have no obligation to do so. Purchases made by the Issuers or any member of the Group could affect the liquidity of the secondary market of the Notes and thus the price and the conditions under which investors can negotiate these Notes on the secondary market.

In addition, Holders should be aware of the prevailing and widely reported global credit market conditions (which continue, to some extent, at the date of the Base Prospectus), whereby there has been a general lack of liquidity in the secondary market which, if it were to continue or worsen in future, could result in investors suffering losses on the Notes in secondary resales even if there were no decline in the performance of the Notes or the assets of the relevant Issuer. The Issuers cannot predict whether these circumstances will change and whether, if and when they do change, there will be a more liquid market for the Notes and instruments similar to the Notes at that time.

Although application has been made for the Programme to be listed and admitted to trading on Euronext Dublin, there is no assurance that such application will be accepted or that an active trading market in any Notes issued under the Programme (whether listed on Euronext Dublin or not) will develop.

55 *Exchange rate risks and exchange controls*

The relevant Issuer will pay principal and interest on the Notes in the Specified Currency (as defined in Condition 16 of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes and the Subordinated Notes). This presents certain risks relating to currency conversions if an investor's financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit (the "Investor's Currency") other than the Specified Currency. These include the risk that exchange rates may significantly change (including changes due to devaluation of the Specified Currency or revaluation of the Investor's Currency) and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor's Currency may impose or modify exchange controls. An appreciation in the value of the Investor's Currency relative to the Specified Currency would decrease (i) the Investor's Currency-equivalent yield on the Notes, (ii) the Investor's Currency-equivalent value of the principal payable on the Notes and (iii) the Investor's Currency-equivalent market value of the Notes in the Investor's Currency.

Government and monetary authorities may impose (as some have done in the past) exchange controls that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate or the ability of the relevant Issuer to make payments in respect of the Notes. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected, or no interest or principal.

56 *Credit ratings may not reflect all risks*

One or more independent credit rating agencies may assign credit ratings to an issue of Notes. The ratings may not reflect the potential impact of all risks related to structure, market, the additional factors discussed above, and other factors that may affect the value of the Notes. Further, one or more credit rating agencies may from time to time release unsolicited credit ratings reports in relation to the Notes without the consent or knowledge of the relevant Issuer. The Issuers do not have any control over such reports or analyses and any adverse credit rating of the Notes could adversely affect the value of Notes. A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be revised, suspended or withdrawn by the rating agency at any time.

In general, EU regulated investors are restricted under the EU CRA Regulation from using credit ratings for regulatory purposes unless such ratings are issued by a credit rating agency established in the EU and registered under the EU CRA Regulation (and such registration has not been withdrawn or suspended), subject to transitional provisions that apply in certain circumstances whilst the registration application is pending. Such

general restriction will also apply in the case of credit ratings issued by non-EU credit rating agencies, unless the relevant credit ratings are endorsed by an EU-registered credit rating agency or the relevant non-EU rating agency is certified in accordance with the EU CRA Regulation (and such endorsement action or certification, as the case may be, has not been withdrawn or suspended, subject to transitional provisions that apply in certain circumstances).

UK regulated investors are restricted under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “UK CRA Regulation”) from using credit ratings for regulatory purposes unless such ratings are issued by a credit rating agency established in the UK and registered under the UK CRA Regulation (and such registration has not been withdrawn or suspended), subject to transitional provisions that apply in certain circumstances whilst the registration application is pending. Such general restriction will also apply in the case of credit ratings issued by non-UK credit rating agencies, unless the relevant credit ratings are endorsed by a UK-registered credit rating agency or the relevant non-UK rating agency is certified in accordance with the UK CRA Regulation (and such endorsement action or certification, as the case may be, has not been withdrawn or suspended, subject to transitional provisions that apply in certain circumstances).

If the status of the rating agency rating the Notes changes for the purposes of the EU CRA Regulation or the UK CRA Regulation, relevant regulated investors may no longer be able to use the rating for regulatory purposes in the EU or the UK, as applicable, and the Notes may have a different regulatory treatment, which may impact the value of the Notes and their liquidity in the secondary market.

57 *The Issuers are exposed to changing methodology by rating agencies*

The Issuers are exposed to changes in the rating methodologies applied by rating agencies. Any adverse changes of such methodologies may result in a change in the ratings given to the relevant Issuer or the Notes which in turn may materially and adversely affect the relevant Issuer’s operations or financial condition and capital market standing.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following documents shall be incorporated in, and form part of, this Base Prospectus:

- (a) the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of AIB prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” as adopted by the EU, together with the independent review report thereon as set out on pages 67 to 97 and page to 99 and (ii) the section titled “*Business Performance*” on pages 2 and 3 (the “**AIB 2026 Interims**”), available at:

<https://www.aib.ie/content/dam/frontdoor/investorrelations/docs/resultscentre/annualreport/2026/aib-group-plc-hyf-report-2026.pdf>;

- (b) (i) the audited consolidated financial statements of AIB prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union as at and for the financial year ended 31 December 2025, together with the audit report thereon as set out on pages 243 to 330, (ii) the sections titled “*Our Strategic Progress*” on pages 14 to 15, (iii) the section entitled “*Operating and Financial Review*” on pages 22 to 37 and (iv) the sections titled “*Our Board of Directors*” and “*Our Executive Leadership Team*” on pages 122 to 127, in each case, of the annual financial report of AIB for the year ended 31 December 2025 (the “**AIB 2025 Annual Financial Report**”), available at:

<https://www.aib.ie/content/dam/frontdoor/investorrelations/docs/resultscentre/annualreport/2025/aib-group-plc-afr-report-2025.pdf>;

- (c) the audited financial statements of AIB Bank prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland for the financial year ended 31 December 2025, together with the audit report thereon as set out on page 9 to 98 of the annual financial report of AIB Bank for the year ended 31 December 2025 (the “**AIB Bank 2025 Annual Financial Report**”), available at:

<https://www.aib.ie/content/dam/frontdoor/investorrelations/docs/resultscentre/annualreport/2025/allied-irish-banks-plc-afr-report-2025.pdf>; (i) the audited consolidated financial statements of AIB prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union as at and for the financial year ended 31 December 2024, together with the audit report thereon as set out on pages 249 to 346, (ii) the section entitled “*Our Strategic Progress*” on page 14, (iii) the section entitled “*Operating and Financial Review*” on pages 24 to 39 and (iv) the sections titled “*Board of Directors*” and “*Our Executive Leadership Team*” on pages 128 to 133, in each case, of the annual financial report of AIB for the year ended 31 December 2024 (the “**AIB 2024 Annual Financial Report**”), available at:

<https://aib.ie/content/dam/frontdoor/investorrelations/docs/resultscentre/annualreport/2024/aib-group-plc-afr-report-2024.pdf>;

- (d) (i) the audited consolidated financial statements of AIB Bank prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union as at and for the financial year ended 31 December 2024, together with the audit report thereon as set out on pages 222 to 317, (ii) the sections titled “*Business Performance*” and “*Our Strategic Progress*” on pages 2 to 5 and 6 to 7 respectively, (iii) the sections titled “*Board of Directors*” and “*Our Executive Leadership Team*” on pages 120 to 125, and (iv) the section entitled “*Operating and Financial Review*” on pages 16 to 31, in each case of the annual financial report of AIB Bank for the year ended 31 December 2024 (the “**AIB Bank 2024 Annual Financial Report**”), available at:

<https://aib.ie/content/dam/frontdoor/investorrelations/docs/resultscentre/annualreport/2024/aib-plc-afr-report-2024.pdf>;

- (e) (i) future audited consolidated financial statements of AIB prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union, together with the audit report thereon as set out in the annual financial report of AIB for the financial year and (ii) future unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of AIB prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” as adopted by the EU, together with the review report thereon, as and when any such financial statements are published on <https://aib.ie/investorrelations/financial-information/results-centre> in accordance with the requirements of the EU Prospectus Regulation during the 12-month period of validity of this Base Prospectus;
- (f) (i) future audited consolidated and unconsolidated (as the case may be) financial statements of AIB Bank prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland, together with the audit report thereon as set out in the annual financial report of AIB Bank for the financial year and (ii) future unaudited consolidated and unconsolidated (as the case may be) condensed interim financial statements of AIB Bank prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” as adopted by the EU, together with the review report thereon, as and when any such financial statements are published on <https://aib.ie/investorrelations/financial-information/results-centre> in accordance with the requirements of the EU Prospectus Regulation during the 12-month period of validity of this Base Prospectus;
- (g) the terms and conditions of the Notes as contained on pages 52 to 156 of the base prospectus dated 11 March 2025 in respect of the Programme, available at:
<https://www.aib.ie/content/dam/frontdoor/investorrelations/docs/debt-investors/aib-emptn-programme-march-2025.pdf>;
- (h) the terms and conditions of the Notes as contained on pages 51 to 155 of the base prospectus dated 10 May 2024 in respect of the Programme, available at:
<https://aib.ie/content/dam/frontdoor/investorrelations/docs/debt-investors/aib-gmntn-programme-may-2024.pdf>;
- (i) the terms and conditions of the Notes as contained on pages 51 to 154 of the base prospectus dated 6 October 2023 in respect of the Programme, available at:
<https://aib.ie/content/dam/frontdoor/investorrelations/docs/debt-investors/aib-gmntn-programme-oct-2023.pdf>;
- (j) the terms and conditions of the Notes as contained on pages 50 to 146 of the base prospectus dated 25 March 2022 in respect of the Programme, available at:
<https://aib.ie/content/dam/frontdoor/investorrelations/docs/debt-investors/aib-group-plc-euro-medium-term-note-programme%20-25th-march-2022.pdf>; and
- (k) the terms and conditions of the Notes as contained in pages 50 to 146 of the base prospectus dated 7 May 2021 in respect of the Programme, available at:
<https://aib.ie/content/dam/frontdoor/investorrelations/docs/aib-group-plc-%E2%82%AC10,000,000,000-euro-medium-term-note-programme-7th-may-2021.pdf>,

(together, the “**Documents Incorporated by Reference**”), save that any statement contained herein, or in a document all or the relative portion of which is incorporated by reference herein, shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for the purpose of this Base Prospectus to the extent that a statement contained herein or in any such document, all or the relative portion of which is deemed to be incorporated by reference herein, modifies or supersedes such earlier statement (whether expressly, by implication or otherwise). Any statement so

modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this Base Prospectus.

Copies of documents incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus may be obtained (without charge) from the Issuers' website at <https://aib.ie/investorrelations> and Euronext Dublin at <https://live.euronext.com/en/markets/dublin/bonds/list>.

The Issuers' website and its contents are not otherwise incorporated into, and do not form part of, this Base Prospectus.

Alternative Performance Measures

In addition to the financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS, this Base Prospectus includes certain alternative performance measures ("APMs") as defined in the guidelines on Alternative Performance Measures issued by the European Securities and Markets Authority on 5 October 2015 (ESMA/2015/1415) (the "ESMA APM Guidelines"). The ESMA APM Guidelines define an APM as a financial measure of historical or future performance, financial position, or cash flows, other than a financial measure defined or specified in the applicable financial reporting framework.

Each Issuer uses certain APMs, which have not been audited, for a better understanding of its financial performance. These measures are considered additional disclosures and in no case replace the financial information prepared under IFRS. Moreover, the way each Issuer defines and calculates these measures may differ from the way similar measures are calculated by other companies. Accordingly, they may not be comparable.

In the "*Operating and Financial Review*" section in the AIB 2025 Annual Financial Report which is incorporated by reference herein, the Issuers' results of operations are presented on a management basis with exceptional items reported separately. Exceptional items are items that management believes obscure the underlying performance trends in the business. See "*Operating and Financial Review—Alternative performance measures*" and "*Operating and Financial Review—Reconciliation between IFRS and management performance summary income statements*" in the AIB 2025 Annual Financial Report which are incorporated by reference herein, for a description of exceptional items that management believes obscure the underlying performance trends in the business and a reconciliation to each resulting APM from the most directly reconcilable IFRS line item.

For further information, including a complete list of APMs, including definitions and reconciliations, see "*Operating and Financial Review—Alternative performance measures*" and "*Operating and Financial Review—Reconciliation between IFRS and management performance summary income statements*" in the AIB 2025 Annual Financial Report, which are incorporated by reference herein.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

If at any time the Issuers shall be required to prepare a supplement to this Base Prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation or (in respect of GEM Notes) the rules of Euronext Dublin, the Issuers will prepare and make available an appropriate supplement to this Base Prospectus as required by the Central Bank and Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation and/or the rules of Euronext Dublin (as applicable).

Each Issuer has given an undertaking to the Dealers that if at any time during the duration of the Programme a significant new factor, material mistake or material inaccuracy arises or is noted relating to the information included in this Base Prospectus which may affect the assessment by investors of any Notes and whose inclusion would reasonably be expected by them to be found in this Base Prospectus, for the purpose of enabling them to make an informed assessment of the assets and liabilities, financial position, profits and losses and prospects of the Issuers and/or of the rights attaching to such Notes, the Issuers shall update or prepare an amendment or supplement to this Base Prospectus or publish a replacement base prospectus for use in connection with any subsequent offering of the Notes and shall supply to each Dealer such number of copies of such supplement hereto as such Dealer may reasonably request.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE SENIOR NOTES, SENIOR PREFERRED NOTES AND SENIOR NON-PREFERRED NOTES

The following (other than any sections in italics which are for information purposes only and do not form part of the terms and conditions) is the text of the terms and conditions which, subject to completion and amendment and as supplemented or varied in accordance with the provisions of Part A of the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement, shall be applicable to the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes in definitive form (if any) issued in exchange for Notes represented by a Note or Certificate in global form. Either (i) the full text of these terms and conditions together with the relevant provisions of Part A of the Final Terms or Pricing Supplement or (ii) these terms and conditions as so completed, amended, supplemented or varied (and subject to simplification by the deletion of non-applicable provisions), shall be endorsed on such Bearer Notes or on Certificates relating to such Registered Notes (each capitalised term as defined below). All capitalised terms that are not defined in these Conditions will have the meanings given to them in Part A of the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement. Those definitions will be endorsed on the definitive Notes or Certificates, as the case may be. References in the Conditions to “Notes” are to the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes of one Series only, not to all Notes that may be issued under the Programme.

The Notes are constituted by a Trust Deed dated 17 September 2026 (as amended or supplemented as at the date of issue of the Notes (the “Issue Date”), the “Trust Deed”) between AIB Group plc (“AIB”), Allied Irish Banks, p.l.c. (“AIB Bank”, and together with AIB, the “Issuers” and each an “Issuer”) and BNY Mellon Corporate Trustee Services Limited (the “Trustee”, which expression shall include all persons for the time being the trustee or trustees under the Trust Deed) as trustee for the Noteholders (as defined below). These terms and conditions (the “Conditions”) include summaries of, and are subject to, the detailed provisions of the Trust Deed, which includes the form of the Bearer Notes, Certificates, Coupons and Talons (as defined below). An Agency Agreement dated 17 September 2026 (as amended or supplemented from time to time, the “Agency Agreement”) has been entered into in relation to the Notes between the Issuers, the Trustee, The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch as initial issuing and paying agent and the other agents named in it. The issuing and paying agent, the other paying agents, the registrar, the transfer agents and the calculation agent(s) for the time being (if any) are referred to below respectively as the “Issuing and Paying Agent”, the “Paying Agents” (which expression shall include the Issuing and Paying Agent), the “Registrar”, the “Transfer Agents” and the “Calculation Agent(s)”. Copies of the Trust Deed and the Agency Agreement are available for inspection free of charge during usual business hours at the specified offices of each of the Paying Agents and the Transfer Agents.

The Noteholders (as defined below), the holders of the interest coupons (the “Coupons”) relating to interest bearing Notes in bearer form and, where applicable in the case of such Notes in bearer form, talons for further Coupons (the “Talons”) (the “Couponholders”) are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by, and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Trust Deed and are deemed to have notice of all of the provisions of the Agency Agreement applicable to them.

In these Conditions, references to the “Issuer” are to AIB or AIB Bank, as the case may be, as the Issuer of the Notes under the Programme as indicated under Part A of the relevant Final Terms or, in the case of AIB Bank only, the relevant Pricing Supplement and references to the “relevant Issuer” shall be construed accordingly.

1 Form, Denomination and Title

The Notes are issued in bearer form (“Bearer Notes”) or in registered form (“Registered Notes”), in each case in the Specified Denomination(s) (as defined hereon).

This Note is a Fixed Rate Note, a Resettable Note, a Floating Rate Note, or a Zero Coupon Note.

Bearer Notes are serially numbered and are issued with Coupons (and, where appropriate, a Talon) attached, save in the case of Zero Coupon Notes in which case references to interest (other than in relation to interest due after the Maturity Date), Coupons and Talons in these Conditions are not applicable.

Registered Notes are represented by registered certificates (“Certificates”) and, save as provided in Condition 2(b), each Certificate shall represent the entire holding of Registered Notes by the same holder.

Title to the Bearer Notes, Coupons and Talons shall pass by delivery. Title to the Registered Notes shall pass by registration in the register that the relevant Issuer shall procure to be kept by the Registrar in accordance with the provisions of the Agency Agreement (the “Register”). Except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law, the holder (as defined below) of any Note, Coupon or Talon shall be deemed to be and may be treated as the absolute owner for all purposes, whether or not it is overdue and regardless of any notice of ownership, trust or an interest in it, any writing on it (or on the Certificate representing it) or its theft or loss (or that of the related Certificate) and no person shall be liable for so treating the holder.

In these Conditions, “Noteholder” means the bearer of any Bearer Note or the person in whose name a Registered Note is registered (as the case may be), “holder” (in relation to a Note, Coupon or Talon) means the bearer of any Bearer Note, Coupon or Talon or the person in whose name a Registered Note is registered (as the case may be) and capitalised terms have the meanings given to them hereon, the absence of any such meaning indicating that such term is not applicable to the Notes.

2 No Exchange of Notes and Transfers of Registered Notes

(a) No Exchange of Notes

Registered Notes may not be exchanged for Bearer Notes. Bearer Notes may not be exchanged for Registered Notes. Bearer Notes of one Specified Denomination may not be exchanged for Bearer Notes of another Specified Denomination.

(b) Transfer of Registered Notes

One or more Registered Notes may be transferred upon the surrender (at the specified office of the Registrar or any Transfer Agent) of the Certificate representing such Registered Notes to be transferred, together with the form of transfer endorsed on such Certificate (or another form of transfer substantially in the same form and containing the same representations and certifications (if any), unless otherwise agreed by the relevant Issuer), duly completed and executed and any other evidence as the Registrar or Transfer Agent may reasonably require. In the case of a transfer of part only of a holding of Registered Notes represented by one Certificate, a new Certificate shall be issued to the transferee in respect of the part transferred and a further new Certificate in respect of the balance of the holding not transferred shall be issued to the transferor. In the case of a transfer of Registered Notes to a person who is already a holder of Registered Notes, a new Certificate representing the enlarged holding shall only be issued against surrender of the Certificate representing the existing holding. All transfers of Notes and entries on the Register will be made subject to the detailed regulations concerning transfers of Notes scheduled to the Agency Agreement. The regulations may be changed by the relevant Issuer, with the prior written approval of the Registrar, the Issuing and Paying Agent, the Transfer Agents and the Trustee. A copy of the current regulations will be made available by the Registrar to any Noteholder upon request in writing upon provision of proof of holding of such Registered Notes and identity (in a form satisfactory to the Registrar).

(c) *Delivery of New Certificates*

Each new Certificate to be issued pursuant to Condition 2(b) shall be available for delivery within three business days of receipt of a duly completed and executed form of transfer and surrender of the existing Certificate(s). Delivery of the new Certificate(s) shall be made at the specified office of the Transfer Agent or of the Registrar (as the case may be) to whom delivery or surrender of such form of transfer and Certificate(s) shall have been made or, at the option of the holder making such delivery or surrender as aforesaid and as specified in the relevant form of transfer or otherwise in writing, be mailed by uninsured post at the risk of the holder entitled to the new Certificate to such address as may be so specified, unless such holder requests otherwise and pays in advance to the relevant Transfer Agent or the Registrar (as the case may be) the costs of such other method of delivery and/or such insurance as it may specify. In this Condition 2(c), “business day” means a day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, on which banks are open for business in the place of the specified office of the relevant Transfer Agent or the Registrar (as the case may be).

(d) *Transfers Free of Charge*

Certificates, on transfer, shall be issued and registered without charge by or on behalf of the relevant Issuer, the Registrar or the Transfer Agents, but upon payment of any tax or other governmental charges that may be imposed in relation to it (or the giving of such indemnity as the Registrar or the relevant Transfer Agent may require).

(e) *Closed Periods*

No Noteholder may require the transfer of a Registered Note to be registered (i) during the period of 15 days ending on (and including) the due date for redemption or substitution of that Note pursuant to Condition 5 or (ii) during the period of seven days ending on (and including) any Record Date.

3 *Status*

(a) *Notes issued by AIB*

This Condition 3(a) applies to all Notes issued by AIB (in which case, this Note is an “AIB Note”).

The AIB Notes (and the Coupons relating thereto, if any) constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of AIB and shall at all times rank *pari passu* and without any preference among themselves. The payment obligations of AIB under the AIB Notes (and the Coupons relating thereto, if any) shall, save for such exceptions as may be provided by applicable legislation, at all times rank at least equally with all its other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations.

(b) *Notes issued by AIB Bank*

This Condition 3(b) applies to Notes issued by AIB Bank if the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement specifies the ‘Status of the Notes’ as being ‘Senior Preferred’ (in which case, this Note is a “Senior Preferred Note”) or ‘Senior Non-Preferred’ (in which case, this Note is a “Senior Non-Preferred Note”).

(i) *Status – Senior Preferred Notes*

The Senior Preferred Notes (and the Coupons relating thereto, if any) constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of AIB Bank and shall at all times rank *pari passu* and without any preference among themselves. The payment obligations of AIB Bank under the Senior Preferred Notes (and the Coupons relating thereto, if any) shall, save for such

exceptions as may be provided by applicable legislation, at all times rank at least equally with all its other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations.

(ii) *Status – Senior Non-Preferred Notes*

The Senior Non-Preferred Notes may only be issued on terms such that they (i) have an original contractual maturity of at least one year; and (ii) are not derivatives and contain no embedded derivatives for the purposes of section 1428A(1)(c)(ii) of the Companies Act 2014.

The Senior Non-Preferred Notes (and the Coupons relating thereto, if any) constitute direct and unsecured obligations of AIB Bank and, subject to the Ranking Legislation, constitute Secondary Unsecured Debts of AIB Bank in accordance with subparagraphs 1(c)(i) to 1(c)(iii) of section 1428A of the Companies Act 2014 and rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves.

If a Winding-Up occurs, the rights and claims against AIB Bank of the holders of the Senior Non-Preferred Notes (and the Coupons relating thereto, if any) (and of the Trustee on their behalf) in respect of, or arising under, the Notes, the Coupons or the Trust Deed (including any damages awarded for breach of any obligations) shall rank (i) junior in right of payment to all Senior Claims; (ii) *pari passu* with all other Secondary Unsecured Claims; and (iii) in priority to all Subordinated Claims.

(c) *No Set-off*

This Condition 3(c) shall apply only if “Waiver of Set-off” is specified hereon as being applicable.

Subject to applicable law, no holder of a Note, or a Coupon relating thereto, may exercise, claim or plead any right of set-off, compensation, netting, counterclaim or retention in respect of any amount owed to it by the relevant Issuer in respect of, arising under, or in connection with the Notes or the Coupons relating thereto or the Trust Deed and each holder of a Note or a Coupon relating thereto shall, by virtue of its holding of any such Note or Coupon (or any beneficial interest therein), be deemed, to the fullest extent permitted under applicable law, to have waived all such rights of set-off, compensation, netting, counterclaim or retention. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, if any of the amounts owing to any Noteholder or Couponholder by the relevant Issuer in respect of or arising under or in connection with the Notes or the Coupons relating thereto is discharged by set-off, such Noteholder and Couponholder shall, subject to applicable law, immediately pay an amount equal to the amount of such discharge to the relevant Issuer (or in the event of its winding-up or examinership, the liquidator or, as applicable, examiner of the relevant Issuer) and accordingly such discharge will be deemed not to have taken place, and until such payment is made shall hold an amount equal thereto in trust for the relevant Issuer (or, as the case may be, the liquidator or, as applicable, examiner of the relevant Issuer).

Condition 3(c) shall not be construed as indicating or acknowledging that any rights of set-off (including compensation, counterclaim or retention), counterclaim or netting would, but for Condition 3(c), otherwise be available to any holder with respect to any Note or Coupon.

4 Interest and other Calculations

(a) *Interest on the Notes*

(i) *Interest Payment Dates (Floating Rate Notes)*

Each Floating Rate Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from the Interest Commencement Date at the rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Rate of Interest, such interest being payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date. The amount of

interest payable shall be determined in accordance with Condition 4(f). Such Interest Payment Date(s) is/are either shown hereon as Specified Interest Payment Dates or, if no Specified Interest Payment Date(s) is/are shown hereon, Interest Payment Date shall mean each date which falls the number of months or other period shown hereon as the Interest Period after the preceding Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Payment Date, after the Interest Commencement Date.

(ii) *Business Day Convention*

If any date referred to in these Conditions which is specified to be subject to adjustment in accordance with a Business Day Convention would otherwise fall on a day which is not a Business Day (as defined below), then, if the Business Day Convention specified is (A) the Floating Rate Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event (x) such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day and (y) each subsequent such date shall be the last Business Day of the month in which such date would have fallen had it not been subject to adjustment, (B) the Following Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day, (C) the Modified Following Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day or (D) the Preceding Business Day Convention, such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day.

(iii) *Rate of Interest for Fixed Rate Notes*

Each Fixed Rate Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from the Interest Commencement Date at the rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Rate of Interest, such interest being payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date. The amount of interest payable shall be determined in accordance with Condition 4(f).

(iv) *Rate of Interest for Floating Rate Notes*

The Rate of Interest in respect of Floating Rate Notes for each Interest Period shall be determined in the manner specified hereon and the provisions below relating to any of ISDA Determination, Screen Rate Determination or Linear Interpolation shall apply, depending upon which is specified hereon.

(A) *ISDA Determination for Floating Rate Notes*

Where ISDA Determination is specified hereon as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period shall be determined by the Calculation Agent as, subject to Condition 4(e), a rate equal to the relevant ISDA Rate. For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (A), "ISDA Rate" for an Interest Period means a rate equal to the Floating Rate that would be determined by the Calculation Agent under a Swap Transaction under the terms of an agreement incorporating the ISDA Definitions and under which:

- (x) the Floating Rate Option is as specified hereon;
- (y) the Designated Maturity is a period specified hereon; and
- (z) the relevant Reset Date is the first day of that Interest Period unless otherwise specified hereon.

If the specified Floating Rate Option is an Overnight Floating Rate Option, Compounding is specified to be applicable hereon and:

- (A) if Compounding with Lookback is specified as the Compounding Method hereon then (a) Compounding with Lookback is the Overnight Rate Compounding Method and (b) Lookback is the number of Applicable Business Days specified hereon, provided that the number of Applicable Business Days, if no such number is specified hereon, shall be five;
- (B) if Compounding with Observation Period Shift is specified as the Compounding Method hereon then (a) Compounding with Observation Period Shift is the Overnight Rate Compounding Method, (b) Observation Period Shift is the number of Observation Period Shift Business Days specified hereon, provided that the number of Observation Period Shift Business Days, if no such number is specified hereon, shall be five and (c) Observation Period Shift Additional Business Days, if applicable, are the days specified hereon; or
- (C) if Compounding with Lockout is specified as the Compounding Method hereon then (a) Compounding with Lockout is the Overnight Rate Compounding Method, (b) Lockout is the number of Lockout Period Business Days specified hereon, provided that the number of Lockout Period Business Days, if no such number is specified hereon, shall be five and (c) Lockout Period Business Days, if applicable, are the days specified hereon;

If the specified Floating Rate Option is an Overnight Floating Rate Option, Averaging is specified to be applicable hereon and:

- (A) if Averaging with Lookback is specified as the Averaging Method hereon then (a) Averaging with Lookback is the Overnight Rate Averaging Method and (b) Lookback is the number of Applicable Business Days specified hereon, provided that the number of Applicable Business Days, if no such number is specified hereon, shall be five;
- (B) if Averaging with Observation Period Shift is specified as the Averaging Method hereon then (a) Averaging with Observation Period Shift is the Overnight Rate Averaging Method, (b) Observation Period Shift is the number of Observation Period Shift Business Days specified hereon, provided that the number of Observation Period Shift Business Days, if no such number is specified hereon, shall be five and (c) Observation Period Shift Additional Business Days, if applicable, are the days specified hereon; or
- (C) if Averaging with Lockout is specified as the Averaging Method hereon then (a) Averaging with Lockout is the Overnight Rate Averaging Method, (b) Lockout is the number of Lockout Period Business Days specified hereon, provided that the number of Lockout Period Business Days, if no such number is specified hereon, shall be five and (c) Lockout Period Business Days, if applicable, are the days specified hereon;

If the specified Floating Rate Option is an Index Floating Rate Option and Index Provisions are specified to be applicable hereon, the Compounded Index Method with Observation Period Shift shall be applicable and, (a) Observation Period Shift is the number of Observation Period Shift Business Days specified hereon, provided that the

number of Observation Period Shift Business Days, if no such number is specified hereon, shall be five and (b) Observation Period Shift Additional Business Days, if applicable, are the days specified hereon; and

References in the relevant ISDA Definitions to:

- (A) “Confirmation” shall be references to the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement;
- (B) “Calculation Period” shall be references to the relevant Interest Period;
- (C) “Termination Date” shall be references to the Maturity Date;
- (D) “Effective Date” shall be references to the Interest Commencement Date
- (E) “Administrator/Benchmark Event” shall be disappplied; and
- (F) If the Temporary Non-Publication Fallback for any specified Floating Rate Option is specified to be “Temporary Non-Publication Fallback – Alternative Rate” in the Floating Rate Matrix of the 2021 ISDA Definitions, the reference to “Calculation Agent Alternative Rate Determination” in the definition of “Temporary Non-Publication Fallback – Alternative Rate” shall be replaced by “Temporary Non-Publication Fallback – Previous Day’s Rate”.

For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (A), “Floating Rate”, “Calculation Agent”, “Floating Rate Option”, “Designated Maturity”, “Reset Date” and “Swap Transaction” and other terms used herein but not otherwise defined have the meanings given to those terms in the ISDA Definitions.

(B) Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes – Term Rates

- (x) Where Screen Rate Determination is specified hereon as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, and unless the Reference Rate in respect of the relevant series of Floating Rate Notes is specified hereon as being “SONIA” or “SOFR”, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject to Condition 4(e), Condition 4(i) and as provided below, be either:

- (i) the offered quotation; or
- (ii) the arithmetic mean of the offered quotations,

(expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate which appears or appear, as the case may be, on the Relevant Screen Page as at 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time in the case of Euro Interbank Offered Rate (“EURIBOR”)) on the Interest Determination Date in question as determined by the Calculation Agent. If five or more of such offered quotations are available on the Relevant Screen Page, the highest (or, if there is more than one such highest quotation, one only of such quotations) and the lowest (or, if there is more than one such lowest quotation, one only of such quotations) shall be disregarded by the Calculation Agent for the purpose of determining the arithmetic mean of such offered quotations.

If the Reference Rate from time to time in respect of Floating Rate Notes is specified hereon as being other than EURIBOR, the Rate of Interest in respect of such Notes will be determined as provided hereon.

- (y) If the Relevant Screen Page is not available or if sub-paragraph (x)(i) above applies and no such offered quotation appears on the Relevant Screen Page or if sub-paragraph (x)(ii) above applies and fewer than three such offered quotations appear on the Relevant Screen Page, in each case at the time specified above, subject as provided below, the Calculation Agent shall request, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the principal Euro-zone office of each of the Reference Banks, to provide the Calculation Agent with its offered quotation (expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time) on the Interest Determination Date in question. If two or more of the Reference Banks provide the Calculation Agent with such offered quotations, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall, subject to Condition 4(e), be the arithmetic mean of such offered quotations as determined by the Calculation Agent.
 - (z) If paragraph (y) above applies and the Calculation Agent determines that fewer than two Reference Banks are providing offered quotations, subject as provided below, the Rate of Interest shall, subject to Condition 4(e), be the arithmetic mean of the rates per annum (expressed as a percentage) as communicated to (and at the request of) the Calculation Agent by the Reference Banks or any two or more of them, at which such banks were offered, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time) on the relevant Interest Determination Date, deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate by leading banks in, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the Euro-zone inter-bank market or, if fewer than two of the Reference Banks provide the Calculation Agent with such offered rates, the offered rate for deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate, or the arithmetic mean of the offered rates for deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate, at which, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time), on the relevant Interest Determination Date, any one or more banks (which bank or banks is or are in the opinion of the relevant Issuer suitable for such purpose) informs the Calculation Agent it is quoting to leading banks in, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the Euro-zone inter-bank market, provided that, if the Rate of Interest cannot be determined in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this paragraph (and subject to Condition 4(i)), the Rate of Interest shall be determined as at the last preceding Interest Determination Date (though substituting, where a different Margin or Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest is to be applied to the relevant Interest Period from that which applied to the last preceding Interest Period, the Margin or Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest relating to the relevant Interest Period, in place of the Margin or Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest relating to that last preceding Interest Period).
- (C) Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes referencing Compounded SONIA
- (x) SONIA Compounded Index Rate
- Where (i) Screen Rate Determination is specified hereon as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined; (ii) the Reference Rate is specified hereon as being SONIA; and (iii) SONIA Compounded Index Rate is specified hereon as

being applicable, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject to Condition 4(e) and Condition 4(i), be the SONIA Compounded Index Rate determined as follows:

“SONIA Compounded Index Rate” means, with respect to an Interest Period, the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment during the SONIA Observation Period relating to such Interest Period (with the daily Sterling overnight reference rate as reference rate for the calculation of interest) and will be calculated by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Interest Determination Date, as follows:

$$\left(\frac{\text{SONIA Compounded Index}_{END}}{\text{SONIA Compounded Index}_{START}} - 1 \right) \times \left(\frac{365}{d} \right)$$

provided, however, that and subject to Condition 4(i), if the SONIA Compounded Index Value is not available in relation to any Interest Period on the Relevant Screen Page or on the Bank of England’s website at www.bankofengland.co.uk/boeapps/database/ (or such other page or website as may replace such page for the purposes of publishing the SONIA Compounded Index) for the determination of either or both of SONIA Compounded Index_{START} and/or SONIA Compounded Index_{END}, the Rate of Interest shall be calculated for such Interest Period on the basis of the SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate as set out in Condition 4(a)(iv)(C)(y) as if SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate with Observation Shift had been specified hereon as being applicable and the “Relevant Screen Page” shall be deemed to be the “Relevant Fallback Screen Page” as specified hereon,

where:

“*d*” means the number of calendar days in the relevant SONIA Observation Period;

“London Business Day”, means any day on which commercial banks are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in London;

“*p*” means, for any Interest Period, the whole number specified hereon (or, if no such number is so specified, five) representing a number of London Business Days;

“SONIA Compounded Index” means the index known as the SONIA Compounded Index administered by the Bank of England (or any successor administrator thereof);

“SONIA Compounded Index Value” means, in relation to any London Business Day, the value of the SONIA Compounded Index as published by authorised distributors on the Relevant Screen Page on such London Business Day or, if the value of the SONIA Compounded Index cannot be obtained from the Relevant Screen Page, as published on the Bank of England’s website at www.bankofengland.co.uk/boeapps/database/ (or such other page or website as may replace such page for the purposes of publishing the SONIA Compounded Index) in respect of such London Business Day;

“SONIA Compounded Index_{END}” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the SONIA Compounded Index Value on the last day of the relevant SONIA Observation Period;

“SONIA Compounded Index_{START}” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the SONIA Compounded Index Value on the first day of the relevant SONIA Observation Period; and

“SONIA Observation Period” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the period from (and including) the date falling “*p*” London Business Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period (and the first SONIA Observation Period shall begin on (and include) the date which is “*p*” London Business Days prior to the Interest Commencement Date) and ending on (but excluding) the date which is “*p*” London Business Days prior to the Interest Payment Date for such Interest Period (or the date falling “*p*” London Business Days prior to such earlier date, if any, on which the Notes become due and payable).

(y) SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate

Where (i) Screen Rate Determination is specified hereon as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined; (ii) the Reference Rate is specified hereon as being SONIA; and (iii) SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate is specified hereon as being applicable, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject to Condition 4(e) and Condition 4(i), be the SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate determined as follows:

“SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment (with the daily Sterling overnight reference rate as reference rate for the calculation of interest) and will be calculated by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Interest Determination Date, as follows:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_o} \left(1 + \frac{SONIA_i \times n_i}{365} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{365}{d}$$

where:

“London Business Day”, “*p*” and “SONIA Observation Period” have the respective meanings set out in Condition 4(a)(iv)(C)(x);

“*d*” is the number of calendar days in the relevant:

- (i) SONIA Observation Period, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable; or
- (ii) Interest Period, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable;

“*d_o*” is the number of London Business Days in the relevant:

- (i) SONIA Observation Period, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable; or
- (ii) Interest Period, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable;

“ i ” is a series of whole numbers from one to d_o , each representing the relevant London Business Day in chronological order from (and including) the first London Business Day in the relevant:

- (i) SONIA Observation Period, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable, to (and including) the last London Business Day in the relevant SONIA Observation Period; or
- (ii) Interest Period, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable, to (and including) the last London Business Day in the relevant Interest Period;

“ n_i ”, for any London Business Day “ i ”, means the number of calendar days from (and including) such London Business Day “ i ” up to (but excluding) the next following London Business Day;

“ $SONIA_i$ ” means, in relation to any London Business Day, the SONIA reference rate in respect of:

- (i) that London Business Day “ i ”, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable; or
 - (ii) the London Business Day (being a London Business Day falling in the relevant SONIA Observation Period) falling “ p ” London Business Days prior to the relevant London Business Day “ i ”, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable; and
 - (iii) the “SONIA reference rate”, in respect of any London Business Day, is a reference rate equal to the daily Sterling Overnight Index Average (“SONIA”) rate for such London Business Day as provided by the administrator of SONIA to authorised distributors and as then published on the Relevant Screen Page on the next following London Business Day or, if the Relevant Screen Page is unavailable, as published by authorised distributors on such next following London Business Day or, if SONIA cannot be obtained from the Relevant Screen Page, as published on the Bank of England’s website at www.bankofengland.co.uk/boeapps/database/ (or such other page or website as may replace such page for the purposes of publishing the SONIA reference rate).
- (z) Subject to Condition 4(i), where SONIA is specified as the Reference Rate hereon and either (i) SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate is specified hereon as being applicable or (ii) the SONIA Compounded Index Rate is specified hereon as being applicable and Condition 4(a)(iv)(C)(y) applies, if, in respect of any London Business Day, the SONIA reference rate is not available on the Relevant Screen Page or the Relevant Fallback Screen Page as applicable (or as otherwise provided in the relevant definition thereof) or as published on the Bank of England’s website at www.bankofengland.co.uk/boeapps/database/ (or such other page or website as may replace such page for the purposes of publishing the SONIA reference rate), such Reference Rate shall be:
- (i) (1) the Bank of England’s Bank Rate (the “Bank Rate”) prevailing at close of business on the relevant London Business Day; plus (2) the mean of the spread of the SONIA reference rate to the Bank Rate over the previous five days on which the SONIA reference rate has been published, excluding the

highest spread (or, if there is more than one highest spread, one only of those highest spreads) and lowest spread (or, if there is more than one lowest spread, one only of those lowest spreads) to the Bank Rate, or

- (ii) if such Bank Rate is not available, the SONIA reference rate published on the Relevant Screen Page (or as otherwise provided in the relevant definition thereof) or (if later) as published on the Bank of England's website at www.bankofengland.co.uk/boeapps/database/ (or such other page or website as may replace such page for the purposes of publishing the SONIA reference rate) for the first preceding London Business Day on which the SONIA reference rate was published on the Relevant Screen Page (or as otherwise provided in the relevant definition thereof) or (if later) as published on the Bank of England's website at www.bankofengland.co.uk/boeapps/database/ (or such other page or website as may replace such page for the purposes of publishing the SONIA reference rate), and

- (iii) in each case, *SONIA* shall be interpreted accordingly.

- (aa) If the Notes become due and payable in accordance with Condition 9, the final Interest Determination Date shall, notwithstanding any Interest Determination Date specified hereon, be deemed to be the date on which such Notes became due and payable and the Rate of Interest on such Notes shall, for so long as any such Note remains outstanding, be that determined on such date and as if (solely for the purpose of such interest determination) the relevant Interest Period had been shortened accordingly.

(D) Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes referencing Compounded SOFR

- (x) SOFR Compounded Index Rate

Where (i) Screen Rate Determination is specified hereon as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined; (ii) the Reference Rate is specified hereon as being SOFR; and (iii) SOFR Compounded Index Rate is specified hereon as being applicable, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject to Condition 4(e) and as provided below, be the SOFR Compounded Index Rate determined as follows.

“SOFR Compounded Index Rate” means, with respect to an Interest Period, the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment during the SOFR Observation Period relating to such Interest Period (with the Secured Overnight Financing Rate as reference rate for the calculation of interest) and will be calculated by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Interest Determination Date, as follows:

$$\left(\frac{SOFR \text{ Compounded Index}_{END}}{SOFR \text{ Compounded Index}_{START}} - 1 \right) \times \left(\frac{360}{d} \right)$$

provided, however, that, and subject as provided below, if the SOFR Compounded Index Value is not available in relation to any Interest Period on the SOFR Administrator's Website for the determination of either or both of SOFR Compounded Index_{START} and/or SOFR Compounded Index_{END} and a Benchmark Transition Event and its related Benchmark Replacement Date have not occurred

with respect to such SOFR Compounded Index Value, the Rate of Interest shall be calculated for such Interest Period on the basis of the SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate as set out in Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(y) as if SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate with Observation Shift had been specified hereon as being applicable,

where:

“*d*” means the number of calendar days in the relevant SOFR Observation Period;

“*p*” means, for any Interest Period, the whole number specified hereon (or, if no such number is so specified, five) representing a number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days;

“SOFR” means the daily secured overnight financing rate as provided by the SOFR Administrator on the SOFR Administrator’s Website;

“SOFR Administrator” means the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (or a successor administrator of SOFR);

“SOFR Administrator’s Website” means the website of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or any successor source;

“SOFR Compounded Index” means the index known as SOFR Index administered by the SOFR Administrator;

“SOFR Compounded Index Value” means, in relation to any U.S. Government Securities Business Day, the value of the SOFR Compounded Index as published by the SOFR Administrator on the SOFR Administrator’s Website at 3:00 p.m. (New York City time) on such U.S. Government Securities Business Day;

“SOFR Compounded Index_{END}” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the SOFR Compounded Index Value on the last day of the relevant SOFR Observation Period;

“SOFR Compounded Index_{START}” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the SOFR Compounded Index Value on the first day of the relevant SOFR Observation Period;

“SOFR Observation Period” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the period from (and including) the date falling “*p*” U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period (and the first SOFR Observation Period shall begin on (and include) the date which is “*p*” U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to the Interest Commencement Date) and ending on (but excluding) the date which is “*p*” U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to the Interest Payment Date for such Interest Period (or the date falling “*p*” U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to such earlier date, if any, on which the Notes become due and payable); and

“U.S. Government Securities Business Day” means any day except for a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association recommends that the fixed income departments of its members be closed for the entire day for purposes of trading in U.S. government securities.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, if both a Benchmark Transition Event and its related Benchmark Replacement Date have occurred with respect to determining the SOFR Compounded Index Rate, the benchmark replacement provisions set forth in Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa) below shall apply for the purposes of all determinations of the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes.

(y) SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate

Where (i) Screen Rate Determination is specified hereon as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined; (ii) the Reference Rate is specified hereon as being SOFR; and (iii) SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate is specified hereon as being applicable, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject to Condition 4(e) and as provided below, be the SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate determined as follows:

“SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment (with the Secured Overnight Financing Rate as reference rate for the calculation of interest) and will be calculated by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Interest Determination Date, as follows:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_o} \left(1 + \frac{SOFR_i \times n_i}{360} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{360}{d}$$

where:

“*p*”, “SOFR Administrator”, “SOFR Administrator’s Website”, “SOFR Observation Period” and “U.S. Government Securities Business Day” have the respective meanings set out in Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(x);

“*d*” is the number of calendar days in the relevant:

- (i) SOFR Observation Period, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable; or
- (ii) Interest Period, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable;

“*d_o*” is the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days in the relevant:

- (i) SOFR Observation Period, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable; or
- (ii) Interest Period, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable;

“*i*” is a series of whole numbers from one to *d_o*, each representing the relevant U.S. Government Securities Business Day in chronological order from (and including) the first U.S. Government Securities Business Day in the relevant:

- (i) SOFR Observation Period, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable, to (and including) the last U.S. Government Securities Business Day in the relevant SOFR Observation Period; or
- (ii) Interest Period, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable, to (and including) the last U.S. Government Securities Business Day in the relevant Interest Period;

“ n_i ”, for any U.S. Government Securities Business Day “ i ”, means the number of calendar days from (and including) such U.S. Government Securities Business Day “ i ” up to (but excluding) the next following U.S. Government Securities Business Day;

“ $SOFR_i$ ” means, in relation to any U.S. Government Securities Business Day, the SOFR reference rate in respect of:

- (i) that U.S. Government Securities Business Day “ i ”, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable; or
- (ii) the U.S. Government Securities Business Day (being a U.S. Government Securities Business Day falling in the relevant SOFR Observation Period) falling “ p ” U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to the relevant U.S. Government Securities Business Day “ i ”, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable; and

the “SOFR reference rate” means, in respect of any U.S. Government Securities Business Day, a rate determined in accordance with the following provisions:

- (i) the Secured Overnight Financing Rate published for such U.S. Government Securities Business Day that appears on the SOFR Administrator’s Website at or about 3.00 p.m. (New York City time) on the U.S. Government Securities Business Day immediately following such U.S. Government Securities Business Day; and
- (ii) if the rate specified in paragraph (i) above does not so appear, unless both a Benchmark Transition Event and its related Benchmark Replacement Date have occurred, then the Calculation Agent shall use the Secured Overnight Financing Rate published on the SOFR Administrator’s Website for the first preceding U.S. Government Securities Business Day on which the Secured Overnight Financing Rate was published on the SOFR Administrator’s Website.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, if both a Benchmark Transition Event and its related Benchmark Replacement Date have occurred with respect to determining the SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate, the benchmark replacement provisions set forth in Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa) below shall apply for the purposes of all determinations of the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes.

- (z) If the Notes become due and payable in accordance with Condition 9, the final Interest Determination Date shall, notwithstanding any Interest Determination Date specified hereon, be deemed to be the date on which such Notes became due and payable and the Rate of Interest on such Notes shall, for so long as any such Note remains outstanding, be that determined on such date and as if (solely for the purpose of such interest determination) the relevant Interest Period had been shortened accordingly.
- (aa) Notwithstanding any other provisions in these Conditions, if:
 - (i) the Benchmark is SOFR; and
 - (ii) any Rate of Interest (or any component part thereof) remains to be determined by reference to the Benchmark,

then the following provisions of this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa) shall apply.

(I) Benchmark Replacement

If the relevant Issuer or its designee determines prior to the Reference Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date that a Benchmark Transition Event and its related Benchmark Replacement Date have occurred with respect to the then-current Benchmark, the Benchmark Replacement will replace the then-current Benchmark for all purposes relating to the Notes in respect of all determinations on such date and all determinations on all subsequent dates (subject to any subsequent application of this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa) with respect to such Benchmark Replacement).

(II) Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes

In connection with the implementation of a Benchmark Replacement, the relevant Issuer or its designee will have the right to make Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes from time to time.

At the request of the relevant Issuer, but subject to receipt by the Trustee of an officer's certificate pursuant to Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa)(IV) and subject as provided below, the Trustee shall (at the expense of the relevant Issuer), without any requirement for the consent or approval of the Noteholders, be obliged to concur with the relevant Issuer in effecting any Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes (including, *inter alia*, by the execution of a supplemental trust deed to or amending the Trust Deed), provided that the Trustee shall not be obliged so to concur if in the opinion of the Trustee doing so would impose more onerous obligations upon it or expose it to any additional duties, responsibilities or liabilities or reduce or amend the protective provisions afforded to the Trustee in the Trust Deed (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any supplemental trust deed) in any way.

The Calculation Agent or any Paying Agent is not obliged to concur with the relevant Issuer in effecting any Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes which, in the sole opinion of the Calculation Agent or the relevant Paying Agent, as the case may be, would impose more onerous obligations upon it or expose it to any additional duties, responsibilities or liabilities or reduce or amend the protective provisions afforded to the Calculation Agent or the relevant Paying Agent (as applicable) in the Agency Agreement.

None of the Trustee, the Calculation Agent or any Paying Agent shall have any liability for any determination made by or on behalf of the relevant Issuer or its designee in connection with a Benchmark Transition Event or a Benchmark Replacement. For the avoidance of doubt, unless otherwise agreed upon in writing, the Trustee, the Calculation Agent or any Paying Agent shall in no event be the relevant Issuer's designee.

(III) Decisions and Determinations

Any determination, decision or election that may be made by the relevant Issuer or its designee pursuant to this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa), including (without limitation) any determination with respect to a tenor, rate or

adjustment or of the occurrence or non-occurrence of an event, circumstance or date and any decision to take or refrain from taking any action or any selection, will be conclusive and binding absent manifest error, may be made in the relevant Issuer's or its designee's sole discretion (as applicable), and, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Conditions or the Trust Deed, shall become effective without any requirement for the consent or approval of Noteholders or any other party.

In connection with any Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes in accordance with this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa), the relevant Issuer shall comply with the rules of any stock exchange on which the Notes are for the time being listed or admitted to trading.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa), no Benchmark Replacement will be adopted, nor will the applicable Benchmark Replacement Adjustment be applied, nor will any Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes be made, if and to the extent that, in the determination of the relevant Issuer, the same could reasonably be expected to prejudice the then current or future qualification of the Notes as eligible liabilities or loss absorbing capacity instruments for the purposes of the Loss Absorption Regulations.

(IV) Notice and Certification

Any Benchmark Replacement, Benchmark Replacement Adjustment and the specific terms of any Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes determined under this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa) will be notified at least 10 business days prior to the relevant Interest Determination Date by the relevant Issuer to the Trustee, the Calculation Agent, the Paying Agents and, promptly thereafter, in accordance with Condition 13, the Noteholders. Such notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the effective date of the Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes, if any.

No later than notifying the Noteholders of the same, the relevant Issuer shall deliver to the Trustee an officer's certificate:

- (A) confirming (a) that a Benchmark Transition Event has occurred, (b) the Benchmark Replacement, (c) the applicable Benchmark Replacement Adjustment and (d) the specific terms of the Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes (if any), in each case as determined in accordance with the provisions of this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa); and
- (B) certifying that the Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes (if any) are necessary to ensure the proper operation of such Benchmark Replacement and the applicable Benchmark Replacement Adjustment.

The Trustee shall be entitled to rely on such certificate (without liability to any person) as sufficient evidence thereof. The Benchmark Replacement, the Benchmark Replacement Adjustment and the Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes (if any) specified in such certificate will (in the

absence of manifest error or bad faith in the determination of the Benchmark Replacement, the Benchmark Replacement Adjustment and the Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes (if any) and without prejudice to the Trustee's ability to rely on such certificate as aforesaid) be binding on the relevant Issuer, the Trustee, the Calculation Agent, the Paying Agents and the Noteholders.

(V) Definitions

In this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa):

"Benchmark" means, initially, SOFR (provided that if a Benchmark Transition Event and its related Benchmark Replacement Date have occurred with respect to SOFR (or the published daily SOFR used in the calculation thereof) or any Benchmark which has replaced it in accordance with this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa), then the term "Benchmark" means the applicable Benchmark Replacement);

"Benchmark Replacement" means the first alternative set out in the order below that can be determined by the relevant Issuer or its designee as at the Benchmark Replacement Date:

- (A) the sum of: (1) the alternative rate of interest that has been selected or recommended by the Relevant Governmental Body as the replacement for the then-current Benchmark and (2) the Benchmark Replacement Adjustment;
- (B) the sum of: (1) the ISDA Fallback Rate and (2) the Benchmark Replacement Adjustment; or
- (C) the sum of: (1) the alternative rate of interest that has been selected by the relevant Issuer or its designee as the replacement for the then-current Benchmark giving due consideration to any industry-accepted rate of interest as a replacement for the then-current Benchmark for U.S. dollar denominated floating rate notes at such time and (2) the Benchmark Replacement Adjustment;

"Benchmark Replacement Adjustment" means the first alternative set out in the order below that can be determined by the relevant Issuer or its designee as at the Benchmark Replacement Date:

- (A) the spread adjustment (which may be a positive or negative value or zero), or method for calculating or determining such spread adjustment, that has been selected or recommended by the Relevant Governmental Body for the applicable Unadjusted Benchmark Replacement;
- (B) if the applicable Unadjusted Benchmark Replacement is equivalent to the ISDA Fallback Rate, then the ISDA Fallback Adjustment; or
- (C) the spread adjustment (which may be a positive or negative value or zero) that has been selected by the relevant Issuer or its designee giving due consideration to any industry-accepted spread adjustment, or method for calculating or determining such spread

adjustment, for the replacement of the then-current Benchmark with the applicable Unadjusted Benchmark Replacement for U.S. dollar denominated floating rate notes at such time;

“Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes” means, with respect to any Benchmark Replacement, any technical, administrative or operational changes (including changes to the definition of Interest Period, timing and frequency of determining rates and making payments of interest, rounding amounts or tenors, and other administrative matters) that the relevant Issuer or its designee decides may be appropriate to reflect the adoption of such Benchmark Replacement in a manner substantially consistent with market practice (or, if the relevant Issuer or its designee decides that adoption of any portion of such market practice is not administratively feasible or if the relevant Issuer or its designee determines that no market practice for use of the Benchmark Replacement exists, in such other manner as the relevant Issuer or its designee determines is reasonably necessary);

“Benchmark Replacement Date” means the earliest to occur of the following events with respect to the then-current Benchmark (including the daily published component used in the calculation thereof):

- (A) in the case of paragraph (A) or (B) of the definition of “Benchmark Transition Event”, the later of (1) the date of the public statement or publication of information referenced therein and (2) the date on which the administrator of the Benchmark permanently or indefinitely ceases to provide the Benchmark (or such component); or
- (B) in the case of paragraph (C) of the definition of “Benchmark Transition Event”, the date of the public statement or publication of information referenced therein.

For the avoidance of doubt, if the event giving rise to the Benchmark Replacement Date occurs on the same day as, but earlier than, the Reference Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Benchmark Replacement Date will be deemed to have occurred prior to the Reference Time for such determination;

“Benchmark Transition Event” means the occurrence of one or more of the following events with respect to the then-current Benchmark (including the daily published component used in the calculation thereof):

- (A) a public statement or publication of information by or on behalf of the administrator of the Benchmark (or such component) announcing that such administrator has ceased or will cease to provide the Benchmark (or such component), permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of such statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the Benchmark (or such component);
- (B) a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of the Benchmark (or such

component), the central bank for the currency of the Benchmark (or such component), an insolvency official with jurisdiction over the administrator for the Benchmark (or such component), a resolution authority with jurisdiction over the administrator for the Benchmark (or such component) or a court or an entity with similar insolvency or resolution authority over the administrator for the Benchmark (or such component), which states that the administrator of the Benchmark (or such component) has ceased or will cease to provide the Benchmark (or such component) permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of such statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the Benchmark (or such component); or

- (C) a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of the Benchmark announcing that the Benchmark is no longer representative;

“designee” means an affiliate or any other agent of the relevant Issuer;

“ISDA Definitions” has the meaning given to it in Condition 16;

“ISDA Fallback Adjustment” means the spread adjustment (which may be a positive or negative value or zero) that would apply for derivatives transactions referencing the ISDA Definitions to be determined upon the occurrence of an index cessation event with respect to the Benchmark;

“ISDA Fallback Rate” means the rate that would apply for derivatives transactions referencing the ISDA Definitions to be effective upon the occurrence of an index cessation date with respect to the Benchmark for the applicable tenor excluding the applicable ISDA Fallback Adjustment;

“Reference Time” with respect to any determination of the Benchmark means (A) if the Benchmark is SOFR, 3:00 p.m. (New York City time) or such other time as is reasonably agreed between the relevant Issuer or its designee and the Calculation Agent and (B) if the Benchmark is not SOFR, the time determined by the relevant Issuer or its designee in accordance with the Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes;

“Relevant Governmental Body” means the Federal Reserve Board and/or the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or a committee officially endorsed or convened by the Federal Reserve Board and/or the Federal Reserve Bank of New York or any successor thereto; and

“Unadjusted Benchmark Replacement” means the Benchmark Replacement excluding the Benchmark Replacement Adjustment.

(E) Linear Interpolation

Where Linear Interpolation is specified hereon as applicable in respect of an Interest Period, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be calculated by the Calculation Agent by straight line linear interpolation by reference to two rates based on the relevant Reference Rate (where Screen Rate Determination is specified hereon as applicable) or the relevant Floating Rate Option (where ISDA Determination is specified hereon as

applicable), one of which shall be determined as if the Applicable Maturity were the period of time for which rates are available next shorter than the length of the relevant Interest Period and the other of which shall be determined as if the Applicable Maturity were the period of time for which rates are available next longer than the length of the relevant Interest Period, provided however, that if there is no such rate available for the period of time next shorter or, as the case may be, next longer, then the relevant Issuer shall determine such rate at such time and by reference to such sources as it determines appropriate.

(b) *Resettable Notes*

- (i) Each Resettable Note bears interest on its outstanding amount:
 - (A) from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date up to (but excluding) the First Resettable Note Reset Date at the Initial Rate of Interest;
 - (B) from (and including) the First Resettable Note Reset Date to (but excluding) the Second Resettable Note Reset Date or, if no such Second Resettable Note Reset Date is specified hereon, the Maturity Date, at the First Reset Rate of Interest; and
 - (C) for each Subsequent Reset Period thereafter (if any), at the relevant Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest.

Interest will be payable in arrear on each Resettable Note Interest Payment Date and on the date specified hereon as the Maturity Date.

(ii) *Fallback Provisions for Resettable Notes*

If on any Reset Determination Date the Relevant Screen Page is not available or the Mid-Swap Rate does not appear on the Relevant Screen Page, the Calculation Agent shall request each of the Reference Banks to provide the Calculation Agent with its Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotation as at approximately 11.00 a.m. in the principal financial centre of the Specified Currency on the Reset Determination Date in question. If two or more of the Reference Banks provide the Calculation Agent with Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotations, the First Reset Rate of Interest or the Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest (as applicable) for the relevant Reset Period shall be the sum of the arithmetic mean (rounded, if necessary, to the nearest 0.001 per cent. (0.0005 per cent. being rounded upwards) of the relevant Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotations and the First Margin or Subsequent Margin (as applicable) with such sum converted as set out in the definition of First Reset Rate of Interest or Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest (as applicable), all as determined by the Calculation Agent.

If on any Reset Determination Date only one or none of the Reference Banks provides the Calculation Agent with a Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotation as provided in the foregoing provisions of this Condition 4(b)(ii), the First Reset Rate of Interest or the Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest (as applicable) shall be the sum of the last observable Mid-Swap Rate which appears on the Relevant Screen Page and the First Margin or Subsequent Margin (as applicable) with such sum converted as set out in the definition of First Reset Rate of Interest or Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest (as applicable) all as determined by the Calculation Agent.

(c) *Zero Coupon Notes*

Where a Note, the Interest Basis of which is specified to be zero coupon, is repayable prior to the Maturity Date and is not paid when due, the amount due and payable prior to the Maturity Date shall be the Early Redemption Amount of such Note. As from the Maturity Date, the Rate of Interest for any

overdue principal of such a Note shall be a rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Amortisation Yield (as described in Condition 5(e)(i)).

(d) *Accrual of Interest*

Interest shall cease to accrue on each Note on the due date for redemption unless, upon due presentation, payment is improperly withheld or refused, in which event interest shall continue to accrue (both before and after judgment) at the Rate of Interest in the manner provided in this Condition 4 to the Relevant Date (as defined in Condition 16).

(e) *Margin, Maximum/Minimum Rates of Interest and Redemption Amounts and Rounding*

- (i) If any Margin is specified hereon (either (x) generally, or (y) in relation to one or more Interest Periods), an adjustment shall be made to all Rates of Interest, in the case of (x), or the Rates of Interest for the specified Interest Periods, in the case of (y), calculated in accordance with Condition 4(a) above by adding (if a positive number) or subtracting (if a negative number) the absolute value of such Margin specified on the Notes, subject always to the next paragraph.
- (ii) If any Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest or Optional Redemption Amount is specified on the Notes, then such Rate of Interest or Optional Redemption Amount shall be subject to such maximum or minimum, as the case may be.
- (iii) Unless otherwise stated hereon, the Rate of Interest in respect of any Interest Period shall not be less than zero.
- (iv) For the purposes of any calculations required pursuant to these Conditions (unless otherwise specified), (x) all percentages resulting from such calculations shall be rounded, if necessary, to the nearest one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point (with 0.000005 of a percentage point being rounded up), (y) all figures shall be rounded to seven significant figures (provided that if the eighth significant figure is a 5 or greater, the seventh significant figure shall be rounded up) and (z) all currency amounts which fall due and payable shall be rounded to the nearest unit of such currency (with half a unit being rounded up), save in the case of yen, which shall be rounded down to the nearest yen. For these purposes, "unit" means the lowest amount of such currency which is available as legal tender in the countries of such currency.

(f) *Calculations*

The amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount in respect of any Note for any Interest Period shall be equal to the product of the Rate of Interest, the Calculation Amount specified hereon, and the Day Count Fraction for such Interest Period, unless an Interest Amount (or a formula for its calculation) is applicable to such Interest Period, in which case the amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount in respect of such Note for such Interest Period shall equal such Interest Amount (or be calculated in accordance with such formula). Where any Interest Period comprises two or more Interest Periods, the amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount in respect of such Interest Period shall be the sum of the Interest Amounts payable in respect of each of those Interest Periods. In respect of any other period for which interest is required to be calculated, the provisions above shall apply save that the Day Count Fraction shall be for the period for which interest is required to be calculated.

(g) *Determination and Publication of Rates of Interest, Interest Amounts, Final Redemption Amounts, Early Redemption Amounts, Optional Redemption Amounts and Clean-up Call Option Amounts*

The Calculation Agent shall, as soon as practicable on each Interest Determination Date, or (if applicable) Reset Determination Date or such other time on such date as it may be required to calculate

any rate or amount, obtain any quotation or make any determination or calculation, determine such rate and calculate the Interest Amounts for the relevant Interest Period or Reset Period, calculate the Final Redemption Amount, Early Redemption Amount, Optional Redemption Amount or Clean-up Call Option Amount, obtain such quotation or make such determination or calculation, as the case may be, and cause the Rate of Interest and the Interest Amounts for each Interest Period or Reset Period and the relevant Interest Payment Date and/or Resetable Note Interest Payment Date and, if required to be calculated, the Final Redemption Amount, Early Redemption Amount, Optional Redemption Amount or Clean-up Call Option Amount to be notified to the Trustee, the relevant Issuer, each of the Paying Agents, the Noteholders, any other Calculation Agent appointed in respect of the Notes that is to make a further calculation upon receipt of such information and, if the Notes are listed on a stock exchange and the rules of such exchange or other relevant authority so require, such exchange or other relevant authority as soon as possible after their determination but in no event later than (i) the commencement of the relevant Interest Period or Reset Period, if determined prior to such time, in the case of notification to such exchange of a Rate of Interest and Interest Amount, or (ii) in all other cases, the fourth Business Day after such determination. Where any date is subject to adjustment pursuant to Condition 4(a)(ii), the Interest Amounts and the Interest Payment Date or Resetable Note Interest Payment Date so published may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made with the consent of the Trustee by way of adjustment) without notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Interest Period or Reset Period. If the Notes become due and payable under Condition 9, the accrued interest and the Rate of Interest payable in respect of the Notes shall, subject in the case of each of the SONIA Compounded Index Rate, the SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate, the SOFR Compounded Index Rate and the SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate to Condition 4(a)(iv)(C) or 4(a)(iv)(D, as applicable, nevertheless continue to be calculated as previously in accordance with this Condition 4 but no publication of the Rate of Interest or the Interest Amount so calculated need be made unless the Trustee otherwise requires. The determination of any rate or amount, the obtaining of each quotation and the making of each determination or calculation by the Calculation Agent(s) shall (in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding upon all parties.

(h) *Calculation Agents*

The relevant Issuer will procure that there shall at all times be one or more Calculation Agents if provision is made for them in the Conditions applicable to this Note and for so long as it is outstanding. Where more than one Calculation Agent is appointed in respect of the Notes, references in these Conditions to the Calculation Agent shall be construed as each Calculation Agent performing its respective duties under the Conditions. If the Calculation Agent is unable or unwilling to act as such or if the Calculation Agent fails duly to establish the Rate of Interest for an Interest Period or Reset Period or to calculate any Interest Amount, Early Redemption Amount, Final Redemption Amount, Optional Redemption Amount or Clean-up Call Option Amount, as the case may be, or to comply with any other requirements, the relevant Issuer will appoint a leading bank or financial institution engaged in the interbank market (or, if appropriate, money, swap or over-the-counter index options market) that is most closely connected with the calculation or determination to be made by the Calculation Agent (acting through its principal London office or any other office actively involved in such market) to act as such in its place. The Calculation Agent may not resign its duties without a successor having been appointed as aforesaid.

(i) *Benchmark Discontinuation*

If (i) the Original Reference Rate is not SOFR and (ii) a Benchmark Event occurs in relation to the Original Reference Rate when any Rate of Interest (or any component part thereof) remains to be

determined by reference to such Original Reference Rate, then the following provisions shall apply (with effect from 30 days prior to the first date when such determination is necessary).

(i) *Independent Adviser*

The relevant Issuer shall use its reasonable endeavours to appoint an Independent Adviser, as soon as reasonably practicable, to consult with the relevant Issuer in determining a Successor Rate, failing which an Alternative Rate (in accordance with Condition 4(i)(ii)) and, in either case, an Adjustment Spread and any Benchmark Amendments (in accordance with Condition 4(i)(iv)).

In making such determination, the Independent Adviser appointed pursuant to this Condition 4(i) and the relevant Issuer shall act in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner. In the absence of bad faith or fraud, the relevant Issuer and the Independent Adviser shall have no liability whatsoever to the relevant Issuer, the Trustee, the Calculation Agent, the Paying Agents or the Noteholders, as applicable, for any determination made by the relevant Issuer and/or for any advice given to the relevant Issuer in connection with any determination made by the relevant Issuer pursuant to this Condition 4(i).

If (i) the relevant Issuer is unable to appoint an Independent Adviser; or (ii) the relevant Issuer fails to determine a Successor Rate or, failing which, an Alternative Rate in accordance with this Condition 4(i) prior to the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Rate of Interest applicable to the next succeeding Interest Period shall (subject as provided below) be equal to the Rate of Interest last determined in relation to the Notes in respect of the immediately preceding Interest Period. If there has not been a first Interest Payment Date, the Rate of Interest shall be the Initial Rate of Interest. Where a different Margin or Maximum Rate of Interest or Minimum Rate of Interest is to be applied to the relevant Interest Period from that which applied to the last preceding Interest Period, the Margin or Maximum Rate of Interest or Minimum Rate of Interest relating to the relevant Interest Period shall be substituted in place of the Margin or Maximum Rate of Interest or Minimum Rate of Interest relating to that last preceding Interest Period. For the avoidance of doubt, this paragraph shall apply to the relevant next succeeding Interest Period only and any subsequent Interest Periods are subject to the subsequent operation of, and to adjustment as provided in, this Condition 4(i)(i).

For the purposes of this Condition 4(i) only, in respect of any Resetable Notes, references to (i) Interest Determination Date shall be read as references to Reset Determination Date, (ii) Interest Period shall be read as references to Reset Period and (iii) Interest Payment Date shall be read as references to Resetable Note Reset Date.

(ii) *Successor Rate or Alternative Rate*

If the relevant Issuer, following consultation with the Independent Adviser and acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, determines that:

- (A) there is a Successor Rate, then such Successor Rate and the applicable Adjustment Spread shall subsequently be used in place of the Original Reference Rate to determine the Rate of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) for all future payments of interest on the Notes (subject to the operation of this Condition 4(i)); or
- (B) there is no Successor Rate but that there is an Alternative Rate, then such Alternative Rate and the applicable Adjustment Spread shall subsequently be used in place of the Original Reference Rate to determine the Rate of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) for all future payments of interest on the Notes (subject to the operation of this Condition 4(i)).

(iii) *Adjustment Spread*

The Adjustment Spread (or the formula or methodology for determining the Adjustment Spread) shall be applied to the Successor Rate or the Alternative Rate (as the case may be). If the Issuer, following consultation with the Independent Adviser is unable to determine the quantum of, or a formula or methodology for determining, such Adjustment Spread, then the Successor Rate or Alternative Rate (as applicable) will apply without an Adjustment Spread.

(iv) *Benchmark Amendments*

If any Successor Rate or Alternative Rate and, in either case, the applicable Adjustment Spread is determined in accordance with this Condition 4(i) and the relevant Issuer, following consultation with the Independent Adviser and acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, determines (i) that amendments to these Conditions and/or the Trust Deed are necessary to ensure the proper operation of such Successor Rate or Alternative Rate and/or (in either case) the applicable Adjustment Spread (such amendments, the “Benchmark Amendments”) and (ii) the terms of the Benchmark Amendments, then the relevant Issuer shall, subject to giving notice thereof in accordance with Condition 4(i)(v) without any requirement for the consent or approval of Noteholders, vary these Conditions and/or of the Trust Deed to give effect to such Benchmark Amendments with effect from the date specified in such notice.

At the request of the relevant Issuer, but subject to receipt by the Trustee of an officer’s certificate pursuant to Condition 4(i)(v), the Trustee shall (at the expense of the relevant Issuer), without any requirement for the consent or approval of the Noteholders, be obliged to concur with the relevant Issuer in effecting any Benchmark Amendments (including, *inter alia*, by the execution of a supplemental trust deed to or amending the Trust Deed), provided that the Trustee shall not be obliged so to concur if in the opinion of the Trustee doing so would impose more onerous obligations upon it or expose it to any additional duties, responsibilities or liabilities or reduce or amend the protective provisions afforded to the Trustee in the Trust Deed (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any supplemental trust deed) in any way.

The Calculation Agent or any Paying Agent is not obliged to concur with the relevant Issuer in effecting any Benchmark Amendments which, in the sole opinion of the Calculation Agent or the relevant Paying Agent, as the case may be, would impose more onerous obligations upon it or expose it to any additional duties, responsibilities or liabilities or reduce or amend the protective provisions afforded to the Calculation Agent or the relevant Paying Agent (as applicable) in the Agency Agreement.

In connection with any such variation in accordance with this Condition 4(i), the relevant Issuer shall comply with the rules of any stock exchange on which the Notes are for the time being listed or admitted to trading.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Condition 4(i), no Successor Rate or Alternative Rate will be adopted, nor will the applicable Adjustment Spread be applied, nor will any Benchmark Amendments be made, if and to the extent that, in the determination of the relevant Issuer, the same could reasonably be expected to prejudice the then current or future qualification of the Notes as own funds and eligible liabilities or loss absorbing capacity instruments for the purposes of the Relevant Regulator or by the Loss Absorption Regulations in the case of Notes that are Loss Absorption Notes or further, in the case of Loss Absorption Notes, could reasonably be expected to result in the Relevant Regulator treating the next Interest Payment Date or Reset Date, as the effective maturity date of the Notes, rather than the relevant Maturity Date.

(v) *Notices, etc.*

Any Successor Rate, Alternative Rate, Adjustment Spread and the specific terms of any Benchmark Amendments determined under this Condition 4(i) will be notified at least 10 business days prior to the relevant Interest Determination Date by the relevant Issuer to the Trustee, the Calculation Agent, the Paying Agents and, promptly thereafter, in accordance with Condition 13, the Noteholders. Such notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the effective date of the Benchmark Amendments, if any.

No later than notifying the Noteholders of the same, the relevant Issuer shall deliver to the Trustee an officer's certificate:

- (A) confirming (a) that a Benchmark Event has occurred, (b) the Successor Rate or, as the case may be, the Alternative Rate, (c) the applicable Adjustment Spread and (d) the specific terms of the Benchmark Amendments (if any), in each case as determined in accordance with the provisions of this Condition 4(i); and
- (B) certifying that the Benchmark Amendments (if any) are necessary to ensure the proper operation of such Successor Rate or Alternative Rate and (in either case) the applicable Adjustment Spread.

The Trustee shall be entitled to rely on such certificate (without liability to any person) as sufficient evidence thereof. The Successor Rate or Alternative Rate and the Adjustment Spread and the Benchmark Amendments (if any) specified in such certificate will (in the absence of manifest error or bad faith in the determination of the Successor Rate or Alternative Rate and the Adjustment Spread and the Benchmark Amendments (if any) and without prejudice to the Trustee's ability to rely on such certificate as aforesaid) be binding on the relevant Issuer, the Trustee, the Calculation Agent, the Paying Agents and the Noteholders.

(vi) *Survival of Original Reference Rate*

Without prejudice to the obligations of the relevant Issuer under Conditions 4(i)(i), 4(i)(ii), 4(i)(iii) and 4(i)(iv), the Original Reference Rate and the fallback provisions provided for in Condition 4(a)(iv) and Condition 4(b), as applicable, will continue to apply unless and until a Benchmark Event has occurred.

5 Redemption, Purchase and Options

(a) *Final redemption*

Unless previously redeemed, purchased and cancelled or (pursuant to Condition 5(k)) substituted, each Note will be redeemed at its Final Redemption Amount (which, unless otherwise provided, is its nominal amount) on the Maturity Date specified on each Note.

(b) *Redemption for taxation reasons*

If, as a result of any amendment to, or change in, the laws or regulations of Ireland or any political subdivision thereof or any authority or agency therein or thereof having power to tax or in the officially published application or interpretation or administration of any such laws or regulations which becomes effective on or after the Issue Date of the last Tranche of the Notes, the relevant Issuer would, on the occasion of the next payment date in respect of the Notes, be required to pay additional amounts as provided in Condition 7, the relevant Issuer may, at its sole discretion, on any Interest Payment Date (if this Note is a Floating Rate Note) or at any time (if this Note is not a Floating Rate Note) on giving not more than 45 nor less than 30 days' notice to the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable and

shall specify the date fixed for redemption) in accordance with Condition 13 and (if this Note is a Loss Absorption Note) subject to Condition 5(j), redeem all, but not some only, of the Notes at their Early Redemption Amount as specified hereon together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant date fixed for redemption.

Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this Condition 5(b), the relevant Issuer shall deliver to the Trustee a certificate signed by two Authorised Signatories of the relevant Issuer stating that the relevant Issuer is entitled to effect such redemption and setting forth a statement of the facts showing that the conditions precedent to the right of the relevant Issuer so to redeem have occurred and the Trustee shall be entitled to accept such certificate without further inquiry as sufficient evidence of the satisfaction of the conditions precedent referred to above, in which event it shall be conclusive and binding on the Trustee and the holders of the Notes and Coupons.

(c) *Redemption due to Loss Absorption Disqualification Event*

If a Loss Absorption Disqualification Event is specified hereon as being applicable and if the relevant Issuer determines that a Loss Absorption Disqualification Event has occurred and is continuing, the relevant Issuer may redeem (at its sole discretion and subject to Condition 5(j)) all, but not some only, of the Notes, at any time (if this Note is not a Floating Rate Note) or on any Interest Payment Date (if this Note is a Floating Rate Note) at their Early Redemption Amount as specified hereon together with interest accrued, to (but excluding) the relevant date fixed for redemption, on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice in accordance with Condition 13 (which notice shall be irrevocable and specify the date fixed for redemption).

Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this Condition 5(c), the relevant Issuer shall deliver to the Trustee a certificate signed by two Authorised Signatories of the relevant Issuer stating that the relevant Issuer is entitled to effect such redemption and setting forth a statement of the facts showing that the conditions precedent to the right of the relevant Issuer so to redeem have occurred and the Trustee shall be entitled to accept such certificate without further inquiry as sufficient evidence of the satisfaction of the conditions precedent referred to above, in which event it shall be conclusive and binding on the Trustee, the Noteholders and the Couponholders.

(d) *Purchases*

Subject, as applicable, to Condition 5(j), the relevant Issuer and any of its subsidiaries may purchase (or otherwise acquire), or procure others to purchase (or otherwise acquire) beneficially for its account, Notes (provided that, in the case of Bearer Notes, all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons appertaining thereto are attached or surrendered therewith) in any manner and at any price.

(e) *Early redemption*

(i) *Zero Coupon Notes*

- (A) The Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of any Zero Coupon Note, upon redemption of such Note pursuant to Conditions 5(b) and 5(c) above or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 9 shall be the Amortised Face Amount (calculated as provided below) of such Note unless otherwise specified hereon.
- (B) Subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (C) below, the Amortised Face Amount of any such Note shall be the scheduled Final Redemption Amount of such Note on the Maturity Date discounted at a rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Amortisation Yield (which, if none is shown hereon, shall be such rate as would produce an Amortised

Face Amount equal to the issue price of the Notes if they were discounted back to their issue price on the Issue Date) compounded annually.

- (C) If the Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of any such Note upon its redemption pursuant to Conditions 5(b) and 5(c) or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 9 is not paid when due, the Early Redemption Amount due and payable in respect of such Note shall be the Amortised Face Amount of such Note as described in sub-paragraph (B) above, except that such sub-paragraph shall have effect as though the date on which the Note becomes due and payable were the Relevant Date. The calculation of the Amortised Face Amount in accordance with this sub-paragraph shall continue to be made (both before and after judgment) until the Relevant Date, unless the Relevant Date falls on or after the Maturity Date, in which case the amount due and payable shall be the scheduled Final Redemption Amount of such Note on the Maturity Date together with any interest that may accrue in accordance with Condition 4(c).

Where such calculation is to be made for a period of less than one year, it shall be made on the basis of the Day Count Fraction shown hereon.

(ii) *Other Notes*

The Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of any Note (other than Notes described in paragraph (i) above), upon redemption of such Note pursuant to Condition 5(b) or 5(c) or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 9, shall be the Final Redemption Amount unless otherwise specified hereon.

(f) *Redemption at the option of the relevant Issuer*

If Call Option is specified on the Notes as being applicable, the relevant Issuer may, at its sole discretion but subject to Condition 5(j) in the case of Loss Absorption Notes, on giving not less than 15 nor more than 30 days' notice (which notice shall be irrevocable and specify the date fixed for redemption) to the Noteholders (or such other notice period as may be specified on the Notes) redeem all (or, if so provided, some) of the Notes on any Optional Redemption Date (as specified in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement). Any such redemption of Notes shall be at their Optional Redemption Amount together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant date fixed for redemption.

Any such redemption or exercise must relate to Notes of a nominal amount at least equal to the Minimum Redemption Amount to be redeemed specified hereon and no greater than the Maximum Redemption Amount to be redeemed specified hereon.

All Notes in respect of which any such notice is given shall be redeemed on the date specified in such notice in accordance with this Condition.

In the case of a partial redemption the notice to Noteholders shall also contain the serial numbers of the Bearer Notes or, in the case of Registered Notes, shall specify the nominal amount of Registered Notes drawn and the holder(s) of such Registered Notes, to be redeemed, which shall have been drawn in such place as the Trustee may approve and in such manner as it deems appropriate, subject to compliance with any applicable laws and stock exchange or other relevant authority requirements.

(g) *Clean-up Call Option*

If (i) Clean-up Call Option is specified hereon as being applicable and (ii) the Clean-up Call Minimum Percentage (or more) of the principal amount outstanding of the Notes originally issued has been redeemed or purchased and subsequently cancelled by the relevant Issuer, the relevant Issuer may, at its sole discretion, but subject to Condition 5(j) in the case of Loss Absorption Notes, from (and including)

the Clean-up Call Effective Date on giving not less than 15 nor more than 30 days' notice (which notice shall be irrevocable and specify the date fixed for redemption) to the Noteholders (or such other notice period as may be specified on the Notes) redeem all (but not some only) of the Notes then outstanding at the Clean-up Call Option Amount specified on the Notes together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant date fixed for redemption.

All Notes in respect of which any such notice is given shall be redeemed on the date specified in such notice in accordance with this Condition.

For the purposes of this provision, any additional notes issued pursuant to Condition 12 so as to be consolidated and form a single series with the Notes outstanding at that time will be deemed to have been originally issued.

For the purposes of this provision, "Clean-up Call Effective Date" means the Issue Date of the first tranche of the Notes.

(h) *Redemption at the option of Noteholders*

If Put Option is specified hereon as being applicable, the relevant Issuer shall, at the option of the holder of any such Note, upon the holder of such Note giving not less than 15 nor more than 30 days' notice to the relevant Issuer (or such other notice period as may be specified hereon) redeem such Note on the Optional Redemption Date(s) at its Optional Redemption Amount together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant date fixed for redemption.

To exercise such option the holder must deposit (in the case of Bearer Notes) such Note (together with all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons) with any Paying Agent or (in the case of Registered Notes) the Certificate representing such Note(s) with the Registrar or any Transfer Agent at its specified office, together with a duly completed option exercise notice in the form obtainable from any Paying Agent, the Registrar or any Transfer Agent (as applicable) within the notice period. No Note or Certificate so deposited and option exercised may be withdrawn (except as provided in the Agency Agreement) without the prior consent of the relevant Issuer.

(i) *Cancellation*

All Notes redeemed or substituted by the relevant Issuer pursuant to this Condition 5 will forthwith be cancelled. All Notes purchased by or on behalf of the relevant Issuer or any of its subsidiaries may be held, reissued, resold or, at the option of the relevant Issuer, surrendered for cancellation, in the case of Bearer Notes, by surrendering each such Note together with all unmatured Coupons and all unexchanged Talons to the Issuing and Paying Agent and, in the case of Registered Notes, by surrendering the Certificate representing such Notes to the Registrar and, in each case, if so surrendered, shall, together with all Notes redeemed by the relevant Issuer, be cancelled forthwith (together, in the case of Bearer Notes, with all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons attached thereto or surrendered therewith). Any Notes so surrendered for cancellation may not be reissued or resold and the obligations of the relevant Issuer in respect of any such Notes shall be permanently and irrevocably discharged.

(j) *Conditions to Redemption, Purchase or Modification of Loss Absorption Notes*

Any redemption, purchase or modification of any Loss Absorption Note in accordance with Conditions 5(b), 5(c), 5(d), 5(f), 5(g) or 10, as the case may be, is subject to the following conditions (in each case to the extent, and in the manner, required by the Relevant Regulator and the Loss Absorption Regulations):

- (i) the relevant Issuer giving notice to the Relevant Regulator and the Relevant Regulator granting permission to redeem, purchase or modify the relevant Loss Absorption Notes and such permission not having been revoked by the relevant date of such redemption, purchase or modification; and/or
- (ii) the relevant Issuer, before or at the same time as any redemption or purchase, replaces the relevant Loss Absorption Notes with own funds or eligible liabilities instruments of equal or higher quality at terms that are sustainable for the income capacity of the institution; and/or
- (iii) the relevant Issuer having demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Relevant Regulator that the own funds and eligible liabilities of the relevant Issuer would, following any such redemption or purchase of the Loss Absorption Notes, exceed the requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities laid down in the Loss Absorption Regulations by a margin that the Relevant Regulator considers necessary; and/or
- (iv) the relevant Issuer having demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Relevant Regulator that the partial or full replacement of the Notes is necessary to ensure compliance with the own funds requirements laid down in the Loss Absorption Regulations for continuing authorisation; and/or
- (v) compliance with any alternative or additional pre-conditions to such redemption, purchase or modification as may be required by the Relevant Regulator or the Loss Absorption Regulations at such time.

(k) *Substitution and Variation*

If “Substitution and Variation” is specified hereon as being applicable, then:

(i) *Substitution and Variation*

If a Loss Absorption Disqualification Event has occurred and is continuing, the relevant Issuer (in its sole discretion but subject to the provisions of paragraph (ii) below), having given:

- (A) not less than 15 nor more than 30 days’ notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13; and
- (B) prior notice to the Trustee before the giving of the notice referred to in (A) and having delivered to the Trustee the certificate referred to in the definition of “Loss Absorption Compliant Notes” in Condition 16,

(which notices shall be irrevocable), may, without any requirement for the consent or approval of the Noteholders, either substitute all (but not some only) of the Notes for, or vary the terms of the Notes so that they remain or, as appropriate, become, Loss Absorption Compliant Notes. Upon the expiry of the notice referred to in (A) above, the relevant Issuer shall either vary the terms of or, as the case may be, substitute the Notes in accordance with this Condition 5(k)(i) and, subject as set out in Conditions 5(k)(ii) and (iii), the Trustee shall agree to such substitution or variation.

In connection with any substitution or variation in accordance with this Condition 5(k), the relevant Issuer shall comply with the rules of any stock exchange on which such Notes are for the time being listed or admitted to trading.

(ii) *Conditions to Substitution and Variation*

Any substitution or variation in accordance with this Condition 5(k) is subject to the following conditions:

- (A) the relevant Issuer shall have obtained the permission from the Relevant Regulator (if then required by the Relevant Regulator or by the Loss Absorption Regulations at such time) and such permission not having been revoked by the relevant date of such substitution or variation;
- (B) such substitution or variation must be permitted by, and conducted in accordance with, any other applicable requirement of the Relevant Regulator or under the Loss Absorption Regulations at such time;
- (C) such substitution or variation shall not result in any event or circumstance which at or around that time gives the relevant Issuer a redemption right in respect of the Notes; and
- (D) prior to the publication of any notice of substitution or variation pursuant to this Condition 5(k), the relevant Issuer shall have delivered to the Trustee a certificate signed by two Authorised Signatories of the relevant Issuer stating that the Loss Absorption Disqualification Event giving rise to the right to substitute or vary the Notes has occurred and is continuing as at the date of the certificate, that all conditions set out in (A), (B) and (C) above have been satisfied and the Trustee shall be entitled to accept such certificate without any further inquiry as sufficient evidence thereof, in which event it shall be conclusive and binding on the Trustee, the Noteholders and, as applicable, the Couponholders.

(iii) *Role of the Trustee in Substitution and Variation*

The Trustee shall, subject to the relevant Issuer's compliance with Condition 5(k)(ii) and the provision of the certificates signed by two Authorised Signatories of the relevant Issuer and at the request, expense and cost of the relevant Issuer, use its reasonable endeavours to assist the relevant Issuer in any substitution or variation of Notes pursuant to this Condition 5(k), except that the Trustee shall not be obliged to assist with, or agree to, any such substitution or variation if either such substitution or variation itself or the terms of the proposed Loss Absorption Compliant Notes would impose, in the Trustee's opinion, more onerous obligations upon it or require the Trustee to incur any liability for which it is not indemnified and/or secured and/or pre-funded to its satisfaction.

6 Payments and Talons

(a) *Bearer Notes*

Payments of principal and interest in respect of Bearer Notes shall, subject as mentioned below, be made against presentation and surrender of the relevant Notes (in the case of all payments of principal and, in the case of interest, as specified in Condition 6(f)(v)) or Coupons (in the case of interest, save as specified in Condition 6(f)(ii)), as the case may be, at the specified office of any Paying Agent outside the United States by a cheque payable in the relevant currency drawn on, or, at the option of the holder, by transfer to an account denominated in such currency with, a Bank. "Bank" means a bank in the principal financial centre for such currency or, in the case of euro, in a city in which banks have access to T2.

(b) *Registered Notes*

- (i) Payments of principal in respect of Registered Notes shall be made against presentation and surrender of the relevant Certificates at the specified office of any of the Transfer Agents or of the Registrar and in the manner provided in paragraph (ii) below.

- (ii) Interest on Registered Notes shall be paid to the person shown on the Register at the close of business on the fifteenth day before the due date for payment thereof (the “Record Date”). Payments of interest on each Registered Note shall be made in the relevant currency by cheque drawn on a Bank and mailed to the holder (or to the first-named of joint holders) of such Note at its address appearing in the Register. Upon application by the holder to the specified office of the Registrar or any Transfer Agent before the Record Date, such payment of interest may be made by transfer to an account in the relevant currency maintained by the payee with a Bank.

(c) *Payments in the United States*

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any Bearer Notes are denominated in U.S. dollars, payments in respect thereof may be made at the specified office of any Paying Agent in New York City in the same manner as aforesaid if (i) the relevant Issuer shall have appointed Paying Agents with specified offices outside the United States with the reasonable expectation that such Paying Agents would be able to make payment of the amounts on the Notes in the manner provided above when due, (ii) payment in full of such amounts at all such offices is illegal or effectively precluded by exchange controls or other similar restrictions on payment or receipt of such amounts and (iii) such payment is then permitted by United States law, without involving, in the opinion of the relevant Issuer, any adverse tax consequence to the relevant Issuer.

(d) *Payments subject to law etc.*

All payments are subject in all cases to any applicable fiscal or other laws, regulations and directives in the place of payment, but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 7. No commission or expenses shall be charged to the Noteholders or Couponholders in respect of such payments.

(e) *Appointment of Agents*

The Issuing and Paying Agent, the other Paying Agents, the Registrar, the Transfer Agents and the Calculation Agent initially appointed by the relevant Issuer and their respective specified offices are listed below. The Issuing and Paying Agent, the other Paying Agents, the Registrar, the Transfer Agents and the Calculation Agent act solely as agents of the relevant Issuer and, in certain circumstances specified in the Agency Agreement, of the Trustee and do not assume any obligation or relationship of agency or trust for or with any Noteholder or Couponholder. The relevant Issuer reserves the right at any time with the approval of the Trustee to vary or terminate the appointment of the Issuing and Paying Agent, any other Paying Agent, the Registrar, any Transfer Agent or the Calculation Agent(s) and to appoint additional or other Paying Agents or Transfer Agents, provided that the relevant Issuer shall at all times maintain (i) an Issuing and Paying Agent, (ii) a Registrar in relation to Registered Notes, (iii) a Transfer Agent in relation to Registered Notes, (iv) one or more Calculation Agent(s) where the Conditions so require, (v) a Paying Agent in a jurisdiction within Europe, other than the jurisdiction in which the relevant Issuer is incorporated and (vi) such other agents as may be required by any other stock exchange on which the Notes may be listed, in each case, as approved by the Trustee.

In addition, the relevant Issuer shall forthwith appoint a Paying Agent in New York in respect of any Bearer Notes denominated in U.S. dollars in the circumstances described in paragraph (c) above.

Notice of any such change or any change of any specified office will promptly be given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13.

(f) *Unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons*

- (i) Upon the due date for redemption of Bearer Notes which comprise Fixed Rate Notes, those Notes should be surrendered for payment together with all unexpired Coupons (if any) relating thereto,

failing which an amount equal to the face value of each missing unmatured Coupon (or, in the case of payment not being made in full, that proportion of the amount of such missing unmatured Coupon which the sum of principal so paid bears to the total principal due) will be deducted from the Final Redemption Amount, Early Redemption Amount, Optional Redemption Amount or Clean-up Call Option Amount, as the case may be, due for payment. Any amount so deducted will be paid in the manner mentioned above against surrender of such missing Coupon within a period of 10 years from the Relevant Date for the payment of such principal (whether or not such Coupon has become void pursuant to Condition 8).

- (ii) Upon the due date for redemption of any Bearer Note comprising a Floating Rate Note, unmatured Coupons relating to such Note (whether or not attached) shall become void and no payment shall be made in respect of them.
- (iii) Upon the due date for redemption of any Bearer Note, any unexchanged Talon relating to such Note (whether or not attached) shall become void and no Coupon shall be delivered in respect of such Talon.
- (iv) Where any Bearer Note which provides that the relative unmatured Coupons are to become void upon the due date for redemption of those Notes is presented for redemption without all unmatured Coupons, and where any Bearer Note is presented for redemption without any unexchanged Talon relating to it, redemption shall be made only against the provisions of such indemnity as the relevant Issuer may require.
- (v) If the due date for redemption of any Note is not a due date for payment of interest, interest accrued from the preceding due date for payment of interest or the Interest Commencement Date, as the case may be, shall only be payable against presentation (and surrender if appropriate) of the relevant Bearer Note or Certificate representing it, as the case may be. Interest accrued on a Note which only bears interest after its Maturity Date shall be payable on redemption of such Note against presentation of the relevant Note or Certificate representing it, as the case may be.

(g) Talons

On or after the Interest Payment Date for the final Coupon forming part of a Coupon sheet issued in respect of any Bearer Note, the Talon forming part of such Coupon sheet may be surrendered at the specified office of the Issuing and Paying Agent in exchange for a further Coupon sheet (and if necessary another Talon for a further Coupon sheet) (but excluding any Coupons which may have become void pursuant to Condition 8).

(h) Non-Business Days

If any date for payment in respect of any Note or Coupon is not a business day, the holder shall not be entitled to payment until the next following business day nor to any interest or other sum in respect of such postponed payment. In this paragraph, “business day” means a day (other than a Saturday or a Sunday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for business in the relevant place of presentation, in such jurisdictions as shall be specified as “Financial Centres” hereon and:

- (i) (in the case of a payment in a currency other than euro) where payment is to be made by transfer to an account maintained with a bank in the relevant currency, on which foreign exchange transactions may be carried on in the relevant currency in the principal financial centre of the country of such currency; or
- (ii) (in the case of a payment in euro) which is a T2 Business Day.

7 Taxation

All payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes and the Coupons by the relevant Issuer shall be made free and clear of, and without deduction or withholding for, or on account of, any taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by Ireland or any authority therein or thereof having power to tax, unless such deduction or withholding is required by law. In such event, the relevant Issuer shall (i) in the case of Loss Absorption Notes, in respect of payments of interest (but not principal or any other amount) or (ii) in the case of Notes other than Loss Absorption Notes, in respect of all payments of principal and interest, pay such additional amounts as will result in receipt by the Noteholders or, as the case may be, the Couponholders of such amounts as would have been received by them had no such deduction or withholding been required, except that no such additional amounts shall be payable with respect to any Note or Coupon:

- (i) presented (or in respect of which the Certificate representing it is presented) for payment by or on behalf of a holder who is liable to such taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges in respect of such Note or Coupon by reason of their having some connection with Ireland, other than the mere holding of such Note or Coupon or the receipt of the relevant payment in respect thereof; or
- (ii) presented (or in respect of which the Certificate representing it is presented) for payment more than 30 days after the Relevant Date, except to the extent that the holder thereof would have been entitled to such additional amounts on presenting the same for payment on such 30th day; or
- (iii) presented (or in respect of which the Certificate representing it is presented) by, or by a third party on behalf of, a holder who could lawfully avoid (but has not so avoided) such deduction or withholding by complying or procuring that any third party complies with any statutory requirements or by making or procuring that any third party makes a declaration of non-residence or other similar claim for exemption to any tax authority in the place where the relevant Note (or the Certificate representing it) or Coupon is presented for payment.

References in these Conditions to (i) “principal” shall be deemed to include any premium payable in respect of the Notes, all Final Redemption Amounts, Early Redemption Amounts, Optional Redemption Amounts, Clean-up Call Option Amounts, Amortised Face Amounts and all other amounts in the nature of principal payable pursuant to Condition 5 or any amendment or supplement to it, (ii) “interest” shall be deemed to include all Interest Amounts and all other amounts payable pursuant to Condition 4 or any amendment or supplement to it and (iii) “principal” and/or “interest” shall be deemed to include any additional amounts which may be payable under this Condition or any undertaking given in addition to or in substitution for it under the Trust Deed.

For the avoidance of doubt, any amounts to be paid on the Notes will be subject in all cases to any withholding or deduction required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the Code or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code (or any regulations thereunder or official interpretations thereof) or an intergovernmental agreement between the United States and Ireland, facilitating the implementation thereof (or any law implementing such an intergovernmental agreement). Any such amounts withheld or deducted will be treated as paid for all purposes under the Notes, and no additional amounts will be paid on the Notes with respect to any such withholding or deduction.

8 Prescription

Claims against the relevant Issuer for payment in respect of the Notes and Coupons (which, for this purpose shall not include Talons) shall be prescribed and become void unless made within 10 years (in the case of principal) or five years (in the case of interest) from the appropriate Relevant Date in respect thereof.

9 Events of Default

(a) *Non-restricted Events of Default*

This Condition 9(a) shall apply unless “Restricted Events of Default” is specified as being applicable hereon (in which case Condition 9(b) shall apply).

If any of the following events (“Events of Default”) occurs and is continuing, the Trustee, at its discretion may, and if so requested by holders of at least one-fifth in nominal amount of the Notes then outstanding or if so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution shall (subject, in each case, to being indemnified and/or secured and/or pre-funded to its satisfaction), give written notice to the relevant Issuer that the Notes are, and they shall immediately become, due and repayable at their Early Redemption Amount together (if applicable) with accrued interest as provided in the Trust Deed:

- (i) **Non-Payment:** default is made for more than seven days (in the case of principal) or 15 days (in the case of any other amount in respect of the Notes) after the due date for payment of interest or principal in respect of any of the Notes provided that it shall not be an Event of Default if the non-payment is due solely to administrative error (whether by the relevant Issuer or a bank involved in transferring funds to the Issuing and Paying Agent) and payment is made within three business days in London after notice of that non-payment has been given to the relevant Issuer by the Trustee; or
- (ii) **Breach of Other Obligations:** the relevant Issuer does not perform or comply with any one or more of its other obligations in the Notes or the Trust Deed which default is incapable of remedy or, if in the opinion of the Trustee, is capable of remedy, and is not in the opinion of the Trustee remedied within 60 days after notice of such default shall have been given to the relevant Issuer by the Trustee, provided that the Trustee shall have certified that, in its opinion, such breach is materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders; or
- (iii) **Insolvency:** the relevant Issuer is (or is, or could be, deemed by law or a court to be) insolvent or is unable or deemed to be unable to pay its debts (within the meaning of section 570 of the Companies Act 2014 or Section 28 of the Central Bank Act 1971 of Ireland (as amended)), as the same may be amended, modified or re-enacted, or admits in writing its inability to pay its debts as they mature; or
- (iv) **Winding-up:** an order is made or an effective resolution passed for the winding-up of the relevant Issuer, or the relevant Issuer ceases or threatens to cease to carry on all or substantially all of its business or operations, except for the purpose of, and followed by, a reconstruction, amalgamation, reorganisation, merger or consolidation on terms approved in writing by the Trustee or by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders.

(b) *Restricted Events of Default*

(i) *Restricted Events of Default*

This Condition 9(b) shall apply only if “Restricted Events of Default” is specified hereon as being applicable.

- (A) If the relevant Issuer shall not make payment in respect of the Notes (in the case of any payment of principal and/or premium) for a period of seven days or more after the due date for the same or (in the case of any payment of interest) for a period of 15 days or more after a date upon which the payment of interest is due (provided that it shall not be a Restricted Event of Default if the non-payment is due solely to administrative error (whether by the relevant Issuer or a bank involved in transferring funds to the Issuing and

Paying Agent) and payment is made within three business days in London after notice of that non-payment has been given to the relevant Issuer by the Trustee), the Trustee may, subject as provided in (ii) below, at its discretion, institute proceedings in Ireland (but not elsewhere) for the winding-up of the relevant Issuer but (save as provided in (B) below) may take no further action in respect of such default.

- (B) In the event of a Winding-Up, whether or not instituted by the Trustee pursuant to (A), the Trustee may, subject as provided in (ii) below, at its discretion, give written notice to the relevant Issuer that the Notes are, and they shall accordingly thereby forthwith become, immediately due and repayable at their Early Redemption Amount as defined in Condition 5(e), plus accrued interest as provided in the Trust Deed.
- (C) Without prejudice to paragraphs (A) and (B) above, the Trustee may, subject as provided in (ii) below, at its discretion and without further notice, institute such proceedings against the relevant Issuer as it may think fit to enforce any obligation, condition or provision binding on the relevant Issuer under the Notes, the Coupons or the Trust Deed (other than any obligation for the payment of any principal, premium or interest in respect of the Notes), provided that the relevant Issuer shall not as a consequence of such proceedings be obliged to pay any sum or sums representing or measured by reference to principal or interest in respect of the Notes sooner than the same would otherwise have been due and payable by it or any damages.

(ii) *Enforcement*

The Trustee shall be bound to take action as referred to in Condition 9(b)(i)(A), (B) or (C) above if (1) it shall have been so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders or requested in writing by the holders of at least one-fifth in nominal amount of the Notes then outstanding and (2) it shall have been indemnified and/or secured and/or pre-funded to its satisfaction.

No Noteholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the relevant Issuer unless the Trustee, having become bound so to proceed, fails or is unable to do so within a reasonable period and such failure or inability shall be continuing, in which case the Noteholder shall have only such rights against the relevant Issuer as those which the Trustee is entitled to exercise pursuant to this Condition 9.

No Noteholder shall be entitled to institute proceedings for the winding-up of the relevant Issuer, or to prove in any Winding-Up, except that if the Trustee, having become bound to proceed against the relevant Issuer as aforesaid, fails to do so within a reasonable period and the failure shall be continuing or, being able to prove in any Winding-Up, fails to do so, then any such holder may, on giving an indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee, institute proceedings for the winding-up in Ireland (but not elsewhere) of the relevant Issuer and/or prove in any Winding-Up to the same extent (but not further or otherwise) that the Trustee would have been entitled so to do in respect of its Notes.

No remedy against the relevant Issuer, other than as referred to in this Condition 9, shall be available to the Trustee or the Noteholders whether for the recovery of amounts owing in respect of the Notes or under the Trust Deed or in respect of any breach by the relevant Issuer of any of its obligations under the Trust Deed or the Notes (other than for recovery of the Trustee's remuneration or expenses).

10 Meetings of Noteholders, Modifications, Waiver and Substitution

(a) Meetings of Noteholders

The Trust Deed contains provisions for convening meetings of Noteholders (including meetings held via an electronic platform (as defined in the Trust Deed)) to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution of a modification of any of these Conditions or any provisions of the Trust Deed. Such a meeting may be convened by the relevant Issuer or the Trustee and shall be convened by the relevant Issuer if required in writing by Noteholders holding not less than 10 per cent. in principal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding. The quorum for any meeting convened to consider an Extraordinary Resolution shall be two or more persons holding or representing a clear majority in principal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding, or at any adjourned meeting two or more persons being or representing Noteholders whatever the principal amount of the Notes held or represented, unless the business of such meeting includes consideration of proposals, *inter alia*, (i) to amend the dates of maturity or redemption of the Notes, or any date for payment of interest or Interest Amounts thereon, (ii) to reduce or cancel the principal amount, or any premium payable on redemption of, the Notes, (iii) to reduce the rate or rates of interest in respect of the Notes or to vary the method or basis of calculating the rate or rates or amount of interest or the basis for calculating any Interest Amount in respect thereof, (iv) if there is shown on the face of the Notes a Minimum Rate of Interest and/or a Maximum Rate of Interest, to reduce such Minimum Rate of Interest and/or such Maximum Rate of Interest, (v) to change any method of, or basis for, calculating the Final Redemption Amount, the Early Redemption Amount, the Optional Redemption Amount, the Clean-up Call Option Amount or the Amortised Face Amount of any Note, (vi) to change the currency or currencies of payment of the Notes (other than upon the country of such currency adopting the euro as its currency), (vii) to modify the provisions concerning the quorum required at any meeting of Noteholders or any adjournment thereof or the majority required to pass an Extraordinary Resolution or (viii) to alter the provisions as to the status of the Notes contained in Condition 3 and in the Trust Deed (except to the extent that such alteration would, in the opinion of the Trustee, not be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders), in which case the necessary quorum shall be two or more persons holding or representing not less than 75 per cent., or at any adjourned meeting not less than 25 per cent., in principal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding.

The agreement or approval of the Noteholders shall not be required in the case of any variation of these Conditions and/or the Trust Deed required to be made in the circumstances described in Condition 4(i) or those described in Condition 5(k) in connection with the variation of the terms of the Notes and to which the Trustee has agreed pursuant to the relevant provisions of Condition 4(i) or, as applicable, Condition 5(k).

The Trust Deed provides that a resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of the holders of not less than 75 per cent. in principal amount of the Notes outstanding shall for all purposes be as valid and effective as an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a meeting of Noteholders duly convened and held. Such a resolution in writing may be contained in one document or several documents in the same form, each signed by or on behalf of one or more Noteholders.

Any Extraordinary Resolution duly passed shall be binding on Noteholders (whether or not they were present at the meeting at which such resolution was passed) and on all Couponholders.

(b) Modification and Waiver

The Trustee may agree, without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders but subject to Condition 10(f), to (i) any modification of any of these Conditions or the provisions of the Trust Deed which is of a formal, minor or technical nature or is made to correct a manifest error, and (ii) any other

modification (except as mentioned in the Trust Deed), and any waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach, of any of the provisions of the Trust Deed which is in the opinion of the Trustee not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders. In addition, the Trustee shall be obliged to effect such modifications to the Trust Deed and/or these Conditions as may be required in order to give effect to Condition 4(i) in connection with effecting any Benchmark Amendments or any Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes, subject to the provisions thereof, without the requirement for the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders.

Any such modification, authorisation or waiver shall be binding on the Noteholders and the Couponholders and, if the Trustee so requires, such modification shall be notified by the Issuer to the Noteholders as soon as practicable.

(c) *Substitution*

The Trust Deed contains provisions permitting the Trustee to agree, subject to such amendment of the Trust Deed and such other conditions as the Trustee may require and Condition 10(f), but without the consent of the Noteholders or the Couponholders, to the substitution of a successor in business of the relevant Issuer in place of the relevant Issuer, or of any previous substituted company, as principal debtor under the Trust Deed and the Notes provided that, unless such substituted company is a successor in business of the relevant Issuer, the relevant Issuer unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees the payment of all moneys payable by the substituted company as principal debtor under the Trust Deed and the Notes, and subject to the Trustee being satisfied that the substitution is not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders. In the case of such a substitution the Trustee may agree, without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders, to a change of the law governing the Notes, the Coupons and/or the Trust Deed provided that such change would not in the opinion of the Trustee be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders.

(d) *Entitlement of the Trustee*

In connection with the exercise of its functions (including but not limited to, any modification, waiver, authorisation, determination or substitution) the Trustee shall have regard to the interests of the Noteholders as a class and shall not have regard to the consequences of such exercise for individual Noteholders or Couponholders and the Trustee shall not be entitled to require, nor shall any Noteholder or Couponholder be entitled to claim, from the relevant Issuer, the Trustee or any other person any indemnification or payment in respect of any tax consequence of any such exercise upon individual Noteholders or Couponholders.

(e) *Indemnification of the Trustee*

The Trust Deed contains provisions for the indemnification of the Trustee and for its relief from responsibility. The Trustee is entitled to enter into business transactions with the relevant Issuer and any entity related to the relevant Issuer and to act as trustee for the holders of any other securities issued or guaranteed by, or relating to, the relevant Issuer and/or any entity related to the relevant Issuer. The Trustee is entitled to retain and not be liable to account for any profit made or any other amount or benefit received thereby or in connection therewith.

The Trustee may rely without liability to the Noteholders or Couponholders on a report, confirmation or certificate or any advice of any accountants, financial advisers, financial institution or any other expert, whether or not addressed to the Trustee and whether its liability in relation thereto is limited (by its terms or by any engagement letter relating thereto entered into by the Trustee or in any other manner) by reference to a monetary cap, methodology or otherwise. The Trustee may accept and shall be entitled to

rely on any such report, confirmation or certificate or advice and such report, confirmation or certificate or advice shall be binding on the relevant Issuer, the Trustee and the Noteholders.

The Trustee shall not be liable for any consequences of any application of Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers (as provided in Condition 15(c) below) in respect of the relevant Issuer or any of its affiliates or any Notes and shall not be required to take any action in connection therewith that would, in the Trustee's opinion, expose the Trustee to any liability or expense unless it shall have been indemnified and/or secured and/or prefunded to its satisfaction; provided that nothing in this Condition shall prevent any application of Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers in respect of the relevant Issuer or any of its affiliates or any Notes from taking effect, and each Noteholder or Couponholder, by its acquisition of any Note or Coupon, authorises and instructs the Trustee to take such steps as may be necessary or expedient in order to give effect to any such application of Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers.

(f) *Regulatory consent*

If this Note is a Loss Absorption Note, any modification pursuant to this Condition 10 is subject to Condition 5(j).

11 Replacement of Notes, Certificates, Coupons and Talons

If a Note, Certificate, Coupon or Talon is lost, stolen, mutilated, defaced or destroyed it may be replaced, subject to applicable laws and stock exchange regulations, at the specified office of the Issuing and Paying Agent (in the case of Bearer Notes, Coupons or Talons) and of the Registrar (in the case of Certificates) or such other Paying Agent or Transfer Agent, as the case may be, as may from time to time be designated by the relevant Issuer for the purpose and notice of whose designation is given to Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13, in each case on payment by the claimant of the fees and costs incurred in connection therewith and on such terms as to evidence, security and indemnity (which may provide, inter alia, that if the allegedly lost, stolen or destroyed Note, Certificate, Coupon or Talon is subsequently presented for payment or, as the case may be, for exchange for further Coupons, there will be paid to the relevant Issuer on demand the amount payable by the relevant Issuer in respect of such Notes, Certificates, Coupons or further Coupons) and otherwise as the relevant Issuer may require. Mutilated or defaced Notes, Certificates, Coupons or Talons must be surrendered before replacements will be issued.

12 Further Issues

The relevant Issuer may from time to time without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders create and issue further notes having the same terms and conditions as the Notes or the same in all respects (or in all respects except for the first payment of interest thereon) and so that such further notes shall be consolidated and form a single series with such Notes, and references in these Conditions to "Notes" shall be construed accordingly. Any further securities forming a single series with the outstanding securities of any series (including the Notes) constituted by the Trust Deed or any deed supplemental to it shall, and any other securities may (with the consent of the Trustee), be constituted by a deed supplemental to the Trust Deed. The Trust Deed contains provisions for convening a single meeting of the Noteholders and the holders of securities of other series where the Trustee so decides.

13 Notices

Notices required to be given to the holders of Registered Notes pursuant to the Conditions shall be mailed to them at their respective addresses in the Register and deemed to have been given on the fourth weekday (being a day other than a Saturday or a Sunday) after the date of mailing. Notices required to be given to the holders

of Bearer Notes pursuant to the Conditions shall be valid if published in a daily newspaper of general circulation in London and Dublin or, if in the opinion of the Trustee, such publication is not practicable, in another leading daily English language newspaper of general circulation in Europe approved by the Trustee. It is expected that such publication will be made in the *Financial Times* in London and in *The Irish Times* in Dublin. So long as the Notes are listed and/or admitted to trading, the relevant Issuer shall ensure that notices required to be given to the holders of the Notes pursuant to the Conditions shall also be published (if such publication is required) in a manner which complies with the rules and regulations of any stock exchange or other relevant authority on which the Notes are listed and/or admitted to trading. Notices, will, if published more than once, be deemed to have been given on the date of the first publication as provided above.

Couponholders shall be deemed for all purposes to have notice of the contents of any notice given to the holders of Bearer Notes in accordance with this Condition.

14 Rights of Third Parties

In the case of English Law Notes, no person shall have any right to enforce any term or condition of the Notes under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999.

15 Governing Law, Jurisdiction and Acknowledgement of Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers

(a) Governing Law

The Trust Deed, the Notes, the Coupons and the Talons and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with them are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with (i) in the case of an English Law Note, English law (except that Conditions 3 and 15(c) shall be construed in accordance with the laws of Ireland) or (ii) in the case of an Irish Law Note, the laws of Ireland.

(b) Jurisdiction

- (i) In the case of English Law Notes, the Courts of England are to have jurisdiction to settle any disputes which may arise out of or in connection with any such Notes, Coupons or Talons or the Trust Deed and accordingly any legal action or proceedings arising out of or in connection with any such Notes, Coupons or Talons or the Trust Deed ("Proceedings") may be brought in such courts. The relevant Issuer irrevocably submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of England and waives any objection to Proceedings in such courts on the ground of venue or on the ground that the Proceedings have been brought in an inconvenient forum. This submission is made for the benefit of each of the holders of such Notes, Coupons and Talons and, to the extent permitted by law, shall not affect the right of any of them to take (A) Proceedings in any other court, provided that court would be competent to hear the dispute pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 1215/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2012 on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters (recast), or the 2007 Lugano Convention on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters; and (B) concurrent Proceedings in any number of jurisdictions identified in this Condition 15(b)(i) that are competent to hear those Proceedings.
- (ii) In the case of Irish Law Notes, the Courts of Ireland are to have jurisdiction to settle any disputes which may arise out of or in connection with any such Notes, Coupons or Talons or the Trust Deed and accordingly any legal action or proceedings arising out of or in connection with any such Notes, Coupons or Talons or the Trust Deed ("Proceedings") may be brought in such courts. The relevant Issuer irrevocably submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of Ireland and waives any objection to Proceedings in such courts on the ground of venue or on the ground that the Proceedings have been brought in an inconvenient forum. This submission is made for the benefit

of each of the holders of such Notes, Coupons and Talons and, to the extent permitted by law, shall not affect the right of any of them to take (A) Proceedings in any other court, provided that court would be competent to hear the dispute pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 1215/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2012 on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters (recast), or the 2007 Lugano Convention on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters; and (B) concurrent Proceedings in any number of jurisdictions identified in this Condition 15(b)(ii) that are competent to hear those Proceedings.

(c) *Acknowledgement of Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers*

Notwithstanding, and to the exclusion of, any other term of the Notes or any other agreements, arrangements or understanding between the relevant Issuer and the Trustee or any Noteholder or Couponholder, the Trustee and, by its acquisition of any Note or Coupon (or any interest therein), each Noteholder and Couponholder (which for the purposes of this Condition, includes each holder of a beneficial interest in the Notes and/or the Coupons) acknowledges and accepts that any liability arising under the Notes or Coupons may be subject to the exercise of Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority and acknowledges, accepts, consents to and agrees to be bound by:

- (i) the effect of the exercise of any Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority, which exercise (without limitation) may include and result in any of the following, or a combination thereof:
 - (A) the reduction of all, or a portion, of the Relevant Amounts in respect of the Notes and/or Coupons;
 - (B) the conversion of all, or a portion, of the Relevant Amounts in respect of the Notes and/or Coupons into shares, other securities or other obligations of the relevant Issuer or another person, and the issue to or conferral on the Noteholder or Couponholder of such shares, securities or obligations, including by means of an amendment, modification or variation of the terms of the Notes and/or Coupons;
 - (C) the cancellation of the Notes and/or Coupons or the Relevant Amounts in respect thereof; and
 - (D) the amendment or alteration of the Maturity Date of the Notes or amendment of the amount of interest payable on the Notes, or the date on which interest becomes payable, including by suspending payment for a temporary period; and
- (ii) the variation of the terms of the Notes and/or Coupons as deemed necessary by the Relevant Resolution Authority, to give effect to the exercise of any Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority.

No repayment or payment of Relevant Amounts in respect of the Notes will become due and payable or be paid after the exercise of any Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority if and to the extent such amounts have been reduced, converted, cancelled, amended or altered as a result of such exercise.

Neither a reduction or cancellation, in part or in full, of the Relevant Amounts, the conversion thereof into another security or obligation of the relevant Issuer or another person, as a result of the exercise of the Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority with respect to the

relevant Issuer, nor the exercise of the Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority with respect to the Notes and/or Coupons will be an event of default.

Upon the exercise of the Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority with respect to the Notes and/or Coupons, the relevant Issuer will (i) provide a written notice to the Noteholders and Couponholders in accordance with Condition 13 as soon as practicable regarding such exercise of the Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers; and (ii) deliver a copy of such notice to the Trustee for information purposes; provided, however, any delay or failure by the relevant Issuer to give such notice will not affect the effectiveness of, or otherwise invalidate, any exercise of the Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority pursuant to Condition 15(c) or give Noteholders any rights as a result of either such failure.

(d) *Service of Process*

The relevant Issuer agrees that the process by which any proceedings in England are begun may be served on it by being delivered to Allied Irish Banks, p.l.c., London Branch at St. Helen's, 1 Undershaft, London EC3A 8AB (Head of Branch). If for any reason service of process cannot be made in accordance with the above, the relevant Issuer must immediately appoint an agent for service of process and notify the Noteholders of such appointment. The relevant Issuer agrees that failure by a process agent to notify it of any process will not invalidate the relevant proceedings. This Condition 15(d) does not affect any other method of service allowed by law.

16 Definitions

Capitalised terms not defined in these Terms and Conditions will have the meaning given to them in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement.

In these Conditions, the following expressions have the following meanings:

“2015 Regulations” means S.I. No. 289 of 2015 – European Union (Bank Recovery and Resolution) Regulations 2015, as amended (including by the 2019 Regulations) and as may be further amended and superseded from time to time;

“2019 Regulations” means S.I. No 127 of 2019 – European Union (Bank Recovery and Resolution) Regulations 2019, as may be amended or superseded from time to time;

“Adjustment Spread” means either (a) a spread (which may be positive, negative or zero) or (b) a formula or methodology for calculating a spread, in each case to be applied to the Successor Rate or the Alternative Rate (as the case may be) and is the spread, formula or methodology which:

- (i) in the case of a Successor Rate, is formally recommended in relation to the replacement of the Original Reference Rate with the Successor Rate by any Relevant Nominating Body; or (if no such recommendation has been made, or in the case of an Alternative Rate)
- (ii) the relevant Issuer, following consultation with the Independent Adviser, determines is customarily applied to the relevant Successor Rate or the Alternative Rate (as the case may be) in international debt capital markets transactions to produce an industry-accepted replacement rate for the Original Reference Rate; or (if the relevant Issuer determines that no such spread is customarily applied)
- (iii) in the case of an Alternative Rate, is in customary market usage in the international debt capital markets for transactions which reference the Original Reference Rate, where such rate has been replaced by the Alternative Rate;

- (iv) if no such recommendation or option or replacement has been made (or made available), or the relevant Issuer determines there is no such spread, formula or methodology in customary market usage, the relevant Issuer, following consultation with the Independent Adviser, determines is recognised or acknowledged as being the industry standard for over-the-counter derivative transactions which reference the Original Reference Rate, where such rate has been replaced by the Successor Rate or the Alternative Rate (as the case may be); or
- (v) if the relevant Issuer determines that no such industry standard is recognised or acknowledged, the relevant Issuer, in its discretion, following consultation with the Independent Adviser and acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, determines to be appropriate;

“Agency Agreement” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Alternative Rate” means an alternative benchmark or screen rate which the relevant Issuer, following consultation with the Independent Adviser, determines in accordance with Condition 4(i)(ii) is customarily applied in international debt capital markets transactions for the purposes of determining Rates of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) in the same Specified Currency as the Notes;

“Applicable Maturity” means: (a) in relation to Screen Rate Determination, the period of time designated in the Reference Rate, and (b) in relation to ISDA Determination, the Designated Maturity;

“Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements” means, at any time, any requirement contained in the laws, regulations, requirements, guidelines and policies of the Relevant Regulator (whether or not having the force of law), Ireland or of the European Parliament and Council then in effect relating to capital adequacy and prudential (including resolution) supervision and applicable to the relevant Issuer and/or, as applicable, the Regulatory Group;

“Authorised Signatory” means any director or any other officer of the relevant Issuer who has been authorised by the relevant Issuer to sign the certificates and other documents required or contemplated under these Conditions, the Trust Deed and any other transaction document in relation to the Notes on behalf of, and so as to bind, the relevant Issuer;

“Bank Recovery and Resolution Regulations” means the 2015 Regulations and the 2019 Regulations read together (and as may be further amended, supplemented or superseded from time to time);

“Bearer Notes” has the meaning given to it in Condition 1;

“Benchmark Amendments” has the meaning given to it in the provision Condition 4(i)(iv);

“Benchmark Duration” means the duration specified as such hereon;

“Benchmark Event” means:

- (i) the Original Reference Rate ceasing to be published for a period of at least five Business Days or ceasing to exist; or
- (ii) a public statement by the administrator of the Original Reference Rate that it has ceased or that it will cease publishing the Original Reference Rate permanently or indefinitely (in circumstances where no successor administrator has been appointed that will continue publication of the Original Reference Rate); or
- (iii) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate that the Original Reference Rate has been or will be permanently or indefinitely discontinued; or

- (iv) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate as a consequence of which the Original Reference Rate will be prohibited from being used either generally, or in respect of the Notes; or
- (v) the making of a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate that the Original Reference Rate will be (or will be deemed by such supervisor to be) no longer representative of its relevant underlying market; or
- (vi) it has become unlawful for any Paying Agent, the Calculation Agent or the relevant Issuer to calculate any payments due to be made to any Noteholder using the Original Reference Rate,

provided that the Benchmark Event shall be deemed to occur (a) in the case of sub-paragraphs (ii) and (iii) above, on the date of the cessation of publication of the Original Reference Rate or the discontinuation of the Original Reference Rate, as the case may be, (b) in the case of sub-paragraph (iv) above, on the date of the prohibition of use of the Original Reference Rate, and (c) in the case of sub-paragraph (v) above, on the date with effect from which the Original Reference Rate will no longer be (or will be deemed by the relevant supervisor to no longer be) representative of its relevant underlying market and which is specified in the relevant public statement, and in each case, not the date of the relevant public statement;

“Business Day” means:

- (i) in the case of a currency other than euro, a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments in the principal financial centre for such currency; and/or
- (ii) in the case of euro, a T2 Business Day; and/or
- (iii) in the case of a currency and/or one or more Business Centres, a day (other than a Saturday or a Sunday) on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments in such currency in the Business Centre(s) or, if no currency is indicated, generally in each of the Business Centres;

“Calculation Agent” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Certificates” has the meaning given to it in Condition 1;

“Clean-up Call Minimum Percentage” means 75 per cent. or such other higher percentage specified hereon;

“Code” means the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

“Companies Act 2014” means the Companies Act 2014 (No. 38 of 2014) of Ireland, as amended (including by the Bank Recovery and Resolution Regulations) and as may be further amended or superseded from time to time;

“Conditions” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Couponholders” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Coupons” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Day Count Fraction” means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of interest on any Note for any period of time (from and including the first day of such period to but excluding the last) (whether or not constituting an Interest Period, the “Calculation Period”):

- (i) if “Actual/Actual” or “Actual/Actual – ISDA” is specified hereon, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Calculation Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (A) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a leap year

divided by 366 and (B) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);

- (ii) if “Actual/365 (Fixed)” is specified hereon, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365;
- (iii) if “Actual/365 (Sterling)” is specified hereon, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365 or, in the case of an Interest Payment Date falling in a leap year, 366;
- (iv) if “Actual/360” is specified hereon, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360;
- (v) if “30/360”, “360/360” or “Bond Basis” is specified hereon, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31 and D₁ is greater than 29, in which case D₂ will be 30;

- (vi) if “30E/360” or “Eurobond Basis” is specified hereon, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30;

- (vii) if “30E/360 (ISDA)” is specified hereon, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February but not the Maturity Date or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30; and

- (viii) if “Actual/Actual – ICMA” is specified hereon, (a) if the Calculation Period is equal to or shorter than the Determination Period during which it falls, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Periods normally ending in any year; and (b) if the Calculation Period is longer than one Determination Period, the sum of: (x) the number of days in such Calculation Period falling in the Determination Period in which it begins divided by the product of (1) the number of days in such Determination Period and (2) the number of Determination Periods normally ending in any year; and (y) the number of days in such Calculation Period falling in the next Determination Period divided by the product of (1) the number of days in such Determination Period and (2) the number of Determination Periods normally ending in any year where:

(A) “Determination Date” means each date specified hereon or, if none is so specified, each Interest Payment Date; and

(B) “Determination Period” means the period from and including a Determination Date in any year to but excluding the next Determination Date;

“EEA regulated market” means a market as defined by Article 4.1(21) of Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments, as amended;

“English Law Note” means any Note where “English Law Note” is specified hereon as being applicable;

“Euro-zone” means the region comprised of Member States of the European Union that adopt the single currency in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community, as amended;

“Extraordinary Resolution” has the meaning given to it in the Trust Deed;

“First Margin” means the margin specified hereon;

“First Reset Period” means the period from (and including) the First Resettable Note Reset Date to (but excluding) the Second Resettable Note Reset Date or, if no such Second Resettable Note Reset Date is specified hereon, the Maturity Date;

“First Reset Rate of Interest” means, subject to Condition 4(b)(ii), the rate of interest determined by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Reset Determination Date corresponding to the First Reset Period as the sum of the relevant Reset Rate plus the First Margin (with such sum converted (if necessary) from a basis equivalent to the Benchmark Duration to a basis equivalent to the frequency with which scheduled interest payments are payable on the Notes during the relevant Reset Period (such calculation to be made by the Calculation Agent));

“First Resettable Note Reset Date” means the date specified hereon;

“holder” has the meaning given to it in Condition 1;

“Independent Adviser” means an independent financial institution of international repute or an independent financial adviser with appropriate expertise appointed by and at the expense of the relevant Issuer under Condition 4(i)(i);

“Initial Rate of Interest” means the initial rate of interest per annum specified hereon;

“Interest Amount” means:

- (i) in respect of an Interest Period, the amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount for that Interest Period and which, in the case of Fixed Rate Notes, and unless otherwise specified hereon, shall mean the Fixed Coupon Amount or Broken Amount specified hereon as being payable on the Interest Payment Date ending the Interest Period of which such Interest Period forms part; and
- (ii) in respect of any other period, the amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount for that period;

“Interest Commencement Date” means the Issue Date or such other date as may be specified hereon;

“Interest Determination Date” means, with respect to a Rate of Interest and Interest Period, the date specified as such hereon or, if none is so specified:

- (i) unless the Reference Rate in respect of the Notes is specified hereon as being “SONIA” or “SOFR”:
 - (A) the first day of such Interest Period if the Specified Currency is Sterling;
 - (B) the day falling two Business Days in London for the Specified Currency prior to the first day of such Interest Period if the Specified Currency is neither Sterling nor euro; or
 - (C) the day falling two T2 Business Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period if the Specified Currency is euro;
- (ii) if the Reference Rate in respect of the Notes is specified hereon as being “SONIA”, the date which is “p” London Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date; and
- (iii) if the Reference Rate in respect of the Notes is specified hereon as being “SOFR”, the date which is “p” U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date;

“Interest Period” means the period beginning on (and including) the Interest Commencement Date and ending on (but excluding) the first Interest Payment Date and each successive period beginning on (and including) an Interest Payment Date and ending on (but excluding) the next succeeding Interest Payment Date unless otherwise specified hereon;

“Irish Law Note” means any Note where “Irish Law Note” is specified hereon as being applicable;

“Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers” means any write-down, conversion, transfer, modification, suspension or similar or related power existing from time to time under, and exercised in compliance with, any laws, regulations, rules or requirements in effect in Ireland, relating to (i) Directive 2014/59/EU (“BRRD”) and/or Irish legislation transposing BRRD into Irish law, in each case as amended or replaced from time to time

and (ii) the instruments, rules and standards created thereunder, pursuant to which any obligation of the relevant Issuer (or any affiliate of the relevant Issuer) can be reduced, cancelled, modified, or converted into shares, other securities or other obligations of the relevant Issuer or any other person (or suspended for a temporary period);

“ISDA Definitions” means the 2021 ISDA Definitions published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc., unless otherwise specified hereon;

“Issue Date” means in relation to any Series or any Tranche of Notes, the date on which the Notes are issued pursuant to these Conditions;

“Issuing and Paying Agent” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Loss Absorption Compliant Notes” means securities that comply with the following (which compliance has been certified to the Trustee in a certificate signed by two Authorised Signatories of the relevant Issuer and delivered to the Trustee prior to the relevant substitution or variation):

- (A) are issued by the relevant Issuer;
- (B) rank equally with the ranking of the relevant Notes;
- (C) have terms not materially less favourable to Noteholders than the terms of the relevant Notes (as reasonably determined by the relevant Issuer in consultation with an independent adviser of recognised standing);
- (D) (without prejudice to (C) above) (1) contain terms such that they comply with the then applicable Loss Absorption Regulations in order to be eligible to qualify in full towards the relevant Issuer’s and/or the Regulatory Group’s minimum requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities and/or loss absorbing capacity instruments; (2) bear the same rate of interest from time to time applying to the relevant Notes and preserve the same Interest Payment Dates; (3) do not contain terms providing for mandatory or discretionary deferral of payments of interest and/or principal; (4) preserve the obligations (including the obligations arising from the exercise of any right) of the relevant Issuer as to redemption of the relevant Notes, including (without limitation) as to timing of, and amounts payable upon, such redemption; (5) do not contain terms providing for loss absorption through principal write-down or conversion to ordinary shares (but without prejudice to any acknowledgement of statutory resolution powers substantially similar to Condition 15(c)); and (6) preserve any existing rights to any accrued and unpaid interest and any other amounts payable under the relevant Notes which has accrued to Noteholders and not been paid;
- (E) are listed on the same stock exchange or market as the relevant Notes or the regulated market of the London Stock Exchange or an EEA regulated market selected by the relevant Issuer and approved in writing by the Trustee; and
- (F) where the relevant Notes which have been substituted or varied had a published rating solicited by the relevant Issuer from one or more Rating Agencies immediately prior to their substitution or variation, benefit from (or will, as announced by each such Rating Agency, benefit from) an equal or higher published rating from each such Rating Agency as that which applied to the relevant Notes;

“Loss Absorption Disqualification Event” shall be deemed to have occurred if, as a result of any amendment to, or change in, any Loss Absorption Regulations, or any change in the application or official interpretation of any Loss Absorption Regulations, in any such case becoming effective on or after the Issue Date of the last Tranche of the Notes, the Notes are or (in the opinion of the relevant Issuer or the Relevant Regulator) are likely to become fully (or, if “Loss Absorption Disqualification Event for partial exclusion” is specified hereon as being applicable, fully or partially) excluded from or ceasing to count towards the relevant Issuer’s and/or the

Regulatory Group's minimum requirements for (A) own funds and eligible liabilities and/or (B) loss absorbing capacity instruments, in each case as such minimum requirements are applicable to the relevant Issuer and/or the Regulatory Group and determined in accordance with, and pursuant to, the relevant Loss Absorption Regulations; provided that a Loss Absorption Disqualification Event shall not occur where the exclusion of the Notes from the relevant minimum requirement(s) is due to the remaining maturity of the Notes being less than any period prescribed by any applicable eligibility criteria for such minimum requirements under the relevant Loss Absorption Regulations effective with respect to the relevant Issuer and/or the Regulatory Group on the Issue Date of the last Tranche of the Notes;

"Loss Absorption Note" means any Note where "Loss Absorption Note" is specified hereon as being applicable;

"Loss Absorption Regulations" means, at any time, any requirement contained in the laws, regulations, requirements, guidelines, rules, standards and policies relating to minimum requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities and/or loss absorbing capacity instruments of Ireland, the Relevant Regulator and/or of the European Parliament or of the Council of the European Union then in effect in Ireland and applicable to the relevant Issuer and/or the Regulatory Group including, without limitation to the generality of the foregoing, any delegated or implementing acts (such as regulatory technical standards) adopted by the European Commission and any regulations, requirements, guidelines, rules, standards and policies relating to minimum requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities and/or loss absorbing capacity instruments adopted by the Relevant Regulator from time to time (whether such regulations, requirements, guidelines, rules, standards or policies are applied generally or specifically to the relevant Issuer or to the Regulatory Group);

"Mid-Market Swap Rate" means for any Reset Period the mean of the bid and offered rates for the fixed leg payable with a frequency equivalent to the Fixed Leg Swap Duration specified hereon during the relevant Reset Period (calculated on the day count basis customary for fixed rate payments in the Specified Currency as determined by the Calculation Agent) of a fixed-for-floating interest rate swap transaction in the Specified Currency which transaction (i) has a term equal to the relevant Reset Period and commencing on the relevant Resetable Note Reset Date, (ii) is in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in the relevant market at the relevant time with an acknowledged dealer of good credit in the swap market and (iii) has a floating leg based on the Mid-Swap Floating Leg Benchmark Rate for the Mid-Swap Maturity (as specified hereon) (calculated on the day count basis customary for floating rate payments in the Specified Currency as determined by the Calculation Agent);

"Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotation" means a quotation (expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the relevant Mid-Market Swap Rate;

"Mid-Swap Floating Leg Benchmark Rate" means, where the Specified Currency is euro, EURIBOR;

"Mid-Swap Rate" means, in relation to a Reset Determination Date and subject to Condition 4(b)(ii) below, either:

- (i) if Single Mid-Swap Rate is specified hereon, the rate for swaps in the Specified Currency:
 - (A) with a term equal to the relevant Reset Period; and
 - (B) commencing on the relevant Resetable Note Reset Date,which appears on the Relevant Screen Page; or
- (ii) if Mean Mid-Swap Rate is specified hereon, the arithmetic mean expressed as a percentage rate per annum and rounded, if necessary, to the nearest 0.001 per cent. (0.0005 per cent. being rounded upwards) of the bid and offered swap rate quotations for swaps in the Specified Currency:
 - (A) with a term equal to the relevant Reset Period; and

(B) commencing on the relevant Resetable Note Reset Date,

which appears on the Relevant Screen Page,

in either case, as at approximately 11.00 a.m. in the principal financial centre of the Specified Currency on such Reset Determination Date, all as determined by the Calculation Agent;

“Noteholder” has the meaning given to it in Condition 1;

“Original Reference Rate” means the originally-specified benchmark or screen rate (as applicable) used to determine the Rate of Interest (or any component part thereof) on the Notes;

“Ordinary Unsecured Debts” means liabilities to unsecured creditors the claims in respect of which, under paragraph 1(c) of section 1428A of the Companies Act 2014, rank for payment in a winding-up after claims in respect of the liabilities falling within (x) paragraphs 1(a) and (b) of that section and (y) section 621(2) of the Companies Act 2014 and in priority to claims in respect of the liabilities resulting from debt instruments (as defined in section 1428A(4) of the Companies Act 2014) which meet the conditions set out in subparagraphs 1(c)(i) to (iii) (inclusive) of that section (which, in turn, rank in priority to claims in respect of Subordinated Debts);

“Paying Agents” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Ranking Legislation” means the Companies Act 2014, the Bank Recovery and Resolution Regulations and any other law or regulation designating or affecting the relative ranking of creditors upon a winding-up or insolvency of the relevant Issuer, in each as may be applicable to that Issuer;

“Rate of Interest” means the rate of interest payable from time to time in respect of this Note and that is either specified or calculated in accordance with the provisions hereon;

“Rating Agency” means each of S&P Global Ratings Europe Limited, Moody’s Investors Service Limited or Fitch Ratings Ireland Limited and each of their respective affiliates or successors;

“Record Date” has the meaning given to it in Condition 6(b)(ii);

“Reference Banks” means, in the case of a determination of EURIBOR, the principal Euro-zone office of four major banks in the Euro-zone inter-bank market, selected by the relevant Issuer in consultation with the Calculation Agent or as specified hereon;

“Reference Bond” means for any Reset Period, a government security or securities issued by the state responsible for issuing the Specified Currency (which, if the Specified Currency is euro, shall be Germany) selected by the relevant Issuer on the advice of an investment bank of international repute as having an actual or interpolated maturity comparable with the relevant Reset Period that would be utilised, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financial practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities denominated in the same currency as the Notes and of a comparable maturity to the relevant Reset Period;

“Reference Bond Price” means, with respect to any Reset Determination Date, (A) the arithmetic average of the Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations for such Reset Determination Date, after excluding the highest and lowest such Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations, or (B) if the Calculation Agent obtains fewer than four such Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations, the arithmetic average of all such quotations. If no quotations are provided, the Reference Rate will be determined by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion following consultation with the relevant Issuer;

“Reference Bond Rate” means the annual yield to maturity or interpolated yield to maturity (on the relevant day count basis) of the relevant Reference Bond, assuming a price for such Reference Bond (expressed as a

percentage of its nominal amount) equal to the relevant Reference Bond Price, as calculated by the Calculation Agent;

“Reference Government Bond Dealer” means each of five banks (selected by the relevant Issuer on the advice of an investment bank of international repute), or their affiliates, which are (A) primary government securities dealers, and their respective successors, or (B) market makers in pricing corporate bond issues;

“Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations” means, with respect to each Reference Government Bond Dealer and the relevant Reset Determination Date, the arithmetic average, as determined by the Calculation Agent, of the bid and offered prices for the relevant Reference Bond (expressed in each case as a percentage of its nominal amount) at or around the Subsequent Reset Rate Time on the relevant Reset Determination Date quoted in writing to the Calculation Agent by such Reference Government Bond Dealer;

“Reference Rate” means the rate specified as such hereon;

“Register” has the meaning given to it in Condition 1;

“Registered Notes” has the meaning given to it in Condition 1;

“Registrar” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Regulatory Group” means AIB, its subsidiary undertakings, participations, participating interests and any subsidiary undertakings, participations or participating interests held (directly or indirectly) by any of its subsidiary undertakings from time to time and any other undertakings from time to time consolidated with AIB for regulatory or resolution purposes, in each case in accordance with the rules and guidance of the Relevant Regulator then in effect;

“Relevant Amounts” means the outstanding principal amount of the Notes, together with any accrued but unpaid interest and additional amounts and any other amounts due on or in respect of the Notes. References to such amounts will include amounts that have become due and payable, but which have not been paid, prior to the exercise of any Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority;

“Relevant Date” in respect of any Note or Coupon means the date on which payment in respect thereof first becomes due or (if any amount of the money payable is improperly withheld or refused) the date on which payment in full of the amount outstanding is made or (if earlier) the date on which notice is duly given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13 that, upon further presentation of the Note (or relative Certificate) or Coupon being made in accordance with the Conditions, such payment will be made, provided that payment is in fact made upon such presentation;

“Relevant Fallback Screen Page” means such page, section, caption, column or other part of a particular information service as may be specified hereon (or any successor or replacement page, section, caption, column or other part of a particular information service);

“Relevant Nominating Body” means, in respect of a benchmark or screen rate (as applicable):

- (i) the central bank for the currency to which the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable) relates, or any central bank or other supervisory authority which is responsible for supervising the administrator of the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable); or
- (ii) any working group or committee sponsored by, chaired or co-chaired by or constituted at the request of
 - (a) the central bank for the currency to which the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable) relates, (b) any central bank or other supervisory authority which is responsible for supervising the administrator of the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable), (c) a group of the aforementioned central banks or other supervisory authorities or (d) the Financial Stability Board or any part thereof;

“Relevant Regulator” means the European Central Bank and/or such successor or other authority having for the time being primary supervisory authority and/or responsibility with regards to prudential, conduct and/or resolution matters in respect of the relevant Issuer and/or its Group and/or its Regulatory Group (being, as at the Issue Date, the Single Resolution Board), as may be relevant in the context and circumstances;

“Relevant Resolution Authority” means the resolution authority with the ability to exercise any Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers in relation to the relevant Issuer (being, as at the Issue Date, the Single Resolution Board);

“Relevant Screen Page” means such page, section, caption, column or other part of a particular information service as may be specified hereon (or any successor or replacement page, section, caption, column or other part of a particular information service);

“Reset Determination Date” means, in respect of the First Reset Period, the second Business Day prior to the First Resettable Note Reset Date, in respect of the first Subsequent Reset Period, the second Business Day prior to the Second Resettable Note Reset Date and, in respect of each Reset Period thereafter, the second Business Day prior to the first day of each such Reset Period;

“Reset Period” means the First Reset Period or a Subsequent Reset Period;

“Reset Rate” means (a) the relevant Mid-Swap Rate as specified hereon or (b) if “Reference Bond” is specified hereon, the relevant Reference Bond Rate;

“Resettable Note Reset Date” means the First Resettable Note Reset Date, the Second Resettable Note Reset Date and every Subsequent Resettable Note Reset Date as may be specified hereon;

“Second Resettable Note Reset Date” means the date specified hereon;

“Secondary Unsecured Claims” means the aggregate amount of all claims admitted to proof in the winding-up of the relevant Issuer which are claims of creditors in respect of Secondary Unsecured Debts of the relevant Issuer;

“Secondary Unsecured Debts” means liabilities to unsecured creditors in respect of debt instruments (as defined in section 1428A(4) of the Companies Act 2014) which meet the conditions set out in subparagraphs 1(c)(i) to (iii) (inclusive) of section 1428A of the Companies Act 2014 and accordingly, under paragraphs 1(c) and (d) of that section, the claims in respect of which rank for payment in a winding-up after claims in respect of Ordinary Unsecured Debts and in priority to claims in respect of Subordinated Debts;

“Senior Claims” means the aggregate amount of all claims admitted to proof in a Winding-Up which are (i) claims of depositors (if any) of the relevant Issuer; and (ii) claims of creditors in respect of Ordinary Unsecured Debts of the relevant Issuer and all other obligations of the relevant Issuer which are preferred by law to Secondary Unsecured Debts;

“Series” means each original issue of Notes together with any further issues expressed to form a single issue with the original issue and the terms of which are (save for the Issue Date, Interest Commencement Date and/or the issue price of the Notes) otherwise identical (including whether or not the Notes are listed) and which are consolidated and form a single series and the expressions “Notes of the relevant Series” and “Holders of Notes of the relevant Series” and related expressions shall be construed accordingly;

“Specified Currency” means the currency specified as such hereon or, if none is specified, the currency in which the Notes are denominated;

“Subordinated Claims” means the aggregate amount of all claims admitted to proof in a Winding-Up which are claims in respect of Subordinated Debts of the relevant Issuer;

“Subordinated Debts” means liabilities in respect of the items listed in subparagraphs (a) to (d) of Regulation 87(1) of the 2015 Regulations (including, without limitation, claims in respect of obligations of the relevant Issuer which constitute, or would but for any applicable limitation on the amount of such capital constitute, Tier 2 instruments), which are subordinated in the manner set out in section 1428A(1)(d) of the Companies Act 2014;

“Subsequent Margin” means the margin(s) specified hereon;

“Subsequent Reset Period” means the period from (and including) the Second Resettable Note Reset Date to (but excluding) the next Resettable Note Reset Date, and each successive period from (and including) a Resettable Note Reset Date to (but excluding) the next succeeding Resettable Note Reset Date;

“Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest” means, in respect of any Subsequent Reset Period and subject to Condition 4(b)(ii), the rate of interest being determined by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Reset Determination Date corresponding to such Subsequent Reset Period as the sum of the relevant Reset Rate plus the applicable Subsequent Margin (with such sum converted (if necessary) from a basis equivalent to the Benchmark Duration to a basis equivalent to the frequency with which scheduled interest payments are payable on the Notes during the relevant Reset Period (such calculation to be made by the Calculation Agent));

“Successor Rate” means a successor to or replacement of the Original Reference Rate which is formally recommended by any Relevant Nominating Body;

“Talons” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“T2 Business Day” means a day on which T2 is open for the settlement of payments in euro;

“Tier 2 Instruments” has the meaning given to it in the Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements from time to time;

“Tranche” means Notes of the same Series with the same Issue Date which are identical in all respects;

“Transfer Agents” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Trust Deed” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Trustee” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“T2” means the real time gross settlement system operated by the Eurosystem, or any successor system; and

“Winding-Up” means:

- (i) an order is made, or an effective resolution is passed, for the winding-up of the relevant Issuer (except, in any such case, a winding-up solely for the purpose of, and followed by, a reconstruction, amalgamation, reorganisation, merger or consolidation, the terms of which have previously been approved in writing by the Trustee or by an Extraordinary Resolution and do not provide that the Notes thereby become redeemable or repayable in accordance with these Conditions); or
- (ii) liquidation or dissolution of the relevant Issuer or any procedure similar to that described in paragraph (i) above.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE SUBORDINATED NOTES

The following (other than any sections in italics which are for information purposes only and do not form part of the terms and conditions) is the text of the terms and conditions which, subject to completion and amendment and as supplemented or varied in accordance with the provisions of Part A of the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement, shall be applicable to the Subordinated Notes in definitive form (if any) issued in exchange for Notes represented by a Note or Certificate in global form. Either (i) the full text of these terms and conditions together with the relevant provisions of Part A of the Final Terms or Pricing Supplement or (ii) these terms and conditions as so completed, amended, supplemented or varied (and subject to simplification by the deletion of non-applicable provisions), shall be endorsed on such Bearer Notes or on Certificates relating to such Registered Notes (each capitalised term as defined below). All capitalised terms that are not defined in these Conditions will have the meanings given to them in Part A of the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement. Those definitions will be endorsed on the definitive Notes or Certificates, as the case may be. References in the Conditions to “Notes” are to the Subordinated Notes of one Series only, not to all Notes that may be issued under the Programme.

The Notes are constituted by a Trust Deed dated 17 September 2026 (as amended or supplemented as at the date of issue of the Notes (the “Issue Date”), the “Trust Deed”) between AIB Group plc (“AIB”), Allied Irish Banks, p.l.c. (“AIB Bank” and together with AIB the “Issuers” and each an “Issuer”) and BNY Mellon Corporate Trustee Services Limited (the “Trustee”, which expression shall include all persons for the time being the trustee or trustees under the Trust Deed) as trustee for the Noteholders (as defined below). These terms and conditions (the “Conditions”) include summaries of, and are subject to, the detailed provisions of the Trust Deed, which includes the form of the Bearer Notes, Certificates, Coupons and Talons (as defined below). An Agency Agreement dated 17 September 2026 (as amended or supplemented from time to time, the “Agency Agreement”) has been entered into in relation to the Notes between the Issuers, the Trustee, The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch as initial issuing and paying agent and the other agents named in it. The issuing and paying agent, the other paying agents, the registrar, the transfer agents and the calculation agent(s) for the time being (if any) are referred to below respectively as the “Issuing and Paying Agent”, the “Paying Agents” (which expression shall include the Issuing and Paying Agent), the “Registrar”, the “Transfer Agents” and the “Calculation Agent(s)”. Copies of the Trust Deed and the Agency Agreement are available for inspection free of charge during usual business hours at the specified offices of each of the Paying Agents and the Transfer Agents.

The Noteholders (as defined below), the holders of the interest coupons (the “Coupons”) relating to interest bearing Notes in bearer form and, where applicable in the case of such Notes in bearer form, talons for further Coupons (the “Talons”) (the “Couponholders”) are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by, and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Trust Deed and are deemed to have notice of all of the provisions of the Agency Agreement applicable to them.

In these Conditions, references to the “Issuer” are to AIB or AIB Bank, as the case may be, as the Issuer of the Notes under the Programme as indicated under Part A of the relevant Final Terms, or in the case of AIB Bank only, the relevant Pricing Supplement, and references to the “relevant Issuer” shall be construed accordingly.

1 Form, Denomination and Title

The Notes are issued in bearer form (“Bearer Notes”) or in registered form (“Registered Notes”), in each case in the Specified Denomination(s) (as defined hereon).

This Note is a Fixed Rate Note, a Resettable Note, a Floating Rate Note, or a Zero Coupon Note.

Bearer Notes are serially numbered and are issued with Coupons (and, where appropriate, a Talon) attached, save in the case of Zero Coupon Notes in which case references to interest (other than in relation to interest due after the Maturity Date), Coupons and Talons in these Conditions are not applicable.

Registered Notes are represented by registered certificates (“Certificates”) and, save as provided in Condition 2(b), each Certificate shall represent the entire holding of Registered Notes by the same holder.

Title to the Bearer Notes, Coupons and Talons shall pass by delivery. Title to the Registered Notes shall pass by registration in the register that the relevant Issuer shall procure to be kept by the Registrar in accordance with the provisions of the Agency Agreement (the “Register”). Except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law, the holder (as defined below) of any Note, Coupon or Talon shall be deemed to be and may be treated as the absolute owner for all purposes, whether or not it is overdue and regardless of any notice of ownership, trust or an interest in it, any writing on it (or on the Certificate representing it) or its theft or loss (or that of the related Certificate) and no person shall be liable for so treating the holder.

In these Conditions, “Noteholder” means the bearer of any Bearer Note or the person in whose name a Registered Note is registered (as the case may be), “holder” (in relation to a Note, Coupon or Talon) means the bearer of any Bearer Note, Coupon or Talon or the person in whose name a Registered Note is registered (as the case may be) and capitalised terms have the meanings given to them hereon, the absence of any such meaning indicating that such term is not applicable to the Notes.

2 No Exchange of Notes and Transfers of Registered Notes

(a) No Exchange of Notes

Registered Notes may not be exchanged for Bearer Notes. Bearer Notes may not be exchanged for Registered Notes. Bearer Notes of one Specified Denomination may not be exchanged for Bearer Notes of another Specified Denomination.

(b) Transfer of Registered Notes

One or more Registered Notes may be transferred upon the surrender (at the specified office of the Registrar or any Transfer Agent) of the Certificate representing such Registered Notes to be transferred, together with the form of transfer endorsed on such Certificate (or another form of transfer substantially in the same form and containing the same representations and certifications (if any), unless otherwise agreed by the relevant Issuer), duly completed and executed and any other evidence as the Registrar or Transfer Agent may reasonably require. In the case of a transfer of part only of a holding of Registered Notes represented by one Certificate, a new Certificate shall be issued to the transferee in respect of the part transferred and a further new Certificate in respect of the balance of the holding not transferred shall be issued to the transferor. In the case of a transfer of Registered Notes to a person who is already a holder of Registered Notes, a new Certificate representing the enlarged holding shall only be issued against surrender of the Certificate representing the existing holding. All transfers of Notes and entries on the Register will be made subject to the detailed regulations concerning transfers of Notes scheduled to the Agency Agreement. The regulations may be changed by the relevant Issuer, with the prior written approval of the Registrar, the Issuing and Paying Agent, the Transfer Agents and the Trustee. A copy of the current regulations will be made available by the Registrar to any Noteholder upon request in writing upon provision of proof of holding of Registered Notes and identity (in a form satisfactory to the Registrar).

(c) Delivery of New Certificates

Each new Certificate to be issued pursuant to Condition 2(b) shall be available for delivery within three business days of receipt of a duly completed and executed form of transfer and surrender of the existing Certificate(s). Delivery of the new Certificate(s) shall be made at the specified office of the Transfer Agent or of the Registrar (as the case may be) to whom delivery or surrender of such form of transfer and Certificate(s) shall have been made or, at the option of the holder making such delivery or surrender as aforesaid and as specified in the relevant form of transfer or otherwise in writing, be mailed by uninsured post at the risk of the holder entitled to the new Certificate to such address as may be so specified, unless such holder requests otherwise and pays in advance to the relevant Transfer Agent or the Registrar (as the case may be) the costs of such other method of delivery and/or such insurance as it may specify. In this Condition 2(c), “business day” means a day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, on which banks are open for business in the place of the specified office of the relevant Transfer Agent or the Registrar (as the case may be).

(d) Transfers Free of Charge

Certificates, on transfer, shall be issued and registered without charge by or on behalf of the relevant Issuer, the Registrar or the Transfer Agents, but upon payment of any tax or other governmental charges that may be imposed in relation to it (or the giving of such indemnity as the Registrar or the relevant Transfer Agent may require).

(e) Closed Periods

No Noteholder may require the transfer of a Registered Note to be registered (i) during the period of 15 days ending on (and including) the due date for redemption or substitution of that Note or (ii) during the period of seven days ending on (and including) any Record Date.

3 Status and Subordination

(a) Status

The Notes and Coupons constitute direct and unsecured and unguaranteed obligations of the relevant Issuer, subordinated in the manner set out in Condition 3(b) below and shall at all times rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves.

(b) Subordination

If a Winding-Up occurs, the rights and claims against the relevant Issuer of the holders of the Notes and Coupons (and of the Trustee on their behalf) in respect of, or arising under, the Notes, the Coupons or the Trust Deed (including any damages awarded for breach of any obligations) shall, save for such exceptions as may be provided by applicable legislation (including Article 48(7) of BRRD as implemented in Ireland), be subordinated as provided in this Condition 3(b) and in the Trust Deed to the claims of all Senior Creditors but shall rank (i) at least *pari passu* with the claims of holders of all other subordinated obligations of the relevant Issuer which constitute, or would but for any applicable limitation on the amount of such capital constitute, Tier 2 Capital or that rank or are expressed to rank *pari passu* with the Notes and (ii) in priority to the claims of holders of all obligations of the relevant Issuer which constitute, or would but for any applicable limitation on the amount of such capital constitute, Tier 1 Capital and all obligations which rank, or are expressed to rank, *pari passu* therewith and to the claims of holders of all classes of share capital of the relevant Issuer.

The subordination provisions apply to amounts payable under the Notes and Coupons and nothing contained therein or in the Trust Deed shall affect or prejudice any claim by the Trustee against the relevant Issuer in respect of the costs, charges, expenses, liabilities or remuneration of the Trustee.

(c) *No Set-off*

Subject to applicable law, no holder of a Note, or a Coupon relating thereto, may exercise, claim or plead any right of set-off, compensation, netting, counterclaim or retention in respect of any amount owed to it by the relevant Issuer in respect of, arising under, or in connection with the Notes or the Coupons relating thereto or the Trust Deed and each holder of a Note or a Coupon relating thereto shall, by virtue of its holding of any such Note or Coupon (or any beneficial interest therein), be deemed, to the fullest extent permitted under applicable law, to have waived all such rights of set-off, compensation, netting, counterclaim or retention. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, if any of the amounts owing to any Noteholder or Couponholder by the relevant Issuer in respect of or arising under or in connection with the Notes or the Coupons relating thereto is discharged by set-off, such Noteholder and Couponholder shall, subject to applicable law, immediately pay an amount equal to the amount of such discharge to the relevant Issuer (or in the event of its winding-up or examinership, the liquidator or, as applicable, examiner of the relevant Issuer) and accordingly such discharge will be deemed not to have taken place, and until such payment is made shall hold an amount equal thereto in trust for the relevant Issuer (or, as the case may be, the liquidator or, as applicable, examiner of the relevant Issuer).

Condition 3(c) shall not be construed as indicating or acknowledging that any rights of set-off (including compensation, counterclaim or retention), counterclaim or netting would, but for Condition 3(c), otherwise be available to any holder with respect to any Note or Coupon.

4 Interest and other Calculations

(a) *Interest on the Notes*

(i) *Interest Payment Dates (Floating Rate Notes)*

Each Floating Rate Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from the Interest Commencement Date at the rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Rate of Interest, such interest being payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date. The amount of interest payable shall be determined in accordance with Condition 4(f). Such Interest Payment Date(s) is/are either shown hereon as Specified Interest Payment Dates or, if no Specified Interest Payment Date(s) is/are shown hereon, Interest Payment Date shall mean each date which falls the number of months or other period shown hereon as the Interest Period after the preceding Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Payment Date, after the Interest Commencement Date.

(ii) *Business Day Convention*

If any date referred to in these Conditions which is specified to be subject to adjustment in accordance with a Business Day Convention would otherwise fall on a day which is not a Business Day (as defined below), then, if the Business Day Convention specified is (A) the Floating Rate Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event (x) such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day and (y) each subsequent such date shall be the last Business Day of the month in which such date would have fallen had it not been subject to adjustment, (B) the Following Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day, (C) the Modified Following Business Day

Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day or (D) the Preceding Business Day Convention, such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day.

(iii) *Rate of Interest for Fixed Rate Notes*

Each Fixed Rate Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from the Interest Commencement Date at the rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Rate of Interest, such interest being payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date. The amount of interest payable shall be determined in accordance with Condition 4(f).

(iv) *Rate of Interest for Floating Rate Notes*

The Rate of Interest in respect of Floating Rate Notes for each Interest Period shall be determined in the manner specified hereon and the provisions below relating to any of ISDA Determination, Screen Rate Determination or Linear Interpolation shall apply, depending upon which is specified hereon.

(A) ISDA Determination for Floating Rate Notes

Where ISDA Determination is specified hereon as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period shall be determined by the Calculation Agent as, subject to Condition 4(e), a rate equal to the relevant ISDA Rate. For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (A), "ISDA Rate" for an Interest Period means a rate equal to the Floating Rate that would be determined by the Calculation Agent under a Swap Transaction under the terms of an agreement incorporating the ISDA Definitions and under which:

- (x) the Floating Rate Option is as specified hereon;
- (y) the Designated Maturity is a period specified hereon; and
- (z) the relevant Reset Date is the first day of that Interest Period unless otherwise specified hereon.

If the specified Floating Rate Option is an Overnight Floating Rate Option, Compounding is specified to be applicable hereon and:

- (A) if Compounding with Lookback is specified as the Compounding Method hereon then (a) Compounding with Lookback is the Overnight Rate Compounding Method and (b) Lookback is the number of Applicable Business Days specified hereon, provided that the number of Applicable Business Days, if no such number is specified hereon, shall be five;
- (B) if Compounding with Observation Period Shift is specified as the Compounding Method hereon then (a) Compounding with Observation Period Shift is the Overnight Rate Compounding Method, (b) Observation Period Shift is the number of Observation Period Shift Business Days specified hereon, provided that the number of Observation Period Shift Business Days, if no such number is specified hereon, shall be five and (c) Observation Period Shift Additional Business Days, if applicable, are the days specified hereon; or
- (C) if Compounding with Lockout is specified as the Compounding Method hereon then (a) Compounding with Lockout is the Overnight Rate Compounding Method,

(b) Lockout is the number of Lockout Period Business Days specified hereon, provided that the number of Lockout Period Business Days, if no such number is specified hereon, shall be five and (c) Lockout Period Business Days, if applicable, are the days specified hereon;

If the specified Floating Rate Option is an Overnight Floating Rate Option, Averaging is specified to be applicable hereon and:

- (A) if Averaging with Lookback is specified as the Averaging Method hereon then (a) Averaging with Lookback is the Overnight Rate Averaging Method and (b) Lookback is the number of Applicable Business Days specified hereon, provided that the number of Applicable Business Days, if no such number is specified hereon, shall be five;
- (B) if Averaging with Observation Period Shift is specified as the Averaging Method hereon then (a) Averaging with Observation Period Shift is the Overnight Rate Averaging Method, (b) Observation Period Shift is the number of Observation Period Shift Business Days specified hereon, provided that the number of Observation Period Shift Business Days, if no such number is specified hereon, shall be five and (c) Observation Period Shift Additional Business Days, if applicable, are the days specified hereon; or
- (C) if Averaging with Lockout is specified as the Averaging Method hereon then (a) Averaging with Lockout is the Overnight Rate Averaging Method, (b) Lockout is the number of Lockout Period Business Days specified hereon, provided that the number of Lockout Period Business Days, if no such number is specified hereon, shall be five and (c) Lockout Period Business Days, if applicable, are the days specified hereon;

If the specified Floating Rate Option is an Index Floating Rate Option and Index Provisions are specified to be applicable hereon, the Compounded Index Method with Observation Period Shift shall be applicable and, (a) Observation Period Shift is the number of Observation Period Shift Business Days specified hereon, provided that the number of Observation Period Shift Business Days, if no such number is specified hereon, shall be five and (b) Observation Period Shift Additional Business Days, if applicable, are the days specified hereon; and

References in the relevant ISDA Definitions to:

- (A) “Confirmation” shall be references to the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement;
- (B) “Calculation Period” shall be references to the relevant Interest Period;
- (C) “Termination Date” shall be references to the Maturity Date;
- (D) “Effective Date” shall be references to the Interest Commencement Date
- (E) “Administrator/Benchmark Event” shall be disappplied; and
- (F) If the Temporary Non-Publication Fallback for any specified Floating Rate Option is specified to be “Temporary Non-Publication Fallback – Alternative Rate” in the Floating Rate Matrix of the 2021 ISDA Definitions, the reference to “Calculation Agent Alternative Rate Determination” in the definition of “Temporary Non-

Publication Fallback – Alternative Rate” shall be replaced by “Temporary Non-Publication Fallback – Previous Day’s Rate”.

For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (A), “Floating Rate”, “Calculation Agent”, “Floating Rate Option”, “Designated Maturity”, “Reset Date” and “Swap Transaction” and other terms used herein but not otherwise defined have the meanings given to those terms in the ISDA Definitions.

(B) Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes – Term Rates

(x) Where Screen Rate Determination is specified hereon as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, and unless the Reference Rate in respect of the relevant series of Floating Rate Notes is specified hereon as being “SONIA” or “SOFR”, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject to Condition 4(e), Condition 4(i) and as provided below, be either:

- (i) the offered quotation; or
- (ii) the arithmetic mean of the offered quotations,

(expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate which appears or appear, as the case may be, on the Relevant Screen Page as at 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time in the case of Euro Interbank Offered Rate (“EURIBOR”)) on the Interest Determination Date in question as determined by the Calculation Agent. If five or more of such offered quotations are available on the Relevant Screen Page, the highest (or, if there is more than one such highest quotation, one only of such quotations) and the lowest (or, if there is more than one such lowest quotation, one only of such quotations) shall be disregarded by the Calculation Agent for the purpose of determining the arithmetic mean of such offered quotations.

If the Reference Rate from time to time in respect of Floating Rate Notes is specified hereon as being other than EURIBOR, the Rate of Interest in respect of such Notes will be determined as provided hereon.

- (y) If the Relevant Screen Page is not available or if sub-paragraph (x)(i) above applies and no such offered quotation appears on the Relevant Screen Page or if sub-paragraph (x)(ii) above applies and fewer than three such offered quotations appear on the Relevant Screen Page, in each case at the time specified above, subject as provided below, the Calculation Agent shall request, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the principal Euro-zone office of each of the Reference Banks, to provide the Calculation Agent with its offered quotation (expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time) on the Interest Determination Date in question. If two or more of the Reference Banks provide the Calculation Agent with such offered quotations, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall, subject to Condition 4(e), be the arithmetic mean of such offered quotations as determined by the Calculation Agent.
- (z) If paragraph (y) above applies and the Calculation Agent determines that fewer than two Reference Banks are providing offered quotations, subject as provided below, the Rate of Interest shall, subject to Condition 4(e), be the arithmetic mean of the rates per annum (expressed as a percentage) as communicated to (and at the request of) the Calculation Agent by the Reference Banks or any two or more of them, at

which such banks were offered, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time) on the relevant Interest Determination Date, deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate by leading banks in, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the Euro-zone inter-bank market or, if fewer than two of the Reference Banks provide the Calculation Agent with such offered rates, the offered rate for deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate, or the arithmetic mean of the offered rates for deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate, at which, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time), on the relevant Interest Determination Date, any one or more banks (which bank or banks is or are in the opinion of the relevant Issuer suitable for such purpose) informs the Calculation Agent it is quoting to leading banks in, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the Euro-zone inter-bank market, provided that, if the Rate of Interest cannot be determined in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this paragraph (and subject to Condition 4(i)), the Rate of Interest shall be determined as at the last preceding Interest Determination Date (though substituting, where a different Margin or Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest is to be applied to the relevant Interest Period from that which applied to the last preceding Interest Period, the Margin or Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest relating to the relevant Interest Period, in place of the Margin or Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest relating to that last preceding Interest Period).

(C) Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes referencing Compounded SONIA

(x) SONIA Compounded Index Rate

Where (i) Screen Rate Determination is specified hereon as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined; (ii) the Reference Rate is specified hereon as being SONIA; and (iii) SONIA Compounded Index Rate is specified hereon as being applicable, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject to Condition 4(e) and Condition 4(i), be the SONIA Compounded Index Rate determined as follows:

“SONIA Compounded Index Rate” means, with respect to an Interest Period, the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment during the SONIA Observation Period relating to such Interest Period (with the daily Sterling overnight reference rate as reference rate for the calculation of interest) and will be calculated by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Interest Determination Date, as follows:

$$\left(\frac{SONIA\ Compounded\ Index_{END}}{SONIA\ Compounded\ Index_{START}} - 1 \right) \times \left(\frac{365}{d} \right)$$

provided, however, that and subject to Condition 4(i), if the SONIA Compounded Index Value is not available in relation to any Interest Period on the Relevant Screen Page or on the Bank of England’s website at www.bankofengland.co.uk/boeapps/database/ (or such other page or website as may replace such page for the purposes of publishing the SONIA Compounded Index) for the determination of either or both of SONIA Compounded Index_{START} and/or SONIA Compounded Index_{END}, the Rate of Interest shall be calculated for

such Interest Period on the basis of the SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate as set out in Condition 4(a)(iv)(C)(y) as if SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate with Observation Shift had been specified hereon as being applicable and the “Relevant Screen Page” shall be deemed to be the “Relevant Fallback Screen Page” as specified hereon,

where:

“*d*” means the number of calendar days in the relevant SONIA Observation Period;

“London Business Day”, means any day on which commercial banks are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in London;

“*p*” means, for any Interest Period, the whole number specified hereon (or, if no such number is so specified, five) representing a number of London Business Days;

“SONIA Compounded Index” means the index known as the SONIA Compounded Index administered by the Bank of England (or any successor administrator thereof);

“SONIA Compounded Index Value” means, in relation to any London Business Day, the value of the SONIA Compounded Index as published by authorised distributors on the Relevant Screen Page on such London Business Day or, if the value of the SONIA Compounded Index cannot be obtained from the Relevant Screen Page, as published on the Bank of England’s website at www.bankofengland.co.uk/boeapps/database/ (or such other page or website as may replace such page for the purposes of publishing the SONIA Compounded Index) in respect of such London Business Day;

“SONIA Compounded Index_{END}” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the SONIA Compounded Index Value on the last day of the relevant SONIA Observation Period;

“SONIA Compounded Index_{START}” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the SONIA Compounded Index Value on the first day of the relevant SONIA Observation Period; and

“SONIA Observation Period” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the period from (and including) the date falling “*p*” London Business Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period (and the first SONIA Observation Period shall begin on (and include) the date which is “*p*” London Business Days prior to the Interest Commencement Date) and ending on (but excluding) the date which is “*p*” London Business Days prior to the Interest Payment Date for such Interest Period (or the date falling “*p*” London Business Days prior to such earlier date, if any, on which the Notes become due and payable).

(y) SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate

Where (i) Screen Rate Determination is specified hereon as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined; (ii) the Reference Rate is specified hereon as being SONIA; and (iii) SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate is specified hereon as being applicable, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject

to Condition 4(e) and Condition 4(i), be the SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate determined as follows:

“SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment (with the daily Sterling overnight reference rate as reference rate for the calculation of interest) and will be calculated by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Interest Determination Date, as follows:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_o} \left(1 + \frac{SONIA_i \times n_i}{365} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{365}{d}$$

where:

“London Business Day”, “*p*” and “SONIA Observation Period” have the respective meanings set out in Condition 4(a)(iv)(C)(x);

“*d*” is the number of calendar days in the relevant:

- (i) SONIA Observation Period, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable; or
- (ii) Interest Period, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable;

“*d_o*” is the number of London Business Days in the relevant:

- (i) SONIA Observation Period, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable; or
- (ii) Interest Period, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable;

“*i*” is a series of whole numbers from one to *d_o*, each representing the relevant London Business Day in chronological order from (and including) the first London Business Day in the relevant:

- (i) SONIA Observation Period, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable, to (and including) the last London Business Day in the relevant SONIA Observation Period; or
- (ii) Interest Period, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable, to (and including) the last London Business Day in the relevant Interest Period;

“*n_i*”, for any London Business Day “*i*”, means the number of calendar days from (and including) such London Business Day “*i*” up to (but excluding) the next following London Business Day;

“*SONIA_i*” means, in relation to any London Business Day, the SONIA reference rate in respect of:

- (i) that London Business Day “*i*”, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable; or
- (ii) the London Business Day (being a London Business Day falling in the relevant SONIA Observation Period) falling “*p*” London Business Days prior to the relevant London Business Day “*i*”, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable; and

the “SONIA reference rate”, in respect of any London Business Day, is a reference rate equal to the daily Sterling Overnight Index Average (“SONIA”) rate for such London Business Day as provided by the administrator of SONIA to authorised distributors and as then published on the Relevant Screen Page on the next following London Business Day or, if the Relevant Screen Page is unavailable, as published by authorised distributors on such next following London Business Day or, if SONIA cannot be obtained from the Relevant Screen Page, as published on the Bank of England’s website at www.bankofengland.co.uk/boeapps/database/ (or such other page or website as may replace such page for the purposes of publishing the SONIA reference rate).

- (z) Subject to Condition 4(i), where SONIA is specified as the Reference Rate hereon and either (i) SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate is specified hereon as being applicable or (ii) the SONIA Compounded Index Rate is specified hereon as being applicable and Condition 4(a)(iv)(C)(y) applies, if, in respect of any London Business Day, the SONIA reference rate is not available on the Relevant Screen Page or the Relevant Fallback Screen Page as applicable (or as otherwise provided in the relevant definition thereof) or as published on the Bank of England’s website at www.bankofengland.co.uk/boeapps/database/ (or such other page or website as may replace such page for the purposes of publishing the SONIA reference rate), such Reference Rate shall be:
 - (i) (1) the Bank of England’s Bank Rate (the “Bank Rate”) prevailing at close of business on the relevant London Business Day; plus (2) the mean of the spread of the SONIA reference rate to the Bank Rate over the previous five days on which the SONIA reference rate has been published, excluding the highest spread (or, if there is more than one highest spread, one only of those highest spreads) and lowest spread (or, if there is more than one lowest spread, one only of those lowest spreads) to the Bank Rate, or
 - (ii) if such Bank Rate is not available, the SONIA reference rate published on the Relevant Screen Page (or as otherwise provided in the relevant definition thereof) or (if later) as published on the Bank of England’s website at www.bankofengland.co.uk/boeapps/database/ (or such other page or website as may replace such page for the purposes of publishing the SONIA reference rate) for the first preceding London Business Day on which the SONIA reference rate was published on the Relevant Screen Page (or as otherwise provided in the relevant definition thereof) or (if later) as published on the Bank of England’s website at www.bankofengland.co.uk/boeapps/database/ (or such other page or website as may replace such page for the purposes of publishing the SONIA reference rate), and

in each case, $SONIA_t$ shall be interpreted accordingly.

- (aa) If the Notes become due and payable in accordance with Condition 9, the final Interest Determination Date shall, notwithstanding any Interest Determination Date specified hereon, be deemed to be the date on which such Notes became due and payable and the Rate of Interest on such Notes shall, for so long as any such Note remains outstanding, be that determined on such date and as if (solely for the

purpose of such interest determination) the relevant Interest Period had been shortened accordingly.

(D) Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes referencing Compounded SOFR

(x) SOFR Compounded Index Rate

Where (i) Screen Rate Determination is specified hereon as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined; (ii) the Reference Rate is specified hereon as being SOFR; and (iii) SOFR Compounded Index Rate is specified hereon as being applicable, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject to Condition 4(e) and as provided below, be the SOFR Compounded Index Rate determined as follows.

“SOFR Compounded Index Rate” means, with respect to an Interest Period, the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment during the SOFR Observation Period relating to such Interest Period (with the Secured Overnight Financing Rate as reference rate for the calculation of interest) and will be calculated by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Interest Determination Date, as follows:

$$\left(\frac{SOFR\ Compounded\ Index_{END}}{SOFR\ Compounded\ Index_{START}} - 1 \right) \times \left(\frac{360}{d} \right)$$

provided, however, that, and subject as provided below, if the SOFR Compounded Index Value is not available in relation to any Interest Period on the SOFR Administrator’s Website for the determination of either or both of SOFR Compounded Index_{START} and/or SOFR Compounded Index_{END} and a Benchmark Transition Event and its related Benchmark Replacement Date have not occurred with respect to such SOFR Compounded Index Value, the Rate of Interest shall be calculated for such Interest Period on the basis of the SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate as set out in Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(y) as if SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate with Observation Shift had been specified hereon as being applicable,

where:

“*d*” means the number of calendar days in the relevant SOFR Observation Period;

“*p*” means, for any Interest Period, the whole number specified hereon (or, if no such number is so specified, five) representing a number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days;

“SOFR” means the daily secured overnight financing rate as provided by the SOFR Administrator on the SOFR Administrator’s Website;

“SOFR Administrator” means the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (or a successor administrator of SOFR);

“SOFR Administrator’s Website” means the website of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or any successor source;

“SOFR Compounded Index” means the index known as SOFR Index administered by the SOFR Administrator;

“SOFR Compounded Index Value” means, in relation to any U.S. Government Securities Business Day, the value of the SOFR Compounded Index as published by the SOFR Administrator on the SOFR Administrator’s Website at 3:00 p.m. (New York City time) on such U.S. Government Securities Business Day;

“SOFR Compounded Index_{END}” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the SOFR Compounded Index Value on the last day of the relevant SOFR Observation Period;

“SOFR Compounded Index_{START}” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the SOFR Compounded Index Value on the first day of the relevant SOFR Observation Period;

“SOFR Observation Period” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the period from (and including) the date falling “p” U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period (and the first SOFR Observation Period shall begin on (and include) the date which is “p” U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to the Interest Commencement Date) and ending on (but excluding) the date which is “p” U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to the Interest Payment Date for such Interest Period (or the date falling “p” U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to such earlier date, if any, on which the Notes become due and payable); and

“U.S. Government Securities Business Day” means any day except for a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association recommends that the fixed income departments of its members be closed for the entire day for purposes of trading in U.S. government securities.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, if both a Benchmark Transition Event and its related Benchmark Replacement Date have occurred with respect to determining the SOFR Compounded Index Rate, the benchmark replacement provisions set forth in Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa) below shall apply for the purposes of all determinations of the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes.

(y) SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate

Where (i) Screen Rate Determination is specified hereon as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined; (ii) the Reference Rate is specified hereon as being SOFR; and (iii) SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate is specified hereon as being applicable, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject to Condition 4(e) and as provided below, be the SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate determined as follows:

“SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment (with the Secured Overnight Financing Rate as reference rate for the calculation of interest) and will be calculated by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Interest Determination Date, as follows:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_o} \left(1 + \frac{SOFR_i \times n_i}{360} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{360}{d}$$

where:

“*p*”, “SOFR Administrator”, “SOFR Administrator’s Website”, “SOFR Observation Period” and “U.S. Government Securities Business Day” have the respective meanings set out in Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(x);

“*d*” is the number of calendar days in the relevant:

- (i) SOFR Observation Period, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable; or
- (ii) Interest Period, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable;

“*d_o*” is the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days in the relevant:

- (i) SOFR Observation Period, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable; or
- (ii) Interest Period, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable;

“*i*” is a series of whole numbers from one to *d_o*, each representing the relevant U.S. Government Securities Business Day in chronological order from (and including) the first U.S. Government Securities Business Day in the relevant:

- (i) SOFR Observation Period, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable, to (and including) the last U.S. Government Securities Business Day in the relevant SOFR Observation Period; or
- (ii) Interest Period, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable, to (and including) the last U.S. Government Securities Business Day in the relevant Interest Period;

“*n_i*”, for any U.S. Government Securities Business Day “*i*”, means the number of calendar days from (and including) such U.S. Government Securities Business Day “*i*” up to (but excluding) the next following U.S. Government Securities Business Day;

“*SOFR_i*” means, in relation to any U.S. Government Securities Business Day, the SOFR reference rate in respect of:

- (i) that U.S. Government Securities Business Day “*i*”, where Observation Shift is specified hereon as being applicable; or
- (ii) the U.S. Government Securities Business Day (being a U.S. Government Securities Business Day falling in the relevant SOFR Observation Period) falling “*p*” U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to the relevant U.S. Government Securities Business Day “*i*”, where Lag is specified hereon as being applicable; and

the “SOFR reference rate” means, in respect of any U.S. Government Securities Business Day, a rate determined in accordance with the following provisions:

- (i) the Secured Overnight Financing Rate published for such U.S. Government Securities Business Day that appears on the SOFR Administrator’s Website at or about 3.00 p.m. (New York City time) on the U.S. Government Securities Business Day immediately following such U.S. Government Securities Business Day; and

- (ii) if the rate specified in paragraph (i) above does not so appear, unless both a Benchmark Transition Event and its related Benchmark Replacement Date have occurred, then the Calculation Agent shall use the Secured Overnight Financing Rate published on the SOFR Administrator's Website for the first preceding U.S. Government Securities Business Day on which the Secured Overnight Financing Rate was published on the SOFR Administrator's Website.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, if both a Benchmark Transition Event and its related Benchmark Replacement Date have occurred with respect to determining the SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate, the benchmark replacement provisions set forth in Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa) below shall apply for the purposes of all determinations of the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes.

- (z) If the Notes become due and payable in accordance with Condition 9, the final Interest Determination Date shall, notwithstanding any Interest Determination Date specified hereon, be deemed to be the date on which such Notes became due and payable and the Rate of Interest on such Notes shall, for so long as any such Note remains outstanding, be that determined on such date and as if (solely for the purpose of such interest determination) the relevant Interest Period had been shortened accordingly.
- (aa) Notwithstanding any other provisions in these Conditions, if:
 - (i) the Benchmark is SOFR; and
 - (ii) any Rate of Interest (or any component part thereof) remains to be determined by reference to the Benchmark,

then the following provisions of this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa) shall apply.

I Benchmark Replacement

If the relevant Issuer or its designee determines prior to the Reference Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date that a Benchmark Transition Event and its related Benchmark Replacement Date have occurred with respect to the then-current Benchmark, the Benchmark Replacement will replace the then-current Benchmark for all purposes relating to the Notes in respect of all determinations on such date and all determinations on all subsequent dates (subject to any subsequent application of this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa) with respect to such Benchmark Replacement).

II Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes

In connection with the implementation of a Benchmark Replacement, the relevant Issuer or its designee will have the right to make Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes from time to time.

At the request of the relevant Issuer, but subject to receipt by the Trustee of an officer's certificate pursuant to Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa)(IV) and subject as provided below, the Trustee shall (at the expense of the relevant Issuer), without any requirement for the consent or approval of the Noteholders, be obliged to concur with the relevant Issuer in effecting any Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes (including, *inter alia*, by the

execution of a supplemental trust deed to or amending the Trust Deed), provided that the Trustee shall not be obliged so to concur if in the opinion of the Trustee doing so would impose more onerous obligations upon it or expose it to any additional duties, responsibilities or liabilities or reduce or amend the protective provisions afforded to the Trustee in the Trust Deed (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any supplemental trust deed) in any way.

The Calculation Agent or any Paying Agent is not obliged to concur with the relevant Issuer in effecting any Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes which, in the sole opinion of the Calculation Agent or the relevant Paying Agent, as the case may be, would impose more onerous obligations upon it or expose it to any additional duties, responsibilities or liabilities or reduce or amend the protective provisions afforded to the Calculation Agent or the relevant Paying Agent (as applicable) in the Agency Agreement.

None of the Trustee, the Calculation Agent or any Paying Agent shall have any liability for any determination made by or on behalf of the relevant Issuer or its designee in connection with a Benchmark Transition Event or a Benchmark Replacement. For the avoidance of doubt, unless otherwise agreed upon in writing, the Trustee, the Calculation Agent or any Paying Agent shall in no event be the relevant Issuer's designee.

III Decisions and Determinations

Any determination, decision or election that may be made by the relevant Issuer or its designee pursuant to this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa), including (without limitation) any determination with respect to a tenor, rate or adjustment or of the occurrence or non-occurrence of an event, circumstance or date and any decision to take or refrain from taking any action or any selection, will be conclusive and binding absent manifest error, may be made in the relevant Issuer's or its designee's sole discretion (as applicable), and, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Conditions or the Trust Deed, shall become effective without any requirement for the consent or approval of Noteholders or any other party.

In connection with any Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes in accordance with this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa), the relevant Issuer shall comply with the rules of any stock exchange on which the Notes are for the time being listed or admitted to trading.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa), no Benchmark Replacement will be adopted, nor will the applicable Benchmark Replacement Adjustment be applied, nor will any Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes be made, if and to the extent that, in the determination of the relevant Issuer, the same could reasonably be expected to prejudice the then current or future qualification of the Notes as Tier 2 Capital.

IV Notice and Certification

Any Benchmark Replacement, Benchmark Replacement Adjustment and the specific terms of any Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes determined under this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa) will be notified at least 10 business days prior to the relevant Interest Determination Date by the relevant Issuer to the Trustee, the Calculation Agent, the Paying Agents and, promptly thereafter, in accordance with Condition 13, the Noteholders. Such notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the effective date of the Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes, if any.

No later than notifying the Noteholders of the same, the relevant Issuer shall deliver to the Trustee an officer's certificate:

- (A) confirming (a) that a Benchmark Transition Event has occurred, (b) the Benchmark Replacement, (c) the applicable Benchmark Replacement Adjustment and (d) the specific terms of the Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes (if any), in each case as determined in accordance with the provisions of this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa); and
- (B) certifying that the Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes (if any) are necessary to ensure the proper operation of such Benchmark Replacement and the applicable Benchmark Replacement Adjustment.

The Trustee shall be entitled to rely on such certificate (without liability to any person) as sufficient evidence thereof. The Benchmark Replacement, the Benchmark Replacement Adjustment and the Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes (if any) specified in such certificate will (in the absence of manifest error or bad faith in the determination of the Benchmark Replacement, the Benchmark Replacement Adjustment and the Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes (if any) and without prejudice to the Trustee's ability to rely on such certificate as aforesaid) be binding on the relevant Issuer, the Trustee, the Calculation Agent, the Paying Agents and the Noteholders.

V Definitions

In this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa):

"Benchmark" means, initially, SOFR (provided that if a Benchmark Transition Event and its related Benchmark Replacement Date have occurred with respect to SOFR (or the published daily SOFR used in the calculation thereof) or any Benchmark which has replaced it in accordance with this Condition 4(a)(iv)(D)(aa), then the term "Benchmark" means the applicable Benchmark Replacement);

"Benchmark Replacement" means the first alternative set out in the order below that can be determined by the relevant Issuer or its designee as at the Benchmark Replacement Date:

- (A) the sum of: (1) the alternative rate of interest that has been selected or recommended by the Relevant Governmental Body as the replacement for the then-current Benchmark and (2) the Benchmark Replacement Adjustment;

- (B) the sum of: (1) the ISDA Fallback Rate and (2) the Benchmark Replacement Adjustment; or
- (C) the sum of: (1) the alternative rate of interest that has been selected by the relevant Issuer or its designee as the replacement for the then-current Benchmark giving due consideration to any industry-accepted rate of interest as a replacement for the then-current Benchmark for U.S. dollar denominated floating rate notes at such time and (2) the Benchmark Replacement Adjustment;

“Benchmark Replacement Adjustment” means the first alternative set out in the order below that can be determined by the relevant Issuer or its designee as at the Benchmark Replacement Date:

- (A) the spread adjustment (which may be a positive or negative value or zero), or method for calculating or determining such spread adjustment, that has been selected or recommended by the Relevant Governmental Body for the applicable Unadjusted Benchmark Replacement;
- (B) if the applicable Unadjusted Benchmark Replacement is equivalent to the ISDA Fallback Rate, then the ISDA Fallback Adjustment; or
- (C) the spread adjustment (which may be a positive or negative value or zero) that has been selected by the relevant Issuer or its designee giving due consideration to any industry-accepted spread adjustment, or method for calculating or determining such spread adjustment, for the replacement of the then-current Benchmark with the applicable Unadjusted Benchmark Replacement for U.S. dollar denominated floating rate notes at such time;

“Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes” means, with respect to any Benchmark Replacement, any technical, administrative or operational changes (including changes to the definition of Interest Period, timing and frequency of determining rates and making payments of interest, rounding amounts or tenors, and other administrative matters) that the relevant Issuer or its designee decides may be appropriate to reflect the adoption of such Benchmark Replacement in a manner substantially consistent with market practice (or, if the relevant Issuer or its designee decides that adoption of any portion of such market practice is not administratively feasible or if the relevant Issuer or its designee determines that no market practice for use of the Benchmark Replacement exists, in such other manner as the relevant Issuer or its designee determines is reasonably necessary);

“Benchmark Replacement Date” means the earliest to occur of the following events with respect to the then-current Benchmark (including the daily published component used in the calculation thereof):

- (A) in the case of paragraph (A) or (B) of the definition of “Benchmark Transition Event”, the later of (1) the date of the public statement or publication of information referenced therein and (2) the date on which the administrator of the Benchmark permanently or indefinitely ceases to provide the Benchmark (or such component); or
- (B) in the case of paragraph (C) of the definition of “Benchmark Transition Event”, the date of the public statement or publication of information referenced therein.

For the avoidance of doubt, if the event giving rise to the Benchmark Replacement Date occurs on the same day as, but earlier than, the Reference Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Benchmark Replacement Date will be deemed to have occurred prior to the Reference Time for such determination;

“Benchmark Transition Event” means the occurrence of one or more of the following events with respect to the then-current Benchmark (including the daily published component used in the calculation thereof):

- (A) a public statement or publication of information by or on behalf of the administrator of the Benchmark (or such component) announcing that such administrator has ceased or will cease to provide the Benchmark (or such component), permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of such statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the Benchmark (or such component);
- (B) a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of the Benchmark (or such component), the central bank for the currency of the Benchmark (or such component), an insolvency official with jurisdiction over the administrator for the Benchmark (or such component), a resolution authority with jurisdiction over the administrator for the Benchmark (or such component) or a court or an entity with similar insolvency or resolution authority over the administrator for the Benchmark (or such component), which states that the administrator of the Benchmark (or such component) has ceased or will cease to provide the Benchmark (or such component) permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of such statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the Benchmark (or such component); or
- (C) a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of the Benchmark announcing that the Benchmark is no longer representative;

“designee” means an affiliate or any other agent of the relevant Issuer;

“ISDA Definitions” has the meaning given to it in Condition 16;

“ISDA Fallback Adjustment” means the spread adjustment (which may be a positive or negative value or zero) that would apply for derivatives transactions referencing the ISDA Definitions to be determined upon the occurrence of an index cessation event with respect to the Benchmark;

“ISDA Fallback Rate” means the rate that would apply for derivatives transactions referencing the ISDA Definitions to be effective upon the occurrence of an index cessation date with respect to the Benchmark for the applicable tenor excluding the applicable ISDA Fallback Adjustment;

“Reference Time” with respect to any determination of the Benchmark means (A) if the Benchmark is SOFR, 3:00 p.m. (New York City time) or such other time as is reasonably agreed between the relevant Issuer or its designee and the Calculation Agent and (B) if the Benchmark is not SOFR, the time determined by the relevant Issuer or its designee in accordance with the Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes;

“Relevant Governmental Body” means the Federal Reserve Board and/or the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or a committee officially endorsed or convened by the Federal Reserve Board and/or the Federal Reserve Bank of New York or any successor thereto; and

“Unadjusted Benchmark Replacement” means the Benchmark Replacement excluding the Benchmark Replacement Adjustment.

(E) Linear Interpolation

Where Linear Interpolation is specified hereon as applicable in respect of an Interest Period, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be calculated by the Calculation Agent by straight line linear interpolation by reference to two rates based on the relevant Reference Rate (where Screen Rate Determination is specified hereon as applicable) or the relevant Floating Rate Option (where ISDA Determination is specified hereon as applicable), one of which shall be determined as if the Applicable Maturity were the period of time for which rates are available next shorter than the length of the relevant Interest Period and the other of which shall be determined as if the Applicable Maturity were the period of time for which rates are available next longer than the length of the relevant Interest Period, provided however, that if there is no such rate available for the period of time next shorter or, as the case may be, next longer, then the relevant Issuer shall determine such rate at such time and by reference to such sources as it determines appropriate.

(b) *Resettable Notes*

(i) Each Resettable Note bears interest on its outstanding amount:

- (A) from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date up to (but excluding) the First Resettable Note Reset Date at the Initial Rate of Interest;
- (B) from (and including) the First Resettable Note Reset Date to (but excluding) the Second Resettable Note Reset Date or, if no such Second Resettable Note Reset Date is specified hereon, the Maturity Date, at the First Reset Rate of Interest; and
- (C) for each Subsequent Reset Period thereafter (if any), at the relevant Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest.

Interest will be payable in arrear on each Resettable Note Interest Payment Date and on the date specified hereon as the Maturity Date.

(ii) Fallback Provisions for Resettable Notes

If on any Reset Determination Date the Relevant Screen Page is not available or the Mid-Swap Rate does not appear on the Relevant Screen Page, the Calculation Agent shall request each of the Reference Banks to provide the Calculation Agent with its Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotation as at approximately 11.00 a.m. in the principal financial centre of the Specified Currency on the Reset Determination Date in question. If two or more of the Reference Banks provide the Calculation Agent with Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotations, the First Reset Rate of Interest or the Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest (as applicable) for the relevant Reset Period shall be the sum of the arithmetic mean (rounded, if necessary, to the nearest 0.001 per cent. (0.0005 per cent. being rounded upwards) of the relevant Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotations and the First Margin or Subsequent Margin (as applicable) with such sum converted as set out in the definition of First

Reset Rate of Interest or Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest (as applicable), all as determined by the Calculation Agent.

If on any Reset Determination Date only one or none of the Reference Banks provides the Calculation Agent with a Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotation as provided in the foregoing provisions of this Condition 4(b)(ii), the First Reset Rate of Interest or the Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest (as applicable) shall be the sum of the last observable Mid-Swap Rate which appears on the Relevant Screen Page and the First Margin or Subsequent Margin (as applicable) with such sum converted as set out in the definition of First Reset Rate of Interest or Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest (as applicable) all as determined by the Calculation Agent.

(c) *Zero Coupon Notes*

Where a Note the Interest Basis of which is specified to be zero coupon is repayable prior to the Maturity Date and is not paid when due, the amount due and payable prior to the Maturity Date shall be the Early Redemption Amount of such Note. As from the Maturity Date, the Rate of Interest for any overdue principal of such a Note shall be a rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Amortisation Yield (as described in Condition 5(h)(i)).

(d) *Accrual of Interest*

Interest shall cease to accrue on each Note on the due date for redemption unless, upon due presentation, payment is improperly withheld or refused, in which event interest shall continue to accrue (both before and after judgment) at the Rate of Interest in the manner provided in this Condition 4 to the Relevant Date (as defined in Condition 16).

(e) *Margin, Maximum/Minimum Rates of Interest and Redemption Amounts and Rounding*

- (i) If any Margin is specified hereon (either (x) generally, or (y) in relation to one or more Interest Periods), an adjustment shall be made to all Rates of Interest, in the case of (x), or the Rates of Interest for the specified Interest Periods, in the case of (y), calculated in accordance with Condition 4(a) above by adding (if a positive number) or subtracting (if a negative number) the absolute value of such Margin specified on the Notes, subject always to the next paragraph.
- (ii) If any Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest or Optional Redemption Amount is specified on the Notes, then such Rate of Interest or Optional Redemption Amount shall be subject to such maximum or minimum, as the case may be.
- (iii) Unless otherwise stated hereon, the Rate of Interest in respect of any Interest Period shall not be less than zero.
- (iv) For the purposes of any calculations required pursuant to these Conditions (unless otherwise specified), (x) all percentages resulting from such calculations shall be rounded, if necessary, to the nearest one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point (with 0.000005 of a percentage point being rounded up), (y) all figures shall be rounded to seven significant figures (provided that if the eighth significant figure is a 5 or greater, the seventh significant figure shall be rounded up) and (z) all currency amounts which fall due and payable shall be rounded to the nearest unit of such currency (with half a unit being rounded up), save in the case of yen, which shall be rounded down to the nearest yen. For these purposes, "unit" means the lowest amount of such currency which is available as legal tender in the countries of such currency.

(f) Calculations

The amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount in respect of any Note for any Interest Period shall be equal to the product of the Rate of Interest, the Calculation Amount specified hereon, and the Day Count Fraction for such Interest Period, unless an Interest Amount (or a formula for its calculation) is applicable to such Interest Period, in which case the amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount in respect of such Note for such Interest Period shall equal such Interest Amount (or be calculated in accordance with such formula). Where any Interest Period comprises two or more Interest Periods, the amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount in respect of such Interest Period shall be the sum of the Interest Amounts payable in respect of each of those Interest Periods. In respect of any other period for which interest is required to be calculated, the provisions above shall apply save that the Day Count Fraction shall be for the period for which interest is required to be calculated.

(g) Determination and Publication of Rates of Interest, Interest Amounts, Final Redemption Amounts, Early Redemption Amounts, Optional Redemption Amounts and Clean-up Call Option Amounts

The Calculation Agent shall, as soon as practicable on each Interest Determination Date, or (if applicable) Reset Determination Date or such other time on such date as it may be required to calculate any rate or amount, obtain any quotation or make any determination or calculation, determine such rate and calculate the Interest Amounts for the relevant Interest Period or Reset Period, calculate the Final Redemption Amount, Early Redemption Amount, Optional Redemption Amount or Clean-Up Call Option Amount, obtain such quotation or make such determination or calculation, as the case may be, and cause the Rate of Interest and the Interest Amounts for each Interest Period or Reset Period and the relevant Interest Payment Date and/or Resettable Note Interest Payment Date and, if required to be calculated, the Final Redemption Amount, Early Redemption Amount, Optional Redemption Amount or Clean-up Call Option Amount to be notified to the relevant Issuer, the Trustee, each of the Paying Agents, the Noteholders, any other Calculation Agent appointed in respect of the Notes that is to make a further calculation upon receipt of such information and, if the Notes are listed on a stock exchange and the rules of such exchange or other relevant authority so require, such exchange or other relevant authority as soon as possible after their determination but in no event later than (i) the commencement of the relevant Interest Period or Reset Period, if determined prior to such time, in the case of notification to such exchange of a Rate of Interest and Interest Amount, or (ii) in all other cases, the fourth Business Day after such determination. Where any date is subject to adjustment pursuant to Condition 4(a)(ii), the Interest Amounts and the Interest Payment Date or Resettable Note Interest Payment Date so published may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made with the consent of the Trustee by way of adjustment) without notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Interest Period or Reset Period. If the Notes become due and payable under Condition 9, the accrued interest and the Rate of Interest payable in respect of the Notes shall, subject in the case of each of the SONIA Compounded Index Rate, the SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate, the SOFR Compounded Index Rate and the SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate to Condition 4(a)(iv)(C) or 4(a)(iv)(D), as applicable, nevertheless continue to be calculated as previously in accordance with this Condition but no publication of the Rate of Interest or the Interest Amount so calculated need be made unless the Trustee otherwise requires. The determination of any rate or amount, the obtaining of each quotation and the making of each determination or calculation by the Calculation Agent(s) shall (in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding upon all parties.

(h) Calculation Agents

The relevant Issuer will procure that there shall at all times be one or more Calculation Agents if provision is made for them in the Conditions applicable to this Note and for so long as it is outstanding.

Where more than one Calculation Agent is appointed in respect of the Notes, references in these Conditions to the Calculation Agent shall be construed as each Calculation Agent performing its respective duties under the Conditions. If the Calculation Agent is unable or unwilling to act as such or if the Calculation Agent fails duly to establish the Rate of Interest for an Interest Period or Reset Period or to calculate any Interest Amount, Early Redemption Amount, Final Redemption Amount, Optional Redemption Amount or Clean-up Call Option Amount, as the case may be, or to comply with any other requirements, the relevant Issuer will appoint a leading bank or financial institution engaged in the interbank market (or, if appropriate, money, swap or over-the-counter index options market) that is most closely connected with the calculation or determination to be made by the Calculation Agent (acting through its principal London office or any other office actively involved in such market) to act as such in its place. The Calculation Agent may not resign its duties without a successor having been appointed as aforesaid.

(i) *Benchmark Discontinuation*

If (i) the Original Reference Rate is not SOFR and (ii) a Benchmark Event occurs in relation to the Original Reference Rate when any Rate of Interest (or any component part thereof) remains to be determined by reference to such Original Reference Rate, then the following provisions shall apply (with effect from 30 days prior to the first date when such determination is necessary).

(i) *Independent Adviser*

The relevant Issuer shall use its reasonable endeavours to appoint an Independent Adviser, as soon as reasonably practicable, to consult with the relevant Issuer in determining a Successor Rate, failing which an Alternative Rate (in accordance with Condition 4(i)(ii)) and, in either case, an Adjustment Spread and any Benchmark Amendments (in accordance with Condition 4(i)(iv)).

In making such determination, the Independent Adviser appointed pursuant to this Condition 4(i) and the relevant Issuer shall act in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner. In the absence of bad faith or fraud, the relevant Issuer and the Independent Adviser shall have no liability whatsoever to the relevant Issuer, the Trustee, the Calculation Agent, the Paying Agents, or the Noteholders, as applicable, for any determination made by the relevant Issuer and/or for any advice given to the relevant Issuer in connection with any determination made by the relevant Issuer pursuant to this Condition 4(i).

If (i) the relevant Issuer is unable to appoint an Independent Adviser; or (ii) the relevant Issuer fails to determine a Successor Rate or, failing which, an Alternative Rate in accordance with this Condition 4(i) prior to the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Rate of Interest applicable to the next succeeding Interest Period shall (subject as provided below) be equal to the Rate of Interest last determined in relation to the Notes in respect of the immediately preceding Interest Period. If there has not been a first Interest Payment Date, the Rate of Interest shall be the Initial Rate of Interest. Where a different Margin or Maximum Rate of Interest or Minimum Rate of Interest is to be applied to the relevant Interest Period from that which applied to the last preceding Interest Period, the Margin or Maximum Rate of Interest or Minimum Rate of Interest relating to the relevant Interest Period shall be substituted in place of the Margin or Maximum Rate of Interest or Minimum Rate of Interest relating to that last preceding Interest Period. For the avoidance of doubt, this paragraph shall apply to the relevant next succeeding Interest Period only and any subsequent Interest Periods are subject to the subsequent operation of, and to adjustment as provided in, this Condition 4(i)(i).

For the purposes of this Condition 4(i) only, in respect of any Resetable Notes, references to (i) Interest Determination Date shall be read as references to Reset Determination Date, (ii) Interest

Period shall be read as references to Reset Period and (iii) Interest Payment Date shall be read as references to Resettable Note Reset Date.

(ii) *Successor Rate or Alternative Rate*

If the relevant Issuer, following consultation with the Independent Adviser and acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, determines that:

- (A) there is a Successor Rate, then such Successor Rate and the applicable Adjustment Spread shall subsequently be used in place of the Original Reference Rate to determine the Rate of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) for all future payments of interest on the Notes (subject to the operation of this Condition 4(i)); or
- (B) there is no Successor Rate but that there is an Alternative Rate, then such Alternative Rate and the applicable Adjustment Spread shall subsequently be used in place of the Original Reference Rate to determine the Rate of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) for all future payments of interest on the Notes (subject to the operation of this Condition 4(i)).

(iii) *Adjustment Spread*

The Adjustment Spread (or the formula or methodology for determining the Adjustment Spread) shall be applied to the Successor Rate or the Alternative Rate (as the case may be). If the Issuer, following consultation with the Independent Adviser is unable to determine the quantum of, or a formula or methodology for determining, such Adjustment Spread, then the Successor Rate or Alternative Rate (as applicable) will apply without an Adjustment Spread.

(iv) *Benchmark Amendments*

If any Successor Rate or Alternative Rate and, in either case, the applicable Adjustment Spread is determined in accordance with this Condition 4(i) and the relevant Issuer, following consultation with the Independent Adviser and acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, determines (i) that amendments to these Conditions and/or the Trust Deed are necessary to ensure the proper operation of such Successor Rate or Alternative Rate and/or (in either case) the applicable Adjustment Spread (such amendments, the “Benchmark Amendments”) and (ii) the terms of the Benchmark Amendments, then the relevant Issuer shall, subject to giving notice thereof in accordance with Condition 4(i)(v) without any requirement for the consent or approval of Noteholders, vary these Conditions and/or of the Trust Deed to give effect to such Benchmark Amendments with effect from the date specified in such notice.

At the request of the relevant Issuer, but subject to receipt by the Trustee of an officer’s certificate pursuant to Condition 4(i)(v), the Trustee shall (at the expense of the relevant Issuer), without any requirement for the consent or approval of the Noteholders, be obliged to concur with the relevant Issuer in effecting any Benchmark Amendments (including, *inter alia*, by the execution of a supplemental trust deed to or amending the Trust Deed), provided that the Trustee shall not be obliged so to concur if in the opinion of the Trustee doing so would impose more onerous obligations upon it or expose it to any additional duties, responsibilities or liabilities or reduce or amend the protective provisions afforded to the Trustee in the Trust Deed (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any supplemental trust deed) in any way.

The Calculation Agent or any Paying Agent is not obliged to concur with the relevant Issuer in effecting any Benchmark Amendments which, in the sole opinion of the Calculation Agent or the relevant Paying Agent, as the case may be, would impose more onerous obligations upon it or

expose it to any additional duties, responsibilities or liabilities or reduce or amend the protective provisions afforded to the Calculation Agent or the relevant Paying Agent (as applicable) in the Agency Agreement.

In connection with any such variation in accordance with this Condition 4(i), the relevant Issuer shall comply with the rules of any stock exchange on which the Notes are for the time being listed or admitted to trading.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Condition 4(i), no Successor Rate or Alternative Rate will be adopted, nor will the applicable Adjustment Spread be applied, nor will any Benchmark Amendments be made, if and to the extent that, in the determination of the relevant Issuer, the same could reasonably be expected to prejudice the then current or future qualification of the Notes as Tier 2 Capital.

(v) *Notices, etc.*

Any Successor Rate, Alternative Rate, Adjustment Spread and the specific terms of any Benchmark Amendments determined under this Condition 4(i) will be notified at least 10 business days prior to the relevant Interest Determination Date by the relevant Issuer to the Trustee, the Calculation Agent, the Paying Agents and, promptly thereafter, in accordance with Condition 13, the Noteholders. Such notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the effective date of the Benchmark Amendments, if any.

No later than notifying the Noteholders of the same, the relevant Issuer shall deliver to the Trustee an officer's certificate:

- (A) confirming (a) that a Benchmark Event has occurred, (b) the Successor Rate or, as the case may be, the Alternative Rate, (c) the applicable Adjustment Spread and (d) the specific terms of the Benchmark Amendments (if any), in each case as determined in accordance with the provisions of this Condition 4(i); and
- (B) certifying that the Benchmark Amendments (if any) are necessary to ensure the proper operation of such Successor Rate or Alternative Rate and (in either case) the applicable Adjustment Spread.

The Trustee shall be entitled to rely on such certificate (without liability to any person) as sufficient evidence thereof. The Successor Rate or Alternative Rate and the Adjustment Spread and the Benchmark Amendments (if any) specified in such certificate will (in the absence of manifest error or bad faith in the determination of the Successor Rate or Alternative Rate and the Adjustment Spread and the Benchmark Amendments (if any) and without prejudice to the Trustee's ability to rely on such certificate as aforesaid) be binding on the relevant Issuer, the Trustee, the Calculation Agent, the Paying Agents and the Noteholders.

(vi) *Survival of Original Reference Rate*

Without prejudice to the obligations of the relevant Issuer under Conditions 4(i)(i), 4(i)(ii), 4(i)(iii) and 4(i)(iv), the Original Reference Rate and the fallback provisions provided for in Condition 4(a)(iv) and Condition 4(b), as applicable, will continue to apply unless and until a Benchmark Event has occurred.

5 Redemption, Purchase and Options

(a) Final redemption

Unless previously redeemed, purchased and cancelled or (pursuant to Condition 5(k)) substituted, each Note will be redeemed at its Final Redemption Amount (which, unless otherwise provided, is its nominal amount) on the Maturity Date specified on each Note.

(b) Redemption for taxation reasons

If, as a result of any amendment to, or change in, the laws or regulations of Ireland or any political subdivision thereof or any authority or agency therein or thereof having power to tax or in the officially published application or interpretation or administration of any such laws or regulations which becomes effective on or after the Issue Date of the last Tranche of Notes, (i) the relevant Issuer would, on the occasion of the next payment date in respect of the Notes, be required to pay additional amounts as provided in Condition 7, or (ii) any relief from tax in respect of interest paid on the Notes would be withdrawn by Ireland or (iii) any payment of interest would be treated as a distribution by Ireland (each, a “Tax Event”), the relevant Issuer may, at its sole discretion, on any Interest Payment Date (if this Note is a Floating Rate Note) or at any time (if this Note is not a Floating Rate Note) on giving not more than 45 nor less than 30 days’ notice to the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the date fixed for redemption) in accordance with Condition 13 and subject to Condition 5(j), redeem all, but not some only, of the Notes at their Early Redemption Amount as specified hereon together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant date fixed for redemption.

Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this Condition 5(b), the relevant Issuer shall deliver to the Trustee a certificate signed by two Authorised Signatories of the relevant Issuer stating that the relevant Issuer is entitled to effect such redemption and setting forth a statement of the facts showing that the conditions precedent to the right of the relevant Issuer so to redeem have occurred and the Trustee shall be entitled to accept such certificate without further inquiry as sufficient evidence of the satisfaction of the conditions precedent referred to above, in which event it shall be conclusive and binding on the Trustee and the holders of the Notes and Coupons.

(c) Purchases

Subject to Condition 5(j) and Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements, the relevant Issuer and any of its subsidiaries may purchase (or otherwise acquire), or procure others to purchase (or otherwise acquire) beneficially for its account, Notes (provided that, in the case of Bearer Notes, all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons appertaining thereto are attached or surrendered therewith) in any manner and at any price.

(d) Redemption for Regulatory Reasons

Subject to Condition 5(j), if a Capital Disqualification Event (as defined in Condition 16) has occurred and is continuing, the relevant Issuer may, at its sole discretion, having given:

- (i) not less than 15 nor more than 30 days’ notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13; and
- (ii) prior notice to the Trustee before the giving of the notice referred to in (i),

(which notices shall be irrevocable and shall specify the date fixed for redemption), redeem all (but not some only) of the Notes then outstanding at any time (if this Note is not a Floating Rate Note) or on any Interest Payment Date (if this Note is a Floating Rate Note) at the Early Redemption Amount(s) specified hereon together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant date fixed for redemption.

(e) *Redemption due to Loss Absorption Disqualification Event*

Subject to Condition 5(j), if Loss Absorption Disqualification Event is specified on the Notes as being applicable, and a Loss Absorption Disqualification Event (as defined in Condition 16) has occurred and is continuing, the relevant Issuer may, at its sole discretion, having given:

- (i) not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13; and
- (ii) prior notice to the Trustee before the giving of the notice referred to in (i),

(which notices shall be irrevocable and shall specify the date fixed for redemption), redeem all (but not some only) of the Notes then outstanding at any time (if this Note is not a Floating Rate Note) or on any Interest Payment Date (if this Note is a Floating Rate Note) at the Early Redemption Amount(s) specified hereon together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant date fixed for redemption.

(f) *Redemption at the Option of the relevant Issuer*

Subject to Condition 5(j), if Call Option is specified on the Notes as being applicable, the relevant Issuer may, at its sole discretion, on giving not less than 15 nor more than 30 days' notice (which notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the date fixed for redemption) to the Noteholders (or such other notice period as may be specified on the Notes) redeem all (or, if so provided, some) of the Notes on any Optional Redemption Date. Any such redemption of Notes shall be at their Optional Redemption Amount together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant date fixed for redemption. Any such redemption must relate to Notes of a nominal amount at least equal to the Minimum Redemption Amount to be redeemed specified hereon and no greater than the Maximum Redemption Amount to be redeemed specified hereon.

All Notes in respect of which any such notice is given shall be redeemed on the date specified in such notice in accordance with this Condition.

In the case of a partial redemption, the notice to Noteholders shall also contain the serial numbers of the Bearer Notes or, in the case of Registered Notes, shall specify the nominal amount of Registered Notes drawn and the holder(s) of such Registered Notes, to be redeemed, which shall have been drawn in such place as the Trustee may approve and in such manner as it deems appropriate, subject to compliance with any applicable laws and stock exchange or other relevant authority requirements.

(g) *Clean-up Call Option*

If (i) Clean-up Call Option is specified hereon as being applicable and (ii) the Clean-up Call Minimum Percentage (or more) of the principal amount outstanding of the Notes originally issued has been redeemed or purchased and subsequently cancelled by the relevant Issuer, the relevant Issuer may, at its sole discretion, but subject to Condition 5(j), from (and including) the Clean-up Call Effective Date on giving not less than 15 nor more than 30 days' notice (which notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the date fixed for redemption) to the Noteholders (or such other notice period as may be specified on the Notes) redeem all (but not some only) of the Notes then outstanding at the Clean-up Call Option Amount specified on the Notes together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant date fixed for redemption.

For the purposes of this provision, any additional notes issued pursuant to Condition 12 so as to be consolidated and form a single series with the Notes outstanding at that time will be deemed to have been originally issued.

All Notes in respect of which any such notice is given shall be redeemed on the date specified in such notice in accordance with this Condition.

For the purposes of this provision, “Clean-up Call Effective Date” means the date specified hereon or such earlier date as may be permitted under the Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements from time to time.

(h) Early Redemption

(i) Zero Coupon Notes

- (A) The Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of any Zero Coupon Note, upon redemption of such Note pursuant to Conditions 5(b) and 5(d) or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 9 shall be the Amortised Face Amount (calculated as provided below) of such Note unless otherwise specified hereon.
- (B) Subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (C) below, the Amortised Face Amount of any such Note shall be the scheduled Final Redemption Amount of such Note on the Maturity Date discounted at a rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Amortisation Yield (which, if none is shown hereon, shall be such rate as would produce an Amortised Face Amount equal to the issue price of the Notes if they were discounted back to their issue price on the Issue Date) compounded annually.
- (C) If the Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of such Note upon its redemption pursuant to Conditions 5(b) and 5(d) or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 9 is not paid when due, the Early Redemption Amount due and payable in respect of such Note shall be the Amortised Face Amount of such Note as described in sub-paragraph (B) above, except that such sub-paragraph shall have effect as though the date on which the Note becomes due and payable were the Relevant Date. The calculation of the Amortised Face Amount in accordance with this sub-paragraph shall continue to be made (both before and after judgment) until the Relevant Date, unless the Relevant Date falls on or after the Maturity Date, in which case the amount due and payable shall be the scheduled Final Redemption Amount of such Note on the Maturity Date together with any interest that may accrue in accordance with Condition 4(c).

Where such calculation is to be made for a period of less than one year, it shall be made on the basis of the Day Count Fraction shown hereon.

(ii) Other Notes

The Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of any Note (other than Notes described in (i) above), upon redemption of such Note pursuant to Condition 5(b), Condition 5(d) or Condition 5(e) or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 9, shall be the Final Redemption Amount unless otherwise specified hereon.

(i) Cancellation

All Notes redeemed or substituted by the relevant Issuer pursuant to this Condition 5 will forthwith be cancelled. All Notes purchased by or on behalf of the relevant Issuer or any of its subsidiaries, subject to obtaining any Supervisory Permission therefor (and such Supervisory Permission not having been revoked), may be held, reissued, resold or, at the option of the relevant Issuer, surrendered for cancellation, in the case of Bearer Notes, by surrendering each such Note (together with all unmatured Coupons and all unexchanged Talons) to the Issuing and Paying Agent and, in the case of Registered Notes, by surrendering the Certificate representing such Notes to the Registrar and, in each case, if so

surrendered, shall, together with all Notes redeemed by the relevant Issuer, be cancelled forthwith (together, in the case of Bearer Notes, with all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons attached thereto or surrendered therewith). Any Notes so surrendered for cancellation may not be reissued or resold and the obligations of the relevant Issuer in respect of any such Notes shall be permanently and irrevocably discharged.

(j) *Conditions to Redemption or Purchase*

Any redemption or purchase of the Notes in accordance with Conditions 5(b), (c), (d), (e) or (g) is subject to (in each case, if and to the extent then required under the Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements) the following conditions:

- (i) the relevant Issuer has obtained prior Supervisory Permission for such redemption or purchase (as the case may be) and such Supervisory Permission has not been revoked by the relevant date of such redemption or purchase;
- (ii) in the case of any redemption or purchase of any Notes, save in the case of Condition 5(j)(v)(A) below, either: (A) the relevant Issuer has (or will on or before the relevant redemption or purchase date, have) replaced the Notes with own funds instruments of equal or higher quality at terms that are sustainable for the income capacity of the relevant Issuer; or (B) the relevant Issuer having demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Relevant Regulator that the own funds and eligible liabilities of the relevant Issuer would, following such redemption or purchase, exceed its minimum applicable requirements (including any applicable buffer requirements) by a margin (calculated in accordance with prevailing Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements) that the Relevant Regulator considers necessary at such time; and
- (iii) in the case of any redemption of the Notes prior to the fifth anniversary of the Issue Date of the last Tranche of Notes, upon the occurrence of a Tax Event, the relevant Issuer has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Relevant Regulator that the change in tax treatment is material and was not reasonably foreseeable as at the Issue Date of the last Tranche of Notes;
- (iv) in the case of any redemption of the Notes prior to the fifth anniversary of the Issue Date of the last Tranche of Notes upon the occurrence of a Capital Disqualification Event, the relevant Issuer has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Relevant Regulator that the relevant change in the regulatory classification of the Notes was not reasonably foreseeable as at the Issue Date of the last Tranche of Notes; and
- (v) in the case of (i) any purchase of the Notes prior to the fifth anniversary of the Issue Date of the last Tranche of Notes pursuant to Condition 5(c) or (ii) any redemption of the Notes prior to the fifth anniversary of the Issue Date of the last Tranche of Notes upon the occurrence of a Loss Absorption Disqualification Event or in accordance with Condition 5(g), either (A) the relevant Issuer has, before or at the same time as such purchase, replaced the Notes with own funds instruments of equal or higher quality at terms that are sustainable for the income capacity of the relevant Issuer, and the Relevant Regulator has permitted such action on the basis of the determination that it would be beneficial from a prudential point of view and justified by exceptional circumstances or (B) the relevant Notes are being purchased for market-making purposes in accordance with the Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements.

Any refusal by the Relevant Regulator to give its Supervisory Permission as contemplated above (or, having given it, any revocation by the Relevant Regulator of such Supervisory Permission) shall not constitute a default for any purpose.

Notwithstanding the above conditions, if, at the time of any redemption or purchase, the Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements permit the repayment or purchase only after compliance with one or more alternative or additional pre-conditions to those set out above in this Condition 5(j), the relevant Issuer shall comply with such alternative and/or, as appropriate, additional pre-condition(s).

In addition, in the case of a redemption occurring in respect of a Tax Event pursuant to Condition 5(b), the relevant Issuer shall deliver to the Trustee a copy of an opinion of an independent nationally recognised law firm or other tax adviser in Ireland experienced in such matters that a Tax Event has occurred and is continuing.

Prior to the publication of any notice of early redemption pursuant to this Condition 5 (other than redemption pursuant to Condition 5(f)), the relevant Issuer shall deliver to the Trustee a certificate signed by any two Authorised Signatories of the relevant Issuer stating that the relevant Issuer is entitled to effect such redemption and setting forth a statement of the facts showing that the conditions precedent to the right of the relevant Issuer so to redeem have occurred and the Trustee shall be entitled to accept such certificate without further inquiry as sufficient evidence of the satisfaction of the conditions precedent referred to above, in which event it shall be conclusive and binding on the Trustee and the holders of the Notes and Coupons.

(k) Substitution and Variation

If “Substitution and Variation” is specified hereon as being applicable, then:

(i) Substitution and Variation

If a Tax Event, Loss Absorption Disqualification Event or a Capital Disqualification Event has occurred and is continuing, the relevant Issuer (in its sole discretion but subject to the provisions of paragraph (ii) below), having given:

- (A) not less than 15 nor more than 30 days’ notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13; and
- (B) prior notice to the Trustee before the giving of the notice referred to in (A) and having delivered to the Trustee the certificate referred to in the definition of “Tier 2 Compliant Notes”, as the case may be, in Condition 16,

(which notices shall be irrevocable), may, without any requirement for the consent or approval of the Noteholders, either substitute all (but not some only) of the Notes for, or vary the terms of the Notes so that they remain or, as appropriate, become, Tier 2 Compliant Notes. Upon the expiry of the notice referred to in (A) above, the relevant Issuer shall either vary the terms of or, as the case may be, substitute the Notes in accordance with this Condition 5(k)(i) and, subject as set out in Conditions 5(k)(ii) and (iii), the Trustee shall agree to such substitution or variation. In connection with any substitution or variation in accordance with this Condition 5(k), the relevant Issuer shall comply with the rules of any stock exchange on which such Notes are for the time being listed or admitted to trading.

(ii) Conditions to Substitution and Variation

Any substitution or variation in accordance with this Condition 5(k) is subject to the following conditions:

- (A) the relevant Issuer shall have obtained prior Supervisory Permission therefor from the Relevant Regulator (if then required by the Relevant Regulator or by the Applicable

Regulatory Capital Requirements) and such Supervisory Permission shall not have been revoked by the relevant date of such substitution or variation;

- (B) such substitution or variation must be permitted by, and conducted in accordance with, any other applicable requirement of the Relevant Regulator or under the Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements;
- (C) such substitution or variation shall not result in any event or circumstance which at or around that time gives the relevant Issuer a redemption right in respect of the Notes; and
- (D) prior to the publication of any notice of substitution or variation pursuant to this Condition 5(k), the relevant Issuer shall have delivered to the Trustee a certificate signed by two Authorised Signatories of the relevant Issuer stating that the Tax Event, Loss Absorption Disqualification Event or Capital Disqualification Event giving rise to the right to substitute or vary the Notes has occurred and is continuing as at the date of the certificate, that all conditions set out in (A), (B) and (C) above have been satisfied and the Trustee shall be entitled to accept such certificate without any further inquiry as sufficient evidence thereof, in which event it shall be conclusive and binding on the Trustee, the Noteholders and, as applicable, the Couponholders.

(iii) **Role of the Trustee in Substitution and Variation**

The Trustee shall, subject to the relevant Issuer's compliance with Condition 5(k)(ii) and the provision of the certificates signed by two Authorised Signatories of the relevant Issuer and at the request, expense and cost of the relevant Issuer, use its reasonable endeavours to assist the relevant Issuer in any substitution or variation of Notes pursuant to this Condition 5(k), except that the Trustee shall not be obliged to assist with, or agree to, any such substitution or variation if either such substitution or variation itself or the terms of the proposed Tier 2 Compliant Notes would impose, in the Trustee's opinion, more onerous obligations upon it or require the Trustee to incur any liability for which it is not indemnified and/or secured and/or pre-funded to its satisfaction.

6 Payments and Talons

(a) Bearer Notes

Payments of principal and interest in respect of Bearer Notes shall, subject as mentioned below, be made against presentation and surrender of the relevant Notes (in the case of all payments of principal and, in the case of interest, as specified in Condition 6(f)(v)) or Coupons (in the case of interest, save as specified in Condition 6(f)(ii)), as the case may be, at the specified office of any Paying Agent outside the United States by a cheque payable in the relevant currency drawn on, or, at the option of the holder, by transfer to an account denominated in such currency with, a Bank. "Bank" means a bank in the principal financial centre for such currency or, in the case of euro, in a city in which banks have access to T2.

(b) Registered Notes

- (i) Payments of principal in respect of Registered Notes shall be made against presentation and surrender of the relevant Certificates at the specified office of any of the Transfer Agents or of the Registrar and in the manner provided in paragraph (ii) below.
- (ii) Interest on Registered Notes shall be paid to the person shown on the Register at the close of business on the fifteenth day before the due date for payment thereof (the "Record Date"). Payments of interest on each Registered Note shall be made in the relevant currency by cheque

drawn on a Bank and mailed to the holder (or to the first named of joint holders) of such Note at its address appearing in the Register. Upon application by the holder to the specified office of the Registrar or any Transfer Agent before the Record Date, such payment of interest may be made by transfer to an account in the relevant currency maintained by the payee with a Bank.

(c) *Payments in the United States*

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any Bearer Notes are denominated in U.S. dollars, payments in respect thereof may be made at the specified office of any Paying Agent in New York City in the same manner as aforesaid if (i) the relevant Issuer shall have appointed Paying Agents with specified offices outside the United States with the reasonable expectation that such Paying Agents would be able to make payment of the amounts on the Notes in the manner provided above when due, (ii) payment in full of such amounts at all such offices is illegal or effectively precluded by exchange controls or other similar restrictions on payment or receipt of such amounts and (iii) such payment is then permitted by United States law, without involving, in the opinion of the relevant Issuer, any adverse tax consequence to the relevant Issuer.

(d) *Payments subject to law etc.*

All payments are subject in all cases to any applicable fiscal or other laws, regulations and directives in the place of payment, but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 7. No commission or expenses shall be charged to the Noteholders or Couponholders in respect of such payments.

(e) *Appointment of Agents*

The Issuing and Paying Agent, the other Paying Agents, the Registrar, the Transfer Agents and the Calculation Agent initially appointed by the relevant Issuer and their respective specified offices are listed below. The Issuing and Paying Agent, the other Paying Agents, the Registrar, the Transfer Agents and the Calculation Agent act solely as agents of the relevant Issuer and, in certain circumstances specified in the Agency Agreement, of the Trustee and do not assume any obligation or relationship of agency or trust for or with any Noteholder or Couponholder. The relevant Issuer reserves the right at any time with the approval of the Trustee to vary or terminate the appointment of the Issuing and Paying Agent, any other Paying Agent, the Registrar, any Transfer Agent or the Calculation Agent(s) and to appoint additional or other Paying Agents or Transfer Agents, provided that the relevant Issuer shall at all times maintain (i) an Issuing and Paying Agent, (ii) a Registrar in relation to Registered Notes, (iii) a Transfer Agent in relation to Registered Notes, (iv) one or more Calculation Agent(s) where the Conditions so require, (v) a Paying Agent in a jurisdiction within Europe, other than the jurisdiction in which the relevant Issuer is incorporated and (vi) such other agents as may be required by any other stock exchange on which the Notes may be listed, in each case, as approved by the Trustee.

In addition, the relevant Issuer shall forthwith appoint a Paying Agent in New York in respect of any Bearer Notes denominated in U.S. dollars in the circumstances described in paragraph (c) above.

Notice of any such change or any change of any specified office will promptly be given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13.

(f) *Unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons*

- (i) Upon the due date for redemption of Bearer Notes which comprise Fixed Rate Notes, those Notes should be surrendered for payment together with all unexpired Coupons (if any) relating thereto, failing which an amount equal to the face value of each missing unexpired Coupon (or, in the case of payment not being made in full, that proportion of the amount of such missing unexpired Coupon which the sum of principal so paid bears to the total principal due) will be deducted from

the Final Redemption Amount, Early Redemption Amount, Optional Redemption Amount or Clean-up Call Option Amount, as the case may be, due for payment. Any amount so deducted will be paid in the manner mentioned above against surrender of such missing Coupon within a period of 10 years from the Relevant Date for the payment of such principal (whether or not such Coupon has become void pursuant to Condition 8).

- (ii) Upon the due date for redemption of any Bearer Note comprising a Floating Rate Note, unmatured Coupons relating to such Note (whether or not attached) shall become void and no payment shall be made in respect of them.
- (iii) Upon the due date for redemption of any Bearer Note, any unexchanged Talon relating to such Note (whether or not attached) shall become void and no Coupon shall be delivered in respect of such Talon.
- (iv) Where any Bearer Note which provides that the relative unmatured Coupons are to become void upon the due date for redemption of those Notes is presented for redemption without all unmatured Coupons, and where any Bearer Note is presented for redemption without any unexchanged Talon relating to it, redemption shall be made only against the provisions of such indemnity as the relevant Issuer may require.
- (v) If the due date for redemption of any Note is not a due date for payment of interest, interest accrued from the preceding due date for payment of interest or the Interest Commencement Date, as the case may be, shall only be payable against presentation (and surrender if appropriate) of the relevant Bearer Note or Certificate representing it, as the case may be. Interest accrued on a Note which only bears interest after its Maturity Date shall be payable on redemption of such Note against presentation of the relevant Note or Certificate representing it, as the case may be.

(g) Talons

On or after the Interest Payment Date for the final Coupon forming part of a Coupon sheet issued in respect of any Bearer Note, the Talon forming part of such Coupon sheet may be surrendered at the specified office of the Issuing and Paying Agent in exchange for a further Coupon sheet (and if necessary another Talon for a further Coupon sheet) (but excluding any Coupons which may have become void pursuant to Condition 8).

(h) Non-Business Days

If any date for payment in respect of any Note or Coupon is not a business day, the holder shall not be entitled to payment until the next following business day nor to any interest or other sum in respect of such postponed payment. In this paragraph, “business day” means a day (other than a Saturday or a Sunday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for business in the relevant place of presentation, in such jurisdictions as shall be specified as “Financial Centres” hereon and:

- (i) (in the case of a payment in a currency other than euro) where payment is to be made by transfer to an account maintained with a bank in the relevant currency, on which foreign exchange transactions may be carried on in the relevant currency in the principal financial centre of the country of such currency; or
- (ii) (in the case of a payment in euro) which is a T2 Business Day.

7 Taxation

All payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes and the Coupons by the relevant Issuer shall be made free and clear of, and without deduction or withholding for, or on account of, any taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by

Ireland or any authority therein or thereof having power to tax, unless such deduction or withholding is required by law. In such event, in respect of payments of interest (but not principal or any other amount), the relevant Issuer shall pay such additional amounts as will result in receipt by the Noteholders or, as the case may be, the Couponholders of such amounts as would have been received by them had no such deduction or withholding been required, except that no such additional amounts shall be payable with respect to any Note or Coupon:

- (a) presented (or in respect of which the Certificate representing it is presented) for payment by or on behalf of a holder who is liable to such taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges in respect of such Note or Coupon by reason of their having some connection with Ireland, other than the mere holding of such Note or Coupon or the receipt of the relevant payment in respect thereof; or
- (b) presented (or in respect of which the Certificate representing it is presented) for payment more than 30 days after the Relevant Date, except to the extent that the holder thereof would have been entitled to such additional amounts on presenting the same for payment on such 30th day; or
- (c) presented (or in respect of which the Certificate representing it is presented) by, or by a third party on behalf of, a holder who could lawfully avoid (but has not so avoided) such deduction or withholding by complying or procuring that any third party complies with any statutory requirements or by making or procuring that any third party makes a declaration of non-residence or other similar claim for exemption to any tax authority in the place where the relevant Note (or the Certificate representing it) or Coupon is presented for payment.

References in these Conditions to (i) “principal” shall be deemed to include any premium payable in respect of the Notes, all Final Redemption Amounts, Early Redemption Amounts, Optional Redemption Amounts, Clean-up Call Option Amounts, Amortised Face Amounts and all other amounts in the nature of principal payable pursuant to Condition 5 or any amendment or supplement to it, (ii) “interest” shall be deemed to include all Interest Amounts and all other amounts payable pursuant to Condition 4 or any amendment or supplement to it and (iii) “interest” shall be deemed to include any additional amounts which may be payable under this Condition or any undertaking given in addition to or in substitution for it under the Trust Deed.

For the avoidance of doubt, any amounts to be paid on the Notes will be subject in all cases to any withholding or deduction required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the Code or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code (or any regulations thereunder or official interpretations thereof) or an intergovernmental agreement between the United States and Ireland, facilitating the implementation thereof (or any law implementing such an intergovernmental agreement). Any such amounts withheld or deducted will be treated as paid for all purposes under the Notes, and no additional amounts will be paid on the Notes with respect to any such withholding or deduction.

8 Prescription

Claims against the relevant Issuer for payment in respect of the Notes and Coupons (which, for this purpose shall not include Talons) shall be prescribed and become void unless made within 10 years (in the case of principal) or five years (in the case of interest) from the appropriate Relevant Date in respect thereof.

9 Events of Default and Enforcement

(a) Events of Default

- (i) If the relevant Issuer shall not make payment in respect of the Notes (in the case of any payment of principal and/or premium) for a period of seven days or more after the due date for the same or (in the case of any other amount in respect of the Notes) for a period of 15 days or more after a date upon which the payment of interest is due (other than where such non-payment is due

solely to administrative error (whether by the relevant Issuer or a bank involved in transferring funds to the Paying Agent) and payment is made within three business days in London after notice of that non-payment has been given to the relevant Issuer by the Trustee), the Trustee may, subject as provided in Condition 9(b) below, at its discretion, institute proceedings in Ireland (but not elsewhere) for the winding-up of the relevant Issuer but (save as provided in (ii) below) may take no further action in respect of such default.

- (ii) In the event of a Winding-Up, whether or not instituted by the Trustee pursuant to (i), the Trustee may, subject as provided in Condition 9(b) below, at its discretion, give written notice to the relevant Issuer that the Notes are, and they shall accordingly thereby forthwith become, immediately due and repayable at their Early Redemption Amount as defined in Condition 5(h), plus accrued interest as provided in the Trust Deed.
- (iii) Without prejudice to paragraphs (i) and (ii) above, the Trustee may, subject as provided in Condition 9(b) below, at its discretion and without further notice, institute such proceedings against the relevant Issuer as it may think fit to enforce any obligation, condition or provision binding on the relevant Issuer under the Notes, the Coupons or the Trust Deed (other than any obligation for the payment of any principal, premium or interest in respect of the Notes), provided that the relevant Issuer shall not as a consequence of such proceedings be obliged to pay any sum or sums representing or measured by reference to principal or interest in respect of the Notes sooner than the same would otherwise have been due and payable by it or any damages.

(b) Enforcement

The Trustee shall be bound to take action as referred to in Condition 9(a)(i), (ii) or (iii) above if (i) it shall have been so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders or requested in writing by the holders of at least one-fifth in nominal amount of the Notes then outstanding and (ii) it shall have been indemnified and/or secured and/or pre-funded to its satisfaction.

No Noteholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the relevant Issuer unless the Trustee, having become bound so to proceed, fails or is unable to do so within a reasonable period and such failure or inability shall be continuing, in which case the Noteholder shall have only such rights against the relevant Issuer as those which the Trustee is entitled to exercise pursuant to this Condition 9.

No Noteholder shall be entitled to institute proceedings for the winding-up of the relevant Issuer, or to prove in any Winding-Up, except that if the Trustee, having become bound to proceed against the relevant Issuer as aforesaid, fails to do so within a reasonable period and the failure shall be continuing or, being able to prove in any Winding-Up, fails to do so, then any such holder may, on giving an indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee, institute proceedings for the winding-up in Ireland (but not elsewhere) of the relevant Issuer and/or prove in any Winding-Up to the same extent (but not further or otherwise) that the Trustee would have been entitled so to do in respect of its Notes.

No remedy against the relevant Issuer, other than as referred to in this Condition 9, shall be available to the Trustee or the Noteholders whether for the recovery of amounts owing in respect of the Notes or under the Trust Deed or in respect of any breach by the relevant Issuer of any of its obligations under the Trust Deed or the Notes (other than for recovery of the Trustee's remuneration or expenses).

10 Meetings of Noteholders, Modifications, Waiver and Substitution

(a) Meetings of Noteholders

The Trust Deed contains provisions for convening meetings of Noteholders (including meetings held via an electronic platform (as defined in the Trust Deed)) to consider any matter affecting their interests,

including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution of a modification of any of these Conditions or any provisions of the Trust Deed. Such a meeting may be convened by the relevant Issuer or the Trustee and shall be convened by the relevant Issuer if required in writing by Noteholders holding not less than 10 per cent. in principal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding. The quorum for any meeting convened to consider an Extraordinary Resolution shall be two or more persons holding or representing a clear majority in principal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding, or at any adjourned meeting two or more persons being or representing Noteholders whatever the principal amount of the Notes held or represented, unless the business of such meeting includes consideration of proposals, inter alia, (i) to amend the dates of maturity or redemption of the Notes, or any date for payment of interest or Interest Amounts thereon, (ii) to reduce or cancel the principal amount, or any premium payable on redemption of, the Notes, (iii) to reduce the rate or rates of interest in respect of the Notes or to vary the method or basis of calculating the rate or rates or amount of interest or the basis for calculating any Interest Amount in respect thereof, (iv) if there is shown on the face of the Notes a Minimum Rate of Interest and/or a Maximum Rate of Interest, to reduce such Minimum Rate of Interest and/or such Maximum Rate of Interest, (v) to change any method of, or basis for, calculating the Final Redemption Amount, the Early Redemption Amount, the Optional Redemption Amount, the Clean-up Call Option Amount or the Amortised Face Amount of any Note, (vi) to change the currency or currencies of payment of the Notes (other than upon the country of such currency adopting the euro as its currency), (vii) to modify the provisions concerning the quorum required at any meeting of Noteholders or any adjournment thereof or the majority required to pass an Extraordinary Resolution or (viii) to alter the provisions as to subordination contained in Condition 3 and in the Trust Deed (except to the extent that such alteration would, in the opinion of the Trustee, not be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders), in which case the necessary quorum shall be two or more persons holding or representing not less than 75 per cent., or at any adjourned meeting not less than 25 per cent., in principal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding.

The agreement or approval of the Noteholders shall not be required in the case of any variation of these Conditions and/or the Trust Deed required to be made in the circumstances described in Condition 4(i) or those described in Condition 5(k) in connection with the variation of the terms of the Notes and to which the Trustee has agreed pursuant to the relevant provisions of Condition 4(i) or, as applicable, Condition 5(k).

The Trust Deed provides that a resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of the holders of not less than 75 per cent. in principal amount of the Notes outstanding shall for all purposes be as valid and effective as an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a meeting of Noteholders duly convened and held. Such a resolution in writing may be contained in one document or several documents in the same form, each signed by or on behalf of one or more Noteholders.

Any Extraordinary Resolution duly passed shall be binding on Noteholders (whether or not they were present at the meeting at which such resolution was passed) and on all Couponholders.

(b) *Modification and Waiver*

The Trustee may agree, without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders but subject to Condition 10(f), to (i) any modification of any of these Conditions or the provisions of the Trust Deed which is of a formal, minor or technical nature or is made to correct a manifest error, and (ii) any other modification (except as mentioned in the Trust Deed), and any waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach, of any of the provisions of the Trust Deed which is in the opinion of the Trustee not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders. In addition, the Trustee shall be obliged to effect such modifications to the Trust Deed and/or these Conditions as may be required in order to give effect to Condition 4(i) in connection with effecting any Benchmark Amendments or any Benchmark

Replacement Conforming Changes, subject to the provisions thereof, without the requirement for the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders.

Any such modification, authorisation or waiver shall be binding on the Noteholders and the Couponholders and, if the Trustee so requires, such modification shall be notified by the Issuer to the Noteholders as soon as practicable.

(c) *Substitution*

The Trust Deed contains provisions permitting the Trustee to agree, subject to such amendment of the Trust Deed and such other conditions as the Trustee may require and Condition 10(f), but without the consent of the Noteholders or the Couponholders, to the substitution of a successor in business of the relevant Issuer in place of the relevant Issuer, or of any previous substituted company, as principal debtor under the Trust Deed and the Notes provided that, unless such substituted company is a successor in business of the relevant Issuer, the relevant Issuer unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees, on a subordinated basis, the payment of all moneys payable by the substituted company as principal debtor under the Trust Deed and the Notes, and subject to the Trustee being satisfied that the substitution is not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders. In the case of such a substitution the Trustee may agree, without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders, to a change of the law governing the Notes, the Coupons and/or the Trust Deed provided that such change would not in the opinion of the Trustee be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders.

(d) *Entitlement of the Trustee*

In connection with the exercise of its functions (including, but not limited to, any modification, waiver, authorisation, determination or substitution) the Trustee shall have regard to the interests of the Noteholders as a class and shall not have regard to the consequences of such exercise for individual Noteholders or Couponholders and the Trustee shall not be entitled to require, nor shall any Noteholder or Couponholder be entitled to claim, from the relevant Issuer, the Trustee or any other person any indemnification or payment in respect of any tax consequence of any such exercise upon individual Noteholders or Couponholders.

(e) *Indemnification of the Trustee*

The Trust Deed contains provisions for the indemnification of the Trustee and for its relief from responsibility. The Trustee is entitled to enter into business transactions with the relevant Issuer and any entity related to the relevant Issuer and to act as trustee for the holders of any other securities issued or guaranteed by, or relating to, the relevant Issuer and/or any entity related to the relevant Issuer. The Trustee is entitled to retain and not be liable to account for any profit made or any other amount or benefit received thereby or in connection therewith.

The Trustee may rely without liability to the Noteholders or Couponholders on a report, confirmation or certificate or any advice of any accountants, financial advisers, financial institution or any other expert, whether or not addressed to the Trustee and whether its liability in relation thereto is limited (by its terms or by any engagement letter relating thereto entered into by the Trustee or in any other manner) by reference to a monetary cap, methodology or otherwise. The Trustee may accept and shall be entitled to rely on any such report, confirmation or certificate or advice and such report, confirmation or certificate or advice shall be binding on the relevant Issuer, the Trustee and the Noteholders.

The Trustee shall not be liable for any consequences of any application of Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers (as provided in Condition 15(c) below) in respect of the relevant Issuer or any of its affiliates or any Notes and shall not be required to take any action in connection therewith that would,

in the Trustee's opinion, expose the Trustee to any liability or expense unless it shall have been indemnified and/or secured and/or prefunded to its satisfaction; provided that nothing in this Condition shall prevent any application of Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers in respect of the relevant Issuer or any of its affiliates or any Notes from taking effect, and each Noteholder or Couponholder, by its acquisition of any Note or Coupon, authorises and instructs the Trustee to take such steps as may be necessary or expedient in order to give effect to any such application of Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers.

(f) *Supervisory Permission*

Any substitution, variation or modification of the Notes or (to the extent such substitution, variation or modification relates to Notes which are outstanding) the Trust Deed in accordance with this Condition 10 is subject to the relevant Issuer obtaining Supervisory Permission required therefor (provided that at the relevant time such permission is required to be given) and such Supervisory Permission has not been revoked by the relevant date of such substitution, variation or modification.

11 Replacement of Notes, Certificates, Coupons and Talons

If a Note, Certificate, Coupon or Talon is lost, stolen, mutilated, defaced or destroyed it may be replaced, subject to applicable laws and stock exchange regulations, at the specified office of the Issuing and Paying Agent (in the case of Bearer Notes, Coupons or Talons) and of the Registrar (in the case of Certificates) or such other Paying Agent or Transfer Agent, as the case may be, as may from time to time be designated by the relevant Issuer for the purpose and notice of whose designation is given to Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13, in each case on payment by the claimant of the fees and costs incurred in connection therewith and on such terms as to evidence, security and indemnity (which may provide, inter alia, that if the allegedly lost, stolen or destroyed Note, Certificate, Coupon or Talon is subsequently presented for payment or, as the case may be, for exchange for further Coupons, there will be paid to the relevant Issuer on demand the amount payable by the relevant Issuer in respect of such Notes, Certificates, Coupons or further Coupons) and otherwise as the relevant Issuer may require. Mutilated or defaced Notes, Certificates, Coupons or Talons must be surrendered before replacements will be issued.

12 Further Issues

The relevant Issuer may from time to time without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders, but subject to it obtaining any Supervisory Permission required therefor (and such Supervisory Permission not having been revoked at the relevant date of such creation and issue), create and issue further notes having the same terms and conditions as the Notes or the same in all respects (or in all respects except for the first payment of interest thereon) and so that such further notes shall be consolidated and form a single series with such Notes, and references in these Conditions to "Notes" shall be construed accordingly. Any further securities forming a single series with the outstanding securities of any series (including the Notes) constituted by the Trust Deed or any deed supplemental to it shall, and any other securities may (with the consent of the Trustee), be constituted by a deed supplemental to the Trust Deed. The Trust Deed contains provisions for convening a single meeting of the Noteholders and the holders of securities of other series where the Trustee so decides.

13 Notices

Notices required to be given to the holders of Registered Notes pursuant to the Conditions shall be mailed to them at their respective addresses in the Register and deemed to have been given on the fourth weekday (being a day other than a Saturday or a Sunday) after the date of mailing. Notices required to be given to the holders of Bearer Notes pursuant to the Conditions shall be valid if published in a daily newspaper of general circulation in London and Dublin or, if in the opinion of the Trustee, such publication is not practicable, in another leading

daily English language newspaper of general circulation in Europe approved by the Trustee. It is expected that such publication will be made in the Financial Times in London and in The Irish Times in Dublin. So long as the Notes are listed and/or admitted to trading, the relevant Issuer shall ensure that notices required to be given to the holders of the Notes pursuant to the Conditions shall also be published (if such publication is required) in a manner which complies with the rules and regulations of any stock exchange or other relevant authority on which the Notes are listed/and or admitted to trading. Notices, will, if published more than once, be deemed to have been given on the date of the first publication as provided above.

Couponholders shall be deemed for all purposes to have notice of the contents of any notice given to the holders of Bearer Notes in accordance with this Condition.

14 Rights of Third Parties

In the case of English law Notes, no person shall have any right to enforce any term or condition of the Notes under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999.

15 Governing Law, Jurisdiction and Acknowledgement of Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers

(a) *Governing Law*

The Trust Deed, the Notes, the Coupons and the Talons and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with them are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with (i) in the case of an English Law Note, English law (except that Conditions 3 and 15(c) and provisions of the Trust Deed relating to postponement of the claims of Noteholders and Couponholders on a Winding-Up shall be construed in accordance with the laws of Ireland) or (ii) in the case of an Irish Law Note, the laws of Ireland.

(b) *Jurisdiction*

- (i) In the case of English Law Notes, the Courts of England are to have jurisdiction to settle any disputes which may arise out of or in connection with the Trust Deed, any such Notes, Coupons or Talons and accordingly any legal action or proceedings arising out of or in connection with any such Notes, Coupons or Talons or the Trust Deed ("Proceedings") may be brought in such courts. The relevant Issuer irrevocably submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of England and waives any objection to Proceedings in such courts on the ground of venue or on the ground that the Proceedings have been brought in an inconvenient forum. This submission is made for the benefit of each of the holders of such Notes, Coupons and Talons and, to the extent permitted by law, shall not affect the right of any of them to take (A) Proceedings in any other court, provided that court would be competent to hear the dispute pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 1215/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2012 on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters (recast), or the 2007 Lugano Convention on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters; and (B) concurrent Proceedings in any number of jurisdictions identified in this Condition 15(b)(i) that are competent to hear those Proceedings.
- (ii) In the case of Irish Law Notes, the Courts of Ireland are to have jurisdiction to settle any disputes which may arise out of or in connection with any such Notes, Coupons or Talons or the Trust Deed and accordingly any legal action or proceedings arising out of or in connection with any such Notes, Coupons or Talons or the Trust Deed ("Proceedings") may be brought in such courts. The relevant Issuer irrevocably submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of Ireland and waives any objection to Proceedings in such courts on the ground of venue or on the ground that the Proceedings have been brought in an inconvenient forum. This submission is made for the benefit

of each of the holders of such Notes, Coupons and Talons and, to the extent permitted by law, shall not affect the right of any of them to take (A) Proceedings in any other court, provided that court would be competent to hear the dispute pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 1215/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2012 on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters (recast), or the 2007 Lugano Convention on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters; and (B) concurrent Proceedings in any number of jurisdictions identified in this Condition 15(b)(ii) that are competent to hear those Proceedings.

(c) *Acknowledgement of Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers*

Notwithstanding, and to the exclusion of, any other term of the Notes or any other agreements, arrangements or understanding between the relevant Issuer and the Trustee or any Noteholder or Couponholder, the Trustee and, by its acquisition of any Note or Coupon (or any interest therein), each Noteholder and Couponholder (which for the purposes of this Condition, includes each holder of a beneficial interest in the Notes and/or the Coupons) acknowledges and accepts that any liability arising under the Notes or Coupons may be subject to the exercise of Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority and acknowledges, accepts, consents to and agrees to be bound by:

- (i) the effect of the exercise of any Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority, which exercise (without limitation) may include and result in any of the following, or a combination thereof:
 - (A) the reduction of all, or a portion, of the Relevant Amounts in respect of the Notes and/or Coupons;
 - (B) the conversion of all, or a portion, of the Relevant Amounts in respect of the Notes and/or Coupons into shares, other securities or other obligations of the relevant Issuer or another person, and the issue to or conferral on the Noteholder or Couponholder of such shares, securities or obligations, including by means of an amendment, modification or variation of the terms of the Notes and/or Coupons;
 - (C) the cancellation of the Notes and/or Coupons or the Relevant Amounts in respect thereof; and
 - (D) the amendment or alteration of the Maturity Date of the Notes or amendment of the amount of interest payable on the Notes, or the date on which interest becomes payable, including by suspending payment for a temporary period; and
- (ii) the variation of the terms of the Notes and/or Coupons as deemed necessary by the Relevant Resolution Authority, to give effect to the exercise of any Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority.

No repayment or payment of Relevant Amounts in respect of the Notes will become due and payable or be paid after the exercise of any Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority if and to the extent such amounts have been reduced, converted, cancelled, amended or altered as a result of such exercise.

Neither a reduction or cancellation, in part or in full, of the Relevant Amounts, the conversion thereof into another security or obligation of the relevant Issuer or another person, as a result of the exercise of the Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority with respect to the

relevant Issuer, nor the exercise of the Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority with respect to the Notes and/or Coupons will be an event of default.

Upon the exercise of the Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority with respect to the Notes and/or Coupons, the relevant Issuer will (i) provide a written notice to the Noteholders and Couponholders in accordance with Condition 13 as soon as practicable regarding such exercise of the Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers; and (ii) deliver a copy of such notice to the Trustee for information purposes; provided, however, any delay or failure by the relevant Issuer to give such notice will not affect the effectiveness of, or otherwise invalidate, any exercise of the Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority pursuant to Condition 15(c) or give Noteholders any rights as a result of either such failure.

(d) *Service of Process*

The relevant Issuer agrees that the process by which any proceedings in England are begun may be served on it by being delivered to Allied Irish Banks, p.l.c., London Branch at St. Helen's, 1 Undershaft, London EC3A 8AB (Head of Branch). If for any reason service of process cannot be made in accordance with the above, the relevant Issuer must immediately appoint an agent for service of process and notify the Noteholders of such appointment. The relevant Issuer agrees that failure by a process agent to notify it of any process will not invalidate the relevant proceedings. This Condition 15(d) does not affect any other method of service allowed by law.

16 Definitions

Capitalised terms not defined in these Terms and Conditions will have the meaning given to them in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement.

In these Conditions, the following expressions have the following meanings:

“Adjustment Spread” means either (a) a spread (which may be positive, negative or zero) or (b) a formula or methodology for calculating a spread, in each case to be applied to the Successor Rate or the Alternative Rate (as the case may be) and is the spread, formula or methodology which:

- (i) in the case of a Successor Rate, is formally recommended in relation to the replacement of the Original Reference Rate with the Successor Rate by any Relevant Nominating Body; or (if no such recommendation has been made, or in the case of an Alternative Rate)
- (ii) the relevant Issuer, following consultation with the Independent Adviser, determines is customarily applied to the relevant Successor Rate or the Alternative Rate (as the case may be) in international debt capital markets transactions to produce an industry-accepted replacement rate for the Original Reference Rate; or (if the relevant Issuer determines that no such spread is customarily applied)
- (iii) in the case of an Alternative Rate, is in customary market usage in the international debt capital markets for transactions which reference the Original Reference Rate, where such rate has been replaced by the Alternative Rate;
- (iv) if no such recommendation or option or replacement has been made (or made available), or the relevant Issuer determines there is no such spread, formula or methodology in customary market usage, the relevant Issuer, following consultation with the Independent Adviser, determines and is recognised or acknowledged as being the industry standard for over-the-counter derivative transactions which reference the Original Reference Rate, where such rate has been replaced by the Successor Rate or the Alternative Rate (as the case may be); or

- (v) if the relevant Issuer determines that no such industry standard is recognised or acknowledged, the relevant Issuer, in its discretion, following consultation with the Independent Adviser and acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, determines to be appropriate;

“Agency Agreement” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Alternative Rate” means an alternative benchmark or screen rate which the relevant Issuer, following consultation with the Independent Adviser, determines in accordance with Condition 4(i)(ii) is customarily applied in international debt capital markets transactions for the purposes of determining Rates of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) in the same Specified Currency as the Notes;

“Applicable Maturity” means: (a) in relation to Screen Rate Determination, the period of time designated in the Reference Rate, and (b) in relation to ISDA Determination, the Designated Maturity;

“Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements” means, at any time, any requirement contained in the laws, regulations, requirements, guidelines and policies of the Relevant Regulator (whether or not having the force of law), Ireland or of the European Parliament and Council then in effect relating to capital adequacy and prudential (including resolution) supervision and applicable to the relevant Issuer and/or, as applicable, the Regulatory Group;

“Authorised Signatory” means any director or any other officer of the relevant Issuer who has been authorised by the relevant Issuer to sign the certificates and other documents required or contemplated under these Conditions, the Trust Deed and any other transaction document in relation to the Notes on behalf of, and so as to bind, the relevant Issuer;

“Bearer Notes” has the meaning given to it in Condition 1;

“Benchmark Amendments” has the meaning given to it in the provision Condition 4(i)(iv);

“Benchmark Duration” means the duration specified as such hereon;

“Benchmark Event” means:

- (i) the Original Reference Rate ceasing to be published for a period of at least five Business Days or ceasing to exist; or
- (ii) a public statement by the administrator of the Original Reference Rate that it has ceased or that it will cease publishing the Original Reference Rate permanently or indefinitely (in circumstances where no successor administrator has been appointed that will continue publication of the Original Reference Rate); or
- (iii) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate that the Original Reference Rate has been or will be permanently or indefinitely discontinued; or
- (iv) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate as a consequence of which the Original Reference Rate will be prohibited from being used either generally, or in respect of the Notes; or
- (v) the making of a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate that the Original Reference Rate will be (or will be deemed by such supervisor to be) no longer representative of its relevant underlying market; or
- (vi) it has become unlawful for any Paying Agent, the Calculation Agent or the relevant Issuer to calculate any payments due to be made to any Noteholder using the Original Reference Rate,

provided that the Benchmark Event shall be deemed to occur (a) in the case of sub-paragraphs (ii) and (iii) above, on the date of the cessation of publication of the Original Reference Rate or the discontinuation of the Original Reference Rate, as the case may be, (b) in the case of sub-paragraph (iv) above, on the date of the prohibition of use of the Original Reference Rate, and (c) in the case of sub-paragraph (v) above, on the date with effect from which the Original Reference Rate will no longer be (or will be deemed by the relevant supervisor to no longer be) representative of its relevant underlying market and which is specified in the relevant public statement, and in each case, not the date of the relevant public statement;

“Business Day” means:

- (i) in the case of a currency other than euro, a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments in the principal financial centre for such currency; and/or
- (ii) in the case of euro, a T2 Business Day; and/or
- (iii) in the case of a currency and/or one or more Business Centres, a day (other than a Saturday or a Sunday) on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments in such currency in the Business Centre(s) or, if no currency is indicated, generally in each of the Business Centres;

“Calculation Agent” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Capital Disqualification Event” is deemed to occur if the relevant Issuer, after consultation with the Relevant Regulator, determines that there has been a change (which has occurred or which the Relevant Regulator considers to be sufficiently certain) in the regulatory classification of the Notes, in any such case becoming effective on or after the Issue Date of the last Tranche of Notes, that results, or would be likely to result, in the entire principal amount of such Series of Notes (or if “Capital Disqualification Event for partial exclusion” is specified hereon to be applicable, the entire principal amount of such Series of Notes or any part thereof) being excluded from or ceasing to count towards the relevant Issuer’s Tier 2 Capital, whether on a solo or consolidated basis and for the avoidance of doubt, any amortisation of such Notes pursuant to Article 64 of the CRD Regulation, as it stands on the Issue Date of the last Tranche of Notes, shall not comprise a Capital Disqualification Event;

“Certificates” has the meaning given to it in Condition 1;

“Clean-up Call Minimum Percentage” means 75 per cent. or such other higher percentage specified hereon;

“Code” means the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

“Conditions” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Couponholders” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Coupons” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“CRD Regulation” means the Regulation (EU No. 575/2013) of the European Parliament and of the Council on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms dated 26 June 2013, as amended or replaced from time to time (including, without limitation, by Regulation (EU) 2019/876);

“Day Count Fraction” means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of interest on any Note for any period of time (from and including the first day of such period to but excluding the last) (whether or not constituting an Interest Period, the “Calculation Period”):

- (i) if “Actual/Actual” or “Actual/Actual – ISDA” is specified hereon, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Calculation Period falls in a leap year, the

sum of (A) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (B) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);

- (ii) if “Actual/365 (Fixed)” is specified hereon, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365;
- (iii) if “Actual/365 (Sterling)” is specified hereon, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365 or, in the case of an Interest Payment Date falling in a leap year, 366;
- (iv) if “Actual/360” is specified hereon, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360;
- (v) if “30/360”, “360/360” or “Bond Basis” is specified hereon, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31 and D₁ is greater than 29, in which case D₂ will be 30;

- (vi) if “30E/360” or “Eurobond Basis” is specified hereon, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30;

- (vii) if “30E/360 (ISDA)” is specified hereon, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February but not the Maturity Date or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30; and

- (viii) if “Actual/Actual – ICMA” is specified hereon, (a) if the Calculation Period is equal to or shorter than the Determination Period during which it falls, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Periods normally ending in any year; and (b) if the Calculation Period is longer than one Determination Period, the sum of: (x) the number of days in such Calculation Period falling in the Determination Period in which it begins divided by the product of (1) the number of days in such Determination Period and (2) the number of Determination Periods normally ending in any year; and (y) the number of days in such Calculation Period falling in the next Determination Period divided by the product of (1) the number of days in such Determination Period and (2) the number of Determination Periods normally ending in any year where:

“Determination Date” means each date specified hereon or, if none is so specified, each Interest Payment Date; and

“Determination Period” means the period from and including a Determination Date in any year to but excluding the next Determination Date;

“EEA regulated market” means a market as defined by Article 4.1(21) of Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments, as amended;

“English Law Note” means any Note where “English Law Note” is specified hereon as being applicable;

“Euro-zone” means the region comprised of Member States of the European Union that adopt the single currency in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community, as amended;

“Extraordinary Resolution” has the meaning given to it in the Trust Deed;

“First Margin” means the margin specified hereon;

“First Reset Period” means the period from (and including) the First Resettable Note Reset Date to (but excluding) the Second Resettable Note Reset Date or, if no such Second Resettable Note Reset Date is specified hereon, the Maturity Date;

“First Reset Rate of Interest” means, subject to Condition 4(b)(ii), the rate of interest determined by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Reset Determination Date corresponding to the First Reset Period as the sum of the relevant Reset Rate plus the First Margin (with such sum converted (if necessary) from a basis equivalent to the Benchmark Duration to a basis equivalent to the frequency with which scheduled interest payments are payable on the Notes during the relevant Reset Period (such calculation to be made by the Calculation Agent));

“First Resettable Note Reset Date” means the date specified hereon;

“Group” means the relevant Issuer together with each entity within the prudential consolidation of the relevant Issuer (as that term or its successor is used in the Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements);

“holder” has the meaning given to it in Condition 1;

“Independent Adviser” means an independent financial institution of international repute or an independent financial adviser with appropriate expertise appointed by and at the expense of the relevant Issuer under Condition 4(i)(i);

“Initial Rate of Interest” means the initial rate of interest per annum specified hereon;

“Interest Amount” means:

- (i) in respect of an Interest Period, the amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount for that Interest Period and which, in the case of Fixed Rate Notes, and unless otherwise specified hereon, shall mean the Fixed Coupon Amount or Broken Amount specified hereon as being payable on the Interest Payment Date ending the Interest Period of which such Interest Period forms part; and
- (ii) in respect of any other period, the amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount for that period;

“Interest Commencement Date” means the Issue Date or such other date as may be specified hereon;

“Interest Determination Date” means, with respect to a Rate of Interest and Interest Period, the date specified as such hereon or, if none is so specified:

- (i) unless the Reference Rate in respect of the Notes is specified hereon as being “SONIA” or “SOFR”:
 - (A) the first day of such Interest Period if the Specified Currency is Sterling;
 - (B) the day falling two Business Days in London for the Specified Currency prior to the first day of such Interest Period if the Specified Currency is neither Sterling nor euro; or
 - (C) the day falling two T2 Business Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period if the Specified Currency is euro;
- (ii) if the Reference Rate in respect of the Notes is specified hereon as being “SONIA”, the date which is “*p*” London Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date; and
- (iii) if the Reference Rate in respect of the Notes is specified hereon as being “SOFR”, the date which is “*p*” U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date;

“Interest Period” means the period beginning on (and including) the Interest Commencement Date and ending on (but excluding) the first Interest Payment Date and each successive period beginning on (and including) an Interest Payment Date and ending on (but excluding) the next succeeding Interest Payment Date unless otherwise specified hereon;

“Irish Law Note” means any Note where “Irish Law Note” is specified hereon as being applicable;

“Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers” means any write-down, conversion, transfer, modification, suspension or similar or related power existing from time to time under, and exercised in compliance with, any laws, regulations, rules or requirements in effect in Ireland, relating to (i) Directive 2014/59/EU (“BRRD”) and/or Irish legislation transposing BRRD into Irish law, in each case as amended or replaced from time to time and (ii) the instruments, rules and standards created thereunder, pursuant to which any obligation of the relevant Issuer (or any affiliate of the relevant Issuer) can be reduced, cancelled, modified, or converted into shares, other securities or other obligations of the relevant Issuer or any other person (or suspended for a temporary period);

“ISDA Definitions” means the 2021 ISDA Definitions published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc., unless otherwise specified hereon;

“Issue Date” means in relation to any Series or any Tranche of Notes, the date on which the Notes are issued pursuant to the Conditions;

“Issuing and Paying Agent” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Loss Absorption Disqualification Event” shall be deemed to have occurred if, as a result of any amendment to, or change in, any Loss Absorption Regulations, or any change in the application or official interpretation of any Loss Absorption Regulations, in any such case becoming effective on or after the Issue Date of the last Tranche of the Notes, the Notes are or (in the opinion of the relevant Issuer or the Relevant Regulator) are likely to become fully (or, if “Loss Absorption Disqualification Event for partial exclusion” is specified hereon Note as being applicable, fully or partially) excluded from or ceasing to count towards the relevant Issuer’s and/or the Regulatory Group’s minimum requirements for (A) own funds and eligible liabilities and/or (B) loss absorbing capacity instruments, in each case as such minimum requirements are applicable to the relevant Issuer and/or the Regulatory Group and determined in accordance with, and pursuant to, the relevant Loss Absorption Regulations; provided that a Loss Absorption Disqualification Event shall not occur where the exclusion of the Notes from the relevant minimum requirement(s) is due to the remaining maturity of the Notes being less than any period prescribed by any applicable eligibility criteria for such minimum requirements under the relevant Loss Absorption Regulations effective with respect to the relevant Issuer and/or the Regulatory Group on the Issue Date of the last Tranche of the Notes;

“Loss Absorption Regulations” means, at any time, any requirement contained in the laws, regulations, requirements, guidelines, rules, standards and policies relating to minimum requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities and/or loss absorbing capacity instruments of Ireland, the Relevant Regulator and/or of the European Parliament or of the Council of the European Union then in effect in Ireland and applicable to the relevant Issuer and/or the Regulatory Group including, without limitation to the generality of the foregoing, any delegated or implementing acts (such as regulatory technical standards) adopted by the European Commission and any regulations, requirements, guidelines, rules, standards and policies relating to minimum requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities and/or loss absorbing capacity instruments adopted by the Relevant Regulator from time to time (whether such regulations, requirements, guidelines, rules, standards or policies are applied generally or specifically to the relevant Issuer or to the Regulatory Group);

“Mid-Market Swap Rate” means for any Reset Period the mean of the bid and offered rates for the fixed leg payable with a frequency equivalent to the Fixed Leg Swap Duration specified hereon during the relevant Reset Period (calculated on the day count basis customary for fixed rate payments in the Specified Currency as determined by the Calculation Agent) of a fixed-for-floating interest rate swap transaction in the Specified Currency which transaction (i) has a term equal to the relevant Reset Period

and commencing on the relevant Resettable Note Reset Date, (ii) is in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in the relevant market at the relevant time with an acknowledged dealer of good credit in the swap market and (iii) has a floating leg based on the Mid-Swap Floating Leg Benchmark Rate for the Mid-Swap Maturity (as specified hereon) (calculated on the day count basis customary for floating rate payments in the Specified Currency as determined by the Calculation Agent);

“Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotation” means a quotation (expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the relevant Mid-Market Swap Rate;

“Mid-Swap Floating Leg Benchmark Rate” means, where the Specified Currency is euro, EURIBOR;

“Mid-Swap Rate” means, in relation to a Reset Determination Date and subject to Condition 4(b)(ii) below, either:

(i) if Single Mid-Swap Rate is specified hereon, the rate for swaps in the Specified Currency:

(A) with a term equal to the relevant Reset Period; and

(B) commencing on the relevant Resettable Note Reset Date,

which appears on the Relevant Screen Page; or

(ii) if Mean Mid-Swap Rate is specified hereon, the arithmetic mean expressed as a percentage rate per annum and rounded, if necessary, to the nearest 0.001 per cent. (0.0005 per cent. being rounded upwards) of the bid and offered swap rate quotations for swaps in the Specified Currency:

(A) with a term equal to the relevant Reset Period; and

(B) commencing on the relevant Resettable Note Reset Date,

which appears on the Relevant Screen Page,

in either case, as at approximately 11.00 a.m. in the principal financial centre of the Specified Currency on such Reset Determination Date, all as determined by the Calculation Agent;

“Noteholder” has the meaning given to it in Condition 1;

“Original Reference Rate” means the originally-specified benchmark or screen rate (as applicable) used to determine the Rate of Interest (or any component part thereof) on the Notes;

“Paying Agents” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Rate of Interest” means the rate of interest payable from time to time in respect of this Note and that is either specified or calculated in accordance with the provisions hereon;

“Rating Agency” means each of S&P Global Ratings Europe Limited, Moody’s Investors Service Limited or Fitch Ratings Ireland Limited and each of their respective affiliates or successors;

“Record Date” has the meaning given to it in Condition 6(b)(ii);

“Reference Banks” means, in the case of a determination of EURIBOR, the principal Euro-zone office of four major banks in the Euro-zone inter-bank market, selected by the relevant Issuer in consultation with the Calculation Agent or as specified hereon;

“Reference Bond” means for any Reset Period, a government security or securities issued by the state responsible for issuing the Specified Currency (which, if the Specified Currency is euro, shall be Germany) selected by the relevant Issuer on the advice of an investment bank of international repute as

having an actual or interpolated maturity comparable with the relevant Reset Period that would be utilised, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financial practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities denominated in the same currency as the Notes and of a comparable maturity to the relevant Reset Period;

“Reference Bond Price” means, with respect to any Reset Determination Date, (A) the arithmetic average of the Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations for such Reset Determination Date, after excluding the highest and lowest such Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations, or (B) if the Calculation Agent obtains fewer than four such Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations, the arithmetic average of all such quotations. If no quotations are provided, the Reference Rate will be determined by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion following consultation with the relevant Issuer;

“Reference Bond Rate” means the annual yield to maturity or interpolated yield to maturity (on the relevant day count basis) of the relevant Reference Bond, assuming a price for such Reference Bond (expressed as a percentage of its nominal amount) equal to the relevant Reference Bond Price, as calculated by the Calculation Agent;

“Reference Government Bond Dealer” means each of five banks (selected by the relevant Issuer on the advice of an investment bank of international repute), or their affiliates, which are (A) primary government securities dealers, and their respective successors, or (B) market makers in pricing corporate bond issues;

“Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations” means, with respect to each Reference Government Bond Dealer and the relevant Reset Determination Date, the arithmetic average, as determined by the Calculation Agent, of the bid and offered prices for the relevant Reference Bond (expressed in each case as a percentage of its nominal amount) at or around the Subsequent Reset Rate Time on the relevant Reset Determination Date quoted in writing to the Calculation Agent by such Reference Government Bond Dealer;

“Reference Rate” means the rate specified as such hereon;

“Register” has the meaning given to it in Condition 1;

“Registered Notes” has the meaning given to it in Condition 1;

“Registrar” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Regulatory Group” means AIB, its subsidiary undertakings, participations, participating interests and any subsidiary undertakings, participations or participating interests held (directly or indirectly) by any of its subsidiary undertakings from time to time and any other undertakings from time to time consolidated with AIB for regulatory or resolution purposes, in each case in accordance with the rules and guidance of the Relevant Regulator then in effect;

“Relevant Amounts” means the outstanding principal amount of the Notes, together with any accrued but unpaid interest and additional amounts and any other amounts due on or in respect of the Notes. References to such amounts will include amounts that have become due and payable, but which have not been paid, prior to the exercise of any Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers by the Relevant Resolution Authority;

“Relevant Date” in respect of any Note or Coupon means the date on which payment in respect thereof first becomes due or (if any amount of the money payable is improperly withheld or refused) the date on which payment in full of the amount outstanding is made or (if earlier) the date on which notice is duly given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13 that, upon further presentation of the Note (or

relative Certificate) or Coupon being made in accordance with the Conditions, such payment will be made, provided that payment is in fact made upon such presentation;

“Relevant Fallback Screen Page” means such page, section, caption, column or other part of a particular information service as may be specified hereon (or any successor or replacement page, section, caption, column or other part of a particular information service);

“Relevant Nominating Body” means, in respect of a benchmark or screen rate (as applicable):

- (i) the central bank for the currency to which the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable) relates, or any central bank or other supervisory authority which is responsible for supervising the administrator of the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable); or
- (ii) any working group or committee sponsored by, chaired or co-chaired by or constituted at the request of (a) the central bank for the currency to which the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable) relates, (b) any central bank or other supervisory authority which is responsible for supervising the administrator of the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable), (c) a group of the aforementioned central banks or other supervisory authorities or (d) the Financial Stability Board or any part thereof;

“Relevant Regulator” means the European Central Bank and/or such successor or other authority having for the time being primary supervisory authority and/or responsibility with regards to prudential, conduct and/or resolution matters in respect of the relevant Issuer and/or its Group and/or its Regulatory Group (being, as at the Issue Date, the Single Resolution Board), as may be relevant in the context and circumstances;

“Relevant Resolution Authority” means the resolution authority with the ability to exercise any Irish Statutory Loss Absorption Powers in relation to the relevant Issuer (being, as at the Issue Date, the Single Resolution Board);

“Relevant Screen Page” means such page, section, caption, column or other part of a particular information service as may be specified hereon (or any successor or replacement page, section, caption, column or other part of a particular information service);

“Reset Determination Date” means, in respect of the First Reset Period, the second Business Day prior to the First Resettable Note Reset Date, in respect of the first Subsequent Reset Period, the second Business Day prior to the Second Resettable Note Reset Date and, in respect of each Reset Period thereafter, the second Business Day prior to the first day of each such Reset Period;

“Reset Period” means the First Reset Period or a Subsequent Reset Period;

“Reset Rate” means (a) the relevant Mid-Swap Rate as specified hereon or (b) if “Reference Bond” is specified hereon, the relevant Reference Bond Rate;

“Resettable Note Reset Date” means the First Resettable Note Reset Date, the Second Resettable Note Reset Date and every Subsequent Resettable Note Reset Date as may be specified hereon;

“Second Resettable Note Reset Date” means the date specified hereon;

“Senior Creditors” means (a) unsubordinated creditors of the relevant Issuer and (b) creditors of the relevant Issuer whose claims are, or are expressed to be, subordinated to the claims of other creditors of the relevant Issuer (other than those whose claims are in respect of obligations which constitute, or would but for any applicable limitation on the amount of such capital, constitute, Tier 1 Capital or Tier 2 Capital

or whose claims rank or are expressed to rank *pari passu* with, or junior to, the claims of holders in respect of the Notes);

“Series” means each original issue of Notes together with any further issues expressed to form a single issue with the original issue and the terms of which are (save for the Issue Date, Interest Commencement Date and/or the issue price of the Notes) otherwise identical (including whether or not the Notes are listed) and which are consolidated and form a single series and the expressions “Notes of the relevant Series” and “Holders of Notes of the relevant Series” and related expressions shall be construed accordingly;

“Specified Currency” means the currency specified as such hereon or, if none is specified, the currency in which the Notes are denominated;

“Subsequent Margin” means the margin(s) specified hereon;

“Subsequent Reset Period” means the period from (and including) the Second Resettable Note Reset Date to (but excluding) the next Resettable Note Reset Date, and each successive period from (and including) a Resettable Note Reset Date to (but excluding) the next succeeding Resettable Note Reset Date;

“Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest” means, in respect of any Subsequent Reset Period and subject to Condition 4(b)(ii), the rate of interest being determined by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Reset Determination Date corresponding to such Subsequent Reset Period as the sum of the relevant Reset Rate plus the applicable Subsequent Margin (with such sum converted (if necessary) from a basis equivalent to the Benchmark Duration to a basis equivalent to the frequency with which scheduled interest payments are payable on the Notes during the relevant Reset Period (such calculation to be made by the Calculation Agent));

“Successor Rate” means a successor to or replacement of the Original Reference Rate which is formally recommended by any Relevant Nominating Body;

“Supervisory Permission” means, in relation to any action, such notice, supervisory permission (and/or, as appropriate, consent, approval or waiver) as is required therefor under the Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements (if any);

“Talons” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“T2 Business Day” means a day on which T2 is open for settlement of payments in euro;

“Tax Event” has the meaning given to it in Condition 5(b);

“Tier 1 Capital” and “Tier 2 Capital” have the respective meanings given in the Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements from time to time;

“Tier 2 Compliant Notes” means securities that comply with the following (which compliance has been certified to the Trustee in a certificate signed by two Authorised Signatories of the relevant Issuer and delivered to the Trustee prior to the relevant substitution or variation):

- (A) are issued by the relevant Issuer;
- (B) rank at least equally with the ranking of the relevant Notes;
- (C) have terms not materially less favourable to Noteholders than the terms of the relevant Notes (as reasonably determined by the relevant Issuer in consultation with an independent adviser of recognised standing);

- (D) (without prejudice to (C) above) (1) contain terms such that they comply with (i) the Applicable Regulatory Capital Requirements in relation to Tier 2 Capital and (ii) if Loss Absorption Disqualification Event is specified as being applicable hereon) the Loss Absorption Regulations in relation to the relevant Issuer's and/or its Regulatory Group's minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities; (2) bear the same rate of interest from time to time applying to the relevant Notes and preserve the same Interest Payment Dates; (3) do not contain terms providing for mandatory deferral of payments of interest and/or principal; (4) preserve the obligations (including the obligations arising from the exercise of any right) of the relevant Issuer as to redemption of the relevant Notes, including (without limitation) as to timing of, and amounts payable upon, such redemption; (5) do not contain terms providing for loss absorption through principal write-down or conversion to ordinary shares (but without prejudice to any acknowledgement of statutory resolution powers substantially similar to Condition 15(c)); and (6) preserve any existing rights to any accrued and unpaid interest and any other amounts payable under the relevant Notes which has accrued to Noteholders and not been paid;
- (E) are listed on the same stock exchange or market as the relevant Notes or, (i) where the relevant Notes are not GEM Notes, the regulated market of the London Stock Exchange or an EEA regulated market selected by the relevant Issuer and approved in writing by the Trustee or, (ii) where the relevant Notes are GEM Notes, another exchange-regulated market selected by the Issuer and approved in writing by the Trustee; and
- (F) where the relevant Notes which have been substituted or varied had a published rating solicited by the relevant Issuer from one or more Rating Agencies immediately prior to their substitution or variation, benefit from (or will, as announced by each such Rating Agency, benefit from) an equal or higher published rating from each such Rating Agency as that which applied to the relevant Notes;

“Tranche” means Notes of the same Series with the same Issue Date which are identical in all respects;

“Transfer Agents” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Trust Deed” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“Trustee” has the meaning given to it in the preamble to these Conditions;

“T2” means the real time gross settlement system operated by the Eurosystem, or any successor system; and

“Winding-Up” means:

- (i) an order is made, or an effective resolution is passed, for the winding-up of the relevant Issuer (except, in any such case, a winding-up solely for the purpose of, and followed by, a reconstruction, amalgamation, reorganisation, merger or consolidation, the terms of which have previously been approved in writing by the Trustee or by an Extraordinary Resolution and do not provide that the Notes thereby become redeemable or repayable in accordance with these Conditions); or
- (ii) liquidation or dissolution of the relevant Issuer or any procedure similar to that described in paragraph (i) above.

SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE NOTES WHILE IN GLOBAL FORM

1 Initial Issue of Notes

If the Global Notes or the Global Certificates are stated in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement to be issued in new global note (“NGN”) form or to be held under the new safekeeping structure (the “NSS”) (as the case may be), the Global Notes or the Global Certificates will be delivered on or prior to the original issue date of the Tranche to the common safekeeper appointed by Euroclear Bank SA/NV (“Euroclear”) and/or Clearstream Banking, SA (“Clearstream, Luxembourg”) in respect of such notes (the “Common Safekeeper”). Depositing the Global Notes or the Global Certificates with the Common Safekeeper does not necessarily mean that the Notes will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue, or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria.

Global Notes which are not issued in NGN form (each a “CGN” and together, the “CGNs”) and Global Certificates which are not held under the NSS may be delivered on or prior to the original issue date of the Tranche to a common depositary (the “Common Depositary”) for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

If the Global Note is a CGN, upon the initial deposit of a Global Note with the Common Depositary, or registration of the Registered Notes in the name of any nominee for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg and delivery of the relative Global Certificate to the Common Depositary, Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg will credit each subscriber with a principal amount of Notes equal to the principal amount thereof for which it has subscribed and paid. If the Global Note is an NGN, the nominal amount of the Notes shall be the aggregate amount from time to time entered in the records of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg. The records of such clearing system shall be conclusive evidence of the nominal amount of Notes represented by the Global Note and a statement issued by such clearing system at any time shall be conclusive evidence of the records of the relevant clearing system at that time.

Notes that are initially deposited with the Common Depositary may also be credited to the accounts of subscribers with (if indicated in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement) other clearing systems through direct or indirect accounts with Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg held by such other clearing systems. Conversely, Notes that are initially deposited with any other clearing system may similarly be credited to the accounts of subscribers with Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg or other clearing systems.

2 Relationship of Accountholders with Clearing Systems

Each of the persons shown in the records of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or any other permitted clearing system (the “Alternative Clearing System”) as the holder of a Note represented by a Global Note or a Global Certificate must look solely to Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or any such Alternative Clearing System (as the case may be) for their share of each payment made by the relevant Issuer to the bearer of such Global Note or the holder of the underlying Registered Notes, as the case may be, and in relation to all other rights arising under the Global Notes or Global Certificates, subject to and in accordance with the respective rules and procedures of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg or such Alternative Clearing System (as the case may be). Such persons shall have no claim directly against the relevant Issuer in respect of payments due on the Notes for so long as the Notes are represented by such Global Note or Global Certificate and such obligations of the relevant Issuer will be discharged by payment to the bearer of such Global Note or the holder of the underlying Registered Notes, as the case may be, in respect of each amount so paid.

3 Exchange

3.1 Temporary Global Notes

Each temporary Global Note will be exchangeable, free of charge to the holder, on or after its Exchange Date:

- (i) if the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement indicate that such Global Note is issued in compliance with the C Rules or in a transaction to which TEFRA is not applicable, in whole, but not in part, for the Definitive Notes defined and described below; and
- (ii) otherwise, in whole or in part upon certification as to non-U.S. beneficial ownership in the form set out in the Agency Agreement for interests in a permanent Global Note or, if so provided in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement, for Definitive Notes.

3.2 Permanent Global Notes

Each permanent Global Note is exchangeable, free of charge to the holder, on or after its Exchange Date in whole but not, except as provided under paragraph 3.4 below, in part for Definitive Notes if the permanent Global Note is held on behalf of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or an Alternative Clearing System and any such clearing system is closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of holidays, statutory or otherwise) or announces an intention permanently to cease business or in fact does so.

In the event that a Global Note is exchanged for Definitive Notes, such Definitive Notes shall be issued in Specified Denomination(s) only. A Noteholder who holds a principal amount of less than the minimum Specified Denomination will not receive a definitive Note in respect of such holding and would need to purchase a principal amount of Notes such that it holds an amount equal to one or more Specified Denominations.

3.3 Permanent Global Certificates

If the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement state that the Notes are to be represented by a permanent Global Certificate on issue, the following will apply in respect of transfers of Notes held in Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or an Alternative Clearing System. These provisions will not prevent the trading of interests in the Notes within a clearing system whilst they are held on behalf of such clearing system, but will limit the circumstances in which the Notes may be withdrawn from the relevant clearing system.

Transfers of the holding of Notes represented by any Global Certificate pursuant to Condition 2(b) may only be made in part:

- (i) if the relevant clearing system is closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of holidays, statutory or otherwise) or announces an intention permanently to cease business or does in fact do so; or
- (ii) with the consent of the relevant Issuer,

provided that, in the case of the first transfer of part of a holding pursuant to paragraph 3.3(i) above, the Registered Holder has given the Registrar not less than 30 days' notice at its specified office of the Registered Holder's intention to effect such transfer.

3.4 Delivery of Notes

If the Global Note is a CGN, on or after any Exchange Date (as defined below) the holder of a Global Note may surrender such Global Note or, in the case of a partial exchange, present it for endorsement to or to the order of the Issuing and Paying Agent. In exchange for any Global Note, or the part thereof to be exchanged, the relevant Issuer will (i) in the case of a temporary Global Note exchangeable for a permanent Global Note, deliver, or procure the delivery of, a permanent Global Note in an aggregate nominal amount equal to that of the whole or that part of a temporary Global Note that is being exchanged or, in the case of a subsequent exchange, endorse, or procure the endorsement of, a permanent Global Note to reflect such exchange or (ii) in the case of a Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes, deliver, or procure the delivery of, an equal aggregate nominal amount of duly executed and authenticated Definitive Notes or if the Global Note is an NGN, the relevant Issuer will procure that details of such exchange be entered *pro rata* in the records of the relevant clearing system.

“Definitive Notes” means, in relation to any Global Note, the definitive Bearer Notes for which such Global Note may be exchanged (if appropriate, having attached to them all Coupons in respect of interest which have not already been paid on the Global Note and a Talon). Definitive Notes will be security printed in accordance with any applicable legal and stock exchange requirements in or substantially in the form set out in Part A of Schedule 2 to the Trust Deed. On exchange in full of each permanent Global Note, the relevant Issuer will, if the holder so requests, procure that it is cancelled and returned to the holder together with the relevant Definitive Notes.

3.5 Exchange Date

“Exchange Date” in relation to a temporary Global Note, the day falling after the expiry of 40 days after its issue date and, in relation to a permanent Global Note, a day falling not less than 60 days after that on which the notice requiring exchange is given and on which banks are open for business in the city in which the specified office of the Issuing and Paying Agent is located and in the city in which the relevant clearing system is located.

4 Amendment to Conditions

The temporary Global Notes, permanent Global Notes and Global Certificates contain provisions that apply to the Notes that they represent, some of which modify the effect of the terms and conditions of the Notes set out in this Base Prospectus. The following is a summary of certain of those provisions:

4.1 Calculation of Interest

For so long as all of the Notes are represented by a temporary Global Note, permanent Global Note or Global Certificate and such temporary Global Note, permanent Global Note or Global Certificate is held on behalf of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, interest shall be calculated on the basis of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes represented by such temporary Global Note, permanent Global Note or Global Certificate, and not per Calculation Amount as provided in Condition 4 of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes and Condition 4 of the Subordinated Notes.

4.2 Payments

No payment falling due after the Exchange Date will be made on any Global Note unless exchange for an interest in a permanent Global Note or for Definitive Notes is improperly withheld or refused.

Payments on any temporary Global Note issued in compliance with the D Rules before the Exchange Date will only be made against presentation of certification as to non-U.S. beneficial ownership in the form set out in the Agency Agreement. All payments in respect of CGNs represented by a Global Note will be made against presentation for endorsement and, if no further payment falls to be made in respect of the Notes, surrender of that Global Note to or to the order of the Issuing and Paying Agent or such other Paying Agent as shall have been notified to the Noteholders for such purpose. If the Global Note is a CGN, a record of each payment so made will be endorsed in the appropriate schedule to each Global Note, which endorsement will be prima facie evidence that such payment has been made in respect of the Notes. If the Global Note is an NGN or if the Global Certificate is held under the NSS, the relevant Issuer shall procure that details of each such payment shall be entered pro rata in the records of the relevant clearing system and in the case of payments of principal, the nominal amount of the Notes recorded in the records of the relevant clearing system and represented by the Global Note or the Global Certificate will be reduced accordingly. Payments under an NGN will be made to its holder. Each payment so made will discharge the relevant Issuer's obligations in respect thereof. Any failure to make the entries in the records of the relevant clearing system shall not affect such discharge. For the purpose of any payments made in respect of a Global Note, the relevant place of presentation shall be disregarded in the definition of "business day" set out in Condition 6(h) of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes and Condition 6(h) of the Subordinated Notes.

All payments in respect of Notes represented by a Global Certificate will be made to, or to the order of, the person whose name is entered on the Register at the close of business on the record date which shall be on the Clearing System Business Day immediately prior to the date for payment, where Clearing System Business Day means Monday to Friday inclusive except 25 December and 1 January.

So long as the Notes are represented by a Global Note or Global Certificate and the Global Note or Global Certificate is held on behalf of a clearing system, each Issuer has undertaken, *inter alia*, to pay interest in respect of such Notes from the Interest Commencement Date in arrear at the rates, on the dates for payment, and in accordance with the method of calculation provided for in the Conditions, save that the calculation is made in respect of the total aggregate amount of the Notes represented by the Global Note or Global Certificate.

4.3 Prescription

Claims against the relevant Issuer in respect of Notes which are represented by a permanent Global Note will become void unless it is presented for payment within a period of 10 years (in the case of principal) and five years (in the case of interest) from the appropriate Relevant Date (as defined in Condition 16).

4.4 Meetings

The holder of a permanent Global Note or of the Notes represented by a Global Certificate shall (unless such permanent Global Note or Global Certificate represents only one Note) be treated as being two persons for the purposes of any quorum requirements of a meeting of Noteholders and, at any such meeting, the holder of a permanent Global Note shall be treated as having one vote in respect of each integral currency unit of the Specified Currency of Notes for which such Global Note may be exchanged. (All holders of Registered Notes are entitled to one vote in respect of each integral currency unit of the Specified Currency of the Notes comprising such Noteholder's holding, whether or not represented by a Global Certificate.)

4.5 Cancellation

Cancellation of any Note represented by a permanent Global Note that is required by the Conditions to be cancelled (other than upon its redemption) will be effected by reduction in the principal amount of the relevant permanent Global Note.

4.6 Purchase

Notes represented by a permanent Global Note may only be purchased by the relevant Issuer or any of its subsidiaries if they are purchased together with the rights to receive all future payments of interest thereon.

4.7 Issuer's Option

Any option of the relevant Issuer provided for in the Conditions of any Notes while such Notes are represented by a permanent Global Note shall be exercised by the relevant Issuer giving notice to the Noteholders within the time limits set out in and containing the information required by the Conditions, except that the notice shall not be required to contain the serial numbers of Notes drawn in the case of a partial exercise of an option and accordingly no drawing of Notes will be required. In the event that any option of the relevant Issuer is exercised in respect of some but not all of the Notes of any series, the rights of accountholders with a clearing system in respect of the Notes will be governed by the standard procedures of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (to be reflected in the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg as either a pool factor or a reduction in nominal amount, at their discretion) or any other Alternative Clearing System (as the case may be).

4.8 Noteholders' Option

Any option of the Noteholders provided for in the Conditions of any Notes while such Notes are represented by a permanent Global Note may be exercised by the holder of the permanent Global Note giving notice to the Issuing and Paying Agent within the time limits relating to the deposit of Notes with a Paying Agent set out in the Conditions substantially in the form of the notice available from any Paying Agent, except that the notice shall not be required to contain the serial numbers of the Notes in respect of which the option has been exercised, stating the nominal amount of Notes in respect of which the option is exercised and at the same time, where the permanent Global Note is a CGN, presenting such permanent Global Note to the Issuing and Paying Agent, or to a Paying Agent acting on behalf of the Fiscal Agent, for notation. Where the Global Note is an NGN or where the Global Certificate is held under the NSS, the relevant Issuer shall procure that details of such exercise shall be entered *pro rata* in the records of the relevant clearing system and the nominal amount of the Notes recorded in those records will be reduced accordingly.

4.9 NGN Nominal Amount

Where the Global Note is an NGN, the relevant Issuer shall procure that any exchange, payment, cancellation, exercise of any option or any right under the Notes, as the case may be, in addition to the circumstances set out above shall be entered in the records of the relevant clearing systems and upon any such entry being made, in respect of payments of principal, the nominal amount of the Notes represented by such Global Note shall be adjusted accordingly.

4.10 Trustee's Powers

In considering the interests of Noteholders while any Global Note is held on behalf of, or Registered Notes are registered in the name of any nominee for, a clearing system, the Trustee may have regard to any information provided to it by such clearing system or its operator as to the identity (either individually or by category) of its accountholders with entitlements to such Global Note or Registered Notes and may consider such interests as if such accountholders were the holders of the Notes represented by such Global Note or Global Certificate.

4.11 Notices

So long as any Notes are represented by a Global Note and such Global Note is held on behalf of a clearing system, notices to the holders of Notes of that Series may be given by delivery of the relevant notice to that clearing system for communication by it to entitled accountholders in substitution for publication as required by the Conditions or by delivery of the relevant notice to the holder of the Global Note.

5 Electronic Consent and Written Resolution

While any Global Note is held on behalf of, or any Global Certificate is registered in the name of any nominee for, a clearing system, then:

- (a) approval of a resolution proposed by the relevant Issuer given by way of electronic consents communicated through the electronic communications systems of the relevant clearing system(s) in accordance with their operating rules and procedures by or on behalf of the holders of not less than 75 per cent. in nominal amount of the Notes outstanding (an "Electronic Consent" as defined in the Trust Deed) shall, for all purposes (including matters that would otherwise require an Extraordinary Resolution to be passed at a meeting for which the Special Quorum was satisfied), take effect as an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a meeting of Noteholders duly convened and held, and shall be binding on all Noteholders and holders of Coupons and Talons whether or not they participated in such Electronic Consent; and
- (b) where Electronic Consent is not being sought, for the purpose of determining whether a Written Resolution (as defined in the Trust Deed) has been validly passed, the relevant Issuer shall be entitled to rely on consent or instructions given in writing directly to the relevant Issuer by (a) accountholders in the clearing system with entitlements to such Global Note or Global Certificate and/or, where (b) the accountholders hold any such entitlement on behalf of another person, on written consent from or written instruction by the person identified by that accountholder as the person for whom such entitlement is held. For the purpose of establishing the entitlement to give any such consent or instruction, the relevant Issuer shall be entitled to rely on any certificate or other document issued by, in the case of (a) above, Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg or any other relevant alternative clearing system (the "relevant clearing system") and, in the case of (b) above, the relevant clearing system and the accountholder identified by the relevant clearing system for the purposes of (b) above. Any resolution passed in such manner shall be binding on all Noteholders and Couponholders, even if the relevant consent or instruction proves to be defective. Any such certificate or other document may comprise any form of statement or print out of electronic records provided by the relevant clearing system (including Euroclear's EUCLID/Easyway or Clearstream, Luxembourg's Xact Web Portal system) in accordance with its usual procedures and in which the accountholder of a particular principal or nominal amount of the Notes is clearly identified together with the amount of such holding. The relevant Issuer shall not be liable to any person by reason of having accepted as valid or not having rejected any certificate or other

document to such effect purporting to be issued by any such person and subsequently found to be forged or not authentic.

USE OF PROCEEDS

An amount equal to the net proceeds from the issue of any Tranche of Notes will be applied by the relevant Issuer for the general funding purposes of the relevant Issuer. If in respect of a particular Tranche of Notes, there is a particular identified use of proceeds, this will be stated in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement. The relevant Issuer may, in particular, issue Notes as Green Bonds or Social Bonds (as indicated in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement) and in the case of such Notes, an amount equal to the net proceeds from the issue of any Tranche of Notes will (subject as set out below) be allocated to an Eligible Green Loan Portfolio or Eligible Social Loan Portfolio (each an “Eligible Loan Portfolio”), as applicable, (as defined in either “*Green Bond Framework Overview*” or “*Social Bond Framework Overview*”) below and selected in accordance with the criteria set out in “*Green Bond Framework Overview—Use of Proceeds*” and “*—Process for Project Evaluation and Selection*” in the case of Green Bonds and “*Social Bond Framework Overview—Use of Proceeds*” and “*—Process for Project Evaluation and Selection*” in the case of Social Bonds.

Whilst any portion of an amount equal to the net proceeds of any Tranche of Green Bonds or Social Bonds remains unallocated, the Group will hold and/or invest, at its own discretion, in its treasury liquidity portfolio, in cash or other liquid instruments, the balance of an amount equal to the net proceeds not yet allocated to the relevant Eligible Loan Portfolio.

GREEN BOND FRAMEWORK OVERVIEW

As a bank, the Group has a meaningful contribution to make in addressing many pressing current and emerging societal issues, and a strategic priority for the Group is to lead Ireland's response to climate change. Aligned with this strategy, the Group established a Green Bond framework in 2019 (the "Green Bond Framework").

The Green Bond Framework sets out how the Group proposes to use an amount equal to the net proceeds of Green Bonds in a manner consistent with its sustainable values. The objective of the Green Bonds issued by the relevant Issuer will be to fund projects or assets that mitigate climate change by reducing emissions, protecting ecosystems or otherwise creating a positive environmental impact.

The Green Bond Framework adheres to the ICMA Green Bond Principles, a set of voluntary guidelines that recommend transparency and disclosure and promote integrity in the market by clarifying the approach for issuing a green bond (the "Green Bond Principles").

Further information on the ICMA Green Bond Principles can be found at <https://www.icmagroup.org/> (which does not form a part of, nor is incorporated by reference in, this Base Prospectus).

Use of Proceeds

AIB, at its discretion but in accordance with the Green Bond Principles, intends to allocate an amount equal to the net proceeds of the Green Bonds to an eligible loan portfolio of new and existing green loans (the "Eligible Green Loan Portfolio"). The eligible loans are to be funded in whole or in part by an allocation of an amount equal to the net proceeds of the Green Bonds.

Eligible use of proceeds categories include:

- Loans to finance or refinance new or existing environmentally-sustainable commercial buildings in Ireland, the UK and/or the EEA;
- Loans to finance or refinance new or existing environmentally-sustainable residential buildings in Ireland and/or the UK;
- Loans to finance or refinance development, manufacturing, construction, operation, distribution, maintenance, installation or repair of renewable energy generation, storage (i.e. battery storage) and energy transmission infrastructure across Ireland, the UK, the EEA and North America;
- Loans to finance or refinance zero emissions (including fully electric or hydrogen) vehicles for the transportation of passengers and freight and/or light/heavy-duty vehicles, as well as zero tailpipe emissions rail transport, and supporting infrastructure including, but not limited to, EV charging and hydrogen fuelling stations; and
- Loans to finance or refinance the management and/or remediation of non-hazardous waste, in support of the transition to a circular economy, including collection and transport of source-segregated fractions intended for recycling and material recovery of non-hazardous waste intended for the substitution of virgin materials.

Use of proceeds categories or sub-categories may be added or removed as part of the annual framework review process.

Process for Project Evaluation and Selection

The Group's Green Bond Framework is prepared by a cross functional working group of relevant business areas (the "ESG Bond Forum"). The loans to be financed and/or refinanced through the proceeds of any Green Bond will be evaluated and selected for inclusion in the eligible pool by the Group's employees based on compliance with the eligibility criteria described in "*—Use of Proceeds*". The Group has also published a defined list of "excluded activities", as further set out in the Green Bond Framework.

The eligibility criteria also take into account the EU Taxonomy Regulation and the EU Taxonomy Climate Delegated Act on a best effort basis where there are feasible practical applications for the use of proceeds category in question, and where there are feasible practical applications in the geographies where the Group's assets are located (in terms of local regulation).

Management of Proceeds

Treasury will be responsible for overseeing the management of proceeds and will track the Eligible Green Loan Portfolio using an internal tracking system.

The net proceeds from Green Bonds will be managed by the Group in a portfolio approach. The Group intends to allocate an amount equal to the net proceeds from the Green Bonds to an Eligible Green Loan Portfolio, selected in accordance with the criteria set out in "*—Use of Proceeds*" and "*—Process for Project Evaluation and Selection*" above.

The Group will strive, over time, to achieve a level of allocation for the Eligible Green Loan Portfolio which, after adjustments for intervening circumstances including, but not limited to, sales and repayments, matches the balance of net proceeds from its outstanding Green Bonds. Additional eligible green projects will be added to the Eligible Green Loan Portfolio to the extent required to ensure that the net proceeds from outstanding Green Bonds will be allocated to eligible green projects. All redeemed financings are removed from the pool and any asset that no longer meets the eligibility criteria will also be removed from the Eligible Green Loan Portfolio at the earliest opportunity.

Whilst any portion of an amount equal to the net proceeds of any Tranche of Green Bonds remains unallocated, the Group will hold and/or invest, at its own discretion, in its treasury liquidity portfolio, in cash or other liquid instruments, the balance of an amount equal to the net proceeds not yet allocated to the Eligible Green Loan Portfolio.

Reporting

The Group intends to publish a report on the allocation of proceeds to the Eligible Green Loan Portfolio as well as an impact report annually at least until full allocation or until maturity. The Group intends to report the allocation and impact of the use of proceeds to the Eligible Green Loan Portfolio at least at the category level and on an aggregated portfolio basis for all of the Group's Green Bonds outstanding, with such reporting to be published at <https://www.aib.ie/investorrelations/debt-investor/green-and-social-bonds> (which does not form a part of, nor is incorporated by reference in, this Base Prospectus).

The Group intends to align, on a best effort basis, its impact reporting with the portfolio approach described in the ICMA "Handbook – Harmonized Framework for Impact Reporting (June 2023)". The Group intends to incorporate, on a best efforts basis, any material updates to the guidance for any new iterations published by ICMA.

External Review

The Group has obtained an independent second party opinion from Sustainalytics to assess the alignment of the framework with the ICMA Green Bond Principles 2021 (including the updated Appendix I of June 2022). In addition, Sustainalytics assessed the alignment of AIB's Green Bond Framework with the EU Taxonomy Climate Delegated Act. The views in the Sustainalytics Second Party Opinion are intended to inform investors in general, and are not for a specific investor. The Sustainalytics Second Party Opinion, as well as the Green Bond Framework, are available at <https://www.aib.ie/investorrelations/debt-investor/green-and-social-bonds>. For the avoidance of doubt, the Second Party Opinion and the Green Bond Framework are not incorporated into, and do not form part of, this Base Prospectus. Any new categories or sub-categories added, or removed, as part of the annual framework review process will be subject to external review and will be included in a Second Party Opinion.

Additionally, the Group may request on an annual basis, starting one year after issuance and until maturity, a limited assurance report of the allocation of the Green Bond proceeds to eligible assets, provided by an external auditor.

None of the Dealers shall be responsible for (i) any assessment of the Eligible Green Loan Portfolio, (ii) any verification of whether the Eligible Green Loan Portfolio falls within an investor's requirements or expectations of a "green" or "sustainable" or equivalently-labelled project or (iii) the ongoing monitoring of the use of proceeds in respect of any such Notes.

SOCIAL BOND FRAMEWORK OVERVIEW

In 2021, the Group introduced a Social Bond framework (the "Social Bond Framework"). The Social Bond Framework sets out how the Group proposes to use an amount equal to the net proceeds of Social Bonds in a manner consistent with its sustainable values. The objective of the Social Bonds issued by the relevant Issuer will be to fund projects or assets that provide positive societal impact and/or mitigate social problems.

The Social Bond Framework adheres to the ICMA Social Bond Principles, a set of voluntary guidelines that recommend transparency and promote integrity in the development of the sustainable bond market by clarifying the approach for issuing a social bond (the "Social Bond Principles").

Further information on the ICMA Social Bond Principles can be found at <https://www.icmagroup.org/> (which does not form a part of, nor is incorporated by reference in, this Base Prospectus).

Use of Proceeds

AIB intends to allocate an amount equal to the net proceeds from Social Bonds issued by the Group to finance and/or refinance a loan portfolio of new and existing social loans as defined by the eligibility criteria (the "Eligible Social Loan Portfolio"). The eligible loans are to be funded in whole or in part by an allocation of an amount equal to the net proceeds of the Social Bonds.

Eligible use of proceeds categories include:

- Access to healthcare, including healthcare facilities, residential care facilities and "pure-play" companies in healthcare;
- Access to education, including education facilities, student housing and "pure-play" companies in education;
- Social and affordable financing, including affordable housing organisations, the First Home scheme, the Local Authority Affordable Purchase scheme, the Mortgage to Rent Scheme and the Cost Rental Scheme;
- SMEs financing, including financing SMEs in socio-economically disadvantaged areas and SMEs affected by socioeconomic crises; and
- Affordable basic infrastructure, including clean drinking water, sewers, sanitation and broadband.

Use of proceeds categories and sub-categories may be added or removed as part of the annual framework review process.

Process for Project Evaluation and Selection

The Group's Social Bond Framework is prepared by the ESG Bond Forum. The loans to be financed and/or refinanced through the proceeds of any Social Bond will be evaluated and selected for inclusion in the eligible pool by the Group's employees based on compliance with the eligibility criteria described in "*Use of Proceeds*". The Group has also published a defined list of "excluded activities", as further set out in the Social Bond Framework.

Management of Proceeds

Treasury will be responsible for overseeing the management of proceeds and will track the Eligible Social Loan Portfolio using an internal tracking system.

The net proceeds from the Social Bonds will be managed by the Group in a portfolio approach. The Group intends to allocate an amount equal to the net proceeds from the Social Bonds to an Eligible Social Loan Portfolio, selected in accordance with the criteria set out in “—Use of Proceeds” and “—Process for Project Evaluation and Selection” above.

The Group will strive to achieve a level of allocation for the Eligible Social Loan Portfolio which, after adjustments for intervening circumstances including, but not limited to, sales and repayments, matches the balance of net proceeds from its outstanding Social Bonds. Additional eligible social projects will be added to the Eligible Social Loan Portfolio to the extent required to ensure that the net proceeds from outstanding Social Bonds will be allocated to eligible social projects. All redeeming financings are removed from the pool and any asset that no longer meets the eligibility criteria will also be removed from the pool at the earliest opportunity.

Whilst any portion of an amount equal to the net proceeds of any Tranche of Social Bonds remains unallocated, the Group will hold and/or invest, at its own discretion, in its treasury liquidity portfolio, in cash or other liquid instruments, the balance of an amount equal to the net proceeds not yet allocated to the Eligible Social Loan Portfolio.

Reporting

The Group intends to publish a report on the allocation of proceeds to the Eligible Social Loan Portfolio as well as an impact report annually at least until full allocation or until maturity. The Group intends to report the allocation and impact of the use of proceeds to the Eligible Social Loan Portfolio at least at the category level and on an aggregated portfolio basis for all of the Group’s Social Bonds outstanding.

The Group intends to align, on a best effort basis, its impact reporting with the portfolio approach described in the ICMA “Harmonised Framework for Impact Reporting for Social Bonds (June 2024), with such reporting to be published at <https://www.aib.ie/investorrelations/debt-investor/green-and-social-bonds> (which does not form a part of, nor is incorporated by reference in, this Base Prospectus).

External Review

The Group has obtained an independent second party opinion from ISS Corporate to assess the alignment of the framework with the ICMA Social Bond Principles 2023 (including the June 2023 Appendix 1). The views in the ISS Corporate Second Party Opinion are intended to inform investors in general, and are not for a specific investor. The ISS Corporate Second Party Opinion, as well as the Social Bond Framework, are available at <https://www.aib.ie/investorrelations/debt-investor/green-and-social-bonds>. For the avoidance of doubt, the Second Party Opinion and the Social Bond Framework are not incorporated into, and do not form part of, this Base Prospectus. Any new categories or sub-categories added or removed as part of the annual framework review process will be subject to external review and will be included in a Second Party Opinion.

Additionally, the Group may request on an annual basis, starting one year after issuance and until maturity, a limited assurance report of the allocation of the Social Bond proceeds to eligible assets, provided by an external auditor.

None of the Dealers shall be responsible for (i) any assessment of the Eligible Social Loan Portfolio, (ii) any verification of whether the Eligible Social Loan Portfolio falls within an investor's requirements or expectations of a “social” or equivalently-labelled project or (iii) the ongoing monitoring of the use of proceeds in respect of any such Notes.

AIB, AIB BANK AND THE GROUP

Overview

AIB is a public limited company incorporated in Ireland on 8 December 2016 under the Companies Act 2014, with registration number 594283 and AIB Bank is a public limited company incorporated in Ireland on 21 September 1966, with a registration number 24173 and was subsequently re-registered as a public limited company on 2 January 1985. The Group is a financial services group operating predominantly in Ireland and the United Kingdom, providing a comprehensive range of services to retail, business and corporate customers with market-leading positions across key segments. AIB is the principal brand of the Group across all geographies in which it operates. Two of the Group's subsidiaries also operate in Ireland, EBS, a challenger brand, and Haven, a mortgage broker channel. The Group also operates in Great Britain as Allied Irish Bank (GB), and in Northern Ireland, under the trading name of AIB Northern Ireland ("AIB NI").

AIB is a non-operating holding company which carries on all of its trading activities through its direct subsidiary, AIB Bank, and the other members of the Bank Group (which are indirect subsidiaries of AIB). AIB is the direct 100 per cent shareholder of AIB Bank and has no direct subsidiaries other than AIB Bank. Accordingly, save for the issuance and management of certain capital instruments by AIB, the business of the AIB Group and the Bank Group are, at the date of this Base Prospectus, substantively similar in all material respects.

AIB Bank offers a full suite of products for retail customers, including mortgages, personal loans, credit cards, current accounts, insurance, pensions, financial planning, investments, savings and deposits. Its products for business and corporate customers include finance and loans, business current accounts, deposits, foreign exchange and interest rate risk management products, trade finance products, invoice discounting, leasing, credit cards, merchant services, payments and corporate finance.

The Group's performance is managed and reported across Retail Banking, AIB Capital Markets ("Capital Markets"), C&IC, AIB UK and Group segments.

Retail Banking

The Group's leading Irish retail franchise which provides a comprehensive range of products and services through branch, digital and phone banking channels, while supporting the development of sustainable businesses within their local communities.

Capital Markets

Capital Markets provides institutional, corporate, business banking services and specialised products to the Group's larger customers and customers requiring specific sector or product expertise.

Goodbody offers further capabilities in wealth management, asset management and investment banking.

Climate and Infrastructure Capital

Serves the Irish, UK, European and North American markets, specialising in lending to large-scale renewable energy and infrastructure projects, which are key drivers for sustainable economic growth.

AIB UK

Provides lending, treasury, trade facilities, asset finance and invoice discounting services to large corporates in Great Britain and Northern Ireland and operates a full-service retail franchise in Northern Ireland with a focus on everyday banking, mortgage and business lending.

Group

Comprises wholesale treasury activities as well as Group control and support functions. Treasury manages the Group's liquidity and funding positions and provides customer treasury services and economic research while the control and support functions oversee the Group's strategy, establish clear governance and control frameworks and provide management services to the Group.

History

The Group has a long history of operating in Ireland, with its predecessor organisations having been part of the Irish banking sector for almost 200 years. In 1996, the Group's retail operations in the UK were integrated and the resulting entity was renamed AIB Group (UK) p.l.c., with two distinct trading names: Allied Irish Bank (GB) in Great Britain and AIB NI in Northern Ireland.

Following measures and capital investments by the Irish Government in response to the global financial crisis in 2008, the Irish Government owned 99.8 per cent. of the ordinary shares in the capital of AIB. In June 2017, the Irish Government and AIB Bank completed a secondary offering of ordinary shares, reducing the Irish Government's holding to 71.12 per cent. Admission to the Official Lists together with admission to trading on the main markets for listed securities on The Irish Stock Exchange (now known as Euronext Dublin) and the London Stock Exchange commenced on 27 June 2017.

In December 2017, AIB completed a re-organisation in which AIB Bank's shares were cancelled, with one share of AIB being issued for every AIB Bank share held at such time. On 11 December 2017, the entire issued ordinary share capital of AIB Group plc, comprising 2,714,381,237 ordinary shares, was admitted to the Official Lists of each of The Irish Stock Exchange (now known as Euronext Dublin) and the FCA and to trading on the main markets of The Irish Stock Exchange (now known as Euronext Dublin) and the London Stock Exchange.

On 21 December 2021 the Minister for Finance announced his intention to sell part of the Irish State's 71.12 per cent. shareholding in the Group. In 2023 the Group returned to majority private ownership following a directed share buyback, the sell down of shares, the placing of shares, and disposals as part of a pre-arranged trading plan and on 17 June 2025 the Department of Finance announced the Irish State's complete exit from AIB's share register. This resulted in the Group returning to full private ownership.

Board of Directors and Executive Officers

The following is a list of directors and officers of AIB and AIB Bank as at the date of this Base Prospectus. The business address of each of the directors and officers referred to below is c/o 10 Molesworth Street, Dublin 2. The contact telephone number for the Issuers is: +353 (1) 660 0311.

Name	Title
Jim Pettigrew	Chair and Non-Executive Director
Basil Geoghegan	Deputy Chair and Independent Non-Executive Director
Elaine MacLean	Senior Independent Non-Executive Director
Anik Chaumartin	Independent Non-Executive Director
James Emmett	Independent Non-Executive Director
Tanya Horgan	Independent Non-Executive Director
Colin Hunt	Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director
Sandy Kinney Pritchard	Independent Non-Executive Director

Name	Title
Anne Sheehan	Independent Non-Executive Director
Andy Maguire	Independent Non-Executive Director
Fergal O'Dwyer	Independent Non-Executive Director
Jan Sijbrand	Independent Non-Executive Director
Conor Gouldson	Company Secretary

On 26 March 2026 the Group announced that Mr Brendan McDonagh would retire as a Director and as Deputy Chair of the Boards of AIB and AIB Bank with effect from 30 April 2026. The Group further announced on 30 April 2026 that Mr Basil Geoghegan, who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director since September 2019, had been appointed Deputy Chair with immediate effect.

On 13 May 2026 the Group announced that Mr James Emmett had been appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of AIB and AIB Bank with immediate effect.

Mr Donal Galvin stepped down as Chief Financial Officer and Executive Director with effect from 26 May 2026 but remained with the Group to ensure a smooth handover of responsibilities, including the announcement of the half year results on 30 July 2026.

As far as is known to each Issuer, no potential conflicts of interest exist between any duties to each Issuer of the persons listed under “*Board of Directors and Executive Officers*” above and their private interests and/or other duties.

The Board-approved Code of Conduct and Conflicts of Interest Policy for Directors sets out how actual, potential or perceived conflicts of interest are to be evaluated, reported and managed to ensure that Directors act at all times in the best interests of the Group and its stakeholders. Executive Directors, as employees of the Group, are also subject to the Group’s Code of Conduct and Conflicts of Interests Policy for employees.

Executive Leadership Team

Name	Title
Colin Hunt	Chief Executive Officer
Cathy Bryce	Managing Director of AIB Capital Markets
Geraldine Casey	Managing Director of Retail Banking
Graham Fagan	Chief Operating Officer
Barry Field	Corporate Affairs Director
Michael Frawley	Chief Risk Officer
David McCormack	Chief People Officer
Miriam Nagle	Group General Counsel
Orlaith Ryan	Chief Customer Officer
Paul Travers	Managing Director of Climate & Infrastructure Capital

Recent Developments

On 4 March 2026 AIB announced a proposed cash dividend of €988 million which was paid on 8 May 2026.

On 4 March 2026 AIB announced the commencement of a share buyback programme whereby it intended to repurchase ordinary shares of AIB for up to a maximum aggregate amount of €1.0 billion. AIB advised that the share buyback programme would consist of an on-market buyback of shares and may continue until 31 December 2026 subject to market conditions, the ongoing capital requirements of the business and termination provisions customary for arrangements of this nature. All shares repurchased under the share buyback programme will be cancelled.

As at 29 July 2026, approximately 52 million shares have been repurchased for a total consideration of approximately €510 million at a volume weighted average price of € 9.79 per share.

On 5 May 2026 AIB announced that a block listing application had been made to Euronext Dublin and the London Stock Exchange for the block listing of 1,000,000 ordinary shares of €0.625 each in the capital of AIB to be admitted to trading on Euronext Dublin and the London Stock Exchange. AIB advised that these shares would be allotted from time to time in accordance with the vesting of shares under the AIB Group (ROI) “Save As You Earn Plan” and the AIB Group UK “Sharesave Plans” which were approved by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held on 1 May 2025.

On 3 June 2026 AIB announced that following approval for the launch of an “Odd-lot Offer” by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held on 1 May 2025, AIB had purchased a total of 143,406 of its own ordinary shares at €10.06 each and that these shares would be cancelled. AIB advised that following the implementation of the Odd-lot Offer, the number of individual on-register shareholder accounts has been reduced by 6,743.

On 30 July 2026, as part of its Half-Year Results Announcement, AIB announced an interim ordinary dividend payment of €406 million

On 30 July 2026, AIB announced its 2026 Half-Year results, reporting the following key financial performance:

Financial Performance

- Net interest income of €1,871 million (H1 2025: €1,874 million) was stable as lower interest rates were offset by an increase in average volumes.
- Other income of €411 million (H1 2025: €358 million) increased by 15 per cent. driven by higher gains on loan disposals, investment securities disposals and equity investments. Net fee and commission income decreased by 3 per cent. to €328 million (H1 2025: €340 million) with higher wealth and insurance income offset by lower customer accounts and card income as the prior year benefitted from one-off items.
- Operating costs were €1,001 million (H1 2025: €979 million), up 2 per cent. in line with guidance impacted by salary inflation and increased variable pay partially offset by lower average staff numbers.
- Overall credit quality remained robust. There was a net credit impairment charge of €91 million representing 25 basis points cost of risk (H1 2025: €85 million charge; 24 basis points cost of risk).
- Bank levies and regulatory fees of €109 million were in line with prior year (H1 2025: €108 million) including recognition of the Irish bank levy.

Balance Sheet

- Gross loans of €74.5 billion increased by €2.2 billion or 3 per cent. (Dec 2025: €72.3 billion) driven by new lending of €7.5 billion partially offset by redemptions.

- NPEs were €1.75 billion or 2.35 per cent. of gross loans (Dec 25: €1.6 billion or 2.2 per cent. of gross loans). Asset quality remains resilient, and the Group continues to carefully manage the loan book.
- Total new lending increased by 10 per cent. to €7.5 billion (H1 2025: €6.9 billion).
- Green and transition lending of €3.1 billion accounted for 41 per cent. of new lending with €26 billion deployed since 2019 as the Group continues to support its customers transition to a more sustainable future.

Funding and Capital

- From 31 December 2025, customer deposits increased by €1.6 billion or 1.3 per cent. to €118.8 billion.
- Strong funding and liquidity ratios with LDR of 62 per cent., LCR of 187 per cent. and NSFR of 158 per cent. as at June 2026 (Dec 25: LDR 61 per cent., LCR 204 per cent and NSFR 163 per cent.)
- MREL ratio as at June 2026 was 34.9 per cent. of risk-weighted assets (“RWAs”), well in excess of the Group’s requirement of 28.5 per cent..
- The CET1 ratio at June 2026 was 16.1 per cent. (Dec 25: 16.2 per cent.) and primarily reflects an increase in RWAs due to strong balance sheet growth. Profit in the first half generated approximately 170 basis points” of CET1 and is not included in the CET1 ratio pending a final decision on payout at year end.

TAXATION

The following is a summary of certain Irish tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposal of Notes. It applies to the absolute beneficial owners of Notes (including all amounts payable by the relevant Issuer in respect of their Notes). However, it does not apply to certain classes of persons such as dealers in securities and entities treated as being associated with the Issuer for Irish tax purposes that are located in zero or low tax jurisdictions. The summary is not a comprehensive description of all of the tax considerations that may be relevant to a decision to purchase, own or dispose of Notes. The summary is based upon Irish laws and the practice of the Revenue Commissioners of Ireland, in effect on the date of this Base Prospectus. The summary does not constitute tax or legal advice and is of a general nature only. Prospective holders should consult their own tax adviser with respect to the applicable tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposal of Notes.

Irish Taxation

Withholding tax

There are three different types of Irish withholding tax potentially relevant to payments on the Notes, namely Irish interest withholding tax, Irish encashment tax and, solely in respect of interest payable by AIB Bank, Irish Deposit Interest Retention Tax (“**DIRT**”). However, there are broad exemptions available from these withholding taxes, which are described in the following paragraphs.

By way of background, Irish interest withholding tax can apply to interest payments at a rate of 20 per cent., unless an exemption is available. This interest withholding tax can also apply to any premium paid on notes (but does not apply to any discount on notes). An encashment tax at a rate of 25 per cent. can apply to certain categories of listed notes issued by companies.

Listed Notes

Listed Notes are Notes which have been admitted to the Official List of Euronext Dublin. Payments of interest in respect of Listed Notes may be made without any deduction of Irish tax by the relevant Issuer, provided the Listed Notes remain quoted on Euronext Dublin and remain held in Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

If Notes are quoted on another “recognised” stock exchange (instead of Euronext Dublin) but remain held in Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, the same treatment should apply. Broadly, a “recognised” stock exchange is understood to mean a stock exchange in a jurisdiction which is regulated by the appropriate regulatory authority of that jurisdiction and has substantially the same level of recognition in that jurisdiction as Euronext Dublin has in Ireland. If Notes are held in another “recognised” clearing system (instead of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg), the same treatment should apply. A list of “recognised” clearing systems for these purposes is included in Irish tax legislation and this list includes the Depositary Trust Company of New York.

Irish encashment tax may apply where a collecting agent in Ireland obtains payment of interest (whether in Ireland or elsewhere) on Listed Notes or realises in Ireland any Coupon in respect of Listed Notes. In these circumstances, the collecting agent may be required to deduct Irish encashment tax from such interest or realisation proceeds at the rate of 25 per cent. An exemption from this Irish encashment tax is available if the holder is not tax resident in Ireland and has provided a declaration in the prescribed form to the collecting agent. An exemption also applies where the payment is made to a company and that company is beneficially entitled to the income and is or will be within the charge to Irish corporation tax in respect of the income. Therefore, holders should note that, if they appoint an Irish collecting agent in respect of their Listed Notes, it may result in Irish encashment tax being deducted by their collecting agent from payments made in respect of their Listed Notes.

Unlisted Notes

The relevant Issuer may issue Notes which are not quoted on Euronext Dublin (or another “recognised” stock exchange). Payments in respect of such Notes may be made without any deduction of Irish tax by the relevant Issuer, provided one of the following exemptions from each of Irish interest withholding tax and Irish encashment tax is available:

- (a) no Irish interest withholding tax will be deducted by the relevant Issuer on payments in respect of such Notes, if one of the following applies:
 - (i) the Notes qualify for the “commercial paper” exemption i.e. the wholesale debt instrument exemption (see below); or
 - (ii) interest on the Notes is not “yearly interest” (generally, interest on Notes would not be considered to be “yearly interest” if the Notes had a maturity of 364 days or less and there was no intention to extend the maturity of the Notes beyond 364 days); and
- (b) no Irish encashment tax will be deducted, provided the Notes are not quoted on any “recognised” stock exchange (see above).

Other exemptions from Irish withholding tax may also be available in certain circumstances. For example, an exemption is available from Irish interest withholding tax where the holder of Notes is a company resident in an EU jurisdiction (other than Ireland) or in a jurisdiction with which Ireland has a double tax treaty, provided a number of conditions are satisfied. The terms of a double tax treaty may also provide relief from Irish withholding tax. In addition to the foregoing, an exemption is available in respect of Irish interest withholding tax paid by a bank (such as AIB Bank) carrying on a *bona fide* banking business in Ireland where such interest is paid in the ordinary course of its banking business.

What is the “commercial paper” exemption?

As described above, one of the exemptions from Irish interest withholding tax is the “commercial paper” exemption. Notes will qualify as “commercial paper” if the relevant Notes mature within two years, recognise an obligation to pay a stated amount and carry a right to interest or are issued at a discount or at a premium.

Where Notes qualify as “commercial paper”, an exemption from Irish interest withholding tax will be available on payments of interest in respect of such Notes where the Notes have a denomination of not less than €500,000 (or its currency equivalent) or U.S.\$500,000 and the Notes are held in Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg (or another recognised clearing system).

Other exemptions for “commercial paper” may be available where holders of Notes provide certain specified information or declarations to the relevant Issuer.

Deposit Interest Retention Tax

DIRT is a form of Irish withholding tax that applies at a rate of 33 per cent. to payments of interest made by “relevant deposit takers” as defined in the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997 of Ireland. AIB Bank (but not AIB) is a relevant deposit taker.

However, there is an exemption from this obligation to deduct DIRT from interest paid on Notes issued by AIB Bank which are listed on a recognised stock exchange (which includes Euronext Dublin).

Additionally, in the event the Notes are not, or cease to be, listed on a recognised stock exchange certain other statutory and concessional exemptions from DIRT may also be available.

Exemptions are available where either the person beneficially entitled to the interest is (i) not resident in Ireland; (ii) a company within the charge to Irish corporation tax in respect of the interest; or (iii) an approved pension

scheme, subject to an appropriate non-resident declaration in the case of (i) and appropriate tax reference number in the case of (ii) and (iii) being provided to AIB Bank.

Similarly, AIB Bank will not be required to operate DIRT if the requirements of the wholesale debt instrument exemption set out above are met.

Furthermore, a Revenue Commissioner concessional exemption may also be available, subject to satisfying certain conditions, including that as a matter of contract the Dealers undertake not to knowingly offer to sell the Notes to an Irish resident person or person whose usual place of abode is Ireland and do not knowingly distribute or cause to be distributed in Ireland offering material in connection with the Notes.

Taxation of Noteholders

Noteholders resident in Ireland

Generally, if holders are tax resident in Ireland, they will be subject to Irish tax on their worldwide income, including their return on the Notes. They will be obliged to account for any Irish tax on a self-assessment basis. There is no requirement for the Revenue Commissioners to issue or raise an assessment on them.

Noteholders not resident in Ireland

If holders are not tax resident in Ireland, they will generally only be subject to Irish tax on their Irish source income (on a self-assessment basis). A corporate recipient that carries on a trade in Ireland through a branch or agency in respect of which the Notes are held or attributed may have a liability to Irish corporation tax on the interest.

Interest payable on the Notes may be regarded as Irish source income, as the relevant Issuer is resident in Ireland.

However, where the Notes are Listed Notes (and continue to be held in Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg) or the “commercial paper” exemption (see above) applies, a holder should nevertheless be exempt from Irish income tax on interest paid on the Notes if it is:

- (a) a person (including a company) who is not tax resident in Ireland and is regarded (for the purposes of section 198 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997 of Ireland) as being a resident of an EU member state (other than Ireland) or a territory with which Ireland has a double tax treaty that has the force of law;
- (b) a company which is under the control (whether directly or indirectly) of a person or persons who, by virtue of the laws of a “relevant territory”, is or are tax resident in the “relevant territory” and who is or are (as the case may be) not under the control (whether directly or indirectly) of a person, or persons who are, not so resident. A “relevant territory” for these purposes means (i) a member state of the EU (other than Ireland), (ii) a territory with which Ireland has a double tax treaty that has the force of law, or (iii) a territory with which Ireland has signed a double tax treaty, which has yet to have the force of law; or
- (c) a company the principal class of shares of which, or:
 - (i) where the company is a 75 per cent. subsidiary of another company, of that other company; or
 - (ii) where the company is wholly-owned by two or more companies, of each of those companies, is substantially and regularly traded on a stock exchange in Ireland, or on one or more recognised stock exchanges in a “relevant territory” (see just above) or on such other stock exchange as may be approved of by the Minister for Finance of Ireland for these purposes.

If the Notes are neither Listed Notes nor Notes to which the “commercial paper” exemption (see above) applies, a holder should nevertheless be exempt from Irish income tax on interest paid on the Notes if the interest is paid by the relevant Issuer in the ordinary course of its trade or business and it is:

- (a) a company which is not tax resident in Ireland and which is regarded (for the purposes of section 198 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997 of Ireland) as being a resident of a EU member state (other than Ireland) or a territory with which Ireland has a double tax treaty that has the force of law provided, in either case, that the relevant territory imposes a tax that generally applies to interest receivable in that territory by companies from sources outside that territory; or
- (b) a company and the interest paid on the Notes is exempted from the charge to Irish income tax under a double tax treaty in force on the date the interest is paid, or would be exempted from the charge to Irish income tax if a double tax treaty which has been signed but is not yet in force had the force of law on the date the interest is paid.

If a holder earns a discount on Notes, it will not be chargeable to Irish income tax on such discount if the Notes were issued by the relevant Issuer in the ordinary course of its trade or business and it is a person (including a company) who is not tax resident in Ireland and who is regarded (for the purposes of section 198 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997 of Ireland) as being a resident of a EU member state (other than Ireland) or a territory with which Ireland has a double tax treaty that has the force of law.

If the above exemptions do not apply, and the terms of a double tax treaty do not fully relieve Irish income tax payable on income earned on the Notes, the terms of a double tax treaty may provide for relief for Irish income tax paid, against a foreign tax liability arising on the same income.

Irish capital gains tax

If a holder is a tax resident or ordinarily resident in Ireland, it may be subject to Irish tax on capital gains (currently 33 per cent.) on gains arising on a disposal of Notes.

If a holder is not tax resident or ordinarily resident in Ireland, it should not be subject to Irish tax on capital gains arising on a disposal of the Notes, provided the Notes are or were not held for the use of or for the purposes of an Irish branch or agency and, where the Notes cease to be listed on a stock exchange, provided such Notes do not derive their value or the greater part of their value directly or indirectly from Irish land, certain Irish mineral or exploration rights.

Irish capital acquisitions tax

Irish capital acquisitions tax applies to gifts and inheritances. The rate of capital acquisitions tax is currently 33 per cent. A gift or inheritance of the Notes may be subject to capital acquisition tax if:

- (a) the donor is tax resident or ordinarily resident in Ireland (or, in the case of value settled in a discretionary trust established before 1 December 1999, was then or later became domiciled in Ireland) on the relevant date;
- (b) the donee (or successor) is tax resident or ordinarily resident in Ireland on the relevant date; or
- (c) the Notes are regarded as property situated in Ireland.

Irish stamp duty

The issue of Notes will not give rise to a charge to Irish stamp duty.

The transfer of interests in the Notes may, in certain circumstances, result in a charge to Irish stamp duty. However, a transfer of the Notes by physical delivery only (and not otherwise) should not give rise to a charge to Irish stamp duty.

A transfer of Notes satisfying the terms of the loan capital exemption will be exempt from stamp duty. There are four conditions that must be satisfied to avail of this exemption:

- (a) the Notes must not carry a right of conversion into shares or marketable securities (other than loan capital) of an Irish incorporated company or into loan capital having such a right;
- (b) the Notes must not carry rights similar to those attaching to shares, including voting rights, entitlement to a share of profits or a share in surplus on liquidation of the relevant Issuer;
- (c) the Notes must be issued for a price which is not less than 90 per cent. of the nominal value of the Notes; and
- (d) the Notes must not carry a right to a sum in respect of repayment or interest which is related to certain movements in an index or indices (based wholly or partly and directly or indirectly on stocks or marketable securities) specified in any document relating to the Notes.

Common Reporting Standard and FATCA

Automatic Exchange of Information

Irish reporting financial institutions, which includes AIB Bank, but not AIB, may have reporting obligations in respect of a Noteholder under FATCA as implemented pursuant to the Ireland – U.S. intergovernmental agreement and/or the OECD's Common Reporting Standard, which Ireland has implemented into Irish law.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act

Pursuant to certain provisions of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, commonly known as FATCA, a “**foreign financial institution**” (as defined by FATCA) may be required to withhold on certain payments it makes (foreign passthru payments) to persons that fail to meet certain certification, reporting or related requirements.

AIB Bank is a foreign financial institution for these purposes. A number of jurisdictions (including Ireland) have entered into, or have agreed in substance to, intergovernmental agreements with the United States to implement FATCA (“**IGAs**”), which modify the way in which FATCA applies in their jurisdictions. Under the provisions of IGAs as currently in effect, a foreign financial institution in an IGA jurisdiction would generally not be required to withhold under FATCA or an IGA from payments that it makes. Certain aspects of the application of the FATCA provisions and IGAs to instruments such as Notes, including whether withholding would ever be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on instruments such as Notes, are uncertain and may be subject to change. Even if withholding would be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on instruments such as Notes, such withholding would not apply prior to the date that is two years after the date on which final regulations defining foreign passthru payments are published in the U.S. Federal Register. Notes characterised as debt (or which are not otherwise characterised as equity and have a fixed term) for U.S. Federal income purposes that are issued on or prior to the date that is six months after the date on which final regulations defining foreign passthru payments are filed with the U.S. Federal Register generally would be grandfathered for purposes of FATCA withholding unless materially modified after such date (including by reason of a substitution of the issuer).

However, if additional Notes that are not distinguishable from previously issued Notes are issued after the expiration of the grandfathering period and are subject to withholding under FATCA, then withholding agents may treat all Notes, including the Notes offered prior to the expiration of the grandfathering period, as subject to withholding under FATCA. Holders should consult their own tax advisers regarding how these rules may apply to their investment in Notes. In the event any withholding would be required pursuant to FATCA or an

IGA with respect to payments on the Notes, no person will be required to pay additional amounts as a result of the withholding.

Ireland has implemented the relevant provisions of the IGA under Section 891E of the Tax Consolidation Act (as amended) (“TCA”) and the Agreement to Improve Tax Compliance and Provide for Reporting and Exchange of Information concerning Tax Matters (United States of America) Order 2013 (S.I. No. 33 of 2013) (the “**FATCA Regulations**”). Under the FATCA Regulations, reporting financial institutions are required to collect certain information on accountholders and on certain controlling persons (as defined in the FATCA Regulations) in the case of the accountholder being an entity, as defined for FATCA purposes, to identify accounts which are reportable to the Irish Revenue Commissioners. The Irish Revenue Commissioners shall in turn exchange such information with US Internal Revenue Service. Where a Note is held in a clearing system it is understood that either the clearing system itself or the relevant clearing participants are likely to be considered FIs and accordingly a reporting financial institution should not have reporting obligations in respect of a Noteholder holding such Notes. In that event AIB Bank will make a nil return in respect of such Notes for that year to the Irish Revenue Commissioners.

Common Reporting Standard (the “CRS”)

The CRS framework was first released by the OECD in February 2014. To date, more than 100 jurisdictions have publicly committed to implementation, many of which are early adopter countries, including Ireland. On 21 July 2014, the Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information in Tax Matters (the “**Standard**”) was published, involving the use of two main elements, the Competent Authority Agreement (the “CAA”) and the CRS.

The goal of the Standard is to provide for the annual automatic exchange between governments of financial account information reported to them by local Financial Institutions (“FIs”) relating to accountholders tax resident in other participating countries to assist in the efficient collection of tax. The OECD, in developing the CAA and CRS, have used FATCA concepts and as such the Standard is broadly similar to the FATCA requirements, albeit with numerous alterations. It will result in a significantly higher number of reportable persons due to the increased instances of potentially in-scope accounts and the inclusion of multiple jurisdictions to which accounts must be reported.

Ireland is a signatory jurisdiction to the Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement on Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information, which was entered into by Ireland in its capacity as a signatory to the Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters and which relates to the automatic exchange of financial account information in respect of CRS. Sections 891F and 891G of the TCA and regulations made thereunder contain measures necessary to implement the CRS in Ireland. The Returns of Certain Information by Reporting Financial Institutions Regulations 2015 (as amended by the Returns of Certain Information by Reporting Financial Institutions (Amendment) Regulations 2025) and Mandatory Automatic Exchange of Information in the Field of Taxation Regulations 2015 (as amended by the Mandatory Automatic Exchange of Information in the Field of Taxation (Amendment) Regulations 2025) made under Sections 891F and 891G of the TCA respectively (the “CRS Regulations”), giving effect to the CRS from 1 January 2016 came into operation on 31 December 2015 with the amending regulations coming into operation on 1 January 2026.

Under the CRS Regulations, reporting financial institutions are required to collect certain information on accountholders and on certain controlling persons (as defined in the CRS Regulations) in the case of the accountholder being an entity, as defined for CRS purposes, to identify accounts which are reportable to the Irish Revenue Commissioners. The Irish Revenue Commissioners shall in turn exchange such information with their counterparts in participating jurisdictions. Where a Note is held in a clearing system it is understood that either the clearing system itself or the relevant clearing participants are likely to be considered FIs and accordingly a reporting financial institution should not have reporting obligations in respect of a Noteholder

holding such Notes. In that event AIB Bank will make a nil return in respect of such Notes for that year to the Irish Revenue Commissioners.

SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

The Dealers have in a Dealer Agreement dated 17 September 2026 (the “Dealer Agreement”) agreed with the Issuers a basis upon which they or any of them may from time to time agree to purchase Notes. Any such agreement for any particular purchase will extend to those matters stated under “Terms and Conditions of the Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes” and “Terms and Conditions of the Subordinated Notes” above.

In the Dealer Agreement, each Issuer has agreed to indemnify the Dealers against certain liabilities in connection with the offer and sale of the Notes issued by it. The Dealer Agreement may be terminated in relation to all the Dealers or any of them by the Issuers or, in relation to itself, by any Dealer, at any time on giving not less than 15 days’ written notice.

The Dealers are entitled in certain circumstances to be released and discharged from their obligations under a subscription agreement prior to the closing of the issue of the relevant Notes. In this situation, the issuance of the relevant Notes may not be completed. Investors will have no rights against the Issuer or Dealers in respect of any expense incurred or loss suffered in these circumstances.

United States

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act or the securities laws of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except in certain transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Terms used in this paragraph have the meaning given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

The Notes are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to U.S. persons, except in certain transactions permitted by U.S. tax regulations. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by the Code, as amended and the regulations thereunder. The relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement will identify whether TEFRA C rules or TEFRA D rules apply or whether TEFRA is not applicable.

Each Dealer has agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to agree, that, except as permitted by the Dealer Agreement, it will not offer, sell or deliver the Notes of any identifiable tranche, (i) as part of their distribution at any time or (ii) otherwise until 40 days after the completion of the distribution of an identifiable tranche of which such Notes are a part, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, and it will have sent to each Dealer to which it sells any Notes during the distribution compliance period, a confirmation or other notice setting out the restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons.

In addition, until 40 days after the commencement of the offering of any identifiable tranche of Notes, an offer or sale of Notes within the United States by any dealer that is not participating in the offering of such Notes may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available any Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Base Prospectus as completed by the Final Terms or Pricing Supplement in relation thereto to any retail investor in the European Economic Area (“EEA”). For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression “retail investor” means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
 - (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or
 - (ii) a customer within the meaning of the Insurance Distribution Directive, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Regulation; and
- (b) the expression “offer” includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Notes.

Prohibition of Sales to UK Retail Investors

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold, distributed or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell, distribute or otherwise make available any Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Base Prospectus as completed by the Final Terms or Pricing Supplement in relation thereto to any retail investor in the UK. For these purposes:

- (a) the expression “retail investor” means a person who is either one (or both) of the following:
 - (i) not a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law in the UK by virtue of the EUWA; or
 - (ii) not a qualified investor as defined in paragraph 15 of Schedule 1 to the Public Offers and Admissions to Trading Regulations 2024; and
- (b) the expression “offer” includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Notes.

United Kingdom

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (a) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Notes in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not, or in the case of AIB Bank would not, if AIB Bank was not an authorised person, apply to the Issuers and it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Notes in, from or otherwise involving the UK; and
- (b) in relation to any Notes which have a maturity of less than one year, (i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business and (ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Notes other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or as agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of

their businesses where the issue of the Notes would otherwise constitute a contravention of Section 19 of the FSMA by the Issuers.

Ireland

Each Dealer has agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to agree, that, in the case of unlisted Notes, it will not knowingly offer to sell such Notes to an Irish resident, or to persons whose usual place of abode is Ireland, and that it will not knowingly distribute or cause to be distributed in Ireland any offering material in connection with such Notes. However, the foregoing shall not prohibit the Dealers (i) from selling, or offering to sell, to an Irish resident or ordinarily resident person, unlisted Notes where that person is either the Irish National Treasury Management Agency or a "relevant deposit taker" within the meaning of Section 256 of the Irish Taxes Consolidation Act, 1997, and is acquiring the unlisted Notes beneficially for its own account; or (ii) from selling or offering to sell, unlisted Notes to an Irish resident company where that company has provided its tax reference number.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed that, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that, it has not offered, sold, placed or underwritten and will not offer, sell, place or underwrite the Notes, or do anything in Ireland in respect of the Notes, otherwise than in conformity with the provisions of:

- (a) the European Union (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2017 (as amended) and any codes or rules of conduct applicable thereunder, Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 and any delegated or implementing acts adopted thereunder and the provisions of the Investor Compensation Act 1998 (as amended);
- (b) the Irish Central Bank Acts 1942 – 2023 (as amended) and any codes of practice made under Section 117(1) of the Central Bank Act 1989 (as amended);
- (c) the Prospectus Regulation, the European Union (Prospectus) Regulations 2019 and any rules and guidance issued under Section 1363 of the Companies Act 2014 (as amended), by the Central Bank;
- (d) the Market Abuse Regulation (EU 596/2014) (as amended), the European Union (Market Abuse) Regulations 2016 (as amended) and any rules and guidance issued under Section 1370 of the Companies Act 2014 (as amended) by the Central Bank;
- (e) the Companies Act 2014 (as amended); and
- (f) in respect of Notes with a maturity at issuance of less than one year, the terms of Central Bank Notice BSD C 01/02.

Republic of Italy

The offering of the Notes has not been registered with the *Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa* ("CONSOB") pursuant to Italian securities legislation and, accordingly, no Notes may be offered, sold or delivered, nor may copies of this Base Prospectus or of any other document relating to any Notes be distributed in Italy, except, in accordance with any Italian securities, tax and other applicable laws and regulations.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or delivered, and will not offer, sell or deliver, any Notes or distribute any copy of this Base Prospectus or any other document relating to the Notes in the Republic of Italy ("Italy") except:

- (a) to qualified investors (*investitori qualificati*), as defined pursuant to Article 2 of the Prospectus Regulation and any applicable provision of Legislative Decree no. 58 of 24 February 1998, as amended (the “Financial Services Act”) and Article 34-ter, paragraph 1, letter (b) of CONSOB regulation No. 11971 of 14 May 1999 (the “CONSOB Regulation”), all as amended from time to time; or
- (b) in any other circumstances which are exempted from the rules on public offerings pursuant to Article 1 of the Prospectus Regulation, Article 34-ter of the CONSOB Regulation and applicable Italian laws, each as amended from time to time.

In any event, any offer, sale or delivery of the Notes or distribution of copies of this Base Prospectus or any other document relating to the Notes in Italy under (a) and (b) above must be:

- (i) made by an investment firm, bank or financial intermediary permitted to conduct such activities in Italy in accordance with the Financial Services Act, Legislative Decree No. 385 of 1 September 1993 (the “Banking Act”) and CONSOB Regulation No. 20307 of 15 February 2018, all as amended from time to time;
- (ii) in compliance with Article 129 of the Banking Act, as amended from time to time, and the implementing guidelines of the Bank of Italy, as amended from time to time pursuant to which the Bank of Italy may request post-offering information on the issue or the offer of securities in Italy; and
- (iii) in compliance with any other applicable laws and regulations, including any requirement or limitation which may be imposed from time to time by CONSOB or the Bank of Italy or any other competent authority.

See also “*Transfer Restrictions in Italy*” below.

Transfer Restrictions in Italy

Investors should note that, in accordance with Article 100-bis of the Financial Services Act, where no exemption from the rules on public offerings applies under paragraphs (a) and (b) above, the subsequent distribution of the Notes on the secondary market in Italy must be made in compliance with the public offer and the prospectus requirement rules provided under the Financial Services Act and the CONSOB Regulation. Furthermore, where no exemption from the rules on public offerings applies, the Notes which are initially offered and placed in Italy or abroad to professional investors only but in the following year are “systematically” distributed on the secondary market in Italy become subject to the public offer and the prospectus requirement rules provided under the Financial Services Act and CONSOB Regulation. Failure to comply with such rules may result in the sale of such Notes being declared null and void and in the liability of the intermediary transferring the financial instruments for any damages suffered by purchasers of Notes who are acting outside of the course of their business or profession.

This Base Prospectus and the information contained herein are intended only for the use of its recipient and are not to be distributed to any third-party resident or located in Italy for any reason. No person resident or located in Italy other than the original recipients of this document may rely on it or its contents.

Japan

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (Act No. 25 of 1948, as amended the “Financial Instruments and Exchange Act”). Accordingly, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not, directly or indirectly, offered or sold and will not, directly or indirectly, offer or sell any Notes in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (which term as used herein means any person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organised under the laws of Japan) or to

others for re-offering or re-sale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and other relevant laws and regulations of Japan.

Singapore

Each Dealer has acknowledged, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to acknowledge, that this Base Prospectus has not been registered as a prospectus in Singapore with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered or sold any Notes or caused the Notes to be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase and will not offer or sell any Notes or cause the Notes to be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, and has not circulated or distributed, nor will it circulate or distribute, this Base Prospectus or any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the Notes, whether directly or indirectly, to any person in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor (as defined in Section 4A of the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore, as modified or amended from time to time (the “SFA”)) pursuant to Section 274 of the SFA or (ii) to an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA) pursuant to and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA.

Switzerland

No Notes may be publicly offered, directly or indirectly, in Switzerland within the meaning of the Swiss Financial Services Act (“FinSA”) and no application has or will be made to admit any Notes to trading on any trading venue (exchange or multilateral trading facility) in Switzerland. Neither this Base Prospectus nor any other offering or marketing material relating to any Notes constitutes a prospectus pursuant to the FinSA, and neither this Base Prospectus nor any other offering or marketing material relating to any Notes may be publicly distributed or otherwise made publicly available in Switzerland.

Canada

No prospectus has been filed with any securities commission or similar regulatory authority in Canada in connection with any offer and sale of Notes, any Notes will not be qualified for sale under the securities laws of Canada or any province or territory thereof and no securities commission or similar regulatory authority in Canada has reviewed or in any way passed upon this Base Prospectus or the merits of any Notes and any representation to the contrary is an offence.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or distributed and will not offer, sell or distribute any Notes, directly or indirectly, in Canada or to or for the benefit of any resident of Canada, other than in compliance with applicable securities laws and, without limiting the generality of the foregoing,

- (a) any offer, sale or distribution of any Notes in Canada has and will be made only to purchasers that are “accredited investors” (as such term is defined in section 1.1 of National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions (“NI 45-106”) or, in Ontario, as such term is defined in section 73.3(1) of the Securities Act (Ontario)), that are also “permitted clients” (as such term is defined in section 1.1 of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations), that are purchasing as principal, or are deemed to be purchasing as principal in accordance with applicable Canadian securities laws, and that are not a person created or used solely to purchase or hold any Notes as an “accredited investor” as described in paragraph (m) of the definition of “accredited investor” in section 1.1 of NI 45-106;

- (b) either (i) it is appropriately registered under applicable Canadian securities laws in each relevant province or territory to sell and deliver any Notes, (ii) any such sale and delivery will be made through an affiliate of it that is so registered if the affiliate is registered in a category that permits such sale and has agreed to make such sale and delivery in compliance with the representations, warranties and agreements set out herein, or (ii) it is relying on an exemption from the dealer registration requirements under applicable Canadian securities laws and has complied with the requirements of that exemption; and
- (c) it has not and will not distribute or deliver this Base Prospectus, or any other offering material in connection with any offering of any Notes, in Canada or to a resident of Canada or to any person subject to the securities laws of any province or territory of Canada, other than in compliance with applicable Canadian securities laws.

General

These selling restrictions may be modified by the agreement of the Issuers and the relevant Dealer(s) following a change in a relevant law, regulation or directive. Any such modification will be set out in a supplement to this Base Prospectus.

No action has been taken in any jurisdiction that would permit a public offering of any of the Notes, or possession or distribution of this Base Prospectus or any other offering material or any Final Terms or Pricing Supplement, in any country or jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required.

Each Dealer has agreed that it will (to the best of its knowledge) comply with all relevant laws, regulations and directives in each jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers Notes or has in its possession or distributes this Base Prospectus, any other offering material or any Final Terms or Pricing Supplement.

If a jurisdiction requires that the offering be made by a licensed broker or dealer and the Dealers or any affiliate of the Dealers is a licensed broker or dealer in that jurisdiction, the offering shall be deemed to be made by the Dealers or such affiliate on behalf of the Issuers in such jurisdiction.

APPLICABLE FINAL TERMS

Set out below is the form of Final Terms which will be completed for each Tranche of Notes issued under the Programme.

Final Terms dated [●]

[AIB Group plc / Allied Irish Banks, p.l.c.]

Legal Entity Identifier (LEI): [635400AKJBGNS5WNQL34 / 3U8WV1YX2VMUHH7Z1Q21]

Issue of [Aggregate Nominal Amount of Tranche] [Title of Notes]
under the €10,000,000,000

Euro Medium Term Note Programme

PART A – CONTRACTUAL TERMS

[MIFID II PRODUCT GOVERNANCE / PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS AND ELIGIBLE COUNTERPARTIES (ECPS) ONLY TARGET MARKET] – Solely for the purposes of [the/each] manufacturer’s product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is eligible counterparties and professional clients only, each as defined in Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “MiFID II”); and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. *[Consider any negative target market.]* Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “distributor”) should take into consideration the manufacturer[’s/s’] target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to MiFID II is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturer[’s/s’] target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.]

[UK MIFIR PRODUCT GOVERNANCE / PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS AND ECPS ONLY TARGET MARKET] – Solely for the purposes of [the/each] manufacturer’s product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is only eligible counterparties, as defined in the FCA Handbook Conduct of Business Sourcebook, and professional clients, as defined in Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (“EUWA”) (the “UK MiFIR”); and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. *[Consider any negative target market.]* Any [person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “distributor”)] [distributor] should take into consideration the manufacturer[’s/s’] target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to the FCA Handbook Product Intervention and Product Governance Sourcebook is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturer[’s/s’] target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.]

[PROHIBITION OF SALES TO EEA RETAIL INVESTORS] – The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area (“EEA”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of [Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “MiFID II”)] [MiFID II]; (ii) a customer within the meaning of (EU) 2016/97 (the “Insurance Distribution Directive”), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (the “Prospectus Regulation”). Consequently, no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (as amended, the “PRIIPs Regulation”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to

retail investors in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the PRIIPS Regulation.]

[PROHIBITION OF SALES TO UK RETAIL INVESTORS – The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold, distributed or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold, distributed or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the United Kingdom (the “UK”). For these purposes a retail investor means a person who is either one (or both) of the following: (i) not a qualified investor as defined in paragraph 15 of Schedule 1 to the Public Offers and Admissions to Trading Regulations 2024; or (ii) not a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of [Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “UK MiFIR”)] [the UK MiFIR]. Consequently, no disclosure document required by the FCA Product Disclosure Sourcebook (“DISC”) for offering, selling or distributing the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the UK has been prepared and therefore offering, selling or distributing the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the UK may be unlawful under DISC and the Consumer Composite Investments (Designated Activities) Regulations 2024.]

[Singapore SFA Product Classification: In connection with Section 309B of the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore (as amended, the “SFA”) and the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulations 2018 of Singapore (the “CMP Regulations 2018”), the Issuer has determined, and hereby notifies all relevant persons (as defined in Section 309A(1) of the SFA), that the Notes are [prescribed capital markets products] [capital markets products other than prescribed capital markets products] (as defined in the CMP Regulations 2018) and are [Excluded] [Specified] Investment Products (as defined in MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products.))¹

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions set forth in the Base Prospectus dated 17 September 2026 [and the supplemental Base Prospectuses dated [●]] [which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus for the purposes of [Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (the “Prospectus Regulation”)] [the Prospectus Regulation]. This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of the Prospectus Regulation and must be read in conjunction with such Base Prospectus [as so supplemented].]² Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Base Prospectus[, as so supplemented]. The Final Terms and the Base Prospectus [and the supplemental Base Prospectuses] are available for inspection at the London office of the Agent and the office of the Issuer and in electronic form on the website of the Issuer www.aibgroup.com (access through the “Investor Relations” link) [and on the website of Euronext Dublin at <https://live.euronext.com/en/markets/dublin/bonds/list>].

[The following alternative language applies if the first tranche of an issue which is being increased was issued under a Base Prospectus (or equivalent) with an earlier date.

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions (the “Conditions”) set forth in the Base Prospectus dated [11 March 2025 / 10 May 2024 / 6 October 2023 / 25 March 2022 / 7 May 2021 [as supplemented by a supplement dated [●]]]. [This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of [Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (the “Prospectus Regulation”)] [the Prospectus Regulation] and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus dated 17 September 2026 [and the supplemental Base Prospectuses dated [●]], which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Regulation, save in respect of the Conditions which are extracted from the Base

¹ For any Notes to be offered to Singapore investors, the Issuer to consider whether it needs to re-classify the Notes pursuant to Section 309B of the SFA prior to the launch of the offer.

² Delete this statement and any other references to the Prospectus Regulation in these Final Terms in the case of an issuance of unlisted Notes and an issuance of Notes which will not be admitted to trading on a regulated market.

Prospectus dated [11 March 2025 / 10 May 2024 / 6 October 2023 / 25 March 2022 / 7 May 2021 / [as supplemented by a supplement dated [●]] and are attached hereto]¹. Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the [Base Prospectus dated [●]]/[Base Prospectuses dated [●] and [●]] [and the supplemental Base Prospectuses dated [●] and [●]]. The [Base Prospectus dated [●]]/[Base Prospectuses dated [●]] [and the supplemental Base Prospectuses[es]] are available for inspection at the London office of the Agent and the office of the Issuer and in electronic form on the website of the Issuer www.aibgroup.com (access through the “Investor Relations” link) [and on the website of Euronext Dublin at <https://live.euronext.com/en/markets/dublin/bonds/list>].]

[The securities described by these Final Terms (the “Securities”) constitute Commercial Paper for the purposes of Notice BSD C 01/02 issued by the Central Bank of Ireland (the “Notice”). The Securities are issued in accordance with one of the exemptions from the requirement to hold a banking licence provided by the Notice pursuant to section 8(2) of the Central Bank Act 1971 of Ireland, inserted by section 31 of the Central Bank Act 1989 of Ireland, as amended. The Securities do not have the status of a bank deposit and are not within the scope of the Deposit Protection Scheme operated by the Central Bank of Ireland. The Issuer is not regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland.]³

1	Issuer:		[AIB Group plc] / [Allied Irish Banks, p.l.c.]
2	[(i)]	Series Number:	[●]
	[(ii)]	Tranche Number:	[●]
	[(iii)]	Date on which the Notes become fungible:	[Not Applicable/The Notes shall be consolidated, form a single series and be interchangeable for trading purposes with the <i>[insert description of the Series]</i> on <i>[insert date/the Issue Date/exchange of the Temporary Global Note for interests in the Permanent Global Note, as referred to in item [27] below [which is expected to occur on or about [insert date]].]</i>
3	Specified Currency or Currencies:		[●]
4	Aggregate Nominal Amount of Notes:		[●]
	[(i)]	Series:	[●]
	[(ii)]	Tranche:	[●]
5	Issue Price:		[●] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount [plus accrued interest from <i>[insert date]</i> (<i>in the case of fungible issues only, if applicable</i>)]
6	(i)	Specified Denominations:	[EUR100,000] [and integral multiples of [EUR1,000] in excess thereof up to and including [EUR199,000]. No Notes in definitive form will be issued with a denomination above [EUR199,000][●]
	(ii)	Calculation Amount:	[●]

³ Include for Notes which have a maturity of less than one year from the Issue Date. Any such Notes must be issued and transferable in a minimum amount of €125,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies). Such Notes fall outside the scope of the Prospectus Regulation.

(If only one Specified Denomination, insert the Specified Denomination. If more than one Specified Denomination, insert the highest common factor. Note: There must be a common factor in the case of two or more Specified Denominations.)

7	(i)	Issue Date:	[●]
	(ii)	Interest Commencement Date:	[specify/Issue Date/Not Applicable]
8	Maturity Date:		[specify/Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest [specify month and year]]
9	Interest Basis:		[[●] per cent. Fixed Rate] [[●] per cent. Resettable Notes] [[SONIA/SOFR/EURIBOR] +/- [●] per cent. Floating Rate] [Zero Coupon]
10	Redemption/Payment Basis:		Subject to any purchase and cancellation or early redemption, the Notes will be redeemed on the Maturity Date at 100 per cent. of their nominal amount
11	Change of Interest Basis:		[Applicable/Not Applicable]
12	Put/Call Options:		[Put (further particulars specified at item 21 below)] [Call (further particulars specified at item 19 below)] [Clean-up Call (further particulars specified at item 20 below)]
13	(i)	Status of the Notes:	[Senior/Senior Preferred/Senior Non- Preferred/Subordinated]
	[(ii)]	Loss Absorption Note ⁴ :	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
	[(iii)]	Waiver of Set-off ⁵ :	[Applicable – Condition 3(c) applies]/[Not Applicable – Condition 3(c) does not apply]
	[(iv)]	Restricted Events of Default ⁶ :	[Applicable – Condition 9(b) applies]/[Not Applicable – Condition 9(b) does not apply]
	[(v)]	[Date [Board] approval for issuance of Notes obtained:	[●] [and [●], respectively]

⁴ Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes only.

⁵ Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes only.

⁶ Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes only.

14 **Method of distribution:** [Syndicated/Non-syndicated]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST (IF ANY) PAYABLE

15	Fixed Rate Note Provisions:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
	(i) Rate[(s)] of Interest:	[●] per cent. per annum [payable [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear] on each Interest Payment Date
	(ii) Interest Payment Date(s):	[●] in each year
	(iii) Fixed Coupon Amount[(s)]:	[●] per Calculation Amount
	(iv) Broken Amount(s):	[●] per Calculation Amount, payable on the Interest Payment Date falling [in/on] [●]
	(v) Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual / Actual/Actual – ISDA] [Actual/365 (Fixed)] [Actual/365 (Sterling)] [Actual/360] [30/360 / 360/360 / Bond Basis] [30E/360 / Eurobond Basis] [30E/360 (ISDA)] [Actual/Actual – ICMA]
	(vi) Determination Date(s):	[[●] in each year/Not Applicable]
16	Resettable Note provisions:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
	(i) Initial Rate of Interest:	[●] per cent. per annum [payable annually/semi-annually/ quarterly/ monthly] in arrear]
	(ii) First Margin:	[+/-][●] per cent. per annum
	(iii) Subsequent Margin:	[+/-][●] per cent. per annum
	(iv) Resettable Note Interest Payment Date(s):	[●] in each year commencing on [●] and ending on [●]
	(v) First Resettable Note Reset Date:	[●]
	(vi) Second Resettable Note Reset Date:	[[●]/Not Applicable]
	(vii) Subsequent Resettable Note Reset Date:	[[●]/Not Applicable]
	(viii) Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/ Following Business Day Convention/ Modified Following Business Day Convention/Preceding Business Day Convention]

	(ix)	Business Centre(s):	[●]
	(x)	Reset Rate:	[Single Mid-Swap Rate]/[Mean Mid-Swap Rate]/[Reference Bond Rate]
	(xi)	Relevant Screen Page:	[●]
	(xii)	Mid-Swap Maturity:	[●]
	(xiii)	Fixed Leg Swap Duration:	[●]
	(xiv)	Benchmark Duration:	[Fixed Leg Swap Duration/[●]]
	(xv)	Subsequent Reset Rate Time:	[●]
	(xvi)	Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual / Actual/Actual – ISDA] [Actual/365 (Fixed)] [Actual/365 (Sterling)] [Actual/360] [30/360 / 360/360 / Bond Basis] [30E/360 / Eurobond Basis] [30E/360 (ISDA)] [Actual/Actual – ICMA]
17		Floating Rate Note Provisions:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
	(i)	Interest Period(s):	[●] in each year, subject to adjustment in accordance with the Business Day Convention set out in (v) below
	(ii)	Specified Interest Payment Dates:	[●] in each year, subject to adjustment in accordance with the Business Day Convention set out in (v) below
	(iii)	First Interest Payment Date:	[●]
	(iv)	Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/ Following Business Day Convention/ Modified Following Business Day Convention/Preceding Business Day Convention]
	(v)	Business Centre(s):	[●]
	(vi)	Manner in which the Rate(s) of Interest is/are to be determined:	[Screen Rate Determination/ISDA Determination]
	(vii)	Party responsible for calculating the Rate(s) of Interest and Interest Amount(s) (if not the Calculation Agent):	[●]

(viii)	Screen Rate Determination:	[Applicable – Term Rate][Applicable – SONIA][Applicable – SOFR]
	– Reference Rate:	[SONIA Compounded Index Rate / SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate [with Observation Shift] / [with Lag] where “p” is: [specify number] London Business Days [being no less than 5 London Business Days]] [SOFR Compounded Index Rate / SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate [with Observation Shift] / [with Lag] where “p” is: [specify number] U.S. Government Securities Business Days [being no less than 5 U.S. Government Securities Business Days]] [EURIBOR] [Insert other applicable reference rates included in terms and conditions]
	– Interest Determination Date(s):	[The date which is [“p”] [London][U.S. Government Securities] Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date]
	– Relevant Screen Page:	[[Bloomberg Screen Page: SONCINDEX] / see pages of authorised distributors for SONIA Compounded Index Rate] or [Bloomberg Screen Page: SONIO/N Index] / SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate as applicable][●]
	– Relevant Fallback Screen Page:	[[Bloomberg Screen Page: SONIO/N Index] / see pages of authorised distributors for SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate as applicable][●]]
(ix)	ISDA Determination:	
	– Floating Rate Option:	[●]
	– Designated Maturity:	[●]
	– Reset Date:	[●]
	– Compounding:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] (If not applicable, delete the remaining items of this subparagraph)
	– Compounding Method:	[Compounding with Lookback Lookback: [[●] Applicable Business Days] [Compounding with Observation Period Shift Observation Period Shift: [●] Observation Period Shift Business Days Observation Period Shift Additional Business Days: [[●] / Not Applicable]]

	[Compounding with Lockout Lockout: [[•] Lockout Period Business Days Lockout Period Business Days: [[•]/Applicable Business Days]] <i>(The number of applicable business days for each compounding method if not specified shall be five, unless otherwise agreed with the calculation agent.)</i>
	– Averaging: [Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>(If not applicable, delete the remaining items of this subparagraph)</i>
	– Averaging Method: [Averaging with Lookback Lookback: [•] Applicable Business Days] [Averaging with Observation Period Shift Observation Period Shift: [•] Observation Period Shift Business Days Observation Period Shift Additional Business Days: [[•] / Not Applicable]] [Averaging with Lockout Lockout: [•] Lockout Period Business Days Lockout Period Business Days: [[•]/Applicable Business Days]] <i>(The number of applicable business days for each averaging method if not specified shall be five, unless otherwise agreed with the calculation agent.)</i>
	– Index Provisions: [Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>(If not applicable, delete the remaining items of this subparagraph)</i>
	– Index Method: [Compounded Index Method with Observation Period Shift Observation Period Shift: [•] Observation Period Shift Business Days Observation Period Shift Additional Business Days: [[•] / Not Applicable]] <i>(The number of applicable business days for each index method if not specified shall be five, unless otherwise agreed with the calculation agent.)</i>
(x)	– ISDA Definitions: [•] Linear Interpolation: [Not Applicable/Applicable – the Rate of Interest for the [long/short] [first/last] Interest Period shall

		be calculated using Linear Interpolation (specify for each short or long interest period)]
	(xi) Margin(s):	[+/-][●] per cent. per annum
	(xii) Minimum Rate of Interest:	[●] per cent. per annum
	(xiii) Maximum Rate of Interest:	[●] per cent. per annum
	(xiv) Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual / Actual/Actual – ISDA] [Actual/365 (Fixed)] [Actual/365 (Sterling)] [Actual/360] [30/360 / 360/360 / Bond Basis] [30E/360 / Eurobond Basis] [30E/360 (ISDA)] [Actual/Actual – ICMA]
18	Zero Coupon Note Provisions:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
	(i) Amortisation Yield:	[●] per cent. per annum
	(ii) Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual / Actual/Actual – ISDA] [Actual/365 (Fixed)] [Actual/365 (Sterling)] [Actual/360] [30/360 / 360/360 / Bond Basis] [30E/360 / Eurobond Basis] [30E/360 (ISDA)] [Actual/Actual – ICMA]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDEMPTION

19	Call Option:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
	(i) Optional Redemption Date(s):	[●]
	(ii) Optional Redemption Amount(s) of each Note:	[●] per Calculation Amount
	(iii) If redeemable in part:	
	(a) Minimum Redemption Amount:	[●] per Calculation Amount
	(b) Maximum Redemption Amount:	[●] per Calculation Amount
	(iv) Notice period:	[●]

20	Clean-up Call Option:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
	(i) Clean-up Call Effective Date:	[Issue Date of the first tranche of the Notes]/[●]
	(ii) Clean-up Call Minimum Percentage:	[75 per cent.]/[●]
	(iii) Clean-up Call Option Amount:	[●] per Calculation Amount
	[(iv)] [Notice period:	[●] days]
21	Put Option⁷:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
	(i) Optional Redemption Date(s):	[●]
	(ii) Optional Redemption Amount(s) of each Note:	[●] per Calculation Amount
	(iii) Notice period:	[●]
[22]	Capital Disqualification Event for partial exclusion:⁸	[Applicable/Not Applicable]]
[23]	Loss Absorption Disqualification Event:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>(If Not Applicable, delete the remaining subparagraph of this paragraph)</i>
	– Loss Absorption Disqualification Event for partial exclusion:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]]
24	Final Redemption Amount of each Note:	[●] per Calculation Amount
25	Early Redemption Amount:	
	– Early Redemption Amount(s) per Calculation Amount payable on redemption for taxation reasons or on event of default [or on redemption for regulatory reasons ⁹][or on redemption following a Loss Absorption	[●] per Calculation Amount

⁷ Senior Notes, Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes only.

⁸ Subordinated Notes only.

⁹ Subordinated Notes only.

Disqualification
Event]:

26 **Substitution and Variation:** [Applicable/Not Applicable]

GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE NOTES

27 **Form of Notes:** [Bearer Notes:]
 [Temporary Global Note exchangeable for
 Permanent Global Note which is exchangeable for
 Definitive Notes in the limited circumstances
 specified in the Permanent Global Note]
 [Permanent Global Note exchangeable for
 Definitive Notes in the limited circumstances
 specified in the Permanent Global Note]
 [Temporary Global Note exchangeable for
 Definitive Notes in the limited circumstances
 specified in the Permanent Global Note]
 [Registered Notes:]
 [Registered Global Note registered in the name of a
 nominee for a [common depositary/common
 safekeeper] for Euroclear and Clearstream,
 Luxembourg]

28 **Governing Law:** [English][Irish] Law Notes

29 **New Global Note:** [Yes] [No]

30 **Green Bonds:** [Yes] [No]
 *[If Not Applicable, delete the remaining
 subparagraphs of this paragraph]*
 [(i)] [Reviewer(s):] *[Name of sustainability rating agencies and name of
 third party assurance agent, if any and details of
 compliance opinion(s) and availability]*
 [(ii)] [Date of Second
 Party Opinion(s):] *[Give details]*

31 **Social Bonds:** [Yes] [No]
 *[If Not Applicable, delete the remaining
 subparagraphs of this paragraph]*
 [(i)] [Reviewer(s):] *[Name of sustainability rating agencies and name of
 third party assurance agent, if any and details of
 compliance opinion(s) and availability]*
 [(ii)] [Date of Second
 Party Opinion(s):] *[Give details]*

32 **Financial Centre(s):** [Not Applicable/give details. *[Note that this
 paragraph relates to the date [and place] of*

		<i>payment, and not the end date of the interest period for the purposes of calculating the amount of interest, to which sub-paragraph 17(v) relates]]</i>
33	Talons for future Coupons to be attached to Definitive Notes (and dates on which such Talons mature):	[No/Yes. As the Notes have more than 27 coupon payments, talons may be required if, on exchange into definitive form, more than 27 coupon payments are still to be made]

[USE OF PROCEEDS

Give details if different from the “Use of Proceeds” section in the Base Prospectus.]

RESPONSIBILITY

The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in these Final Terms. [(*Relevant third party information*) has been extracted from (*specify source*).

The Issuer confirms that such information has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware, and is able to ascertain from information published by (*specify source*), no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.]

Signed on behalf of the Issuer:

By:

By:

Duly Authorised

Duly Authorised

PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

1 Listing

- (i) Listing: [Euronext Dublin/None]
- (ii) Admission to trading: [Application has been made for the Notes to be admitted to the Official List and to be admitted to trading on the regulated market of Euronext Dublin with effect from [●]. No assurance can be given that such listing will be obtained and/or maintained/Not Applicable].
- [(iii) Estimate of total expenses related to admission to trading: [●]]

2 Ratings

- Ratings: [The following ratings reflect the ratings allocated to Notes of this type issued under the Programme generally:]
- The Notes are expected to be rated [●] by [●][on or shortly after the Issue Date].
- No assurance can be given that such rating will be obtained and/or retained.
- (The above disclosure should reflect the rating allocated to Notes of the type being issued under the Programme generally or, where the issue has been specifically rated, that rating.)*
- (Include a brief explanation of the meaning of the ratings if this has previously been published by the rating provider.)*
- Insert one (or more) of the following options, as applicable:*
- Option 1: CRA is (i) established in the EU and (ii) registered under the EU CRA Regulation:***
- [Insert legal name of particular credit rating agency entity providing rating] is established in the EU and registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 (the “EU CRA Regulation”).*
- [Include details of whether rating is endorsed by a credit rating agency established and registered in the UK or certified under the UK CRA Regulation]*
- Option 2: CRA is (i) established in the EU, (ii) not registered under the EU CRA Regulation but (iii) has applied for registration:***
- [Insert legal name of particular credit rating agency entity providing rating] is established in the EU and has applied for registration under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 (the “EU CRA Regulation”) although notification of the registration decision has not yet been provided.*
- [Include details of whether rating is endorsed by a credit rating agency established and registered in the UK or certified under the UK CRA Regulation]*

Option 3: CRA is (i) established in the EU and (ii) has not applied for registration and is not registered under the EU CRA Regulation:

[Insert legal name of particular credit rating agency entity providing rating] is established in the EU and is neither registered nor has it applied for registration under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 (the “EU CRA Regulation”).

[Include details of whether rating is endorsed by a credit rating agency established and registered in the UK or certified under the UK CRA Regulation]

Option 4: CRA is established in the UK and registered under the UK CRA:

[Insert legal name of particular credit rating agency entity providing rating] is established in the UK and registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (the “UK CRA Regulation”).

[Include details of whether rating is endorsed by a credit rating agency established and registered in the EEA or certified under the EU CRA Regulation]

Option 5: CRA is not established in the EU or the UK but the relevant rating is endorsed by a CRA which is established and registered under the EU CRA Regulation and/or under the UK CRA Regulation:

[Insert legal name of particular credit rating agency entity providing rating] is not established in the EU or the UK but the rating it has given to the Notes is endorsed by [insert legal name of credit rating agency], which is established in the [EU and registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 (the “EU CRA Regulation”)] [and] [UK and registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (the “UK CRA Regulation”)].

Option 6: CRA is not established in the EU or the UK and the relevant rating is not endorsed under the EU CRA Regulation and/or the UK CRA Regulation, but the CRA is certified under the EU CRA Regulation and/or the UK CRA Regulation:

[Insert legal name of particular credit rating agency entity providing rating] is not established in the EU or the UK but is certified under [Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 (the “EU CRA Regulation”)] [and] [Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (the “UK CRA Regulation”)].

Option 7: CRA is neither established in the EU or the UK nor certified under the EU CRA Regulation or the UK CRA

Regulation and the relevant rating is not endorsed under the EU CRA Regulation or the UK CRA Regulation:

[Insert legal name of particular credit rating agency entity providing rating] is not established in the EU or the UK and is not certified under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 (the “EU CRA Regulation”) or the Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (the “UK CRA Regulation”) and the rating it has given to the Notes is not endorsed by a credit rating agency under the EU CRA Regulation or the UK CRA Regulation.

3 Interests of Natural and Legal Persons involved in the Issue

[Save for any fees payable to the [Managers/Dealers], so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the offer of the Notes has an interest material to the offer. The [Managers/Dealers] and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform other services for, the Issuer and its affiliates in the ordinary course of business. *(Amend as appropriate if there are other interests)*]

4 Estimated Net Proceeds

Estimated net proceeds: [●]

5 [Fixed Rate Notes only – Yield

Indication of yield: [●]

The yield is calculated at the Issue Date on the basis of the Issue Price. It is not an indication of future yield.]

6 [Floating Rate Notes only – Historic Interest Rates

Details of historic [EURIBOR] rates can be obtained from [Reuters].]

7 Operational Information

ISIN: [●]

Common Code: [●]

CFI: [[●], as updated, as][As set out on the website of the Association of National Number Agencies (ANNA) or alternatively sourced from the responsible National Numbering Agency that assigned the ISIN/Not Applicable]

FISN: [[●], as updated, as][As set out on the website of the Association of National Number Agencies (ANNA) or alternatively sourced from the responsible National Numbering Agency that assigned the ISIN /Not Applicable]

(If the CFI and/or FISN is not required, requested or available, it/they should be specified to be “Not Applicable”)

Any clearing system(s) other than Euroclear Bank SA/NV and

[Not Applicable/give name(s) and number(s)[and address(es)]]

Clearstream Banking, S.A. and the relevant identification number(s):

Delivery:

Delivery [against/free of] payment

Name and address of additional Paying Agent(s) (if any):

[•]

Intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility:

[Yes. Note that the designation “yes” simply means that the Notes are intended upon issue to be deposited with one of the International Central Securities Depositories as common safekeeper [(and registered in the name of a nominee of one of the ICSDs acting as common safekeeper)] (*include this text for registered notes*) and does not necessarily mean that the Notes will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.]

[No. Whilst the designation is specified as “no” at the date of these Final Terms, should the Eurosystem eligibility criteria be amended in the future such that the Notes are capable of meeting them the Notes may then be deposited with one of the ICSDs as common safekeeper [(and registered in the name of a nominee of one of the ICSDs acting as common safekeeper)] (*include this text for registered notes*). Note that this does not necessarily mean that the Notes will then be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra day credit operations by the Eurosystem at any time during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.]

8 **Distribution**

(i) Method of distribution:

[Syndicated/Non-syndicated]

(ii) If syndicated:

(A) Names of Managers:

[Not Applicable/*give names*]

(B) Stabilisation Manager(s) (if any):

[Not Applicable/*give names*]

(iii) If non-syndicated, name of Dealer:

[Not Applicable/*give name*]

(iv) U.S. Selling Restrictions:

[Reg. S Compliance Category 2] [TEFRA C / TEFRA D / TEFRA Not Applicable]

APPLICABLE PRICING SUPPLEMENT FOR GEM NOTES

Set out below is the form of Pricing Supplement which will be completed for each Tranche of GEM Notes issued under the Programme.

Pricing Supplement dated [●]

Allied Irish Banks, p.l.c.

Legal Entity Identifier (LEI): 3U8WV1YX2VMUHH7Z1Q21

Issue of [Aggregate Nominal Amount of Tranche] [Title of Notes]
under the €10,000,000,000

Euro Medium Term Note Programme

PART A – CONTRACTUAL TERMS

[MIFID II PRODUCT GOVERNANCE / PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS AND ELIGIBLE COUNTERPARTIES (ECPS) ONLY TARGET MARKET] – Solely for the purposes of [the/each] manufacturer’s product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is eligible counterparties and professional clients only, each as defined in Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “MiFID II”); and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. *[Consider any negative target market.]* Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “distributor”) should take into consideration the manufacturer[’s/s’] target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to MiFID II is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturer[’s/s’] target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.]

[UK MIFIR PRODUCT GOVERNANCE / PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS AND ECPS ONLY TARGET MARKET] – Solely for the purposes of [the/each] manufacturer’s product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is only eligible counterparties, as defined in the FCA Handbook Conduct of Business Sourcebook, and professional clients, as defined in Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (“EUWA”) (the “UK MiFIR”); and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. *[Consider any negative target market.]* Any [person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “distributor”)] [distributor] should take into consideration the manufacturer[’s/s’] target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to the FCA Handbook Product Intervention and Product Governance Sourcebook is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturer[’s/s’] target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.]

[PROHIBITION OF SALES TO EEA RETAIL INVESTORS] – The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area (“EEA”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of [Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “MiFID II”)] [MiFID II]; (ii) a customer within the meaning of (EU) 2016/97 (the “Insurance Distribution Directive”), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129. Consequently, no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (as amended, the “PRIIPs Regulation”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the PRIIPs Regulation.]

[PROHIBITION OF SALES TO UK RETAIL INVESTORS – The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold, distributed or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold, distributed or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the United Kingdom (the “UK”). For these purposes a retail investor means a person who is either one (or both) of the following: (i) not a qualified investor as defined in paragraph 15 of Schedule 1 to the Public Offers and Admissions to Trading Regulations 2024; or (ii) not a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of [Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “UK MiFIR”)]the UK MiFIR]. Consequently, no disclosure document required by the FCA Product Disclosure Sourcebook (“DISC”) for offering, selling or distributing the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the UK has been prepared and therefore offering, selling or distributing the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the UK may be unlawful under DISC and the Consumer Composite Investments (Designated Activities) Regulations 2024.]

[Singapore SFA Product Classification: In connection with Section 309B of the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore (as amended, the “SFA”) and the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulations 2018 of Singapore (the “CMP Regulations 2018”), the Issuer has determined, and hereby notifies all relevant persons (as defined in Section 309A(1) of the SFA), that the Notes are [prescribed capital markets products][capital markets products other than prescribed capital markets products] (as defined in the CMP Regulations 2018) and are [Excluded][Specified] Investment Products (as defined in MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products.))¹

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions set forth in the Base Listing Particulars dated 17 September 2026 [and the supplemental listing particulars dated [●]] [which [together] constitute[s] a base listing particulars. This document constitutes the Pricing Supplement of the Notes described herein and must be read in conjunction with such Base Listing Particulars [as so supplemented].]² Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of this Pricing Supplement and the Base Listing Particulars [, as so supplemented]. The Pricing Supplement and the Listing Particulars [and the supplemental listing particulars] are available for inspection at the London office of the Agent and the office of the Issuer and in electronic form on the website of the Issuer www.aibgroup.com (access through the “Investor Relations” link).

(The following alternative language applies if the first tranche of an issue which is being increased was issued under a base listing particulars (or equivalent) with an earlier date.)

[Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions (the “Conditions”) set forth in the base listing particulars dated 17 September 2026 [as supplemented by a supplement dated [●]] (the “Base Listing Particulars”)]³. [This document constitutes the Pricing Supplement of the Notes described herein and must be read in conjunction with the Base Listing Particulars dated 17 September 2026 [and the supplemental listing particulars dated [●]], which [together] constitute[s] base listing particulars, save in respect of the Conditions which are extracted from the Base Listing Particulars dated 17 September 2026 [as supplemented by a supplement dated [●]] and are attached hereto]. Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of this Pricing Supplement and the [Base Listing Particulars dated [●]] [and the supplemental listing particulars dated [●] and [●]]. The [Base Listing Particulars dated [●]]/[Base Listing Particulars dated [●]] [and the supplemental listing particulars] are available for

¹ For any Notes to be offered to Singapore investors, the Issuer to consider whether it needs to re-classify the Notes pursuant to Section 309B of the SFA prior to the launch of the offer.

² Delete this statement in the case of an issuance of unlisted Notes.

³ At the point in which Conditions from a GEM Note issuance are incorporated by reference into a future Base Listing Particulars, the date of that Listing Particulars is to be added.

inspection at the London office of the Agent and the office of the Issuer and in electronic form on the website of the Issuer www.aibgroup.com (access through the “Investor Relations” link).

[The securities described by this Pricing Supplement (the “Securities”) constitute Commercial Paper for the purposes of Notice BSD C 01/02 issued by the Central Bank of Ireland (the “Notice”). The Securities are issued in accordance with one of the exemptions from the requirement to hold a banking licence provided by the Notice pursuant to section 8(2) of the Central Bank Act 1971 of Ireland, inserted by section 31 of the Central Bank Act 1989 of Ireland, as amended. The Securities do not have the status of a bank deposit and are not within the scope of the Deposit Protection Scheme operated by the Central Bank of Ireland. The Issuer is not regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland.]⁴

THE CENTRAL BANK OF IRELAND HAS NEITHER APPROVED NOR REVIEWED THIS PRICING SUPPLEMENT.

1	Issuer:		Allied Irish Banks, p.l.c.
2	[(i)]	Series Number:	[●]
	[(ii)]	Tranche Number:	[●]
	[(iii)]	Date on which the Notes become fungible:	[Not Applicable/The Notes shall be consolidated, form a single series and be interchangeable for trading purposes with the <i>[insert description of the Series]</i> on <i>[insert date/the Issue Date/exchange of the Temporary Global Note for interests in the Permanent Global Note, as referred to in item [25] below [which is expected to occur on or about [insert date]].]</i>
3	Specified Currency or Currencies:		[●]
4	Aggregate Nominal Amount of Notes:		[●]
	[(i)]	Series:	[●]
	[(ii)]	Tranche:	[●]
5	Issue Price:		[●] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount [plus accrued interest from <i>[insert date]</i> (<i>in the case of fungible issues only, if applicable</i>)]
6	(i)	Specified Denominations:	[EUR100,000] [and integral multiples of [EUR1,000] in excess thereof up to and including [EUR199,000]. No Notes in definitive form will be issued with a denomination above [EUR199,000][●]
	(ii)	Calculation Amount:	[●] <i>(If only one Specified Denomination, insert the Specified Denomination. If more than one Specified Denomination, insert the highest common factor. Note: There must be a common</i>

⁴ Include for Notes which have a maturity of less than one year from the Issue Date. Any such Notes must be issued and transferable in a minimum amount of €125,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies).

factor in the case of two or more Specified Denominations.)

7	(i)	Issue Date:	[●]
	(ii)	Interest Commencement Date:	[specify/Issue Date/Not Applicable]
8	Maturity Date:		[specify/Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest [specify month and year]]
9	Interest Basis:		[[●] per cent. Fixed Rate] [[●] per cent. Resettable Notes] [<i>SONIA/SOFR/EURIBOR</i>] +/- [●] per cent. Floating Rate] [Zero Coupon]
10	Redemption/Payment Basis:		Subject to any purchase and cancellation or early redemption, the Notes will be redeemed on the Maturity Date at 100 per cent. of their nominal amount
11	Change of Interest Basis:		[Applicable/Not Applicable]
12	Put/Call Options:		[Put (further particulars specified at item 21 below)] [Call (further particulars specified at item 19 below)] [Clean-up Call (further particulars specified at item 20 below)]
13	(i)	Status of the Notes:	[Senior Preferred/Senior Non-Preferred/Subordinated]
	[(ii)]	Loss Absorption Note ⁵ :	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
	[(iii)]	Waiver of Set-off ⁶ :	[Applicable – Condition 3(c) applies]/[Not Applicable – Condition 3(c) does not apply]]
	[(iv)]	Restricted Events of Default ⁷ :	[Applicable – Condition 9(b) applies]/[Not Applicable – Condition 9(b) does not apply]]
	[(v)]	[Date [Board] approval for issuance of Notes obtained:	[●] [and [●], respectively]]
14	Method of distribution:		[Syndicated/Non-syndicated]

⁵ Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes only.

⁶ Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes only.

⁷ Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes only.

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST (IF ANY) PAYABLE

15	Fixed Rate Note Provisions:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
(i)	Rate[(s)] of Interest:	[●] per cent. per annum [payable [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear] on each Interest Payment Date
(ii)	Interest Payment Date(s):	[●] in each year
(iii)	Fixed Coupon Amount[(s)]:	[●] per Calculation Amount
(iv)	Broken Amount(s):	[●] per Calculation Amount, payable on the Interest Payment Date falling [in/on] [●]
(v)	Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual / Actual/Actual – ISDA] [Actual/365 (Fixed)] [Actual/365 (Sterling)] [Actual/360] [30/360 / 360/360 / Bond Basis] [30E/360 / Eurobond Basis] [30E/360 (ISDA)] [Actual/Actual – ICMA]
(vi)	Determination Date(s):	[[●] in each year/Not Applicable]
16	Resettable Note provisions:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
(i)	Initial Rate of Interest:	[●] per cent. per annum [payable annually/semi-annually/ quarterly/ monthly] in arrear]
(ii)	First Margin:	[+/-][●] per cent. per annum
(iii)	Subsequent Margin:	[+/-][●] per cent. per annum
(iv)	Resettable Note Interest Payment Date(s):	[●] in each year commencing on [●] and ending on [●]
(v)	First Resettable Note Reset Date:	[●]
(vi)	Second Resettable Note Reset Date:	[[●]/Not Applicable]
(vii)	Subsequent Resettable Note Reset Date:	[[●]/Not Applicable]
(viii)	Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/ Following Business Day Convention/ Modified Following Business Day Convention/Preceding Business Day Convention]
(ix)	Business Centre(s):	[●]

	(x)	Reset Rate:	[Single Mid-Swap Rate]/[Mean Mid-Swap Rate]/[Reference Bond Rate]
	(xi)	Relevant Screen Page:	[●]
	(xii)	Mid-Swap Maturity:	[●]
	(xiii)	Fixed Leg Swap Duration:	[●]
	(xiv)	Benchmark Duration:	[Fixed Leg Swap Duration/[●]]
	(xv)	Subsequent Reset Rate Time:	[●]
	(xvi)	Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual / Actual/Actual – ISDA] [Actual/365 (Fixed)] [Actual/365 (Sterling)] [Actual/360] [30/360 / 360/360 / Bond Basis] [30E/360 / Eurobond Basis] [30E/360 (ISDA)] [Actual/Actual – ICMA]
17		Floating Rate Note Provisions:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
	(i)	Interest Period(s):	[●] in each year, subject to adjustment in accordance with the Business Day Convention set out in (v) below
	(ii)	Specified Interest Payment Dates:	[●] in each year, subject to adjustment in accordance with the Business Day Convention set out in (v) below
	(iii)	First Interest Payment Date:	[●]
	(iv)	Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/ Following Business Day Convention/ Modified Following Business Day Convention/Preceding Business Day Convention]
	(v)	Business Centre(s):	[●]
	(vi)	Manner in which the Rate(s) of Interest is/are to be determined:	[Screen Rate Determination/ISDA Determination]
	(vii)	Party responsible for calculating the Rate(s) of Interest and Interest Amount(s) (if not the Calculation Agent):	[●]

(viii)	Screen Rate Determination:	[Applicable – Term Rate][Applicable – SONIA][Applicable – SOFR]
	– Reference Rate:	[SONIA Compounded Index Rate / SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate [with Observation Shift] / [with Lag] where “p” is: [specify number] London Business Days [being no less than 5 London Business Days]] [SOFR Compounded Index Rate / SOFR Compounded Daily Reference Rate [with Observation Shift] / [with Lag] where “p” is: [specify number] U.S. Government Securities Business Days [being no less than 5 U.S. Government Securities Business Days]] [EURIBOR] [Insert other applicable reference rates included in terms and conditions]
	– Interest Determination Date(s):	[The date which is [“p”] [London][U.S. Government Securities] Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date]
	– Relevant Screen Page:	[[Bloomberg Screen Page: SONCINDEX] / see pages of authorised distributors for SONIA Compounded Index Rate] or [Bloomberg Screen Page: SONIO/N Index] / SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate as applicable][●]
	– Relevant Fallback Screen Page:	[[Bloomberg Screen Page: SONIO/N Index] / see pages of authorised distributors for SONIA Compounded Daily Reference Rate as applicable][●]]
(ix)	ISDA Determination:	
	– Floating Rate Option:	[●]
	– Designated Maturity:	[●]
	– Reset Date:	[●]
	– Compounding:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] (If not applicable, delete the remaining items of this subparagraph)
	– Compounding Method:	[Compounding with Lookback Lookback: [[●] Applicable Business Days] [Compounding with Observation Period Shift Observation Period Shift: [●] Observation Period Shift Business Days Observation Period Shift Additional Business Days: [[●] / Not Applicable]]

	[Compounding with Lockout Lockout: [[•] Lockout Period Business Days Lockout Period Business Days: [[•]/Applicable Business Days]] <i>(The number of applicable business days for each compounding method if not specified shall be five, unless otherwise agreed with the calculation agent.)</i>
	– Averaging: [Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>(If not applicable, delete the remaining items of this subparagraph)</i>
	– Averaging Method: [Averaging with Lookback Lookback: [•] Applicable Business Days] [Averaging with Observation Period Shift Observation Period Shift: [•] Observation Period Shift Business Days Observation Period Shift Additional Business Days: [[•] / Not Applicable]] [Averaging with Lockout Lockout: [•] Lockout Period Business Days Lockout Period Business Days: [[•]/Applicable Business Days]] <i>(The number of applicable business days for each averaging method if not specified shall be five, unless otherwise agreed with the calculation agent.)</i>
	– Index Provisions: [Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>(If not applicable, delete the remaining items of this subparagraph)</i>
	– Index Method: [Compounded Index Method with Observation Period Shift Observation Period Shift: [•] Observation Period Shift Business Days Observation Period Shift Additional Business Days: [[•] / Not Applicable]] <i>(The number of applicable business days for each index method if not specified shall be five, unless otherwise agreed with the calculation agent.)</i>
(x)	– ISDA Definitions: [•] Linear Interpolation: [Not Applicable/Applicable – the Rate of Interest for the [long/short] [first/last] Interest Period shall

		be calculated using Linear Interpolation (specify for each short or long interest period)]
(xi)	Margin(s):	[+/-][●] per cent. per annum
(xii)	Minimum Rate of Interest:	[●] per cent. per annum
(xiii)	Maximum Rate of Interest:	[●] per cent. per annum
(xiv)	Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual / Actual/Actual – ISDA] [Actual/365 (Fixed)] [Actual/365 (Sterling)] [Actual/360] [30/360 / 360/360 / Bond Basis] [30E/360 / Eurobond Basis] [30E/360 (ISDA)] [Actual/Actual – ICMA]
18	Zero Coupon Note Provisions:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
(i)	Amortisation Yield:	[●] per cent. per annum
(ii)	Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual / Actual/Actual – ISDA] [Actual/365 (Fixed)] [Actual/365 (Sterling)] [Actual/360] [30/360 / 360/360 / Bond Basis] [30E/360 / Eurobond Basis] [30E/360 (ISDA)] [Actual/Actual – ICMA]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDEMPTION

19	Call Option:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
(i)	Optional Redemption Date(s):	[●]
(ii)	Optional Redemption Amount(s) of each Note:	[●] per Calculation Amount
(iii)	If redeemable in part:	
	(a) Minimum Redemption Amount:	[●] per Calculation Amount
	(b) Maximum Redemption Amount:	[●] per Calculation Amount
(iv)	Notice period:	[●]

20	Clean-up Call Option:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
	(i) Clean-up Call Effective Date:	[Issue Date of the first tranche of the Notes]/[●]
	(ii) Clean-up Call Minimum Percentage:	[75 per cent.]/[●]
	(iii) Clean-up Call Option Amount:	[●] per Calculation Amount
	[(iv)] [Notice period:	[●] days]
21	Put Option⁸:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
	(i) Optional Redemption Date(s):	[●]
	(ii) Optional Redemption Amount(s) of each Note:	[●] per Calculation Amount
	(iii) Notice period:	[●]
[22]	Capital Disqualification Event for partial exclusion:⁹	[Applicable/Not Applicable]]
[23]	Loss Absorption Disqualification Event:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>(If Not Applicable, delete the remaining subparagraph of this paragraph)</i>
	– Loss Absorption Disqualification Event for partial exclusion:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]]
24	Final Redemption Amount of each Note:	[●] per Calculation Amount
25	Early Redemption Amount:	
	– Early Redemption Amount(s) per Calculation Amount payable on redemption for taxation reasons or on event of default [or on redemption for regulatory reasons ¹⁰][or on redemption following a Loss Absorption	[●] per Calculation Amount

⁸ Senior Preferred Notes and Senior Non-Preferred Notes only.

⁹ Subordinated Notes only.

¹⁰ Subordinated Notes only.

		Disqualification Event]:	
26	Substitution and Variation:		[Applicable/Not Applicable]
GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE NOTES			
27	Form of Notes:		[Bearer Notes:] [Temporary Global Note exchangeable for Permanent Global Note which is exchangeable for Definitive Notes in the limited circumstances specified in the Permanent Global Note] [Permanent Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes in the limited circumstances specified in the Permanent Global Note] [Temporary Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes in the limited circumstances specified in the Permanent Global Note] [Registered Notes:] [Registered Global Note registered in the name of a nominee for a [common depositary/common safekeeper] for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg]
28	Governing Law:		[English][Irish] Law Notes
29	New Global Note:		[Yes] [No]
30	Green Bonds:		[Yes] [No] <i>[If Not Applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph]</i> [(i)] [Reviewer(s):] <i>[Name of sustainability rating agencies and name of third party assurance agent, if any and details of compliance opinion(s) and availability]</i> [(ii)] [Date of Second Party Opinion(s):] <i>[Give details]</i>
31	Social Bonds:		[Yes] [No] <i>[If Not Applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph]</i> [(i)] [Reviewer(s):] <i>[Name of sustainability rating agencies and name of third party assurance agent, if any and details of compliance opinion(s) and availability]</i> [(ii)] [Date of Second Party Opinion(s):] <i>[Give details]</i>
32	Financial Centre(s):		[Not Applicable/give details. <i>[Note that this paragraph relates to the date [and place] of payment, and not the end date of the interest period]</i>

		<i>for the purposes of calculating the amount of interest, to which sub-paragraph 17(v) relates]]</i>
33	Talons for future Coupons to be attached to Definitive Notes (and dates on which such Talons mature):	[No/Yes. As the Notes have more than 27 coupon payments, talons may be required if, on exchange into definitive form, more than 27 coupon payments are still to be made]

[USE OF PROCEEDS

Give details if different from the “Use of Proceeds” section in the Base Prospectus.]

RESPONSIBILITY

The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Pricing Supplement. [(*Relevant third party information*) has been extracted from (*specify source*).

The Issuer confirms that such information has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware, and is able to ascertain from information published by (*specify source*), no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.]

Signed on behalf of the Issuer:

By:

By:

Duly Authorised

Duly Authorised

PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

1 **Listing**

- (i) Listing: [Euronext Dublin/None]
- (ii) Admission to trading: [Application has been made for the Notes to be admitted to the Official List and to be admitted to trading on the Global Exchange Market of Euronext Dublin with effect from [●]. No assurance can be given that such listing will be obtained and/or maintained/Not Applicable].
- [(iii) Estimate of total expenses related to admission to trading: [●]]

2 **Ratings**

- Ratings: [The following ratings reflect the ratings allocated to Notes of this type issued under the Programme generally:]
- The Notes are expected to be rated [●] by [●][on or shortly after the Issue Date].
- No assurance can be given that such rating will be obtained and/or retained.
- (The above disclosure should reflect the rating allocated to Notes of the type being issued under the Programme generally or, where the issue has been specifically rated, that rating.)*

3 **Interests of Natural and Legal Persons involved in the Issue**

[Save for any fees payable to the [Managers/Dealers], so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the offer of the Notes has an interest material to the offer. The [Managers/Dealers] and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform other services for, the Issuer and its affiliates in the ordinary course of business. *(Amend as appropriate if there are other interests)*]

4 **Estimated Net Proceeds**

Estimated net proceeds: [●]

5 **[Fixed Rate Notes only – Yield**

Indication of yield: [●]

The yield is calculated at the Issue Date on the basis of the Issue Price. It is not an indication of future yield.]

6 **[Floating Rate Notes only – Historic Interest Rates**

Details of historic [EURIBOR] rates can be obtained from [Reuters].]

7 **Operational Information**

ISIN: [●]

Common Code: [●]

CFI:	[[●], as updated, as][As set out on the website of the Association of National Number Agencies (ANNA) or alternatively sourced from the responsible National Numbering Agency that assigned the ISIN/Not Applicable]
FISN:	[[●], as updated, as][As set out on the website of the Association of National Number Agencies (ANNA) or alternatively sourced from the responsible National Numbering Agency that assigned the ISIN /Not Applicable] <i>(If the CFI and/or FISN is not required, requested or available, it/they should be specified to be “Not Applicable”)</i>
Any clearing system(s) other than Euroclear Bank SA/NV and Clearstream Banking, S.A. and the relevant identification number(s):	[Not Applicable/give name(s) and number(s)[and address(es)]]
Delivery:	Delivery [against/free of] payment
Name and address of additional Paying Agent(s) (if any):	[●]
Intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility:	[Yes. Note that the designation “yes” simply means that the Notes are intended upon issue to be deposited with one of the International Central Securities Depositories as common safekeeper [(and registered in the name of a nominee of one of the ICSDs acting as common safekeeper)] <i>(include this text for registered notes)</i> and does not necessarily mean that the Notes will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.] [No. Whilst the designation is specified as “no” at the date of this Pricing Supplement, should the Eurosystem eligibility criteria be amended in the future such that the Notes are capable of meeting them the Notes may then be deposited with one of the ICSDs as common safekeeper [(and registered in the name of a nominee of one of the ICSDs acting as common safekeeper)] <i>(include this text for registered notes)</i> . Note that this does not necessarily mean that the Notes will then be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra day credit operations by the Eurosystem at any time during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.]

8

Distribution

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (i) Method of distribution: | [Syndicated/Non-syndicated] |
| (ii) If syndicated: | |
| (A) Names of Managers: | [Not Applicable/give names] |

- (B) Stabilisation Manager(s) [Not Applicable/*give names*]
(if any):
- (iii) If non-syndicated, name of [Not Applicable/*give name*]
Dealer:
- (iv) U.S. Selling Restrictions: [Reg. S Compliance Category 2] [TEFRA C / TEFRA D /
TEFRA Not Applicable]

GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1 It is expected that approval of the Programme in respect of the Notes will be granted on or before 17 September 2026 by Euronext Dublin, and each Tranche of Notes which is to be admitted to the Official List and to trading on the Market or, in the case of the GEM Notes, admitted to trading on the GEM, will be admitted separately as and when issued, subject only to the issue of a temporary Global Note or Global Certificate (as applicable) in respect of each Tranche. The GEM is not a regulated market for the purposes of MiFID II.
- 2 A&L Listing Limited is acting solely in its capacity as listing agent for the Issuers in connection with the Notes and is not itself seeking admission of the Notes to (i) the Official List or to trading on the Market for the purposes of the Prospectus Regulation, or (ii) as applicable, the GEM.
- 3 The update of the Programme and the issue of Notes under the Programme have been authorised by a resolution of the Board of Directors of AIB passed on 29 July 2026 and a resolution of the Board of Directors of AIB Bank dated 29 July 2026.
- 4 Each Bearer Note, Coupon and Talon will bear the following legend: “Any U.S. person who holds this obligation will be subject to limitations under the United States income tax laws, including the limitations provided in Sections 165(j) and 1287(a) of the Internal Revenue Code”.
- 5 There are no, and there have not been any, governmental, legal or arbitration actions, suits or proceedings (including any such proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuers are aware) involving either Issuer or any subsidiary of either Issuer during the 12 months preceding the date of this Base Prospectus, which may have, or have had in recent past significant effects on the financial position or profitability of either Issuer and/or the Group taken as a whole.
- 6 There has been no significant change in the financial performance of AIB since the date to which the latest published consolidated financial statements of AIB incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus were prepared and there has been no material adverse change in the prospects of AIB since the date to which the latest consolidated audited financial statements of AIB incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus were prepared.
- 7 There has been no significant change in the financial performance of AIB Bank since the date to which the latest published financial statements (whether consolidated or non-consolidated) of AIB Bank incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus were prepared and there has been no material adverse change in the prospects of AIB Bank since the date to which the latest audited financial statements (whether consolidated or non-consolidated) of AIB Bank incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus were prepared.
- 8 The issue price and the amount of the relevant Notes will be determined before filing of the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement of each Tranche, based on then prevailing market conditions. The Issuers do not intend to provide any post-issuance information in relation to any issues of Notes.
- 9 The Notes have been accepted for clearance through Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg (which are the entities in charge of keeping the records). The Common Code and ISIN (and any other relevant identification number for any alternative clearing system) for each Series of Notes will be set out in the relevant Final Terms or relevant Pricing Supplement. The address of Euroclear is 1 Boulevard du Roi Albert II, B-1210 Brussels, Belgium and the address of Clearstream, Luxembourg is 42 Avenue JF Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg.
- 10 The legal entity identifier of AIB is 635400AKJBGNS5WNQL34 and the legal entity identifier of AIB Bank is 3U8WV1YX2VMUHH7Z1Q21.
- 11 Copies of the following documents (in physical form) will be available at the Issuers’ registered office from the date hereof (or the date of their publication in the case of (vi)) for so long as the Programme remains in effect

or any Notes remain outstanding at the London office of the Agent and the office of the Issuers specified at the end of this Base Prospectus and on the Issuers' website at <https://aib.ie/investorrelations>:

- (i) the Memorandum and Articles of Association of AIB;
 - (ii) the Memorandum and Articles of Association of AIB Bank;
 - (iii) the Trust Deed;
 - (iv) the Agency Agreement;
 - (v) the AIB 2026 Interims, the AIB 2025 Annual Financial Report, the AIB Bank 2025 Annual Financial Report, the AIB 2024 Annual Financial Report and the AIB Bank 2024 Annual Financial Report;
 - (vi) any future Documents Incorporated by Reference;
 - (vii) each Final Terms or Pricing Supplement for Notes which are listed on Euronext Dublin or any other stock exchange;
 - (viii) a copy of this Base Prospectus together with any supplement to this Base Prospectus or further Base Prospectus; and
 - (ix) all reports, letters and other documents, balance sheets, valuations and statements by any expert any part of which is extracted or referred to in any supplement to this Base Prospectus or further Base Prospectus.
- 12** PricewaterhouseCoopers, One Spencer Dock, North Wall Quay, Dublin 1 (members of Chartered Accountants Ireland) who were appointed as auditor to AIB and AIB Bank on 4 May 2023 have audited, without qualifications, the annual consolidated financial statements of the Issuers for the financial years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2025 in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) and applicable law.
- 13** Certain of the Dealers and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking, commercial banking, hedging, monetary policy and/or financing transactions with, and may perform services for the Issuers and/or the Issuers' affiliates or for clients in transactions which involve the Issuers and their affiliates in the ordinary course of business. In addition, in the ordinary course of their business activities, the Dealers and their affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. Such investments and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of the Issuers or the Issuers' affiliates. Certain of the Dealers or their affiliates that have a lending relationship with the Issuers and/or the Issuers' affiliates routinely hedge their credit exposure to the Issuers and/or the Issuers' affiliates consistent with their customary risk management policies. Typically, such Dealers and their affiliates would hedge such exposure by entering into transactions which consist of either the purchase of credit default swaps or the creation of short positions in securities, including potentially the Notes issued under the Programme. Any such positions could adversely affect future trading prices of Notes issued under the Programme. The Dealers and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.
- 14** The website of the Issuers is <https://aib.ie/investorrelations>. The information on the Issuers' website does not form part of this Base Prospectus, except where that information has been incorporated by reference into this Base Prospectus.

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